Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/3 To Amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan For optimising the land uses At Area 10b, Discovery Bay

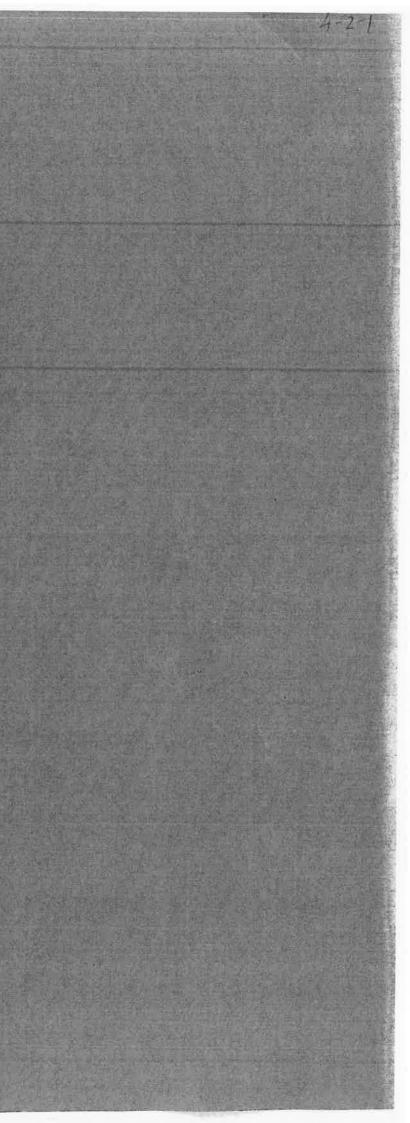
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Response to Comments

October 2016



領賢規劃顧問有限公司

Your Ref: Y/I-DB/3

26 October 2016

The Secretariat Town Planning Board 15/F, North Point Government Offices 333 Java Road, North Point Hong Kong

By Hand

Dear Sir,

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Section 12A Application No.Y/I-DB/3 For Optimising Land Uses at Area 10b, Discovery Bay Response to Comments

I refer to the abovementioned application which is currently being processed, and the departmental comments on the application made available by District Planning Office on 25 and 28 July 2016.

In response to the departmental comments, please find the enclosure and the below clarification for your consideration.

Revised Concept Plan

The Concept Plan has been revised to address the departmental comments received, namely to include building separation to provide for urban design and air ventilation.

As a result, there is a redistribution of GFA between the proposed "Other Specified Uses (Residential above Service Area)(B)" and the proposed "Residential (C)13(D)" zones, in the following manner:

- 1. The domestic GFA above the podium at "Other Specified Uses (Residential above Service Area)(B)" zone has been decreased from 24,200m² to 23,100m² (maximum).
- 2. The GFA at "Residential Zone (C)13(D)" has been increased from 43,300m² to 44,350m² (maximum).

The proposed land use zoning boundary remains substantially the same as shown in Annex A. A summary of the revised zoning provision is described in the following Table (changes highlighted):

Proposed zoning	Sub area	Number of storeys (max)	Building height (max, including structure)	GFA (max)
Residential (Group C)13	Sub area (A) Sub area (B) Sub area (C) Sub area (D)	6 12 18 4	31 mPD 57 mPD 77 mPD 21 mPD	44,350m ²
Other Specified Uses (Residential Above Service	Sub area (A)	18 storeys Residential above Service Area	86 mPD	Domestic 23,100m ²
Area)	Sub area (B)	5 storeys Residential above Service Area	35 mPD	Non domestic 22,000 m ²
G/IC (Sewage Treatment Works and/ or Sewage Pumping Station)	-	-	-	-
Other Specified Uses (Promenade)	-	1	10mPD	200 m ²

The total GFA for Area 10b remain the same. The change is less than 5% of the original proposal. The materials enclosed in the response are based on this revised Concept Plan. The residences above the podium towards the east will be 5 storeys and the houses at the foreshore towards the west will be 4 storeys. These are consistent with the maximum building height in the respective proposed land use zoning.

Proposed water supply and sewerage treatment approach

In addition to the response to Water Supplies Department and Environmental Protection Department, we hereby clarify the approach to the water supply and sewerage treatment for the proposed development at Area 10b below:

- 1. The applicant is ready and willing to provide a Water Treatment Plant to use the Discovery Bay reservoir fresh water, and an on-site Sewerage Treatment Plant where necessary. Technical assessments reports have been submitted to demonstrate the adequacy of this approach in terms of their capacity and their capability to meet the relevant standards.
- 2. There is a decommissioned Water Treatment Plant around the Discovery Bay reservoir, and a decommissioned Sewerage Treatment Plant within Area 10b. The applicant is familiar and experienced in this approach, which has been the case prior to the commissioning and connection to Siu Ho Wan facilities.
- 3. Water supply and sewerage treatment as fundamental infrastructure provision in Hong Kong is engineering matters that can be resolved. It is considered that technicalities of water supply and sewerage treatment for Area 10b should not prevent an approval for the rezoning application, as they are capable of being easily resolved.
- 4. As there are various on-going new developments at North Lantau and Airport, Water Supplies Department and Environmental Protection Department may consider for expansion of the Siu Ho Wan water and sewerage treatment facilities in order to provide extra water supply and sewage treatment capacity should the spare capacity for the current facility is not adequate. The Applicant believes that, should WSD and EPD plans for infrastructure expansion, all proposed future developments in the vicinity areas, including those in the Discovery Bay,

MASTERPLAN LIMITED

should be considered on equal and fair basis. In addition, the proposal for Area 10b is moderate in scale, the demand on the overall Government infrastructure would be insignificant. Therefore, the Applicant requests WSD and EPD to take into account the proposed development should they consider for future expansion of the Sui Ho Wan facilities.

This information clarifies and supplements the application, and does not constitute a material change identified in Town Planning Board's Guideline No.32. It is consistent with the Guideline.

Yours faithfully,

Cynthia Chan For and on behalf of Masterplan Limited

Enc

cc. DPO/SKI (Attn: Helena Pang) Client & Consultants Email

Section 12A Application No.Y/I-DB/3 for Optimisation of Land Uses at Area 10b, Discovery Bay Applicant's response to the departmental comments made available by District Planning Office on 25, 28 July 2016

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AFCD's comment	Applicant's response
(a) Our comments on terrestrial and marine ecological impacts of the captioned application remain valid.	Noted. The terrestrial impacts associated with the captioned application are considered to be wholly associated with tree fe value of Area 10(b). As such, the issue of terrestrial ecology is dealt with in comment (b) below.
	In terms of marine ecology, Section 7.3 of the revised Environmental Study in Annex D has outlined that dredging and red presence of species of conservation concern in Nim Shue Wan, such as Seagrass and Coral, impacts are anticipated. mitigation measures including installing silt-curtain and controlling descent speed of grab, for the marine construction works blocking any flow streamline during operational phase.
	Section 7.3.1.4 has been revised as follow:
	"Together with suspected presence of species of conservation concem in Nim Shue Wan, such as Seagrass and Coral, circumstances, series of mitigation measures have been recommended in Section 6.3 , including the installation of silt-co- marine construction works and the pile of the deckover would be designed to avoid blocking any flow streamline during the op
(b) The applicant should elaborate in the submitted Environmental Study that due consideration has been given in avoiding/ minimizing any potential ecological impacts and extent of tree felling in the planning stage. Considering that the Site is basically developed, the applicant should clarify	Out of the 6.25 ha of Area 10b, disturbed area occupies 5.12 ha which is approximately 82% of the site area. Only 1.13 ha (or The current development plan has exercised due consideration in avoiding and minimising terrestrial ecological impact by use area with trees and plantation, only 0.74 ha of that would be used.
if any potential terrestrial ecological impacts would be caused by the proposed development.	Given the developed nature of Area 10b, it is considered that the terrestrial ecological impacts associated with the captioned felled, most are single standalone trees or part of a small group of trees which due to their highly fragmented nature, are of m
	In addition, no rare of protected species listed under Forestry Regulations (Cap. 96 Forestry and Countryside Ordinance sub Valuable Trees" or "Champion Trees", as defined in "Registration of Old and Valuable Trees" (ETWB TC(W) No. 29/2004) a respectively, were found.
	As such, Section 7.3 of the submitted Environmental Study has been supplemented with the following additional paragraph.
	"In terms of terrestrial ecology, the impacts, if any, associated with tree felling is anticipated to be minor due to the develope transplantation have been explored, where the trees which have been identified as having a good transplantation survival rate be retained.
	In total, 169 trees have been identified within Area 10b that would be felled. None of the trees identified with Area 10b are c to be felled all form parts of small groups or are single standalone trees. As such, the trees are considered to be of low ecolo
(c) The proposed project may involve construction of a new sewage treatment	Impacts on fisheries have been supplemented in Section 7.3.1.5 as below.
plant, dredging works and associated minor marine works/. However, the impact on fisheries was not covered as one of the environmental issues in the ES. Any potential direct or indirect impacts on fisheries should be identified and evaluated. He understands that an EIA which will cover ecological surveys and impact assessment would be subsequently prepared. The statutory EIA report shall also cover fisheries assessment. Fishermen undertakings should be consulted to gauge their views on the proposed project.	"The nearest fish culture zones (FCZs) are Cheung Sha Wan and Ma Wan which are located at more than 6.5 km and distance, together with the use of deck-over approach for the reclamation and mitigation measures such as cofferdam considered insignificant."
ArchSD's comment	Applicant's response
Based on the RtC and FI provided, we note that some of our previous comments have been addressed like barrier free access, slope stabilisation and provision of greening ratio that we have no further comment and noted that BD will deal with these issues in general building plan submission stage.	Noted.
Nevertheless, we would like to draw the applicant's attention that items 2(a) to (d) of our previous comments (recapped below (a) to (d)) regarding the provision of EVA, unclear description for petrol filling facilities operations between RtC and revised master plan, long podium design and width of promenade are still valid as those comments have not been satisfactorily	
address in the current submission.	
(a) It seems that the medium-rise building blocks are not sufficiently provided with the emergency vehicular access (EVA) on the Master Layout Plan.	The EVA has been revised to meet with relevant requirements, as indicated on the Concept Plan (Annex A).
(b) Applicant's attention should be drawn to the planning requirements under the Chapter 12 of Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines	There are 54 no. of buses running in DB. Most bus services stop around mid-night. About 8 buses stay in Tai Pak bus term Area 10b open space. They are eyesores to nearby residents and noise source at 5:30 am to 7am when they start leaving 1
(HKPSG) and Code of Practice for Oil Storage Installations, the proposed petrol refueling station and the bus depot may not be compatible with the proposed residential use in the development. The Applicant should further	depot provides a covered internal space to address such overnight bus parking need. The covered depot reduces the no engine at more or less the same time.

felling due to the developed nature and limited ecological

reclamation are likely to be required. Given the suspected d. However, Section 6.2 has recommended a series of a and the pile of the deckover would be designed to avoid

I, marine ecological impacts are anticipated. Under such -curtain and controlling of descent speed of grab for the operational phase."

(or 18%) of the area accommodates trees and plantation. utilising all the 5.12 ha of disturbed area. For the existing

ed development, if any, would be minor. Of the trees to be if minimal ecological value.

sub. leg.) were found within the Site. Besides, no "Old and) and in the book "Champion Trees in Urban Hong Kong"

ped nature of Area 10b. Where practical, opportunities for rate. In addition, a number of trees have been proposed to

considered to be rare or of conservation value. The trees logical value."

nd 6 km away respectively. Given these large separation m and silt curtains, both direct and indirect impacts are

minus for overnight service. Currently these buses park in g 10b to commence their routine daily services. The future noise impact in the morning when many buses start their

nd maintenance, in place of the existing outdoor facilities

Dangerous Goods to justify the proposed planning for further comment.	at the site. There will not be Dangerous Goods store.
	The proposed petrol refueling station will serve buses, golf buggy and vehicles which the numbers are restricted to local licer proposed location of the petrol refueling station to satisfy Chapter 12 of HKPSG in Annex B.
(c) The podium design of the building blocks nos. L7 to L14 is about 250m in length that is too long and monotonous. Together with the continuous layouts of the medium-rise residential blocks behind, the development may	While the design is at a conceptual stage with room for visual improvement at detail design stage, efforts have been made to buildings L7 to L14 as shown in the revised Concept Plan in Annex A and described below:
have a wall-effect and pose considerable visual impact to its vicinity. The Applicant is advised to articulate the podium design and building forms of the blocks by introducing more variety in flat-mix and elevation design, enlarging the gaps between the blocks in order to break the scale of the development.	 i. As an initial concept at this preliminary stage, design of the podium has been revamped with an aim to alleviate its visu breaking down the mass and scale of the podium by introducing various layers and heights along the façade; ii) introduce portion of podium abutting the driveway is further reduced in height from 6m to 4.5m. ii. A significant recess at the north-western part of the podium, where an elevator is proposed to provide convenient access the recessed area is shown on plan. iii. Part of the podium along L7 to L14 is further setback. Additional street tree planting is proposed in front to provide screen iv. Part of the medium-rise residential blocks on the podium, L7-L10, are increased from 4 to 5 storeys to introduce more views. Public viewers from the southwest will see a variety of houses and buildings in different heights and levels. v. The above measures are considered effective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium as illustrated in the perspective in alleviating the visual effects
d) The proposed waterfront promenade seems to be too narrow in width. It should be extended beyond the Kaito Pier to the east of the tennis court. The Applicant should demarcate clearly the private and public zones in the proposed development. The promenade is advisable to be open for public	There are promenades of similar width in Discovery Bay, such as the 4 metres wide promenade at D Deck, which is the for been satisfactorily serving local residents and visitors. It is considered that the proposed 4 metres wide waterfront promena the local residents and visitors.
enjoyment.	However, connections between the internal driveway and the promenade have been widened significantly. As illustrated in t been provided in addition to the Bounty Pier and the Kaito/ service piers. Please also refer to the revised Landscape Design
	Regarding the extent and demarcation, we maintain our response made in our submission dated 6 June 2016.
EMSD's comment	Applicant's response
 Electricity Safety (a) The applicant shall approach the electricity supplier for the requisition of cable plans (and overhead line alignments drawings, where applicable) to find out whether there is any underground cable (and/or overhead line) within or in the vicinity of the Site. Based on the cable plans and the relevant drawings obtained, if there is underground cable (and/or overhead line) within or in the vicinity of the site, the applicant shall carry out the following measures: 	Noted.
i. For Site within the preferred working corridor of high voltage overhead lines at transmission voltage level 132kV and above as stipulated in the HKPSG, prior consultation and arrangement with the electricity supplier is	There are no existing overhead cables and CLP advises that they have no plan to install new high voltage overhead cables in
 ii. Prior to establishing any structure within the site, the applicant and/or his contractors shall liaise with the electricity supplier and, if necessary, ask the electricity supplier to divert the underground cable (and/or overhead line) even from the visible of the proposed structure 	Noted. Electricity supplier will be approached subsequent to approval of this rezoning application.
 line) away from the vicinity of the proposed structure. The "Code of Practice on Working near Electricity Supply Lines" established under the Electricity Supply Lines (Protection) Regulation shall be observed by the applicant and his contractors when carrying out works in the vicinity of the electricity supply lines. 	
 <u>LPG Storage Installations Safety</u> (b) There is a LPG store within the Site, which supplies the piped LPG system in Discovery Bay. The developer should clarify whether there would be any re-provision of LPG store to maintain the LPG supply to the existing LPG users. 	There will be re-provision of LPG store elsewhere in Discovery Bay to maintain the LPG supply to the existing LPG users.
(c) If a new LPG store is to be constructed, the developer should conduct a Quantitative Risk Assessment to ascertain that the new LPG store will not pose unacceptable risk to the members of the public and submit application in accordance with the Gas Safety Ordinance (Cap. 151).	Noted.
EPD's comment	Applicant's response
Please find below our noise, waste management, sewerage infrastructure and water quality comments on the relevant document (i.e. the R-t-C and the revised Environmental Study where applicable) in the FI. Please ask the applicant to revise the ES (and other submissions where appropriate), in	Noted. The ES has been revised to address the comments for Government Department's record in Annex D.

censing. Please refer to technical note which considers the e to ease the wall effect and monotony of the podium along visual effects. Various articulations are provided such as, i) oducing slanting walls with vegetation; and iii) lowering the ccess to the other levels of the podium. Width and depth of reening of part of the podium. more variety in flat mix and height differences in elevation ective sketches in Annex M. focal point of Discovery Bay around the ferry pier and has enade at Area 10b to be suitable in serving the amenity of in the Concept Plan, three 15m wide public passages have gn Proposal in Annex M.

s in the future. Please refer to their letter in Annex C.

particular on water quality related chapters, and submit an adequately rectified version for our vetting. Our comments on the air quality part will be provided to you once available.	 Paragraph 6.2 ii and iii of the Planning Statement have been revised to read as follow and replacement provided in Annex E <i>EPD</i> advised in May 2015 that the design capacity of the SHWSTW has been allocated for the treatment of the sewage a Kong International Airport into a Three Runway System, the new town development under Tung Chung New Town Expa Therefore, SHWSTW has no spare capacity to cater for the sewage arising from any proposed Discovery Bay further devincrease the design capacity of the SHWSTW in the short and medium terms <i>Provision of a new STW at Area 10b is proposed to cater for the additional flow generated from the potential development</i> The Applicant believes that, should WSD and EPD plan for infrastructure expansion, all proposed future developments in the should be considered on equal and fair basis. In addition, the proposal for Area 10b is moderate in scale, the demand on the insignificant. Therefore, the Applicant requests WSD and EPD to take into account the proposed development should they context.
A. Water Quality	
General The consultants stated that the purpose of these Environmental Study (ES) Reports are to demonstrate land use compatibility of the proposed development. We would like to add that, in order to support the subject rezoning, the reports should provide necessary information, findings and conclusions so as to demonstrate the acceptability of the proposed development from environmental planning point of view. The water quality assessment in the current ES reports is inadequate to meet our requirements for the reasons as detailed in comments. 	Noted. The Executive Summary and Section 1.1.1.3 have been amended accordingly. <u>Executive Summary and Section 1.1.1.3</u> "is to demonstrate land use compatibility and acceptability of the proposed development by providing necessary information
2. Also, it was found that there are too many sections in the ES reports stating the various assessment would be required in the subsequent statutory EIA, in particular in the water quality chapter. The need to carry out an EIA under EIAO should NOT be regarded as a reason for us to support the rezoning application without adequate assessment. Please remove such misleading statements in the ES reports. As an alternative, please use a new section to summarize the EIAO implication of the proposed development.	Noted. All the relevant section related to EIAO implication has been removed. Instead, a section summarising EIAO implicat
Specific Comments	
3. The consultants should carry out a preliminary assessment to identify the potential water quality impacts of the proposed developments (e.g. possible extent, duration and environmental effects on the nearby water sensitive receivers, particularly any ecologically sensitive receivers and the marina nearby) and elaborate on specific mitigation measures in sufficient details, particularly the proposed new sewage treatment plant and the outfall during operational phase so as to demonstrate that such measures are effective and technically feasible to mitigate the impact. The technical viability and implication of the proposed mitigation measures should also be elaborated.	As discussed in Section 6.4.1.2, a new STW will be established to receive and treat the sewage generated from the ad sewage flow rate is approximately 1100 m ³ /day. The project proponent will be responsible for the design, operation and mucan be designed to any necessary standards so as to comply with the requirements in WPCO and TM-EIAO where applicat for nitrogen removal and disinfection as necessary. The treated effluent would be discharged into sea through a submarine o and Cheung Sha Wan located at 6.5km and 6km away respectively and hence are not adversely affected. A preliminary wate in Appendix 6.3 of the Revised Environmental Study.
4. <u>S2.1.1.4 and S2.4.5.1</u> The statement (indicating that sewage generated during operational phase will be conveyed to a sewage system) does not tally with the description in the revised statement in S6.4.1.1 (indicating that the sewage generated from the proposed project would not be conveyed to the SHWSTW).	Noted. Relevant text has been amended accordingly. A new STW will be established to receive and treat the sewage gener new STW will be designed, operated and maintained by the project proponent to achieve any treatment level required.
 <u>S2.2.1.1 and S6.2.1.4</u> Please advise the construction method of piling work and if sediment on seabed would be disturbed which could result in water quality impact. Please provide a section plan showing the construction method of decking over piles. 	As discussed in Section 6.2.1.4 and Section 6.2.1.5, in order to avoid/minimise water quality impacts due to the piling works, locations. The steel casings extend above the sea and will prevent soil or rock arisings from being disposed of into the sea barge anchored close to the piles. Once the materials inside the casings were removed, steel reinforcements/structural section by concreting work. Silt curtain will be installed as secondary measures to prevent any accidental release of arisings into the submission.
Please clarify whether the minor modification works for the existing seawall would be carried out below water level and the corresponding potential water quality impact, if any.	Some of the minor modification works to the existing seawall, including relocation of existing piers, will need to be conducted the detailed design stage. Nevertheless, all these works front will be enclosed by silt curtains.
Please clarify whether removal of the existing marine based facilities, e.g. such as existing submarine outfall, existing pier, etc. would be required and the corresponding potential water quality impact, if any.	Please see above responses.

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E of this response submission.

e arising from the development of the Expansion of Hong pansion and the Penny's Bay Phase 2 development, etc. development and the Sewerage Authority has no plan to

ent at Area 10b.

he vicinity areas, including those in the Discovery Bay, he overall Government infrastructure would be consider for future expansion of the Sui Ho Wan facilities.

tion, findings and conclusions."

ation is included in Section 2.6.

additional population from Area 10b. The maximum daily maintenance of the STW and the effluent treatment level able. For example, the treatment level could be designed outfall and it is away from Fish Culture Zones at Ma Wan ater quality assessment has been conducted and included

nerated from the additional population from Area 10b. This

is, steel casings will firstly be installed at the proposed pile ea. The arisings will be removed from within the piles to a actions will be lowered inside the casing and then followed the sea. These are illustrated in Annex F of this response

ed below water level, and the details will be established in

	<u>S2.2.1.2 and S6.2.1.5</u> The statement in S2.2.1.2 stating that "silt curtain" and "grab dredger" would be deployed as mitigation measures while the statement in S6.2.1.5 stating that "cofferdam" and "closed grab" would be deployed during the dredging works. Please clarify which mitigation measures would be deployed.	These sections will be updated to state that silt curtains will be provided as mitigation measures.
	<u>S2.4.5.1 and S6.4.1.2</u> Please provide details on the proposed new sewage treatment plant to demonstrate that the treated effluent would not result in significant water quality impact into the receiving waters of the study area, e.g. justification on the estimation of treatment capacity, the treatment technology to be adopted, proposed effluent standards, measures to prevent emergency bypass, etc. The consultants only recommended one marine outfall location. Apart from this location, other potential locations should be explored and the consultant should evaluate which option is the most preferable location.	According to the Study on Sewerage Systems, the capacity of the new STW to be established, operated and maintain m ³ /day. The treatment level could be designed for nitrogen removal and disinfection as necessary. The effluent standa treated effluent will be discharged through a submarine outfall. For emergency bypass, a storage tank will be installed to project proponent to response within that period of time. Relevant text has been supplemented in Section 6.4.1.3 " The outfall location will be determined during the detailed Nevertheless, the current tentative location is located at the area where the water depth is deeper and the current is strong 6km from the fish culture zones in Cheung Sha Wan and Ma Wan. Besides, the current tentative location is away from T many people use that for recreational uses" A supplementary water quality assessment has been conducted (Append Report.
	S6.1.3.1 Please clarify why the construction works would have impact on the Discovery Bay Reservoir Spillway and Tributaries and Nim Shue Wan Stream. Please further review the water sensitive receivers that may potentially be affected by the proposed project. The comments from AFCD on the identification of ecological resources with conservation interest in Nim Shue Wan /Discovery Bay is relevant. Please seek comments from AFCD for marine ecological sensitive receivers to be assessed in the projects.	Please see separate response to AFCD's comments. Discovery Bay Reservoir Spillway and Tributaries and Nim Shue Wan Stream may be affected by the construction w construction works may be brought up to the lower section of Discovery Bay Reservoir Spillway and Tributaries and Nim St In addition, comments have been received from AFCD and impacts for marine ecological sensitive receivers will be assess
	S6.2 As refer to our previous comment, Area 10b currently comprises of bus repair workshop, boat servicing yard, etc. should land decontamination works will be carried out during construction phase of this area, the method for handling and disposal of wastewater contaminated with chemical waste should be further elaborated.	As a general site practice of soil decontamination works (i.e. Stabilization/ Solidification or Biopile), impermeable sheeting prevent dust and runoff. Concrete bunds surrounding the treatment area should also be implemented to collect the possibl treatment. In case there is any sign of excess leachate present within the site, the excess leachate should be diverted collected by a licensed chemical waste collector. Relevant text is supplemented in Section 6.2.1.6.
	S6.2.1.5 Please further justify the need and extent of the proposed dredging to realign the existing navigation channel taking into consideration of future vessel size for this site.	The estimated extent of dredging for navigation of vessels is indicated in Figure 6.1.
	The potential contaminants release from dredged sediment, including antifoulant, e.g. TBT, should be addressed.	According to the latest information, there have been no ship body maintenance works within the marina or along the Marin anti-fouling.
		For dredged sediment, the release of suspended solid could be readily controlled by optimising the dredging rate and the us
	<u>S6.3.1.1</u> The measures to avoid any discharge of site runoff / wastewater into the nearby marina should be elaborated.	For site runoff, perimeter cut-off strains would be constructed with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentati around the site. Channels, earth bunds and sand bag barriers would also be provided on site to direct storm water to silt re-
		In addition, the design of temporary on-site drainage should prevent runoff going through site surface, construction machine tanks with sufficient capacity should also be provided as mitigation measure for settling surface runoff prior to disposal. Also
		With the implementation of the above mitigation measures, it is anticipated that the impacts from discharge of site runoff / w
	. <u>S6.4.1.2</u> Please add "A discharge license will be obtained under the WPCO prior to discharge".	Noted. Section 6.4.1.2 has been added accordingly.
	Noise	
1.	<u>RtC(p) and undertaking letter</u> Typical clause "to agree that EPD could disclose the content of the report and this undertaking when required" is missing in the undertaking letter, Please ask the project proponent to contact EPD for any question and for submission of a rectified undertaking letter.	Noted. The undertaking letter has been revised and included in Annex G of this response submission.
<u>ـــــ</u>		

ained by the project proponent will be approximately 1,100 ndards will meet WPCO and TM-EIAO as appropriate. The to allow for retention period of at least 2 hour, allowing the

ed design stage without affecting the land use compatibility. onger. It is also at around 300m from the marina and at least in Tai Pak Wan beach where, although not a gazetted beach, endix 6.3) and included in the Revised Environmental Study

works due to tidal intrusion. As such, the pollutants from Shue Wan Stream by tidal action.

ssed.

ing should be used to cover stockpiles of the treated soil to sible spillage or leachate generated and recycled back to the ed to a designated storage area for temporary storage and

arina Avenue. Hence, there would not be any issue involving

use of mitigation measures such as silt curtains.

ation control facilities around the site at site establishment removal facilities.

inery and equipment to avoid polluted runoff. Sedimentation lso, discharge into the marina will be avoided.

wastewater is not insurmountable.

2. RtC(r) and \$5.3.1.2	
2. <u>Rto(f) and 55.5.1.2</u> Noted that TD's endorsement is still pending.	Noted. TD's endorsement letter is included in Annex H of this response submission.
3. <u>S5.5.1.2</u> It states that "the existing noise sources will be located at a podium structure". Please clarify whether it means that existing noise sources will be relocated inside a podium structure and will be fully enclosed. Please also provide a drawing to show the abovementioned.	It is confirmed that the existing noise sources will be relocated inside a podium structure and fully enclosed except the location has been revised accordingly for clarification to read as follow. "According to the latest information, these existing noise sources such as the golf car repair workshop, bus depot, refuse collection is fully enclosed. The design of the podium will ensure that any direct line of sight between the noise sources and the su addition, these noise sources should be a major consideration in determining their locations and site layouts. With reference regard to the operational requirements, the siting of such facilities should take into account the potential locations of ingress traffic routings, particularly during sensitive hours. Consideration should also be given to adopting administrative controls s reduced." Please also refer to the revised Concept Plan – G/F Layout in Annex A.
4. <u>\$5.7</u>	
Please provide a schedule of noise mitigation measures, and drawings dedicated to show their location and extent. It is understood from S5.2.1.3 that solid wall and noise barriers are noise mitigation measures. Subject to the clarification in response to the comment above, it is also understood from S5.2.1.2 that some existing noise sources will be relocated inside a podium structure and will be fully enclosed.	Noted. As stated in Section 5.5, a podium structure will be provided for Area 10b to avoid direct line of sight between the noise sour relocation of existing noise sources will be fully enclosed within the podium structure except the ingress / egress of such fa reference to HKPSG.
	In addition, as discussed in Section 5.2, a number of considerations have been incorporated in the layout design of Area 10 to these activities. Those designs include an 8m tall solid wall next to kaito pier, an 8.8m tall solid wall next to goods de development which was near to goods delivery pier."
5. <u>RtC(y) and Table 5.4</u> It appears that there is also a correction factor for barrier correction, please clarify. Otherwise, it is noted that in Appendix 5.3, please clarify whether there is potential double counting in the columns "Barrier" and "Directivity" correction.	The column of "Directivity" has been removed and Table 5.4 has been updated accordingly.
6. <u>Marine traffic noise and fixed noise assessment</u> It appears that some noise sources and NSRs are both owned/managed by the project proponent themselves, please clarify. If true, please elaborate on whether the project proponent's own management/administrative measures will be used to ensure all noise will be kept at an acceptable level.	For noise assessment, it is anticipated that there would be no adverse noise impact after the implementation of the propose own management / administrative measures are considered not necessary to keep the noise level at an acceptable level.
C. Waste Management	
To demonstrate that the waste generation due to the development is in a manageable scale with regular arrangement under the relevant regulations and requirements, the applicant should address the types of waste to be generated due to the proposal and their magnitude. The applicant should also clarify that they will fulfil the respective regulations and requirements.	Noted. Relevant text has been added in Section 7.1 as follows to discuss the implication of waste management. "As mentioned in Section 2, the potential development at Area 10b of Discovery Bay include residential premises toget elements. A podium structure would be built to cover the existing maintenance activities. In order to cater for the additional reclamation would be proposed in form as a decking with a width of 9-34m.
	Although the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in subsequent detailed design stage, the construction friendly approach. With the implementation of good site practices and waste reduction measures, the quantity of construction 29,000 m ^{3m}
	The applicant will fulfil the respective regulations and requirements.
D. Sewerage Infrastructure	
Please note that our previous comments are still valid. The applicant should provide adequate information and make adequate rectifications in the submission to address our comments.	Noted. Please refer to the Revised Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply in Annex L. In addition, as there are various on-going new developments at North Lantau and Airport, Water Supplies Department and expansion of the Siu Ho Wan water and sewerage treatment facilities in order to provide extra water supply and sewage trea facility is not adequate. The Clients believes that, should WSD/EPD plans for infrastructure expansion, all proposed future d Discovery Bay, should be considered on equal and fair basis. In addition, the proposal for Area 10b is moderate in scale would be insignificant.
	Therefore, the Project Proponents request Water Supplies Department and Environmental Protection Department to take consider for future expansion of the Sui Ho Wan facilities.

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ons of ingress / egress of such facilities. Section 5.5.1.2

lection point, will be located at a podium structure which urrounding residential developments will be avoided. In ce to HKPSG, where opportunity arises and having due s/egress and the consequent noise disturbances due to so that the degree of noise disturbances can be further

ces and the surrounding residential developments. The incilities and consideration of such facilities should made

b (see Figure 2-1) to reduce the fixed noise impact due elivery pier and 7.8m tall solid wall at 3-storey low rise

ed mitigation measures. As such, additional proponent's

ther with the necessary infrastructure and landscaping al residential development, an additional narrow strip of

and reclamation work would adopt an environmentally ruction of demolition waste is estimated to be around

Environmental Protection Department may consider for itment capacity should the spare capacity for the current developments in the vicinity areas, including those in the e, the demand on the overall Government infrastructure

e into account the proposed development should they

E. <u>Air Quality</u>	
1. Rtc item b	
Please submit the model file for review as results of 80mAG is added.	Noted. The receivers at 80mAG are included in the model files submitted previously. A set of model files has been provided ag
2. <u>Rtc item e</u> Please mark the internal access road.	Netod The second has been marked
	Noted. The access road has been marked.
3. <u>S4.2.2</u> Please clarify if the road should be Marina Avenue (S4.2.2) or Marina Drive	The road should be Marine Drive. The typo in Section 4.2.2 has been revised.
(Figure 4-1).	The foad should be marine brive. The type in dection 4.2.2 has been revised.
4.	
It is noted that the predicted annual NO2 at ASR A10b-8 as shown in Table 4.3	The traffic forecast of Marina Drive is only 90 vehicles per hour during the peak hour. The new alignment and layout of the
approaches the AQO of 40 ug/m ³ , it casts doubt on whether the vehicular	master plan to ensure the 5m buffer requirement in HKPSG will be achieved. It is therefore anticipated that no insurmounta
emissions at the site, if added on the current assessment, will cause exceedance of the AQO. As such, the consultant is required to add the	emission.
vehicular emissions in the assessment to prove that there will be no AQO	In addition, although the annual NO ₂ at ASR A10b-8 is $39 \mu g/m^3$, the assessment on the marine traffic emissions are bas
exceedance.	continuous operation of tug/boat and barge was assumed in the assessment, but there are only 5-6 trips per month in the re A10b-8 will be lower than the prediction.
E. Division 6 item b. and Figure 4.4	
5. <u>Rtc item f, item h, and Figure 4-1</u> If Marina Drive is a LD, please ensure that buffer distance as required under	The new alignment and layout of the proposed buildings have been adjusted in the revised Concept Plan in Annex A to
HKPSG can be met. In Figure 4-1, the buffer distance cannot be met.	achieved.
6. <u>Rtc item i</u>	
Please provide further information of the bus depot (e.g. operation mode, parking, maintenance, etc.)	The bus depot will be located at the podium of the buildings along the northern side of the Marina Drive. There are 54 no. of mid-night. About 8 buses stay in Tai Pak bus terminus for overnight service. Currently these buses park in Area 10b open space.
parking, maintenance, etc./	source at 5:30 am to 7am when they start leaving 10b to commence their routine daily services. Apart from the early morning
	coming back for overnight parking, buses are coming back for refueling and cleaning at an average rate of 5-6 buses per hour
	The future depot provides a covered internal space to address such overnight bus parking need. The covered depot reduces the
	their engine at more or less the same time. There are 6 no. of maintenance bays in existing bus depot, 2 of them equipped
	repair and maintenance to ensure all buses can run normally. As no. of buses increases, currently some repairs have to be do Hence 6 maintenance bays all equipped with maintenance pits are proposed in the rezoning application. In addition, night time
	the maintenance bays no., the proposed depot is purely replacement of existing one. There is no DG store in existing bus deput
	refilling is and will be done in the existing and future petro-filling station.
	In addition, according to EPD, Euro I, II and III buses will not be licensed by end 2019. Hence by end 2019, out of the 54 buse
	Euro V or VI. The remaining 2 buses are electric buses.
	Hence, impacts of bus depot are not anticipated.
7. <u>Rtc item k</u>	
It is noted that MLD refilling facility will be located outside the 500 assessment area. Please confirm that the oil tanker travelling route and the ferry travelling	The operators have confirmed the routes will be outside 500m assessment area.
route to and from MLD refilling facility will be located outside the assessment	
area.	
8. <u>Rtc item I and m</u>	
If SPS or STW is proposed, the potential air quality should be addressed.	The STW will be designed, operated and maintained by the project proponent. Odour control devices, such as covering of pressure, activated carbon filter etc., will be designed to mitigate the odour level to acceptable level during the detailed designed to mitigate the odour level to acceptable level during the detailed designed.
	considered as well. Therefore, adverse odour impact is not anticipated. Section 4.2.6.2 has been updated as follows for clarific
	" The tentative location of the proposed sewage treatment works is shown in Figure 4-1. Odour control devices, such as o
	negative pressure, activated carbon filter etc, are required to contain the odour dispersion to the surrounding ASRs. Where ne
	Therefore, it is anticipated that the new sewage treatment works would comply the criteria of 5 OU based on an averaging t stipulated in the Annex 4 of the EIAO-TM. In addition, suitable buffer and landscaping features would be provided to min
	sensitive uses according to HKPSG. As such, adverse odour impact is therefore not anticipated"
9. <u>\$4.2.4.11</u>	
The new berth location is not shown in Figure 4-3, please clarify.	Noted. The location has been added in Figure 4.3.
10. Figure 4-3	
The MLD is still located within the 500m assessment area. Please clarify.	Only Ferry, Kaito and LPG delivery tug boat / barge are presented in Figure 4.3. No MLD filling activities are presented.
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e proposed buildings have been adjusted in the revised ntable air quality impact will be caused by the vehicular

ased on a very conservative approach. For example, a real situation. Therefore, the actual annual NO_2 at ASR

to ensure the 5m buffer requirement in HKPSG will be

of buses running in DB. Most bus services stop around space. They are eyesores to nearby residents and noise ng and mid-night when buses are leaving for service and ur in between the morning and evening peak daily.

s the noise impact in the morning when many buses start ed with maintenance pits. They allow regular and routine done in external area not designed for bus maintenance. me maintenance activities are not anticipated. Apart from epot. It is not required by the proposed depot. Buses fuel

uses in the fleet, 4 buses will be at Euro IV, 48 will be at

of the tanks, installation of deodourising unit, negative sign stage. Where necessary, water scrubbers could be ification.

s covering of the tanks, installation of deodourising unit, necessary, water scrubbers could be considered as well. g time of 5 seconds for odour prediction assessment as ninimise environmental and visual impacts on adjacent

11. Regarding the calculation spreadsheet, the calculation of max. 8-hr RSP, which subsequently be used for heavy metal impact estimation from fireworks, was calculated as 1/8 of max. 1-hr RSP output from ISC model. Please clarify and provide justifications for adopting such method instead of using running average of 8 1-hr concentrations.	Since there is only 1 firework show last for less than 60 minutes per day, the heavy metal contribution of firework will be equal or no show every 8 hour running period. Therefore, the maximum running 8 hour average will be equal to maximum 1 hour divided for example, assume the maximum contribution from firework = X. As the firework show is started at 8pm, there are no shown before or after 7 hour of the show. Therefore, the maximum running 8-hour average = $\sum_{n=1}^{6} \frac{x_n}{8}$ = $\frac{(x+0+0+0+0+0+0+0)}{8}$
FEHD's comment (a) It is noted that the podium accommodates the supporting facilities serving Discovery Bay in a comprehensive manner. It is thus expected that the "Refuse Collection Chamber", as one of the supporting facilities, would also serve the surrounding buildings/villages in Discovery Bay as in the case of the existing stand-alone one.	Applicant's response
(b) Nonetheless, we are of the view that the refuse collection point of about 1,000m2 as mentioned in the applicant's submission should not be regarded as G/IC facilities. The applicant is requested to revise the proposal accordingly.	Noted, should FEHD considers Refuse Collection Point without reference to it being a Government facility to be an appropriat Board could amend the proposed use accordingly in consideration of the application.
H(GEO), CEDD's comment	Applicant's response
It appears that the FI submitted by the applicant still does not include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR). Hence, our previous comments are still valid (recapped below for reference):	
The northern side of the proposed development is overlooked by existing slopes. The applicant should submit a GPRR in support of the application and to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. The GPRR should include a preliminary geotechnical review of the slopes, including natural terrain. Other essential contents of a GPRR are given in the enclosed GEO Advice note.	Please find a GPRR in Annex I.
LandsD's comment	Applicant's response
2. The planning statement does not contain detailed survey data of the application site. Based on the geographical location of the application site, it falls on private lot known as Lot No. 385 R.P. in D.D. 352 & the Extensions thereto ("the Lot") and held under New Grant No. 6122 as extended by three Extension Letters in 1979, 1980 and 1981 ("the New Grant"). Pursuant to S.C. (6) of the New Grant, the Lot shall be developed in accordance with the Master Plan ("MP") approved by the then Secretary for the New Territories (now being exercised by D of Lands) under lease.	Noted
3. According to the prevailing MP 6.0E7h(a) approved under S.C. (6) of the New Grant, Area 10b has a gross site area of about 50,950m ² and is designated as "SERVICE AREAS" for accommodating various facilities as listed below:-	Noted

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te label, the applicant has no objection. Town Planning

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Facility	Max. Gross Building Area (GBA) (m²)	
Godowns	3,710	
Bus depot	500	
Sewage treatment plant	39	
Refuse collection point	1,000	
Dangerous goods / LPG storage	500	
Telephone exchange	700	
Boat servicing facilities	1,100	
Petrol filling station	240	
Staff quarters	1,300	
Pumping station	No restriction in Area 10b, but 4,885 in the whole lot	
Temporary helipad	N/A	
Temporary marina club	N/A	
Comments on the Application		
4. The proposed development do 6.0E7h(a).	es not conform with the approved MP	A revised Master Plan will be submitted for Lands Department approval subsequent to this planning application approval.
proposed reclamation area partly fa under Foreshore and Sea-bed Ordina bed (Reclamations) Ordinance)(Cap. reclamation, and partly falls within the on 10.3.1978 for ferry pier and sub Justice will be required to ascertain proposed reclamation, and if not, w under Cap. 127 for the proposed recla at in detail upon receipt of the applica in para. 15 below).	n of water to the south of Area 10b. The ills within the water previously gazetted nce (repealed by the Foreshore and Sea- 127) vide G.N. 710 of 2.4.1976 for land e water previously gazetted vide G.N. 593 marine outfall. Legal advice from D of whether the said G.N.s are valid for the hether a new gazetting will be required amation. This issue will have to be looked tion for amendment of MP (as referred to	
dredging works for the navigation ch Applicant should note that no dredgin boundary of the Lot without the nece	tatement mentioned that there might be nannel outside the application site. The ng works shall be carried out outside the issary Government permission / approval istitute reclamations are subject to the	Noted.
site and make it available for Governm in Area 10b will be removed in the Department, Government Flying Se departments will be required. The Ap the removal of the helicopter landing	ires HKR to provide a helicopter landing nent use at all times. The existing helipad he proposal. Advice from Civil Aviation ervices and other relevant Government plicant should provide full justifications for g site. If removal of the helipad is not pplicant is required to provide alternative shall be agreed by the Government.	The proposal is a rationalisation of the existing supporting facilities at Area 10b. It is considered that a removal of the helipad the existing residents around Area 10b and the future residents within the site, in spite of the infrequent use (less than 5 time indicated in Annex J.
vehicular ferry pier (which is mainl goods). The Applicant is required t	of the dangerous goods storage and the y used for transportation of dangerous to advise on the future arrangement for ous goods, and whether there will be any	We understand that "dangerous good storage" refers to the underground oil tanks associated with the petrol filling station and a) The petrol filling station and associated oil tanks will be relocated to the northern part of the site as indicated in the concept b) The removed LPG store in Area 10b will be reprovided elsewhere in Discovery Bay. c) The vehicular ferry pier will be re-provided near the southern part at the area marked "Kaito Pier + Service Pier" in the cor

ad at the existing location will reduce noise disturbance to imes in past 20 years). A possible new helipad location is

nd the existing LPG store. cept plan in **Annex A**.

concept plan in Annex A.

9. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 30.9.1982 has notionally divided the Lot into 250,000 undivided shares. The Applicant shall prove that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the proposed development.	The applicant has responded to District Lands Office directly via HKR's letter to DLO dated 3 Aug 2016.
10. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The Applicant is required to substantiate its right / capacity to develop the application site without prejudicing the provisions in the PDMC.	In our response to comment item no.9 above sent to DLO directly and separately, it is clearly demonstrated that the undivi- and have never been assigned to any other party. (Full set of all DMCs, Sub-DMCs and Sub-sub-DMCs have been provid letter to DLO dated 3 Aug 2016.). Therefore, the applicant is the sole land owner of Area 10b and has absolute right to dev facilities located in Area 10b forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas".
11. The Lot is subject to the height control restriction stipulated in the Deed of Restrictive Covenant ("DRC") dated 10.12.1999 entered into between the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and Hongkong International Theme Parks Limited. Any proposed development shall comply with the DRC. Detailed examination will be conducted upon receipt of formal application (if any) with relevant site co-ordinates for revision of MP.	The proposed development complies with the DRC, as shown in Figure no. DRC-6f10b-001 in Annex K.
12. The refuse collection point at Area 10b is a private facility of the Lot, but only "Government Refuse Collection Point" can be found in Column 1 Uses of the Proposed "OU(Residential above Service Area)" zone. The Applicant is required to address the inconsistency between the proposal and the proposed Notes for "OU (Residential Above Service Area) zone.	Noted, as per the response to FEHD above, the applicant has no objection to the labeling of the Refuse Collection Point accordingly.
13. The existing fresh water and sewer main outside the subject lot boundary are covered by separate short term tenancies (STTs). It is revealed that the alignments of the fresh water and sewer main shown in the proposal slightly differ from our tenancy records.	Revised drawings are included in the Revised Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply in Annex L.
14. The Audit Commission in 2004 recommended that the D of Lands should seek ExCo's endorsement before approving any major changes to the concept of a development if the concept has been approved by ExCo when approving the land grant.	Noted.
15. Should the Town Planning Board approve the re-zoning application and the proposed amendment to the OZP has successfully gone through the usual town planning procedures, then the owner of the application site will have to apply to Lands D for approval to amend the MP so as to implement the proposed development. Upon receipt of such application, Lands D will process the proposed approval according to the established practice and seek necessary approvals, including endorsement of ExCo if it is decided that the proposal would result in a change of the development concept of the Lot. The Applicant is required to prove that they are the legal owner of the application site and has to capacity to execute the approval letter with the Government. The proposed approval, if approved by Lands D acting in the capacity as the landlord at its discretion, will be subject to such terms and conditions, including payment of premium and administrative fee, as imposed by Lands D.	Noted.
Marine Department's comment	Applicant's response
a) The project proponent should provide assessment to justify the extension of seawall would not affect the private moorings (PM) during the construction stage and operation phase of the project. The mitigating measures would be taken to prevent the impact on the PM should be specified.	A detailed explanation is given in the Technical Note in Annex M.
b) The PM and the vessels moored may need to relocate to give room for the construction works of the proposed pipeline/outfall. The project proponent needs to formulate plans for temporary relocation and consult the PM and vessel owners. The proposed pipeline/outfall should not affect the laying, maintenance and removal of the mooring components after completion of the proposed pipeline/outfall and during operation.	Relocation of the private moorings are not required for both construction and operation phases of the project. There is wate works, and close liaison with the private mooring owners will be maintained during the construction.

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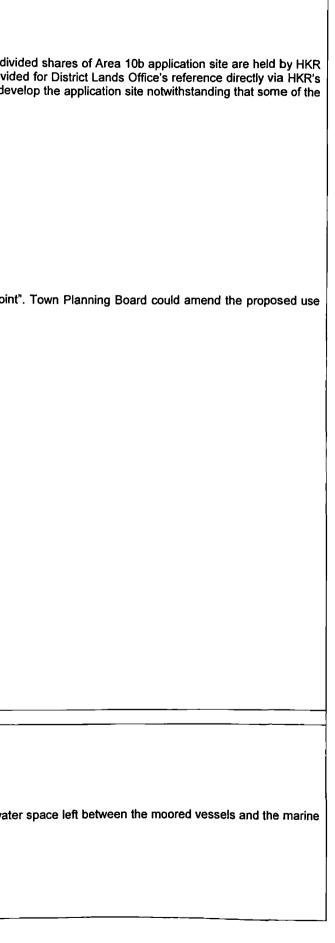
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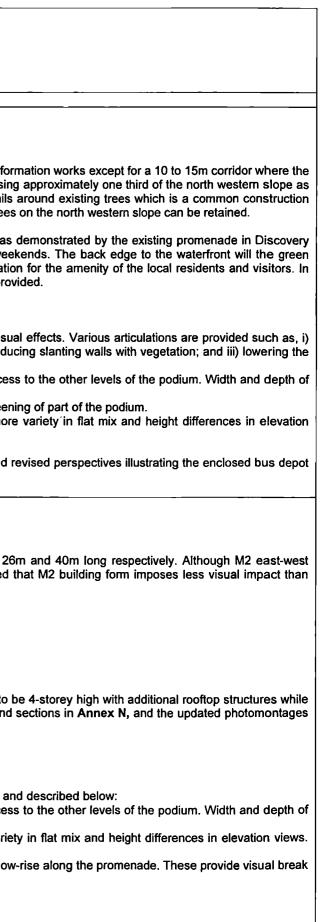
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The annotations indicating the piers and petrol filling stations are included in the proposed zoning plan in Annex A.
Consultation with the private mooring owners will be conducted in the detail design and construction stages.
Applicant's response
Preliminary investigations indicate that trees on the western portion of the north-western slope will not be impacted by site for construction of the new access from Discovery Bay Road to the podium occurs. The eastern portion of the slope (comprising a whole) will likely require upgrading with soil nails. Tree impacts can be minimised by careful on-site location of soil nails practice when upgrading existing vegetated slopes. We therefore consider it reasonable to conclude that the majority of trees
The waterfront promenade has been widened to 4 meters wide which can cater for pedestrian circulation and benches, as Bay D Deck, where the promenade is also 4m wide right next to many alfresco dining areas with plenty of visitors at weel garden edge of the low rise housing. The waterfront promenade is considered to be an improvement to the existing situatio addition, 15m gaps are provided between the proposed houses connecting to the waterfront where soft landscape will be prov
 i. As an initial concept at this preliminary stage, design of the podium has been revamped with an aim to alleviate its visual breaking down the mass and scale of the podium by introducing various layers and heights along the façade; ii) introduct portion of podium abutting the driveway is further reduced in height from 6m to 4.5m. ii. A significant recess at the north-western part of the podium, where an elevator is proposed to provide convenient access the recessed area is shown on plan. iii. Part of the podium along L7 to L14 is further setback. Additional street tree planting is proposed in front to provide screenieiv. Part of the medium-rise residential blocks on the podium, L7-L10, are increased from 4 to 5 storeys to introduce more views. Public viewers from the southwest will see a variety of houses and buildings in different heights and levels.
The above measures are considered effective in alleviating the visual effects of the podium. Please refer to the section and r in Annex N .
Façade length of existing midrises along Capevale are 36m along the north-south as well as east-west façade. M2 is 26 façade length is 10%, i.e. marginally longer, the north-south direction is almost 30% substantially shorter. It is considered t existing midrise form taking into account the impacts viewed at all directions.
To demonstrate the visual impact of an alternative distribution of the development density, houses L15-L19 are proposed to be all other houses along the coast will be 3-storeys high with rooftop structures in the revised Landscape Design Proposal and in Annex P.
 Efforts have been made to ease the permeability of the inner street area as shown in the revised Concept Plan in Annex A an i. A significant recess at the north-western part of the podium, where an elevator is proposed to provide convenient access the recessed area is shown on plan. ii. Part of the low-rise residential blocks on the podium, L7-L10, are increased from 4 to 5 storeys to introduce more varied Public viewers from the southwest will see a variety of houses and buildings in different heights and levels. iii. 15m wide separations are provided between low-rise block L10 and L11 as well as between the 3 or 4 storeys houses/low for every 4 low-rise blocks on the podium roof and for every 4 to 5 blocks of low-rise or houses along the promenade.



	Our comments on the air ventilation assessment are attached in the Appendix.	
1.	endix- Major Comments Considering the project site is a waterfront site and its large development scale with site area about 6.29 ha, it is inevitably that the proposed development would affect the existing pedestrian wind environment. However, based on the "consideration of air ventilation" reported in Annex A, the applicant fails to provide convincing arguments and evidence to demonstrate the effectiveness of the mitigation measures such as building separations and that the proposed development would result in no adverse air ventilation impacts on the surrounding areas in this submission. As such, the subject report is considered unacceptable.	Noted.
1	In view of the above, we recommend that an initial study by CFD is more effective in demonstrating the proposal's impact to the surrounding environment due to its extensive development scale and the effectiveness of the proposed mitigation measures for supporting the rezoning application.	Noted. An AVA initial study by CFD has been carried out to demonstrate the impact from the proposed development in terms has been submitted to Planning Department for agreement.
3.	cific <u>Comments</u> Annual and summer prevailing winds (Item 2) – Referring to the RAMS wind data, the annual prevailing winds are come from E, ESE and S, while the summer prevailing winds are come from SSE, S and SSW. To optimize the effectiveness of the proposed mitigation measures, the applicant should make reference to these prevailing wind directions.	According to the AVA technical circular, the wind directions covering 75% of the annual and summer wind frequencies sh submitted to Planning Department dated Aug 24, 2016, wind rose for grid (049, 037) from RAMS will be adopted. A total of SE, SSE, S and SSW, will be considered for annual condition and a total of eight wind directions, namely E, ESE, SE, SSI condition.
i	Existing wind environment – In order to alleviate the potential air ventilation impact on the existing pedestrian environment, it is required to investigate the existing pedestrian wind environment and identify the existing breezeways.	Noted. The existing wind environment has been analysed in the AVA initial study report in Annex Q.
1	 Mitigation Measures – We have the following comments on the proposed mitigation measures. a. Breezeways / air paths (Figure 3) – It is found that wind entrance of some identified breezeways/air paths have been blocked by the proposed mid-rise buildings. We are doubtful on the performance of such breezeways. b. Height profile (Item 9) – It is agreed that varies height profile would benefit the pedestrian wind environment by capturing the higher level. However, it is found that there are some mid-rise buildings placed along the southeast tip of the project site which may block the SE prevailing wind and sea breeze. c. Podium structure (Item 10) – It is anticipated that the massive podium structures in the middle of the project site may induce potential air ventilation impact on the existing pedestrian wind environment. The applicant should explore the relevant mitigation measures to alleviate such air ventilation and permeability (Item 12) – It is agreed that the provision of building separations could reduce the potential air ventilation impact on the existing pedestrian wind environment. However, building separations with the width less than 15m are considered ineffective. The applicant should clarify the width of the proposed building separations. e. Frontal length (Item 14) – In order to reduce the potential air ventilation impact, the proposed building should minimize rather than maximum its frontal length facing the prevailing winds. 	Noted. Some mitigation measures has been described in method statement submitted to Planning Department dated Aug terraced podium. Please refer to the AVA Initial Study in Annex Q.
1	 Besides of the applicant's proposed mitigation measure, it should make reference to the HKPSG Chapter 11, the following recommended measures should be explored in the proposed development scheme: i. Height and disposition of proposed building blocks along the waterfront should avoid blockage of prevailing winds and sea breezes. iiii Duilding Demestility to fallow. Sustainable Building Design 	Noted. Same as item 5 above.
	 Building Permeability to follow Sustainable Building Design Guidelines PNAP APP-152; Minimization of podium bulk with ground coverage of no more than 	

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rms of air ventilation, in Annex Q. The method statement

shall be considered. As stated in the method statement of nine wind directions, namely NNE, NE, ENE, E, ESE, SSE, S, SSW, SW, WSW, will be considered for summer

ug 24, 2016, such as widening building separations and

65% or podium free design;	
 iv. Building setback; and v. Greenery (preferably tree planting) of no less than 30% for sites 	
larger than 1 ha, preferably at grade.	
7. Impact on the sensitive receivers - The applicant has failed to address	As described in the method statement submitted to Planning Department dated Aug 24, 2016, several sensitive receivers
whether the proposed development could induce air ventilation impact on the sensitive receivers nearby.	distributed in these areas. The air ventilation impact from the proposed buildings on these focus areas have been assess
WSD's comment	Applicant's response
It is noted that this s12A application involving Area 10b is related to another s12A application involving Area 6f. This application for Area 10b proposes an addition of 1,125 flats (2,813 residents), while the application for Area 10b proposes an addition of 476 flats (1,190 residents). Apparently, the applicant	According to City Management's latest record (property management company of all Discovery Bay residential units), the equivalent to 2.35 persons per unit. It covers all the residential units and is therefore complete and accurate. In contrary, occupants responding to census staff that is about 4,000+ units.
has adopted a figure of 2.5 persons per flat. Nevertheless, according to DLO's letter dated 11.9.2014 to HKRCL commenting on the proposed Discovery Bay Master Plan 7.0B, it was stated that "based on the latest information of 2011	The Working Group on Population Distribution Projections indicate an average 2.2 persons per domestic household for D Planning Units 932 and 934) for 2013-2021.
Census, the average household size is 2.7 in Discovery Bay. The applicant should justify the assumption of 2.5 persons per flat in this case. This issue needs to be addressed, as the household size affects the population figure and	Development under the approved Master Plan 6.0E7h(a) is for 8,731 residential units. OZP only states maximum populat mentioned although it is understood that the rationale is to allow for maximum 10,000 nos of residential units i.e. 2.5 perso
thus the estimation of demands on infrastructure. If the average household size is 2.7, even the 10,000 flats previously proposed in the draft Discovery Bay	Accordingly, the proposed Concept Plans at Area 6f and Area 10b creating about 1,601 units for 4,003 persons in total, et
Master Plan 7.0E (developer's another submission) will mean a population of 27,000, which will already exceed the maximum population of 25,000 in the Discovery Bay OZP.	The water quality control standard for the proposed local water treatment works (WTW) adopts the same standard as the from the local WTW to the same quality as from the WSD's fresh water supply.
It should be noted that the existing water supply system is based on a maximum population of 25000 in Discovery Bay, which is the population ceiling in the approved OZP in force.	Potable water in Discovery Bay had been sourced from Discovery Bay reservoir and filtration plant for about 20 years be arrangement and there was never any concern raised on water quality. Hence it is not anticipated to be perception concern WSD's WTW while others from Discovery Bay reservoir.
In Table 6.6 of the applicant's Planning Statement (Jan 2016), it is obvious that the applicant's intention is to exceed the 25,000 population by an addition of 4,003 persons (2,813 in this application + 1,190 in another application), and the water demand by an addition of 1722 cu.m./day (1210+512).	As there are various on-going new developments at North Lantau and Airport, Water Supplies Department and Environmet the Siu Ho Wan water and sewerage treatment facilities in order to provide extra water supply and sewage treatment capit adequate. The Applicant believes that, should WSD and EPD plans for infrastructure expansion, all proposed future deve Discovery Bay, should be considered on equal and fair basis. In addition, the proposal for Area 10b is moderate in scale, would be insignificant.
It is noted that the general planning intention of the approved OZP is for a total	Therefore, the Applicant requests WSD and EPD to take into account the proposed development should they consider for
population of 25,000 persons for the Discovery Bay development, and infrastructural capacities were considerations. Whilst the applicant has proposed an alternative water supply arrangement to provide private water supply by using the raw water stored in the private Discovery bay Reservoir and building a private water treatment works to make a private water supply exclusively to the additional 4,000 persons in their rezoning areas, we have reservation on the rationality of this arrangement in the context of public perception, water quality control, etc. considering that the existing and planned residents (25,000) in Discovery bay are provided with WSDs fresh	Revised Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply incorporating the above is provided in Annex L.
water supply. The applicant is required to submit further information on this alternative water supply arrangement for consideration.	

ers (i.e. Focus Areas), were identified. Test points were evenly ssed in the AVA initial study.

here are about 19,585 persons living in 8,326 units, /, Government census surveyed only occupied units with

Discovery Bay (and the surrounding area, in Tertiary

ation for 25,000 persons. The number of household was not rsons per unit.

equivalent to 2.5 persons per unit is considered reasonable.

e WSD's WTW. This will control the water quality provided

before year 2000. Discovery Bay residents were used to this cern if some villages have potable water supply sourced from

amental Protection Department may consider for expansion of apacity should the spare capacity for the current facility is not evelopments in the vicinity areas, including those in the ile, the demand on the overall Government infrastructure

for future expansion of the Sui Ho Wan facilities.

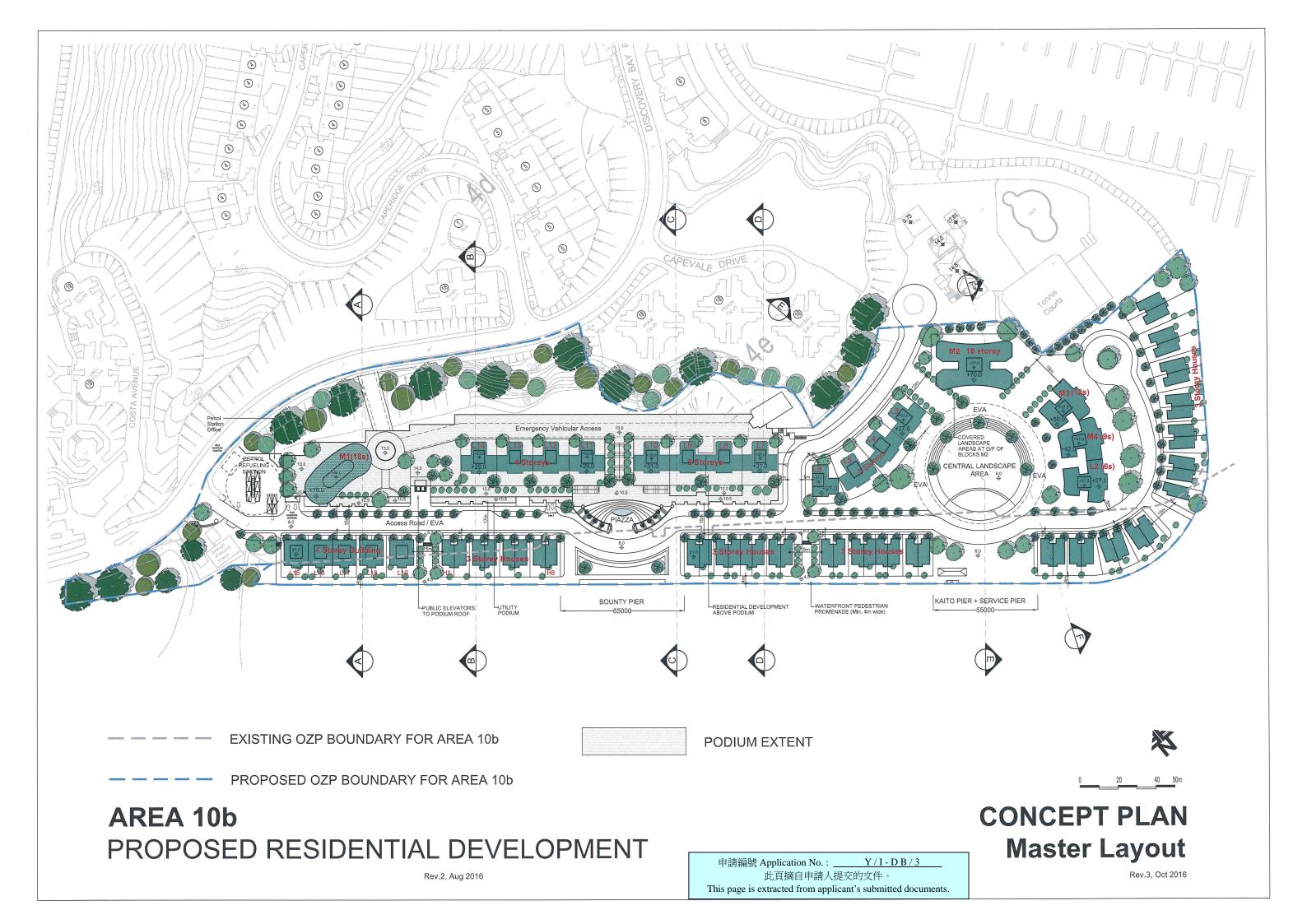
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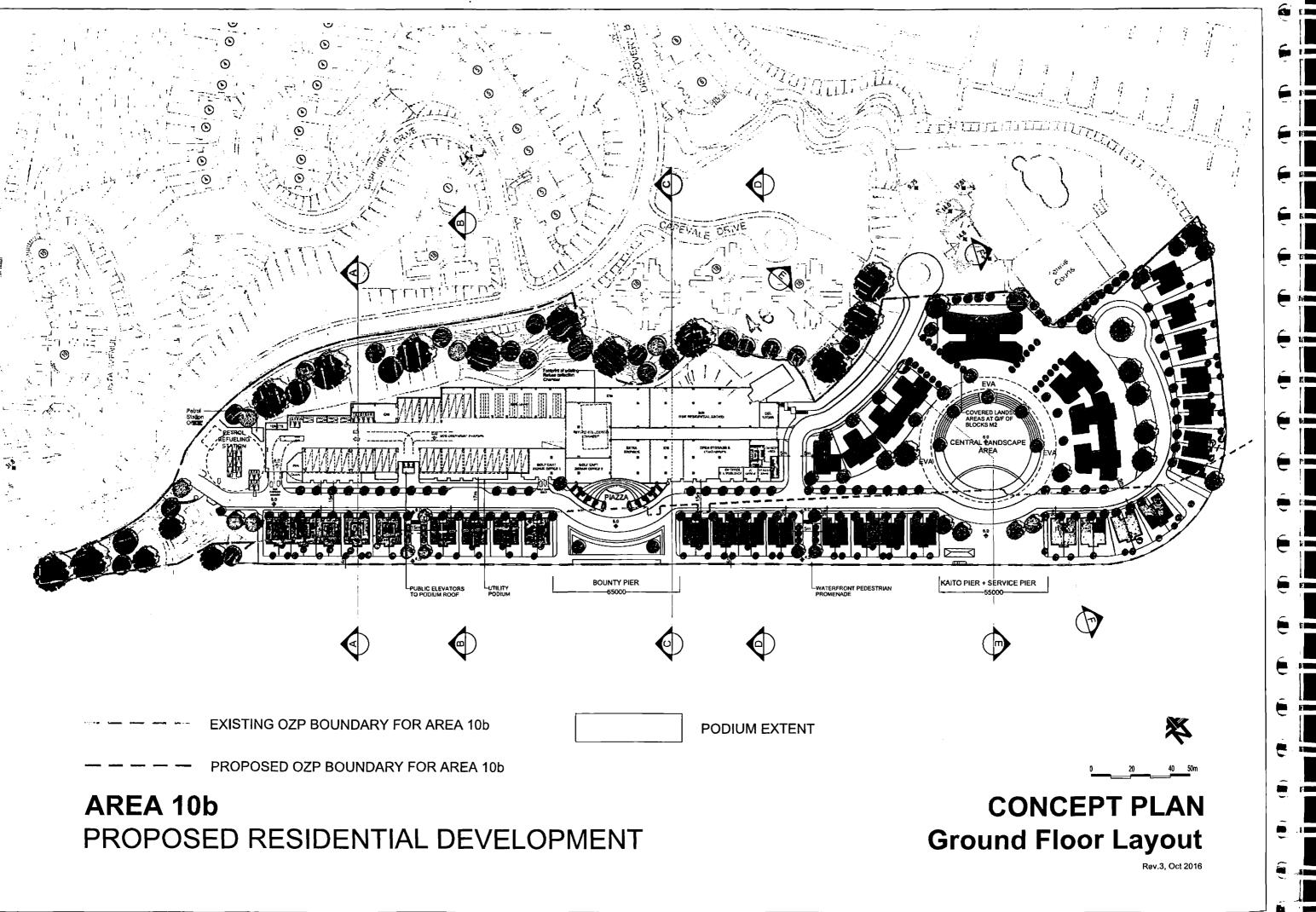
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Annex A

Revised Concept Plan

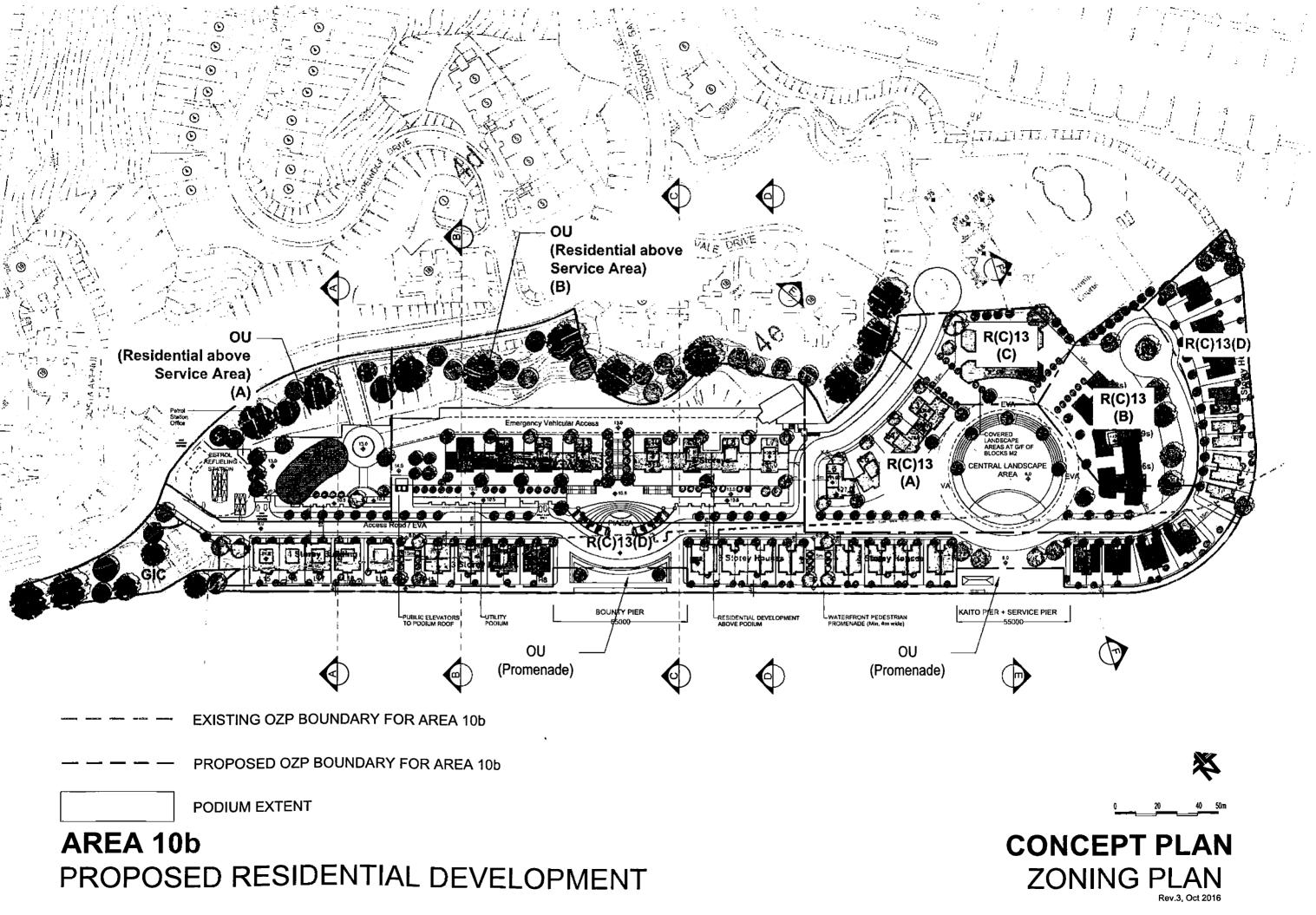
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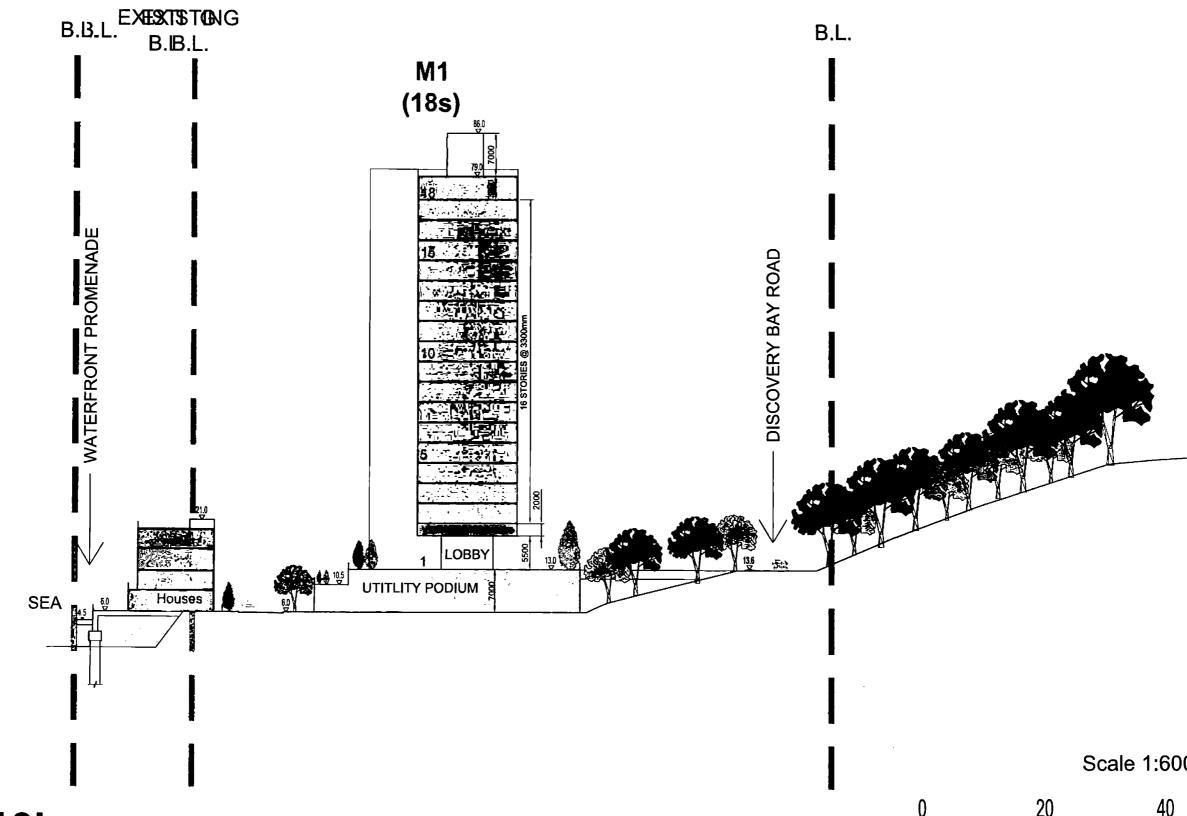


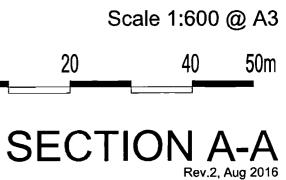
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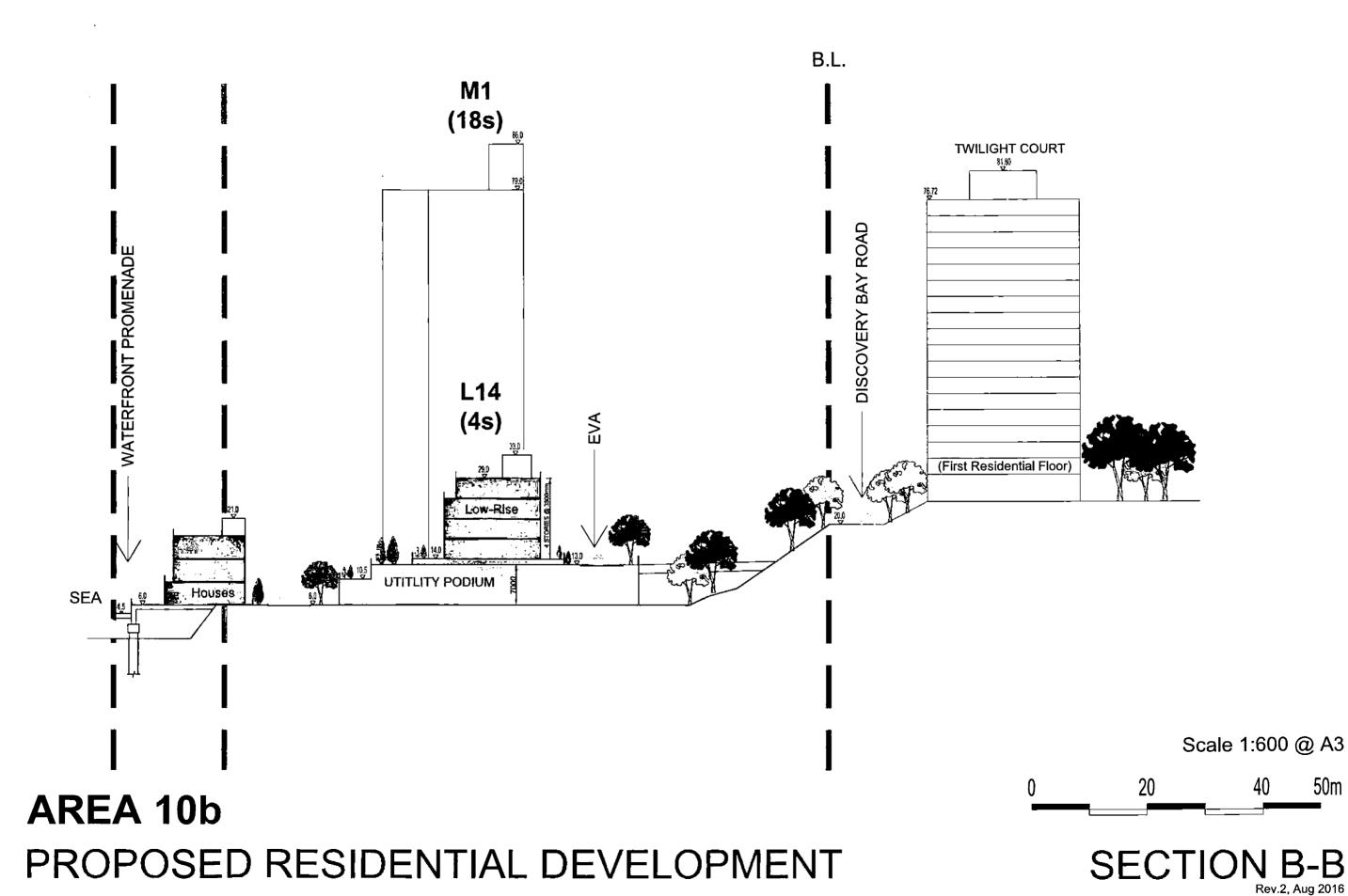
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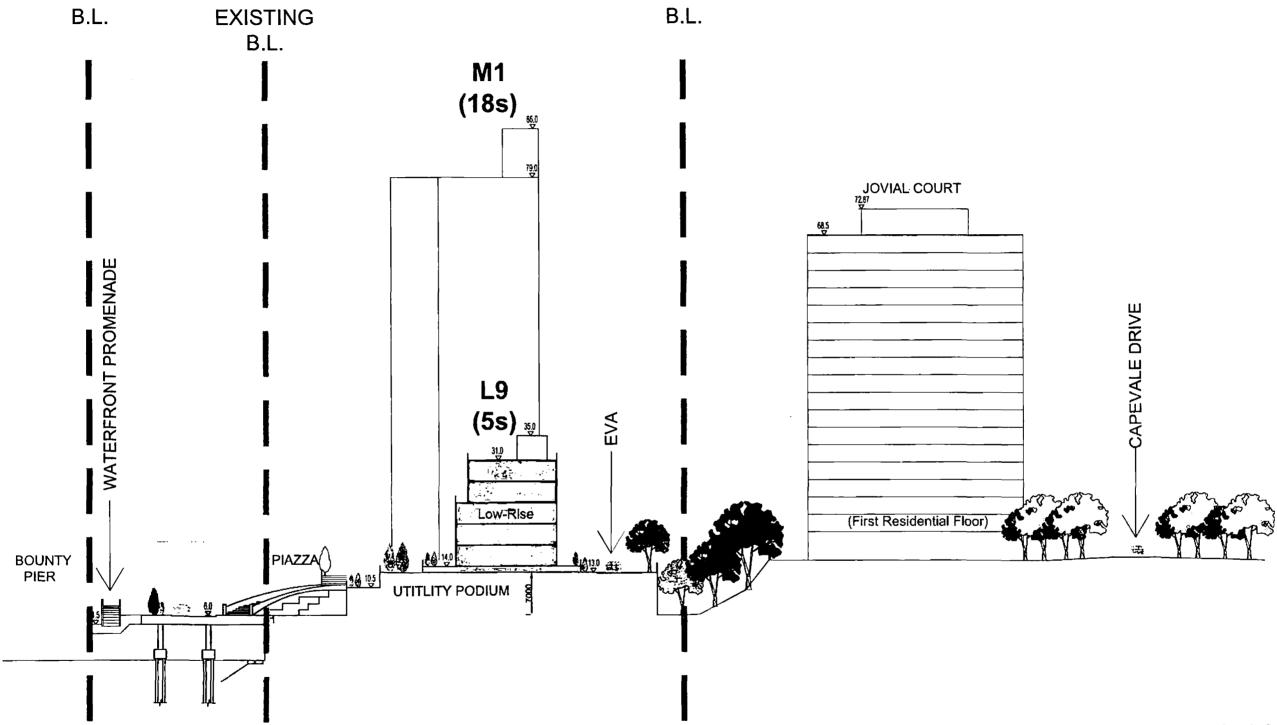
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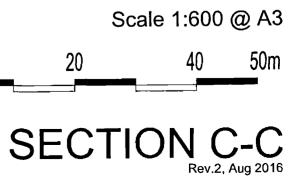
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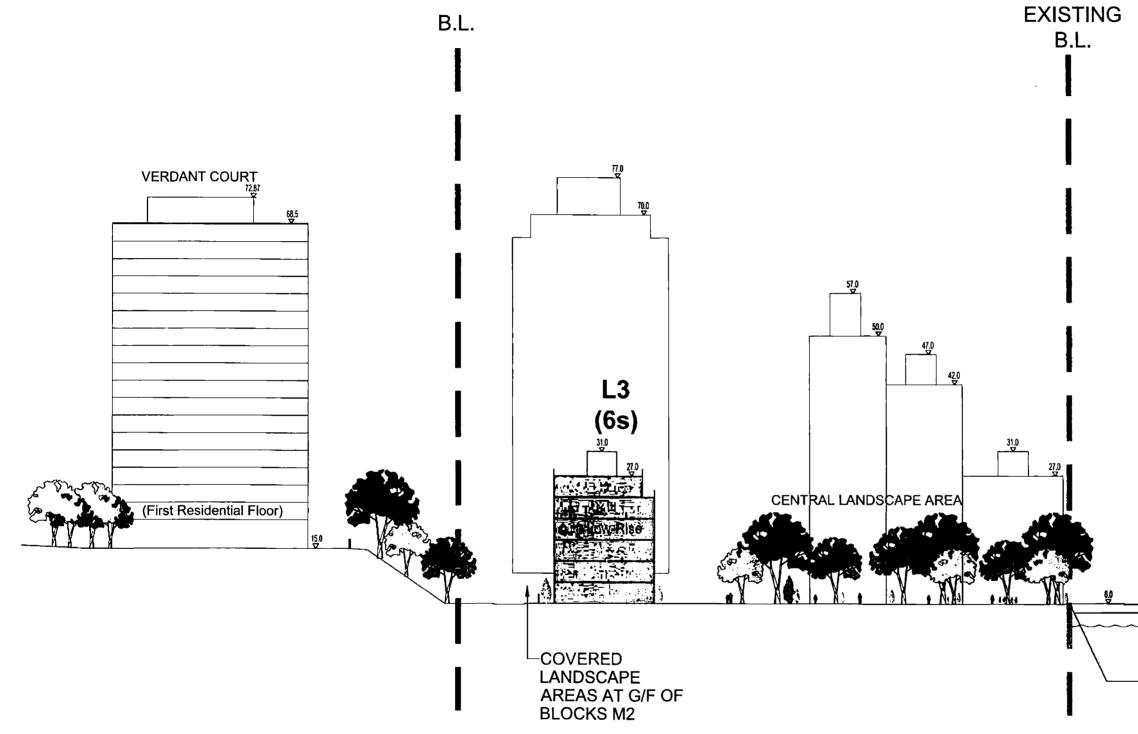
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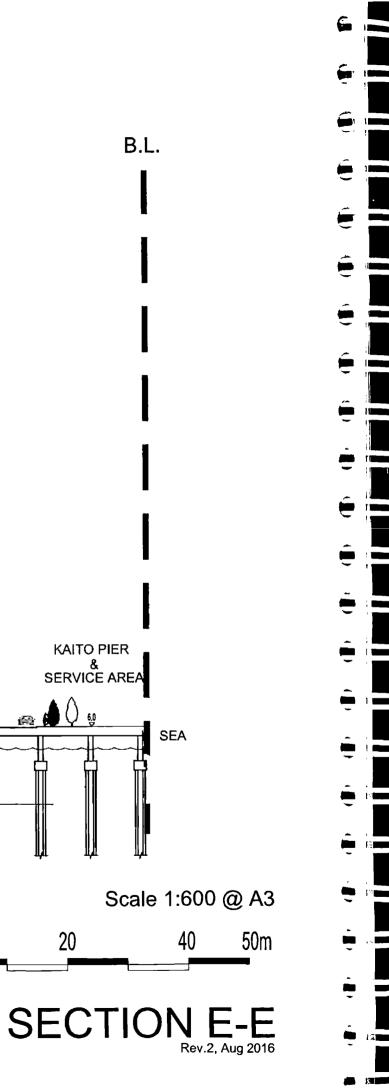


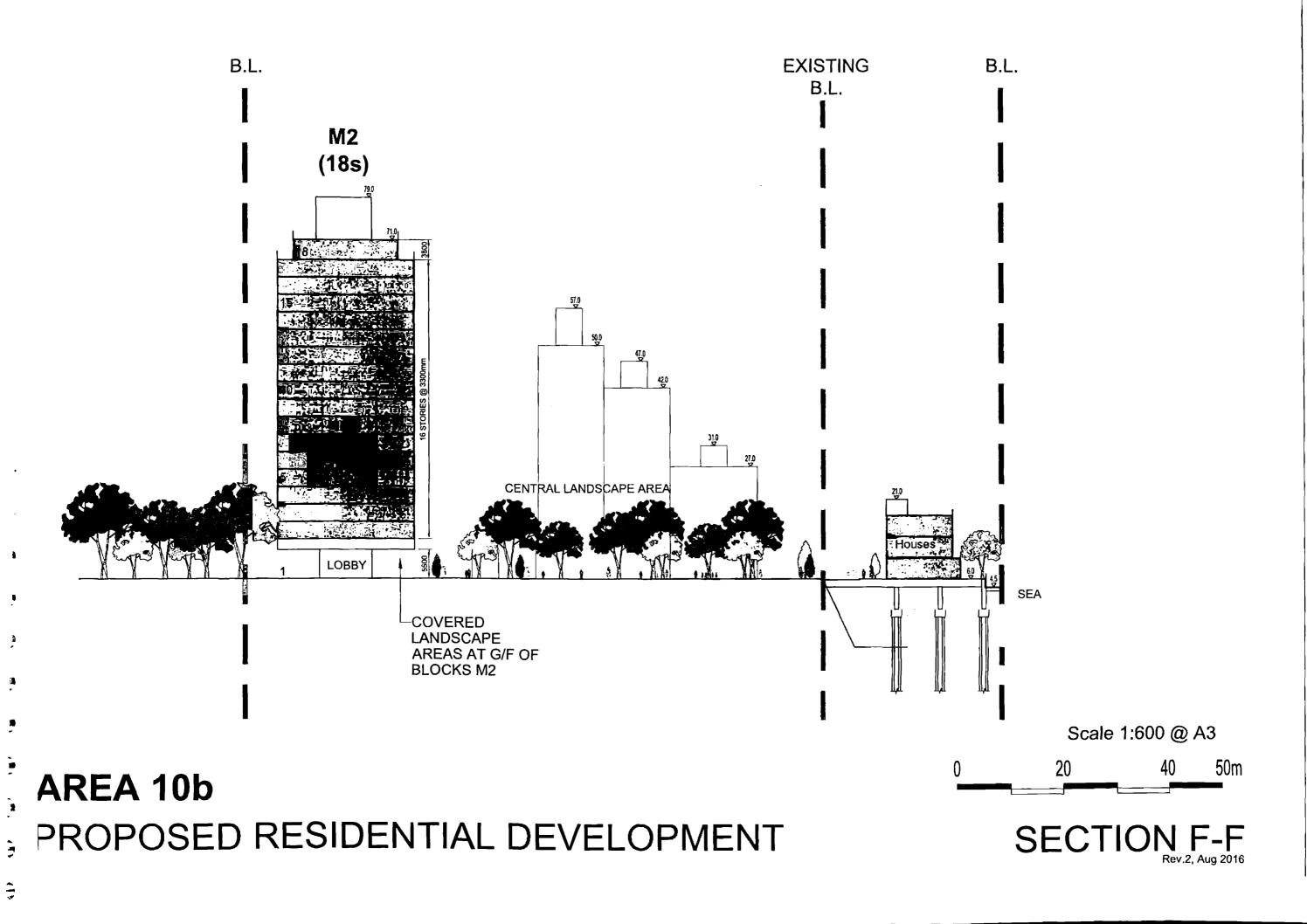


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AREA 10b PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT







Annex B

Technical Note

On the Proposed Petrol Filling Station

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ICL. CONSULTING ENGINEERS LIMITED

堅力工程顧問有限公司

Tel: (852) 3153-2484 Fax: (852) 3153-2485 E-mail: keniun@netvigator.com

19 September 2016

HKR International Limited 23/F China Merchants Tower Shun Tak Centre 168 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Attn: Mr. Wilson Cheung

Dear Sirs,

Proposed Petrol Filling Station in Area 10B, Discovery Bay

Having reviewed the preliminary layout of the proposed petrol filling station (PFS) in Area 10B, Discovery Bay, that you provided, based on my past 40 years of experience on PFS development in Hong Kong, I would like to advise as follows:

- 1. The siting of this PFS does not violate any of the provisions in Chapter 12 of the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines (HKPSG) on PFS. It is not surrounded by developments; it is just near to a development and is wholly on open grounds. There have been numerous existing PFS's in similar environments in Hong Kong. Before the PFS can be built, we would have to get approval from FSD as the licensing authority on dangerous goods, which curtails compliance with the "Guidance for the Design, Construction, Modification and Maintenance of Petrol Filling Stations" (IP Code) referred to in para. 3.5.14 of Chapter 12 of the HKPSG and with other prevailing FSD requirements. To the best of my knowledge, neither the IP Code nor the prevailing FSD requirements would prohibit the siting of this PFS. The special siting requirements that apply to PFS with LPG facilities do not apply to this PFS which will have only diesel and petrol facilities.
- 2. For a PFS like this with only petrol and diesel facilities, the IP Code and the prevailing local FSD safety requirements have prescribed safety distances of the critical elements away from the station boundary. These critical elements include the filling points (the points at which the road tanker makes connection to fill the underground tanks), the fuel dispensers and the vent pipe outlets. From what I can see from your preliminary layout, siting these critical elements to meet the prescribed safety distances will not be a problem at all.
- 3. The Code of Practice for Oil Storage Installations does not apply to PFS at all. By definition, "oil storage installations" means "any tank having a capacity of not less than 110 000 litres, or a group of tanks any one of which is a tank having a capacity of not less

than 110 000 litres, constructed above ground for the purpose of storing petroleum products". It is intended to apply to oil depots / terminals. A PFS will not have any tank of capacity anywhere near 110 000 litres and will only have underground tanks.

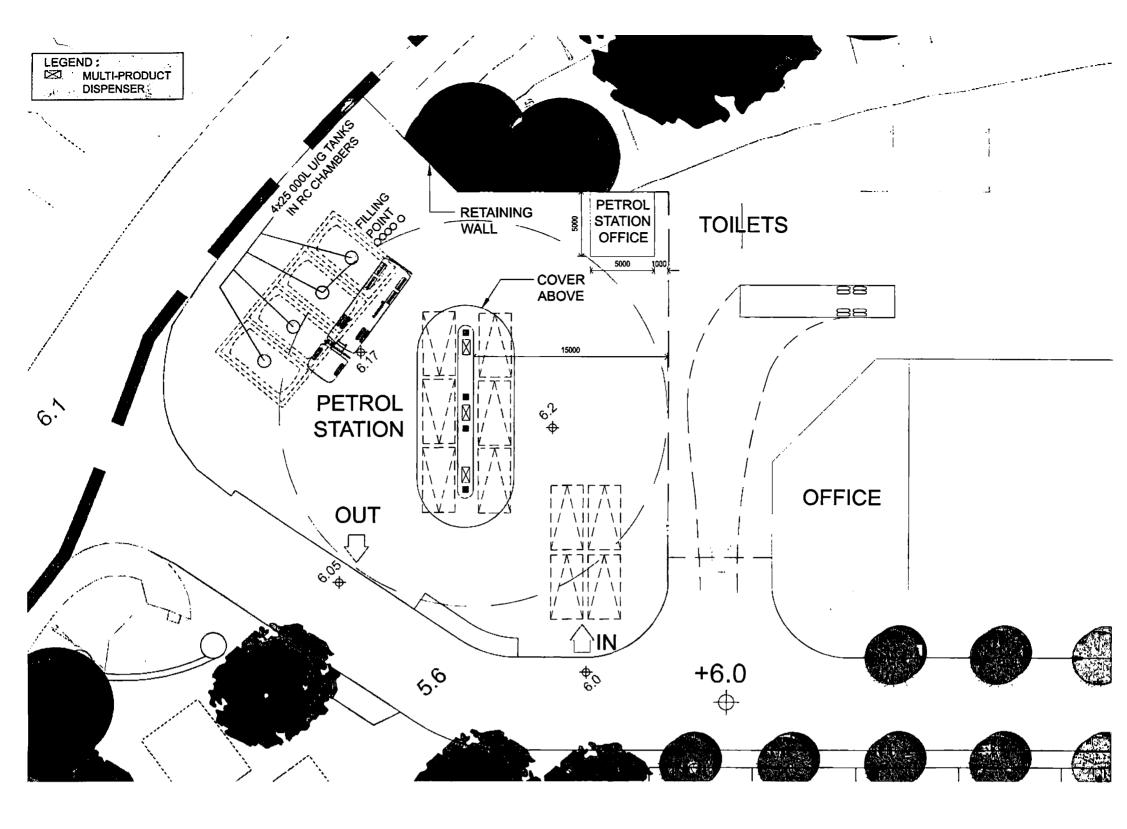
I have taken the liberty to add to your preliminary layout the proposed locations of the filling points and dispensers, which are well within the 4.25m safety distances required from the station boundary. The vent pipe outlets have not yet been indicated because they only have to be 2m away from the station boundary and there will be a lot of flexibility of locating them within the station. My sketch is attached herewith.

Should you have any further queries, please do not hesitate to contact me on 3153-2484.

Yours faithfully,

Kenneth Lun FHKIE RPE(Civil, Gas & Energy) C Eng MICE FEI FIGEM Member NFPA Chartered Civil, Gas & Petroleum Engineer Authorized Person

Encl.





22 August 2016

By Post & Fax (2868 4998)

Hong Kong Resort Company Limited 23/F, China Merchants Tower Shun Tak Centre 168 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Attention: Mr. Henry Chan (Manager - Building Services)

Our ref.: WE/L/158309/16-08/MKL/TKC/DL Your ref.: HKR/PD/10b/0313/2016

Dear Mr. Chan

Master Planning at Discovery Bay, Lantau Island in Are 10b R.P. of Lot No. 385 Extensions Thereto in D.D. 352 <u>Provision of 132kV Power Cable</u>

We refer to your letter dated 1 August 2016.

We would like to advise you that we have no plan to lay 132kV cable at the above mentioned area at this moment. Should you have any queries, please feel free to contact our Mr. T. K. Chan on telephone number 2678 9049.

Yours sincerely for and on behalf of CLP Power Hong Kong Limited

M. K. Lam Senior Planning & Design Manager (East & West Region)

mkl.tkc:@f:wm

中華電力有限公司 CLP Power Hong Kong Limited

東西區 East & West Region

香港九龍佐敷渡華路一號百周年大樓 Centenary Building, 1 To Wah Road Jordan, Kowloon, Hong Kong

電話 Tel (852) 2678 3838 傳真 Fax(852) 2678 3737 電郵 Email we@clp.com.hk 網址 Website www.clpgroup.com

b.c.c. TK Chan - P&D (WER) Don Lau- P&D (WER) YH Choi - EPD (WER) Filed EDMS

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Annex D

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Revised Environmental Study

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Hong Kong Resort Company Limited

Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Environmental Study (Area 10b)

235928

Final | Oct 2016

This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our client. It is not intended for and should not be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party.

Job number 235928

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Ove Arup & Partners Ltd Level 5 Festival Walk 80 Tat Chee Avenue Kowloon Tong Kowloon Hong Kong www anup.com

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Document Verification

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			Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
		Name	Various	Franki Chiu	Franki Chiu	
		Signature				
Revised	March	Filename	Draft EAS.doc	<u> </u>	I	
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			Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
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		Signature				
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		Name	Various	Franki Chiu	Franki Chiu	
		Signature				
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		Signature				

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Appendix 7.1

Legislation and Standards for Land Contamination Assessment

Appendix 7.2 Historical Aerial Photos for Discovery Bay

Executive Summary

The Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKRCL) has been considering the feasibility of implementing additional development areas within the existing boundary of Discovery Bay to provide additional housing supply. A planning statement, titled "Optimisation of Land Use in Discovery Bay" was submitted to Planning Department (PlanD) in July 2013. A round of comments from various government departments was received on December 2013 (ref PlanD.'s letter ()L1/L/DBNC/352-17 dated 17 December 2013). Another round of submission was made on August 2014 and the corresponding set of comments was received from various government departments on December 2014 (ref PlanD.'s letter ()L1/L/DBNS/352-17(CR) dated 23 December 2014). Subsequently, another round of submission was made in March 2015 and comments were received from various government departments. In order to address those comments, the development proposal has been refined accordingly.

This Environmental Study refers to Area 10b. The potential development area is included in the latest approved Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for a range of "Other Specified Uses" and "Government, Institution and Community", despite the fact that some of their development parameters and locations are proposed to be amended.

An Environmental Study for Area 10b has been conducted on the latest development proposal is to demonstrate land use compatibility and acceptability of the proposed development by providing necessary information, findings and conclusions. Some of those comments relating to the need for formal Environmental Impact Assessment Report for any Schedule 2 and Schedule 3 Designated Projects (DPs) would be separately handled when the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO) process is formally initiated subsequent to a rezoning approval and prior to implementation. The issues considered in this Environmental Study include noise, air quality, water quality, land contamination and ecology. Those relating to sewerage and drainage, and water supply are separately presented in another report. The following potential Designated Projects (DPs) have been identified and these would be further investigated during the detailed design stage.

- Transport depot for buses and golf cars;
- Associated submarine outfall for the possible sewage treatment works, if required;
- Possible dredging for a navigation channel outside the approved reclamation area, if required.

Air Quality

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All the relevant air emission sources in the vicinity that would have air quality impacts on the proposed developments have been identified and assessed. Key air emission sources include the marine vessels (such as the ferries between Discovery Bay and Central, kaitos, Oil Tankers and sand barges), the fireworks at Disney Theme Park, sewerage treatment works and sewage pumping station. A literature review on best available information including Environmental Protection Department (EPD)'s publications, approved Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Reports and operators' data has been conducted to establish the emission strengths of these air emission sources. These emission strengths are then included in EPD's approved air quality dispersion models to simulate air quality impacts on both existing and planned air sensitive receivers. The planned air sensitive receivers would unlikely be subject to adverse air quality impact.

Noise

All the relevant noise sources in the vicinity that would have noise impacts on the proposed developments have been identified and assessed. These noise sources include the marine vessels (such as the ferries between Discovery Bay and Central, kaitos, Oil Tankers and barges), sewage treatment works, sewage pumping stations, traffic along nearby road network and the firework at Disney Theme Park. Where practicable, noise measurements have been conducted to establish the noise caused by these noise sources. These measurement data is then used to assess the noise impacts on both existing and planned noise sensitive receivers. Results indicate that the predicted noise impacts would not exceed the relevant noise limits and hence the proposed land uses would not be subject to insurmountable noise impacts.

Water Quality

Although most of the development would not involve marine works, some minor reclamation work would still be required. The minor reclamation would be conducted by decking over piles and hence any water quality impacts caused would unlikely be significant. Any release of sediment would be readily controlled after the implementation of good practices. It may also be necessary to conduct some dredging to facilitate marine access for the future berths. Preliminary estimation suggests that the total amount of dredging would be less than 100,000m³. Some marine works may also be required for the potential sewage treatment works and the associated outfall. They will be considered in the subsequent statutory EIA which will include cumulative impacts caused by various sources, including the

proposed sewerage treatment works, the design of the deck-over-piles, the dredging process and the outfall etc. Refinement and appropriate mitigation measures would be required to minimise any adverse impacts on hydrodynamic and water quality during both construction and operational phases.

Other aspects

Site inspection and review of historical photos have revealed that most of the areas within the potential development area have low potential of land contamination. However, the existing bus depot and services areas have some potential for land contamination. It is recommended to prepare a Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) after the rezoning approval and during the subsequent statutory EIA. The CAP shall cover all the potential development area and would recommend the need for Site Investigation to collect soil and ground water samples for analysis, and subsequent actions as required.

Depending on the future discussion with DSD, there may be a need for a new sewage treatment plant. The effluent discharge and the dredging work of the marine navigation channel would have certain impact on marine ecology.

Opportunities for transplantation of trees have been explored where practical to minimise the impacts to terrestrial ecology associated with tree felling. In addition to transplantation of trees which identified with good transplantation survival rate, a number of trees have also been proposed to be retained.

For marine ecology, series of mitigation measures have been recommended to minimise the marine ecological impacts during construction phase. In addition, the nearest fish culture zones are located more than 6km away from the Site. With the mitigation measures, such as the use of silt curtains, both direct and indirect impacts are considered to be insignificant.

1 Introduction

1.1 Background

- 1.1.1.1 The Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKRCL) has been considering the feasibility of implementing additional development areas within the existing boundary of Discovery Bay to provide additional housing supply. A planning statement, titled "Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay" was submitted to Planning Department (PlanD) in July 2013. A round of comments from various government departments was received on December 2013 (ref PlanD.'s letter ()L1/L/DBNC/352-17 dated 17 December 2013).
- 1.1.1.2 Another round of submission was made on August 2014 and the corresponding set of comments was received from various government departments on December 2014 (ref PlanD.'s letter ()L1/L/DBNS/352-17(CR) dated 23 December 2014). Subsequently, another round of submission was made on March 2015 and comments were received from various government departments.
- 1.1.1.3 Ove Arup & Partners HK Ltd (Arup) has been appointed by HKRCL to conduct assessments to address those comments relating to environmental aspects including noise, air quality, water quality, land contamination, ecology, sewerage and drainage, and water supply. However, given the purpose of this Environmental Study is to demonstrate land use compatibility and acceptability of the proposed development by providing necessary information, findings and conclusions, some of those comments relating to the need for statutory Environmental Impact Assessment Report would be separately handled when the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO) process is formally initiated prior to implementation.
- 1.1.1.4 This report addresses those comments relating to noise, air quality, water quality, land contamination and ecology for Area 10b. Those relating to sewerage and drainage, and water supply are separately presented in another report.

1.2 Key Objectives of this Environmental Study

1.2.1.1 This Environmental Study is not intended to fulfil the statutory requirements under the EIAO for the DPs and the aim of this

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Environmental Study is to support the rezoning application for Area 10b. This key objectives for this Environmental Report are given below:

- Summarise the relevant regulations and regulations that are applicable;
- Establish the baseline environmental conditions;
- Identify the representative environmental sensitive receivers that may be affected by the proposed development;
- Present the assessment methodologies applicable to various environmental aspects;
- summarise the key findings for those relevant environmental aspects;
- Propose mitigation measures where needed; and
- Identify further studies that may be required during the subsequent statutory EIA.

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2 **Project Description**

2.1 Land uses

2.1.1.1 The current land uses for the area include "Government, Institution and Community" and "Other Specified Use" for a range of supporting service. Once the proposed development in the area is implemented, they would be changed from the current land uses to the proposed land uses of residential and various supporting service uses. The following table summarises both the current and proposed land uses for Area 10b and Figure 2-1 illustrates its location. The total site area for potential development area is about 6.3 ha and would accommodate a total of about 2,900 additional population.

Table 2.1: Current and proposed land uses

	Land uses					
Årea	Existing ^[1]	Proposed				
Area 10b	"OU" and "Government, Institution and Community" for various supporting service uses.	"OU" (Residential and various supporting service uses) R(C)13				

[1] – As shown in OZP S/I-DB/4 - Discovery Bay

- 2.1.1.2 Area 10b is located along the existing seafront along Marina Avenue leading to the existing Marina. Site observation reveals that the site is mainly occupied by a number of services facilities including the depot for vehicles, petrol / LPG filling station, ferry pier etc. It is also noted that the entire depot area is paved with concrete.
- 2.1.1.3 Within Area 10b, it is proposed to have residential premises together with the necessary infrastructure and landscaping elements. Besides, some of the existing service would also be separated from the future housing by housing them in podium structure with access largely separated from residential developments, but still within Area 10b.
- 2.1.1.4 For sewerage system, a new sewerage treatment work (STW) (~ 1,100m³ per day) will be established to receive and treat the sewage generated from the additional population from Area 10b, as discussed in the Study on Sewerage Systems accompanying this planning application. The treated effluent will be discharged via marine outfall to the marine waters. This new STW will be designed, operated and maintained by the project proponent to achieve any treatment level if

required. A discharge licence will be obtained under the WPCO prior to discharge of the treated effluent.

- 2.1.1.5 For fresh water, it would either be supplied from Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works, or supplied from Discovery Bay Reservoir, in which case the previous treatment facilities would be re-commissioned.
- 2.1.1.6 The existing petrol filling station would also be relocated to a new location at the junction between Discovery Bay Road and Marina Avenue. A separation distance of 50m has been allowed between this new petrol filling station and the existing / planned residential premises. The existing LPG station will be relocated outside of Area 10b.
- 2.1.1.7 The existing seawall along Marina Avenue has adopted the configuration as a sloping seawall. In order to cater for the additional housing development, it is proposed to include an additional narrow strip of reclamation, in the form as a decking with a width of 9-34m. The total area for this additional decking would be approximately 0.86ha. It should be noted that the extent of deck would be within the gazetted zone approved under the Foreshore and Seabed Ordinance in 1977.
- 2.1.1.8 Similar to the existing developments within Discovery Bay, the municipal wastes from Area 10b will be transported away by vehicles.

2.2 **Possible Construction Methodologies**

2.2.1.1 The construction methodologies are yet to be developed in the subsequent stages. Nevertheless, the reclamation work at Area 10b would adopt an environmental friendly approach by decking over piles instead of using the conventional dredging approach. This would significantly reduce the release of sediment during the construction phase. Minor modification works would be required for the existing vertical seawall along the Area 10b, including relocation of existing piers, will need to be conducted below water level, and the details will be established in the detailed design stage. In order to avoid/minimise water quality impacts due to the piling works, steel casings will firstly be installed at the proposed pile locations. The steel casings extend above the sea and will prevent soil or rock arisings from being disposed of into the sea. The arisings will be removed from within the piles to a barge anchored close to the piles. Once the materials inside the casings were removed, steel reinforcements/structural sections will be lowered

inside the casing and then followed by concreting work. Silt curtain will be installed as secondary measures to prevent any accidental release of arisings into the sea.

2.2.1.2 However, in order to facilitate access by marine vessels using the new berths (eg. the Bounty), it may be required to conduct some minor dredging to realign the existing navigation channel. The tentative extent of dredging for navigation of vessels is shown in Figure 6-1. The amount of dredging is estimated to be less than 100,000 m³ and will still subject to detailed design. Mitigation measures such as silt curtains would be employed. In case a sewage treatment works is required for the development, some marine works, such as dredging, may also be required for the outfall.

2.3 Tentative Implementation Programme

2.3.1.1 According to the latest design, the tentative time for the occupation of the potential development area would be beyond 2020 and this actual date would be reviewed throughout the design process.

2.4 Designated Project

2.4.1.1 The elements within the potential development area have been reviewed to determine whether they are qualified as either Schedule 2 or Schedule 3 Designated Projects (DPs) under the EIAO. An overview of these potential DPs is given table below for further evaluation. However, it should be noted that this list of potential DPs would need to be continuously reviewed and updated as the design progresses. The following table lists out those potential DPs which are further discussed and evaluated in the following sections.

DP ltem	Description
Item A1 of Sch 2	A road which is an expressway, trunk road, primary distributor road or district distributor including new roads and major extensions or improvements to existing road.
Item A6 of Sch 2	A transport depot
Item C1, C2 & C12 of Sch 2	Reclamation works and dredging works
Item F2 of Sch 2	Sewage treatment works
Item F3 of Sch 2	Sewage pumping station
Item F6 of Sch 2	Submarine sewage outfall

 Table 2.2: Potential designated projects to be reviewed

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DP Item	Description
Item 1 of Sch 3	Engineering feasibility study of urban development projects with a study area covering more than 20ha or involving a total population of more than 100,000.

2.4.1.2 It should be noted the potential development area are included in the latest approved OZP and has been partly implemented, despite the fact that some of their development parameters and locations are proposed to be amended.

2.4.2 Summary of Designated Projects

- **2.4.2.1** After the review, the following potential DPs have been identified and these would be further investigated during the detailed design stage.
 - Item A6 of Schedule 2: Transport depot for buses and golf cars;
 - Item C of Schedule 2: Dredging works if required.
 - Item F6 of Schedule 2: The associated submarine outfall for the possible sewage treatment works for Area 10b;

2.4.3 Item A6 of Schedule 2

2.4.3.1 Item A6 of Schedule 2 refers to "A transport depot located less than 200m from the nearest boundary of an existing or planned (a) residential area; (b) place of worship; (c) education institutions; or (d) health care institution." There is an existing depot for the buses and golf cars within Area 10b. Most of the maintenance area of this depot is enclosed. The nearest residential premises is the Twilight Court, which is located at around 50m away. Given that this depot has been operated before the enactment of the EIAO, it is an exempted DP under the EIAO. According to the latest design, the existing depot for buses and golf cars within Area 10b would be retained but modified and separated from the future residential units. The new depot will be housed in a podium with residential blocks on top. Vehicular and pedestrian access to the depot and residential blocks are totally separated at different level. Depot is accessed at ground level, whereas that of residential blocks is on top of podium roof. However, the future depot would be within 200m from the planned residential area in Area 10b. Obviously, housing the depot in a podium will eliminate lot of environmental issues, such as noise, air, visual etc. Moreover, this exempted DP would not have material change under EIAO, Nevertheless, this depot would still be a potential DP under Item A6 of Schedule 2.

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2.4.4 Item C of Schedule 2

2.4.4.1 It should be noted the proposed development would involve certain reclamation and dredging to extend the land area by approximate 0.86ha. However, the extent of reclamation and dredging will be within the boundary of the approved under the Foreshore and Seabed Ordinance in 1977 (see Figure 2-2). Hence, by virtue of Clause 9(2)(c) of the EIAO, the reclamation and dredging works are exempted from the EIAO. However, dredging works outside the approved reclamation area may be required for the navigation channel that may be qualified as DP under Item C of Schedule 2. Besides, a decking over piles approach will be adopted instead of extrusive conventional dredging and filling as the construction methodology.

2.4.5 Item F6 of Schedule 2

2.4.5.1 A sewage treatment plant within Area 10b would need to be implemented to receive the sewage generated by the future population in Area 10b. The effluent standards will meet WPCO and TM-EIAO as necessary. The capacity of the sewage treatment works would be approximately 1,100m³ per day and hence is not a DP by itself. However, depending on further studies, a new marine outfall may be required. Hence, it may be qualified as a DP under Item F6 of Schedule 2 respectively.

2.4.6 Others

- **2.4.6.1** Other than the above DPs, other Schedule 2 and Schedule 3 DPs have been reviewed and summarised below:
- 2.4.6.2 Item A1 of Schedule 2 refers to "A road which is an expressway, trunk road, primary distributor road or district distributor including new roads and major extensions or improvements to existing road." According to the latest design, only local roads would be required for the potential development area. None of the roads proposed will be categorised as expressways, trunk roads, primary distributor roads or district distributors. Hence, all the local roads proposed would not be qualified as DP under Item A1 of Schedule 2.
- **2.4.6.3** Item F3 of Schedule 2 refers to "A sewage pumping station larger than 300,000m³ / day or more than 2,000m³ / day and a boundary of which is less than 150m from uses including residential uses, place of worship,

educational institution, health care institution, site of special scientific interest, site of cultural heritage, bathing beach, marine park or marine reserve, fish culture zone or seawater intake point." According to the latest design, only an additional sewage pumping station of less than $1,000m^3/day$ would be required within Area 10b. Hence, the proposed sewage pumping station is not qualified as a DP under Item F3 of Schedule 2. Since the capacity of the sewage treatment works, if required, is approximately $1,100 m^3$ per day and is less than $5,000 m^3/day$. Hence, it is not classified as a DP under F2 of schedule 2.

- 2.4.6.4 Item 1 of Schedule 3 refers to "Engineering feasibility study of urban development projects with a study area covering more than 20ha or involving a total population of more than 100,000." According to the latest design, the total size area of Area 10b is approximately 6.3 ha and will accommodate 2,800 population. Hence, the proposed development will not be qualified as a DP under Item 1 of Schedule 3.
- 2.4.6.5 In accordance with the requirements of Section 5(1) of the EIAO, a project profile for the Project would need to be submitted to the Director of Environmental Protection (DEP) for application for an EIA Study Brief (EIA SB). Once the development proposal is more developed, a Project Profile (PP) will be submitted to DEP to issue an EIA SB. The project proponent would need to submit an EIA Report to fulfil all the requirements in the EIA SB and the TM-EIAO. An Environmental Permit (EP) would be required prior to the commencement of any construction works.

2.5 **Concurrent Projects**

- 2.5.1.1 A review has been conducted to collate the information on potential concurrent projects that are available from the public domain. These potential concurrent projects are discussed in the following sections to
 evaluate if there are potential for cumulative impacts during the construction and operation phase of the proposed development in Discovery Bay.
- 2.5.1.2 This is a strategic study initiated by the Government to study the feasibility of implementing artificial islands in the water to the east of Discovery Bay to support the longer term development of Hong Kong. At the time of preparing this report, there are neither development options nor confirmed development programme. Hence, this is not considered as a concurrent project for the purpose of this Environmental

Study.

2.5.1.3 Residential development is also being considered in Area 6f. Given that Area 6f is located more than 700m away, adverse cumulative impacts are unlikely.

2.6 EIAO Implications

2.6.1.1 As discussed above, various construction items in the proposed development may constitute a DP under the EIAO. It is well noted the potential environmental impacts evaluated in this ES report shall be revisited in the later statutory EIA and the scope of assessments will be subject to the listed requirements in EIA SB which shall be issued by DEP after the submission of PP. Furthermore, detailed assessments/surveys shall be conducted and any proposed mitigation measures in this ES report will be further explored and agreed with relevant authorities in the future EIA.

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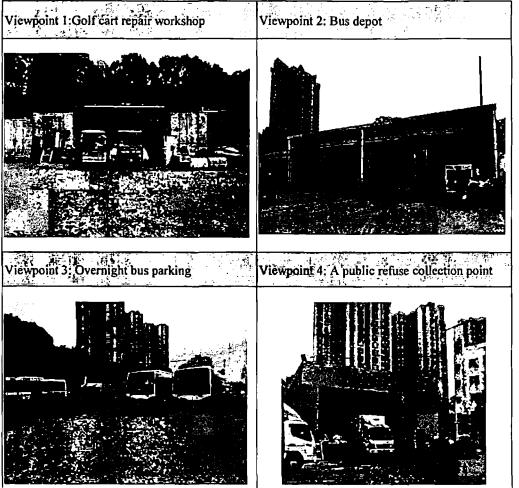
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3 Site Inspection

3.1.1.1 Several site visits were carried out in April – June 2014 and August 2016 to identify potential sources of environmental impact and sensitive receivers in the vicinity of Area 10b. The following table presents the images for Area 10b.

Table 3.1: Existing environment conditions



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4 Air Quality Assessment

4.1 Air Sensitive Receivers

4.1.1.1 Representative Air Sensitive Receivers (ASRs) ^[1] within the potential development area have been identified in Table 4.1 and illustrated in Figure 4-1.

ASRID	Description	Land use	Number of Storey	Building Hgt. Above Local Ground (appror.) (m)
A10b-1	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-2	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-3	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-4	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-5	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-6	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-7	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-8	Planned building	Residential	3	15
A10b-9	Planned building	Residential	3	15
A10b-10	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-11	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-12	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-13	Planned building	Residential	4	15
A10b-14	Planned building	Residential	12	51
A10b-15	Planned building	Residential	18	71

 Table 4.1: Representative ASRs for air quality assessment

^[1] In accordance to Annex 12 of the TM-EIAO, Air Sensitive Receivers (ASRs) include any domestic premises, hotel, hostel, hospital, clinic, nursery, temporary housing accommodation, school, educational institution, office, factory, shop, shopping centre, place of public worship, library, court of law, sports stadium or performing arts centre. Any other premises or places with which, in terms of duration or number of people affected, have a similar sensitivity to the air pollutant as the aforelisted premises and places would also be considered as a sensitive receiver.

ASR ID	Description	Land use	Number of Storey	Building Hgt Above Local Ground (approf.) (m)
A10b-16	Planned building	Residential	6	25
A10b-17	Planned building	Residential	6	25
A10b-18	Planned building	Residential	4-5	29[1]
A10b-19	Planned building	Residential	4-5	27 ^[1]
A10b-20	Planned building	Residential	4-5	27 ^[1]
A10b-21	Planned building	Residential	18	80[1]

Note:

- [1] These ASRs will be located on the top of a 9m podium. The building height shown in the table refer to the total height of the building and the podium. In the air quality model, "terrain mode" that the local ground level which considered in the model was selected. The "local ground level" of these ASRs in the model was referred to the top of the podium. Therefore, the building height of A10b-18, A10b-19, A10b-20 and A10b-21 were 20m, 18m, 18m and 71m, respectively.
- 4.1.1.2 Other than the above planned ASRs, a number of existing ASRs are also identified. The representative existing ASRs are summarized in **Table 4.2** and illustrated in **Figure 4-1**. As shown in **Figure 4-1**, the planned ASRs are located at locations more affected by pollution sources such as marine vessel emissions. Therefore, the existing ASRs are not selected for quantitative air quality assessment.

ASR ID 、	Description and	Land use	Approximate Distance from
A10b-22	Discovery Bay Marina Club	Recreational	15m
A10b-23	Verdant Court	Residential	15m
A10b-24	Haven Court	Residential	15m
A10b-25	Jovial Court	Residential	20m
A10b-26	Twilight Court	Residential	15m
A10b-27	La Costa Block 22	Residential	30m
A10b-28	La Vista Block 7B	Residential	50m

Table 4.2:	Representative	Existing ASRs
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4.1.1.3 The relevant legislations and standards applicable to these ASRs are summarized in Appendix 4.1.

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4.2 Air Pollution Sources

4.2.1 **Construction Activities**

Construction Dust

- **4.2.1.1** During construction phase, the reclamation works will be conducted by decking over the piles at the seashore. No backfilling of soil and major earth moving activities are required in compared with the convectional reclamation. Any dredging work for the navigation channel would not generate adverse dust emission as well. Hence, no adverse dust impact is anticipated from the reclamation works. For the superstructure works, the construction works of the development will not be conducted at the same time, but in multiple work front on the completed decking or existing flatland and no extensive excavation and site clearance works will be required. Hence, significant dust emission is therefore not anticipated provided that the relevant mitigation measures recommended in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation are implemented.
- **4.2.1.2** The following dust suppression measures given in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation should be incorporated by the Contractor to control the dust nuisance throughout the construction phase:
 - Any stockpile of dusty material should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet and then removed or reinstated where practicable within 24 hours of the excavation or unloading;
 - Any dusty material remaining after a stockpile is removed should be wetted with water and cleared from the surface of roads;
 - A stockpile of dusty material should not extend beyond the pedestrian barriers, fencing or traffic cones;
 - The load of dusty materials on a vehicle leaving a construction site should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak form the vehicle;
 - Where practicable, vehicles washing facilities including a high pressure water jet should be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point. The area where vehicle washing takes place and the road section between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores;

- When there are open excavation and reinstatement works, hoarding of not less than 2.4m high should be provided as far as practicable along the site boundary with provision for public crossing. Good site practice shall also be adopted by the Contractor to ensure the conditions of the hoardings are properly maintained throughout the construction period;
- The portion of any road leading only to construction site that is within 30m of a vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear of dusty materials;
- Surfaces where any pneumatic or power-driven drilling, cutting, polishing or other mechanical breaking operation takes place should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical continuously;
- Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverised fuel ash (PFA) should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the three sides;
- Immediately before leaving a construction site, every vehicle shall be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels;
- Cement or dry PFA delivered in bulk should be stored in a closed silo fitted with an audible high level alarm which is interlocked with the material filling line and no overfilling is allowed; and
- Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shortcrete or other suitable surface stabiliser within six months after the last construction activity on the construction site or part of the construction site where the exposed earth lies.

Emission from Fuel Combustion Equipment to be used during Construction Works

4.2.1.3 Fuel combustion from the use of Powered Mechanical Equipment (PME) during construction works could be a source of NO2, SO2 and CO. To improve air quality and protect public health, EPD has introduced the Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation, which came in operation on 1 June 2015, to regulate emissions from machines and non-road vehicles. Starting from 1 December 2015, only approved or exempted non-road mobile machinery are allowed to be used in construction sites. Hence, with the effect of the Regulation, the emissions from PMEs are considered relatively small and will not cause adverse air quality impact.

4.2.2 Vehicular Emission

- **4.2.2.1** The Hong Kong Panning Standards and Guidelines (HKPSG) has specified the minimum setback distances between ASRs and different categories of roads, including trunk road and primary distributor, district distributor and local distributor. Since all the roads within Discovery Bay are either local distributors or internal access roads, a 5m setback requirement is adopted as recommended in the HKPSG.
- **4.2.2.2** As per the submitted Traffic Impact Assessment, the peak traffic flows of two major local roads, Discovery Bay Road and Marina Drive, would be only approximately 120 vehicles/hour and 90 vehicles/hour with all the developments (i.e. Area 6f and Area 10b) in place, respectively.
- **4.2.2.3** For Discovery Bay Road, the separate distance will be at least 30m and hence more than the HKPSG requirement of 5m. Besides the traffic forecast is only 120 veh/hr during peak hour. Hence, adverse air quality impacts due to Discovery Bay Road are not anticipated.
- 4.2.2.4 For the future realigned Marina Drive, most of the planned ASRs within Area 10b would have a separation distance of more than 5m. However, for some of the receivers along the seashore in the southern side of Marina Drive is less than 5m away from the Marina Avenue, which is considered as a local road, and cannot fulfill the 5m buffer requirements. However, it is noted that the traffic forecast of Marina Drive is only 90 vehicles per hour during the peak hour that adverse air quality impact is not anticipated. The bus depot will be located at the podium of the buildings along the northern side of the Marina Drive. However, the exact location is yet to be devised in the detailed design stage.
- 4.2.2.5 There are 54 no. of buses running in DB. Most bus services stop around mid-night. About 8 buses stay in Tai Pak bus terminus for overnight service. Currently these buses park in Area 10b open space. They are eyesores to nearby residents and noise source at 5:30 am to 7am when they start leaving 10b to commence their routine daily services. Apart from the early morning and mid-night when buses are leaving for service and coming back for overnight parking, buses are coming back for refueling and cleaning at an average rate of 5-6 buses per hour in between the morning and evening peak daily.
- 4.2.2.6 The future depot provides a covered internal space to address such overnight bus parking need. The covered depot reduces the noise

impact in the morning when many buses start their engine at more or less the same time. There are 6 no. of maintenance bays in existing bus depot, 2 of them equipped with maintenance pits. They allow regular and routine repair and maintenance to ensure all buses can run normally. As no. of buses increases, currently some repairs have to be done in external area not designed for bus maintenance. Hence 6 maintenance bays all equipped with maintenance pits are proposed in the rezoning application. In addition, night time maintenance activities are not anticipated. Apart from the maintenance bays no., the proposed depot is purely replacement of existing one. There is no DG store in existing bus depot. It is not required by the proposed depot. Buses fuel refilling is and will be done in the existing and future petro-filling station

4.2.2.7 In addition, according to EPD, Euro I, II and III buses will not be licensed by end 2019. Hence by end 2019, out of the 54 buses in the fleet, 4 buses will be at Euro IV, 48 will be at Euro V or VI. The remaining 2 buses are electric buses. Hence, impacts of bus depot are not anticipated.

4.2.3 Industrial Emission

- **4.2.3.1** Site surveys conducted in May and June 2014 revealed that there is no existing chimney within 500m assessment area. Hence, no cumulative air quality impact from industrial emission is anticipated.
- **4.2.3.2** The proposed depot for buses and golf cars will be housed in a podium with residential blocks on top. Good design such as providing air purifying units and locating the exhaust air outlets away from the nearby residents would be implemented to avoid any air quality nuisance.

4.2.4 Marine Vessels Emission

- **4.2.4.1** Site inspections have revealed marine vessels activities within the 500m assessment area. These activities include:
 - Passenger ferry service between Discovery Bay and Central;
 - Kaito ferry service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau;
 - Kaito ferry service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo;
 - Marine light diesel refilling activities for passenger ferries (Discovery Bay / Central Route);

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- Oil tanker for diesel delivery to the marine light diesel refilling facility;
- Tug boat and barge for LPG tanker vehicles delivery;
- Vessel for LPG bottle delivery;
- Sand barge;
- The Bounty and
- Yacht, speedboat and sailboat at marina and nearby area.

Passenger ferry service and Kaito ferry services

- 4.2.4.2 Based on the current passenger ferry and kaito schedule available from the Transport Department, the maximum marine traffic movements of the ferry services between Discovery Bay and Central, between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo, and between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau can be up to around 90, 16 and 40 trips per day respectively. As certain amounts of pollutants are generated during combustion of diesel from the ferries, emission from these ferry services are included in the near-field modelling. In addition, according to the proposed development layout shown in Figure 2-1, the existing pier of kaito ferry will need to be reprovided. Therefore, for the purpose of this assessment, the routes of the kaito services have been adjusted accordingly to allow for the same separation distance from the shoreline. The current and future navigation routes for various ferries are shown in Figure 4-2 and Figure 4-3 respectively.
- **4.2.4.3** There are two types of vessels, Catamaran ferries and Monohull ferries, providing ferry service between Discovery Bay and Central. The capacities of Catamaran ferries and Monohull ferries are about 500 and 300 passengers respectively. On the other hand, there is no information from the operators of kaito ferry services between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo, and between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau.
- **4.2.4.4** With reference to the Traffic Impact Assessment accompanying this planning statement, the existing ferry service between Discovery Bay and Central would still operate with sufficient capacity with the additional residential developments in place. Therefore, no additional trip and projection of the emission from ferry service between Discovery Bay and Central is required.

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4.2.4.5 Besides, there is no need to increase the kaito ferry between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo, and Discovery Bay and Peng Chau. However, in order to consider the cumulative impacts, the emission from existing kaito ferry services is also included in the assessment.

Marine light diesel refilling activities for passenger ferries (Discovery Bay / Central Route)

4.2.4.6 The current marine light diesel (MLD) refilling facility is located at Marina Avenue next to the Discovery Bay Marina Club. In order to cater for the future residential development, ferry diesel refilling will be conducted on marine based filling station outside Discovery Bay as advised by the operator. There will be no emission from the ferries during MLD refilling, and no traveling between the ferry pier at Tsoi Yuen Wan and the refilling facility within the assessment area in the future. Hence, marine emission due to the refilling activity would not be included in this assessment.

Oil tanker (Delivery of marine light diesel to Refilling Facility)

4.2.4.7 The refilling facility will be relocated and will not be present within the assessment area in order to cater for the future development. Therefore, no emission from the oil tanker is anticipated in the future. Hence, marine emission due to the MLD delivery would not be included in the near-field model in the quantitative assessment.

Tug boat and barge (Delivery of LPG Tanker Vehicles)

4.2.4.8 A barge towed by a tug boat will carry LPG tanker vehicles to the Discovery Bay every 5 to 6 days (i.e. about 5 to 6 times per month). The engines on both tug boat and barge will be switched off during berthing, but the auxiliary engine will be intermittently used when lowering and hoisting the vehicle ramp and will last for about 10 minutes. Hence, emission from the tug boat and barge are included in the near-field model in the quantitative assessment. Based on the latest development layout plan, the uploading/unloading point will be slightly relocated from its current location and the navigation route will be changed accordingly. The current and future navigation routes are shown in Figure 4-2 and Figure 4-3 respectively.

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Vessel for LPG Bottle Delivery and Sand Barge

- **4.2.4.9** A vessel for LPG bottle delivery and a sand barge for sand delivery will operate once every few months. The operating time of both vessels are limited to daytime (i.e. 7:00 am to 7:00 pm) during weekdays only and the navigation route as well as engine powers are similar to those of tug boat/barge. Due to site constraints, only one vessel can berth at the loading/unloading point at any one time. Hence, concurrent operations of these 3 types of vessel (i.e. tug boat/barge for LPG tanker vehicles delivery, vessel for LPG bottle delivery and sand barge) are not anticipated.
- **4.2.4.10** Based on the information from the operators, the operation of the LPG bottle delivery and sand barge would be carried out once per three months and once per week during daytime respectively. Hence, for the purpose of this study, a continuous operation of the tug boat/barge for LPG tanker vehicles delivery from 7:00 am to 7:00 pm during weekdays is assumed in the quantitative assessment. This conservative approach would cover the operations of the vessel for LPG bottle delivery and the sand barge as well.

The Bounty

4.2.4.11 The Bounty for entertainment purpose will operate very infrequently as advised by the operator. A new berth location is provided for the Bounty in the future development as shown in Figure 4-3. In consideration of the infrequent activities and small engine power, the air quality impact from the Bounty is unlikely to be significant. Hence, adverse cumulative air quality impact is not anticipated and therefore would not be included in the quantitative assessment.

Yachts, Speedboats and Sailboats at Marina

4.2.4.12 Several site surveys have been conducted from April to June 2014 and revealed that there are also yachts, speedboats or sailboats travelling in and out of the marina. Based on the site observations, the number of yachts, speedboats and sailboats movement is only about 1-2 vessels per hour. Once these yachts, speedboats and sailboats parked at the berths, their engines will be stopped and switched to power supplied by the marina. Together with the fact that these yachts, speedboats and sailboats have much smaller engines as compared to ferries, it is considered that their emission is unlikely significant. Hence, adverse

cumulative air quality impact is not anticipated and therefore would not be included in the quantitative assessment.

4.2.5 Fireworks Displays Emission

- 4.2.5.1 Disneyland Theme Park is located at approximately 2.5 km north-east of Discovery Bay. There are fireworks displays every night, including weekdays and weekends. Fireworks launching location is illustrated in Figure 4-4. According to the schedule in Disneyland's website, fireworks displays will be conducted from 8:00 pm for a duration of about 15 minutes. According to the Theme Park EIA, firework displays in the Disneyland Park would emit RSP and heavy metals. However, emission of gaseous pollutants due to combustion of small amount of black powder is not anticipated according to Section 3.5.14 of the approved EIA study.
- **4.2.5.2** Hence, for the purpose of this report, assessments on the RSP and heavy metals emissions from fireworks displays are included in the near-field model. The latest Environmental Permits (EPs) (EP-01/059/2000/A, EP-01/059/2000/B and EP-01/059/2000/C) of the Disneyland Park has also been reviewed and site survey has been conducted to verify the assumptions, including types of heavy metals prohibited to be used in fireworks displays and bursting heights of fireworks.
- **4.2.5.3** Potential odour impact has also been considered in the approved EIA study, and it is predicted that the odour level contributed by the firework displays on Discovery Bay is only 0.05 OU, which is well below the criteria of 5 OU as stipulated in the Annex 4 of the EIAO-TM. Since there is no major odour source within the assessment area, adverse odour impact is not anticipated and quantitative assessment is not required.

4.2.6 Others

4.2.6.1 According to the current design, the existing sewage pumping station would need to be upgraded to serve the populations in Area 10b. Good design measures such as activated carbon filter and negative pressure system will be implemented as necessary to control the emanating of odour. On this basis, it is not anticipated that the existing and planned sensitive receivers will be subject to adverse odour impacts and would comply the criteria of 5 OU based on an averaging time of 5 seconds for odour prediction assessment as stipulated in the Annex 4 of the

EIAO-TM. In addition, suitable buffer and landscaping features would be provided to minimise environmental and visual impacts on adjacent sensitive uses according to HKPSG. A separate study will be conducted in later stage if necessary.

- 4.2.6.2 Depends on further discussion with the relevant authority, a new sewage treatment works may be required. The tentative location of the proposed sewage treatment works is shown in Figure 4-1. Odour control devices, such as covering of the tanks, installation of deodourising unit, negative pressure, activated carbon filter etc, are required to contain the odour dispersion to the surrounding ASRs. Where necessary, water scrubbers could be considered as well. Therefore, it is anticipated that the new sewage treatment works would comply the criteria of 5 OU based on an averaging time of 5 seconds for odour prediction assessment as stipulated in the Annex 4 of the EIAO-TM. In addition, suitable buffer and landscaping features would be provided to minimise environmental and visual impacts on adjacent sensitive uses according to HKPSG. As such, adverse odour impact is therefore not anticipated.
- **4.2.6.3** A new semi-confined bus depot will be provided in Area 10b. The design of the bus depot should follow the requirement of Practice Note for Professional Persons Control of Air Pollution in Semi-confined Public Transport Interchanges (ProPECC PN1/98).

4.3 Operational Phase Air Quality Assessment on Marine Vessels Emission and Fireworks Displays

4.4 Methodology

- **4.4.1.1** For the marine vessels emission, operation information are collected from the operators as well as reviews on the EPD's "*Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory*" and other EIA studies has been conducted. Sire surveys were also conducted to supplement information.
- **4.4.1.2** For the fireworks displays, a review on the Theme Park EIA and the fireworks displays schedule from the operator has been conducted. Site surveys were also conducted to supplement information.
- 4.4.1.3 Detailed methodology of the air quality assessment is summarized in Appendix 4.2.

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4.5 Assessment Results

4.5.1.1 The cumulative NO₂, RSP, FSP and SO₂ concentrations at each representative ASRs have been assessed. All the predicted pollutant concentrations of representative ASRs would comply with the relevant AQOs. Summary of the maximum predicted concentrations at planned ASRs among all assessment heights are presented in Table 4.3 and assessment results at all assessment heights are detailed in Appendix 4.3.

1 able 4.5:	Cumula	$\underline{nve}no_2,$	<u>KSP, FS</u>	r and SU	J_2 concern	itrations a	II ASKS	
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			0 1		01		1.54	
A10b-1	130	30	75	40	56	28	138	30
A10b-2	130	30	75	40	56	28	138	30
A10b-3	131	30	75	40	56	28	138	30
A10b-4	132	30	75	40	56	28	139	30
A10b-5	131	30	75	40	56	28	139	30
A10b-6	130	31	75	40	56	28	139	30
A10b-7	130	32	75	40	56	28	139	30
A10b-8	147	39	76	40	57	29	139	30
A10b-9	134	31	75	40	57	28	139	30
A10b-10	136	31	76	40	57	28	139	30
А10Ь-11	130	31	76	40	57	28	138	30
A10b-12	129	30	75	40	56	28	138	30
A10b-13	129	30	75	40	56	28	138	30
A10b-14	130	30	75	40	56	28	138	30
A10b-15	129	30	75	40	56	28	138	30
A10b-16	130	32	75	40	56	28	138	30

Table 4.3: Cumulative NO2, RSP, FSP and SO2 concentrations at ASRs

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	* E , N	Ö.	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	IRSPACE STREET			0, 1171	
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ASR ID-		1	241					
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А10Ь-17	129	32	75	40	56	28	138	30
A10b-18	130	31	75	40	56	28	139	30
A10b-19	131	30	75	40	56	28	139	30
A10b-20	133	30	75	40	56	28	139	30
A10b-21	134	30	75	40	56	28	139	30
ÄQOs	200	.40	100	50	-75-	35	500	125, -

- **4.5.1.2** As shown in **Appendix 4.3**, the worst hit level is found at 5m above ground for NO₂ annual RSP, and 10th highest 24-hour and annual FSP, 10m above ground for 10th highest 24-hour RSP, 20m above ground for 4th highest 24-hour SO₂ as well as 40m above ground for 10-minute SO₂, respectively. Contours of the 19th highest 1-hour NO₂, annual NO₂, 10th highest 24-hour RSP, annual RSP, 10th highest 24-hour FSP, annual FSP, maximum 10-minute SO₂ and 4th highest 24-hour SO₂ concentrations at the corresponding worst hit levels in the most concerned and critical area (i.e. Area 10b) are plotted in the following figures:
 - Figure 4-5 Contours of Cumulative 19th highest 1-hour NO₂ Concentration at 5m above ground
 - (2) Figure 4-6 Contours of Cumulative Annual-average NO₂ Concentration at 5m above ground
 - (3) Figure 4-7 Contours of Cumulative 10th highest 24-hour RSP Concentration at 10m above ground
 - (4) Figure 4-8 Contours of Cumulative Annual-average RSP Concentration at 5m above ground
 - (5) Figure 4-9 Contours of Cumulative 10th highest 24-hour FSP Concentration at 5m above ground
 - (6) Figure 4-10 Contours of Cumulative Annual-average FSP Concentration at 5m above ground

- (5) Figure 4-11 Contours of Cumulative maximum 10-minute SO₂ Concentration at 40m above ground
- (6) Figure 4-12 Contours of Cumulative 4th highest 24-hour SO₂ Concentration at 20m above ground
- **4.5.1.3** According to the contours, it is observed that all the planned ASRs would comply with the respective criteria. Hence, no adverse air quality impact is anticipated.
- 4.5.1.4 In addition, the heavy metals concentrations at all planned ASRs also comply with the respective assessment criteria. The maximum predicted concentrations at ASRs among all assessment heights are presented in **Table 4.4** to **Table 4.6** below and assessment results at all assessment heights are detailed in **Appendix 4.3**. All the assessment results would comply with the relevant criteria.

		Ma	r. 1-hour Con	entration (ug/	m ³) 2012	
ASR ID	Aluminium	Antimony	Barium	Strontium	S Copper	Titanium
A10b-1	0.741	0.238	0.584	0.305	0.260	0.074
A10b-2	0.696	0.218	0.537	0.280	0.246	0.068
A10b-3	0.633	0.191	0.471	0.244	0.226	0.060
A10b-4	0.535	0.148	0.369	0.190	0.195	0.046
A10b-5	0.486	0.127	0.317	0.162	0.180	0.040
A10b-6	0.491	0.129	0.323	0.165	0.182	0.040
A10b-7	0.477	0.123	0.308	0.157	0.177	0.038
A10b-8	0.433	0.103	0.262	0.133	0.163	0.032
A10b-9	0.370	0.076	0.197	0.098	0.144	0.024
A10b-10	0.424	0.100	0.253	0.128	0.161	0.031
A10b-11	0.434	0.104	0.264	0.133	0.164	0.033
A10b-12	0.432	0.103	0.262	0.132	0.163	0.032
A10b-13	0.435	0.105	0.265	0.134	0.164	0.033
A10b-14	0.394	0.087	0.222	0.111	0.151	0.027
A10b-15	0.373	0.077	0.200	0.099	0.145	0.024
A10b-16	0.454	0.113	0.284	0.144	0.170	0.035
A10b-17	0.488	0.128	0.320	0.164	0.181	0.040

Table 4.4: Maximum 1-hour heavy metals concentrations at planned ASRs

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		S AM	r. Hhour Con	entration (jug/	m)	
ASR ID 4	Aluminium	Antimony	Barium	Strontium	Copper M	Titanium
A10b-18	0.573	0.165	0.409	0.211	0.207	0.051
A10b-19	0.560	0.159	0.395	0.204	0.203	0.050
A10b-20	0.749	0,242	0.593	0.310	0.263	0.076
A10b-21	0.882	0.300	0.732	0.384	0.305	0.094
Criteria				_	100	

Table 4.5: Maximum 8-hour heavy metals concentrations at ASRs

Table 4.5: Maximum 8-hour heavy metals concentrations at ASRs								
		T. ALANDIANIA	x, 8-hour Con	centration (ug/	nij) - mar			
FASR ID.	Xinalinum	Antimony		Strontlum	a Comiera	Titauum,		
A10b-1	0.264	0.030	0.086	0.038	0.110	0.009		
A10b-2	0.258	0.027	0.080	0.035	0.109	0.009		
A10b-3	0.251	0.024	0.072	0.031	0.106	0.007		
A10b-4	0.238	0.019	0.059	0.024	0.102	0.006		
A10b-5	0.232	0.016	0.053	0.020	0.100	0.005		
A10b-6	0.233	0.016	0.054	0.021	0.101	0.005		
A10b-7	0.231	0.015	0.052	0.020	0.100	0.005		
A10b-8	0.226	0.013	0.046	0.017	0.098	0.004		
A10b-9	0.218	0.010	0.038	0.012	0.096	0.003		
A10b-10	0.225	0.012	0.045	0.016	0.098	0.004		
A10b-11	0.226	0.013	0.046	0.017	0.098	0.004		
A10b-12	0.226	0.013	0.046	0.017	0.098	0.004		
A10b-13	0.226	0.013	0.046	0.017	0.098	0.004		
A10b-14	0.221	0.011	0.041	0.014	0.097	0.003		
A10b-15	0.218	0.010	0.038	0.012	0.096	0.003		
A10b-16	0.228	0.014	0.049	0.018	0.099	0.004		
A10b-17	0.233	0.016	0.053	0.020	0.100	0.005		
A10b-18	0.243	0.021	0.064	0.026	0.104	0.006		
A10b-19	0.241	0.020	0.062	0.025	0.103	0.006		
A10b-20	0.265	0.030	0.087	0.039	0.111	0.009		
А10Ь-21	0.282	0.037	0.105	0.048	0.116	0.012		

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ASKU	luminiumy			Strontiumer		Titaniums
Criteria .			500			Ş

Table 4.6: Annual-average heavy metals concentrations at ASRs

			nnual Concen	tration (ug/m		8
ASRID	Abgildeni	2 minutes	Barium	Strontium	Copper	Titanium 3
A10b-1	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-2	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-3	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-4	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-5	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-6	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-7	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-8	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-9	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-10	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-11	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-12	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-13	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-14	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-15	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
А10Ъ-16	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-17	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-18	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-19	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-20	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
A10b-21	0.196	<0.001	0.015	<0.001	0.089	<0.001
Criteria	100	3 . 51	日 1993年 5 1993年 1995年 1995 1995	🛠	2.4	iço

4.6 **Recommended Mitigation Measures**

4.6.1.1 The key air pollutants (i.e. NO₂, RSP, FSP, SO₂ and heavy metals) at all planned ASRs would comply with AQOs and relevant assessment criteria, no adverse air quality impact is therefore anticipated and no mitigation measures are required. For the potential sewage treatment works and pumping stations, suitable odour control measures would be required.

4.7 Conclusion

- **4.7.1.1** All the relevant air emission sources, including vehicular emission and marine vessels emission in the vicinity of Discovery Bay, and firework emission at the Disneyland Theme Park, that would have air quality impacts on the proposed developments have been identified and assessed.
- **4.7.1.2** Considering the comparatively low local traffic volume, significant air quality impact from vehicular emission on the proposed development is not anticipated.
- 4.7.1.3 Quantitative air quality assessment, taking into account the marine vessels emission in the vicinity of Discovery Bay and fireworks displays at Disneyland Theme Park, has been conducted. It is concluded that the predicted cumulative air quality impacts on all air sensitive uses would comply with the AQOs and relevant assessment criteria. Hence, adverse air quality impact on the proposed development is not anticipated.
- **4.7.1.4** Odour from potential sewage treatment works and sewage pumping station can be controlled by implementing suitable odour control measures.

5 Noise Assessment

5.1 **Description of the Environment**

- **5.1.1.1** The entire Discovery Bay has a relatively tranquil environment without any major noise sources that would impose adverse noise impacts on the neighbouring community. All the existing roads within Discovery Bay are local roads on which only licenced vehicles such as golf cars, shuttle buses and services vehicles are allowed to use. As observed on site, all the shuttle buses are Euro IV buses.
- **5.1.1.2** Other than road traffic, the commuting ferries between Discovery Bay and Central are another noise source within the Discovery Bay area. However, the majority of the residential developments in Discovery Bay have ample separation from the main navigation route. Besides, there are some services areas along the seafront north of Nim Shue Wan at which bus depot, petrol filling stations, sewage pumping station etc. are located. The kaitos commuting to Peng Chau and Mui Wo also land at this seafront.

5.2 Noise Sensitive Receivers

- 5.2.1.1 Several site visits were carried out in April 2014 to identify potential sources of environmental impact and sensitive receivers in the vicinity of the site. Photographs taken on site and the neighbouring areas are shown in Section 3 to illustrate the existing context. Some general descriptions in terms of the noise environment have been described in Section 5.1. The following sections presents the NSRs identified for the potential development area for subsequent noise assessment.
- **5.2.1.2** Area 10b (see Figure 5-1) will accommodate residential premises within the existing services areas along Marina Avenue. The existing facilities including bus depot, petrol filling stations (for both vessels and vehicles) and landing point for kaito would be relocated to suit the development layout. Subject to further discussion with the relevant authorities, a sewage treatment works may be required. Relevant legislation that are applicable to noise impact is given in Appendix 5.1.
- 5.2.1.3 Since the future residential premises facing Nim Shue Wan would also be overlooking on the vessel movements, including the kaito movements, sand barge operations, therefore, a number of considerations have been incorporated in the layout design of Area 10b (see Figure 2-1) to reduce the fixed noise impact due to these activities. Those design include an 8m tall solid wall next to kaito pier, an 8.8m tall solid wall next to goods delivery pier and 7.8m tall solid wall at 3-

storey low rise development which was near to goods delivery pier. A number of representative NSRs have been selected for the purpose of this assessment. These representative NSRs include the following:

Table 5.1: Selected representative planned NSRs

NSR ID	Description	Uses
N10b-B1	3 storey development	Residential
N10b-B2	3 storey development	Residential
N10b-B4	3 storey development	Residential
N10b-B5	4 storey development	Residential
N10b-B8	4 storey development	Residential
N10b-D1	6-storey development	Residential
N10b-D5	18-storey development	Residential
N10b-D6	6-storey development	Residential
N10b-D8	6-storey development	Residential
N10b-A1	3 storey development	Residential
N10b-A2	3 storey development	Residential
N10b-A4	3 storey development	Residential
N10b-A5	3 storey development	Residential
N10b-A6	4 storey development	Residential
N10b-A8	4 storey development	Residential
N10b-A10	4 storey development	Residential
N10b-A15	4 storey development	Residential
N10b-C18	4 storey development	Residential

Table 5.2: Selected representative existing NSRs	Table 5.2:	Selected	representative	existing NSRs
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NSR ID	Description	Uses	Approximate Distance from Site Boundary
EN10b-1	Twilight Court	Residential	20m

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5.3 Road Traffic Noise Assessment

- 5.3.1.1 As discussed in Section 5.1, unlike the situations in other urban areas, all the shuttle buses operating within Discovery Bay are Euro IV type vehicles. Only licensed vehicles are allowed using the Discovery Bay Tunnel to access various parts of Discovery Bay. Besides, vans are prohibited after 6pm even if they have been issued with the license to use the Discovery Bay Tunnel.
- **5.3.1.2** With all the proposed developments in place, the traffic flow would only the approximately 120 veh / hr and 90 veh / hr for Discovery Bay Road and Marina Avenue respectively, which are categorized as local roads. Hence, given that relatively low traffic flows, adverse road traffic noise impacts are not anticipated and mitigation measures are not required.

5.4 Marine Traffic Noise Assessment

5.4.1 Assessment Results

5.4.1.1 Potential marine traffic noise impacts on Area 10b are anticipated from existing public ferry, kaito, tugboat with barge, the marina at Discovery Bay, sand barge and LPG container vessel. The marine traffic noise assessment methodology and source term measurement are given in Appendix 5.2 and the predicted cumulative marine noise levels at the representative NSRs are presented in Appendix 5.3 and summarized in the tables below.

NSR ID	Period	PNL, Leq 1br	Max Predicted Noise Levels ^[1] , dB(A)
N10b-B1			51
N10b-A1	Daytime &	<i>(</i> 1	50
N10b-A10	Evening time	61	48
N10b-A15			47

Table 5.3: Predicted marine traffic noise impacts for Area 10b (Daytime & Evening time)

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[1] Bold value denotes non-compliance with criteria.

Table 5.4:	Predicted marine traffic noise impacts for Area 10b (Nighttime)
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NSR ID	Period	PNL, Legibr	Max Predicted Noise Levels ^[1] , dB(A)
N10b-B1	Nighttime	56	44

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NSR ID	Period	PNL, Leq 1hr	Max Predicted Noise Levels ^[1] , dB(A)
N10b-A1			42
N10b-A10			47
N10b-A15			46

Note:

[1] Bold value denotes non-compliance with criteria.

5.4.1.2 It can be seen from the above table that the predicted marine traffic noise levels at all the representative NSRs in this area will be below the PNL and hence further noise mitigation measures are not required.

5.5 Fixed Noise Assessment

Land-based Fixed Noise Sources

- 5.5.1.1 Existing noise sources include a golf cart repair workshop, bus depot and overnight bus parking area, a public refuse collection point, all of which are located along Marina Avenue.
- 5.5.1.2 According to the latest information, these existing noise sources such as the golf car repair workshop, bus depot, refuse collection point, will be located at a podium structure which is fully enclosed. The design of the podium will ensure that any direct line of sight between the noise sources and the surrounding residential developments will be avoided. In addition, these noise sources should be a major consideration in their determining their locations and site layouts. With reference to HKPSG, where opportunity arises and having due regard to the operational requirements, the siting of such facilities should take into account the potential locations of ingress/egress and the consequent noise disturbances due to traffic routings, particularly during sensitive hours. Consideration should also be given to adopting administrative controls so that the degree of noise disturbances can be further reduced.
- 5.5.1.3 In addition, the podium is a fully enclosed structure apart from entrance / exit of these noise sources and ventilation opening. It should also be noted that there would not be any maintenance activity within the depot during night-time period unless during emergency. Since the exact location of ventilation opening is yet available, a backward calculation of fixed noise source is conducted for the maximum allowable Sound Power Level (SWL). As the minimum distance from the proposed

building to podium edge is 5m and an ASR A has been adopted (i.e. Daytime noise criterion of 55 dB(A)) for the development, the maximum SWL will be 74 dB(A) according to standard acoustic principle of point source correction with 3dB(A) facade correction. Therefore, although mechanical ventilation is required, with the use of silencer / acoustic louvre, adverse noise impacts caused by these fixed noise sources are not anticipated.

- 5.5.1.4 A sewage treatment work (STW) may be required at Area 10b. The existing sewage pumping station (SPS) may also be upgraded as necessary. Since the design detail is yet available, a backward calculation of fixed noise source is conducted for maximum SWL. As the minimum distance from the proposed STW and the upgraded SPS to the nearest existing NSR Twilight Court (EN10b-1) and planned NSR (N10b-C18) are 32m and 22m separately. The maximum allowable SWL of ASR A for night time criterion of 45dB(A) will be 80 dB(A) and 77 dB(A) respectively. Therefore, although mechanical ventilation is required, with the use of silencer / acoustic louvre, adverse noise impacts caused by these fixed noise sources are not anticipated.
- 5.5.1.5 In case the previous water treatment facilities needs to be recommissioned, they would generate some noise during its operation. However, it is located at more than 1000m away and screened by the hilly terrains between Area 10b and the water treatment work. Hence, adverse fixed noise impact is not anticipated.

Marine-based Fixed Noise Sources

- 5.5.1.6 As discussed in Section 5.5.1, the noise generated by the idling marine vessels would be assessed as fixed noise sources. According to the latest design, the following marine-based fixed noise sources shall be considered:
 - Vessels idling (e.g. kaito, tugboat, sand barge, vessel for the gas bottle supplier, bounty);
 - Lift on and off landing board of barge;
 - Lorries engine on barge;
 - Loading and unloading of gas bottle; and
 - Loading and unloading of sand barge (operation of conveyor belt on sand barge and trucks).
- 5.5.1.7 As discussed in Section 5.5.1, most of the industrial noise sources along Marina Avenue would be located to a podium structure with suitably

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sited opening to avoid direct line of sight between the noise sources and the surrounding residential developments. Therefore, the potential fixed noise impacts would be only due to marine activities from ferry idling at public ferry and kaito pier, idling, sand loading due to operation of conveyor at sand barge and LPG glass bottle and unloading. According to the information from operator, there would be acoustic treatment, such as acoustic mat for the conveyor belt of sand barge and temporary noise barrier for crane of LPG glass bottle loading and unloading in future operation. Typically, a noise reduction of 10dB(A) for acoustic mat and temporary noise barrier for stationary source was adopted as in other in approved EIA Reports such as that for North East New Territories New Development Areas (AEIAR-175/2013). A noise reduction of 10 dB(A) for conveyor bell during sand loading and LPG glass bottle loading by crane has therefore been adopted in this assessment. The predicted noise levels at the representative NSRs are presented in the table below. Moreover, according to the information from the operators and/or the operation pattern observed, there would be no night-time operation of sand barge, LPG container vessels, tug boat and Mui Wo kaito. As such, these activities were not included in the night-time fixed noise assessment. The fixed noise assessment methodology and source term measurement are given in Appendix 5.4 and the detailed calculation of predicted fixed noise levels is shown in Appendix 5.5.

5.5.1.8 It can be seen from the table that the predicted fixed noise levels at all the representative NSRs in this area will comply with the noise criteria and hence further noise mitigation measures are not required.

time)				
NSRE ID.	en de la constante	Criteria (ANL-S), dB(A)	Daytime max 2 predicted noise level, ilB(A)	Erceedance over ANL-5 dB(A)
N10b-B1			54	-
N10b-B2			53	-
N10b-B4			54	-
N10b-B5			55	-
N10b-B8	Daytime & Evening	55	53	- -
N10b-D1	2 volime		55	-
N10b-D5			50	-
N10b-D6			52	-
N10b-D8			53	-

Table 5.5: Fixed noise assessment results – unmitigated case (daytime and evening time)

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	NSR ID	Reriod.	Criteria (ANL-5) dB(A)	Daytime max predicted noise level dB(A)	ANL-5 dB(A)
•	N10b-A1			52	-
	N10b-A2			51	
	N10b-A4			47	-
	N10b-A5			55	-
Ì	N10b-A6			55	-
	N10b-A8			53	-

Table 5.6: Fixed noise assessment results – unmitigated case (nighttime)

NSR ID	Period	Criteria (ANL-5), dB(A)	Daytime max predicted noise level, dB(A)	Exceedance over ANL-5 dB(A)
N10b-B1			43	-
N10b-B2			39	-
N10b-B4			35	-
N10b-B5			43	-
N10b-B8			40	-
N10b-D1			40	-
N10b-D5			36	-
N10b-D6	Nighttime	45	39	-
N10b-D8			40	-
N10b-A1			33	-
N10b-A2			32	
N10b-A4			30	-
N10b-A5			34	-
N10b-A6			38	-
N10b-A8			37	-

5.6 **Firework Display Noise Assessment**

5.6.1 On-site firework display noise measurements were conducted at two locations (#F1 and #F2) to determine background noise level and 15minute equivalent noise level (Leq (15 min)) during firework display period. The firework display noise measurement locations are summarized in Table 5.6 and illustrated in Appendix 5.6.

Table 5.7 Possible noise source from Disneyland

Measurement locations.	Description
#F1	At the existing Lookout Point

Measurement locations	Description
#F2	At the existing breakwater

- 5.6.2 For each noise measurement, ambient measurements were taken immediately before and after the firework display to establish the Background Noise Level (BNL). Measured Noise level (MNL) was also taken for the 15-minute timeframe during firework display. Based on these measurements, the Corrected Noise Level (CNL) was calculated and compared against the noise criterion as discussed in Appendix 5.1.
- 5.6.2.1 The predicted firework display noise levels at the two measurement locations are summarized in Table 5.7. Detailed calculation of firework display noise results is shown in Appendix 5.7.

	Noise Impacts, L	eq(15 min), dB(A)
Noise Teker	RI S	P2
Corrected Noise Level	52	53
Noise Criterion	5	5
Exceedance	-	-

 Table 5.8: Summary of firework display noise assessment results

Note:

[1] Facade correction has been considered in noise calculation.

5.6.2.2 Two firework display noise measurement at F1 and F2 are approximately located at 3.9 km and 2.7 km from Disneyland and are within the noise criterion of L_{eq} (15 min) 55 dB(A). The proposed layout of Area 10b will be located further away from Disneyland than the distance between F2 from Disneyland. Hence, the existing firework display at Disneyland is not anticipated to generate adverse noise impacts.

5.7 **Recommended Mitigation Measures**

- 5.7.1.1 The noise assessments results have shown that noise impact due to road traffic, marine traffic, fixed noise, and fireworks are not anticipated.
- 5.7.1.2 As stated in Section 5.5, a podium structure will be provided for Area 10b to avoid direct line of sight between the noise sources and the surrounding residential developments. The relocation of existing noise sources will be fully enclosed within the podium structure except the

ingress / egress of such facilities and consideration of such facilities should made reference to HKPSG.

5.7.1.3 In addition, as discussed in Section 5.2, a number of considerations have been incorporated in the layout design of Area 10b (see Figure 5-2) to reduce the fixed noise impact due to these activities. Those design include an 8m tall solid wall next to kaito pier, an 8.8m tall solid wall next to goods delivery pier and 7.8m tall solid wall at 3-storey low rise development which was near to goods delivery pier.

5.8 Conclusion

- **5.8.1.1** A noise impact assessment has been conducted to evaluate the operational impacts based on the current layout.
- **5.8.1.2** Road traffic noise impact has been reviewed. Results indicate that the road traffic noise impact would not be anticipated.
- **5.8.1.3** A preliminary assessment has been for marine noise impact based on measurement data. Results indicate that the noise impacts on NSRs would below the measured background noise level and hence further mitigation measure is not required.
- **5.8.1.4** A preliminary assessment has been conducted for fixed noise impact based on site measurement and operational information from operators. With implementing the consideration in layout design (such as solid walls) and acoustic mat for conveyor belt, temporary noise barrier for crane, use of silencer / acoustic louvre), adverse fixed noise impacts would not be anticipated.
- **5.8.1.5** A preliminary assessment has been conducted for firework display noise impact on site measurement and observation. Results indicate that the firework display noise would not cause adverse impact.

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6 Water Quality Assessment

6.1 **Description of the Environment**

6.1.1 Existing Water Environment

- 6.1.1.1 The project sites fall within the Southern Water Control Zone (WCZ) and are located at Discovery Valley at east Lantau, downstream of Lo Fu Tau and Discovery Bay Reservoir. Tai Pak Wan, a non-gazetted beach, is within the boundary of Discovery Bay. Besides, a Coastal Protection Area is located at the northern edge of Tai Pak Tsui Peninsula to conserve the natural coastline.
- 6.1.1.2 Area 10b is located at the seawall in the southwest side of Tai Pak Tsui Peninsula. Nim Shue Wan adjoins the southern boundary of Area 10b and the water current in Nim Shue Wan is generally calm. Surface runoff from existing land area is discharged into Nim Sue Wan.

6.1.2 Existing Sewerage System

6.1.2.1 Discovery Bay has been implemented with a sewerage system to collect all the sewage and wastewater generated from daily activities. All the existing sewage and wastewater collected from the sewerage system is diverted to Siu Ho Wan Sewerage Treatment Works via pumping stations and the outfall is located at north Lantau which is far away from Discovery Bay.

6.1.3 Water Quality Sensitive Receivers

6.1.3.1 A review has been conducted to identify the Water Quality Sensitive Receivers (WSRs) in the vicinity that may be impacted by the potential development area. The following table summarizes these WSRs and they are illustrated in Figure 6-1. The relevant legislation and standards related to water quality are summarised in Appendix 6.1.

Water Sensitive Receivers ^[1]	Description	
WSR01 – Discovery Bay Reservoir	Primary reservoir for flushing, located upstream of the potential development areas	
WSR 02 – Discovery Bay Reservoir Spillway and	Spillway from Discovery Bay Reservoir and the tributarie chainage runs along Discovery Valley Road and downstrean	

Table 6.1 Water quality sensitive receivers

Water Sensitive Receivers (!!	Description
Tributaries	Tsoi Yuen Wan
WSR03 – Nim Shue Wan Stream	Natural stream downstream from the existing golf course to Nim Shue Wan
WSR04 – Tai Pak Wan	Non-gazetted beach downstream to Discovery Bay Reservoir Spillway
WSR05 – Hai Tei Wan Marina	Marina at Hai Tei Wan next to Discovery Bay Road
WSR 06 – Nim Shue Wan	Nim Shue Wan
WSR07 – Tai Pak Tsui Peninsula Coastal Protection Area (CPA)	Protected natural shoreline at north of Tai Pak Tsui Peninsula

[1] The nearest water gathering ground is located at 5.6 km away

6.2 Identification and Evaluation of Environmental **Impacts during Construction Phase**

6.2.1 **Pollution Sources**

Site Runoff

- 6.2.1.1 During rainstorm events, construction site runoff would come from all over the works site. These surface runoff might be polluted by:
 - Runoff and erosion from site surfaces, earth working areas and stockpiles;
 - Wash water from dust suppression sprays and wheel washing facilities; and
 - Chemicals spillage such as fuel, oil, solvents and lubricants from maintenance of construction machinery and equipment.
- 6.2.1.2 Construction runoff may cause physical, biological and chemical effects. The physical effects include potential blockage of drainage channels and increase of suspended solid levels in the Southern WCZ. Runoff containing significant amounts of concrete and cement-derived material may cause primary chemical effects such as increasing turbidity and discoloration, elevation in pH, and accretion of solids. A number of secondary effects may also result in toxic effects to water biota due to elevated pH values, and reduced decay rates of faecal micro-organisms and photosynthetic rate due to the decreased light penetration. All the best practices will be implemented to reduce and minimise the generation of construction run-off.

Sewage from Workforce

6.2.1.3 Sewage effluents will arise from the sanitary facilities provided for the on-site construction workforce. According to Table T-2 of Guidelines for Estimating Sewage Flows for Sewage Infrastructure Planning, the unit flow is 0.15 m³/day/employed population. The characteristics of sewage would include high levels of BOD₅, Ammonia and *E. coli* counts. Since sufficient portable chemical toilets and sewage holding tanks will be provided, no adverse water quality impact is anticipated.

Construction of Decking-Over Piles Along Waterfronts

6.2.1.4 The low-rise residential buildings in Area 10b will be constructed on the southwest seashore of Tai Pak Tsui Peninsula adjoining Nim Shue Wan (WSR04) and the entrance of Hai Tai Wan Marina (WSR03). As discussed in Section 2, the existing seafront would be expanding by a width of 9-34m. According to the latest design, in order to minimize hydrodynamic and water quality impact, the new platform along the coastline would be constructed by decking-over piles and only minor modification works would be required for the existing seawall, including relocation of existing piers, will need to be conducted below water level, and the details will be established in the detailed design stage. To avoid/minimise water quality impacts due to the piling works, steel casings will firstly be installed at the proposed pile locations. The steel casings extend above the sea and will prevent soil or rock arisings from being disposed of into the sea. The arisings will be removed from within the piles to a barge anchored close to the piles. Once the materials inside casings were the removed. steel reinforcements/structural sections will be lowered inside the casing and then followed by concreting work. To control the sediment plume that may be dispersed to nearby WSRs during seabed disturbance, environmental friendly construction methods such as installing silt curtains should be considered. However, further studies would need to be conducted to determine the size and spacing of the piles etc.

Dredging

6.2.1.5 It may be necessary to conduct some dredging to facilitate marine access for the future berths (eg for the Bounty). The tentative extent of dredging for navigation of vessels is shown in Figure 6-1. Preliminary estimation suggests that the total amount of dredging would be less than 100,000m³. The dredging process would require appropriate mitigation

measures to control the dispersion of the sediment plume, such as installing silt curtains. The proposed navigation channel required dredging works is shown in Figure 6-1.

Wastewater from Decontamination Works

6.2.1.6 As the existing site comprises bus repair workshop, boat servicing yard, etc. should land decontamination works be carried out during construction phase of this area, the method for handling and disposal of wastewater contaminated with chemical waste should be addressed. As a general site practice of soil decontamination works (i.e. Stabilization/ Solidification or Biopile), impermeable sheeting should be used to cover stockpiles of the treated soil to prevent dust and runoff. Concrete bunds surrounding the treatment area should also be implemented to collect the possible spillage or leachate generated and recycled back to the treatment. In case there is any sign of excess leachate present within the site, the excess leachate should be diverted to a designated storage area for temporary storage and collected by a licensed chemical waste collector.

6.3 Recommended Mitigation Measures during Construction Phase

6.3.1 General Construction Activities the Potential Development Area

Site Runoff and Sewage from Workforce

6.3.1.1 Given the relatively small amount of site formation work for Area 10b, the water quality impacts during construction phase is not anticipated. Nevertheless, standard good site practices such as perimeter cut off drains, silt removal facilities, temporary toilet etc. would still be required. For site runoff, perimeter cut off with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation control facilities around the site area shall be implemented. Channels, earth bunds and sand bag barriers would also be provided on site to direct storm water to silt removal facilities. In addition, the design of temporary on-site drainage should prevent runoff going through site surface, construction machinery and equipment to avoid polluted runoff. Sedimentation tanks with sufficient capacity should also be provided as mitigation measure for settling surface runoff prior to disposal. Also, discharge into the marina will be avoided. With the implementation of the above mitigation measures, it

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is anticipated that the impacts from discharge of site runoff / wastewater is not insurmountable. A comprehensive list of those standard measures is given in **Appendix 6.2**.

- **6.3.1.2** During the construction works for the platform along the waterfront of Area 10b, open sea dredging would be avoided and a deck will be constructed over piles. As compared to the conventional reclamation process that would demand dredging, the current methodology would have avoided the release of significant amount of sediment which may have certain impacts on the neighbouring WSRs. The following good practice shall apply for the construction of piles and dredging works for the navigation channel.
 - Install efficient cage-typed silt curtains, i.e. at least 80% SS reduction, at the point of dredging/filling to control the dispersion of SS;
 - Water quality monitoring should be implemented to ensure effective control of water pollution and recommend additional mitigation measures required;
 - The descent speed of grabs should be controlled to minimize the seabed impact and to reduce the volume of over-dredging; and
 - All vessels should be sized so that adequate clearance is maintained between vessels and the seabed in all tide conditions, to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash.

6.4 Identification and Evaluation of Environmental Impacts during Operational Phase

- 6.4.1.1 EPD advised in May 2015 that the design capacity of the SHWSTW has been allocated for the treatment of the sewage arising from the development of the Expansion of Hong Kong International Airport into a Three Runway System, the new town development under Tung Chung New Town Expansion and the Penny's Bay Phase 2 development, etc. Therefore, SHWSTW has no spare capacity to cater for the sewage arising from any proposed Discovery Bay further development and the Sewerage Authority has no plan to increase the design capacity of the SHWSTW in the short and medium terms.
- 6.4.1.2 Therefore, the current proposal is to receive the additional sewage from Area 10b, a new sewage treatment plant within Discovery Bay would need to be commissioned. A discharge license will be obtained under the WPCO prior to discharge. The design flow rate of the proposed new sewage treatment plant would be around 1,100 m³ per day (i.e.

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based on an approximate population of 2,900 for Area 10b and each has a flow rate of 370L/day (ADWF) and hence around 1,080m³/day in total as per EPD's Technical Paper Report No. EPD/TP1/05-Guidelines for Estimating Sewage Infrastructure Planning (GESF)). A tentative marine outfall is proposed as shown in Figure 6-1 near Area 10b. The peaking hourly flow rate would be approximately 75L/s according to table T5 of GESF by adopting a peak factor of 6.

- 6.4.1.3 Secondary or tertiary treatment would be implemented in the proposed sewage treatment works if the new marine outfall is located at a location near to the shore. The outfall location will be determined during the detailed design stage without affecting the land use compatibility. Nevertheless, the current tentative location is located at the area where the water depth is deeper and the current is stronger. It is also at around 300m from the marina and at least 6km from the fish culture zone in Cheung Sha Wan and Ma Wan. Besides, the current tentative location is 1.3km away from Tai Pak Wan where, although not a gazetted beach, many people uses that for recreational uses. This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. However, with the implementation of suitable treatment method, it is anticipated that the discharge from the sewage treatment works would meet the criteria of WPCQ.
- 6.4.1.4 A preliminary water quality impact assessment has been conducted for the tentative marine outfall (see Appendix 6.3). The assessment indicates that the water quality in the vicinity of the marine-based WSRs would be in compliance with Water Quality Objectives (WQOs) in suspended solid, *E. coli* and unionised ammonia. Although exceedance of Total Inorganic Nitrogen (TIN) under WQO is observed, the contribution of the high TIN level is due to the background from Pearl River estuary. The computed N:P ratio concluded that the possibility of having red tide is still low. Any emergency discharge can be readily mitigated by implementing suitable standby measures and back-up retention facilities to be developed during detailed design stage.
- 6.4.1.5 The platform along the waterfront will be supported by decking over piles with a narrow strip of approximately 9-34m only. The pile arrays will be generally along flow directions and will not block any major flow streamlines within Nim Shue Wan (WSR04). Thus, hydrodynamic impact and the associate change to water quality regime is unlikely to be significant. However, a quantitative water quality model shall be conducted to determine the cumulative impact to quantify any changes

in hydrodynamic and water quality regime. The water quality model shall also be used to study the possible impacts due to the increased surface runoff into Nim Shue Wan, and options of the design of the decks and piles (ie. in terms of size and spacing of the piles) and the design of any sewage treatment works and outfall as required.

6.4.2 Mitigation Measures

6.4.2.1 The following contingency measures are proposed in case of any emergency discharge:

Sewage Pumping Stations:

- 100% standby pump capacity
- Stockpile a spare pump of 50% pumping capacity
- Dual feed power supply
- Emergency storage within pumping station equivalent to 6 hours of average dry weather flow
- Emergency communication mechanism amongst Government departments.

Rising Mains:

- Concrete surrounding to the twin rising mains
- 6.4.2.2 The following initial measures can be considered as mitigation to control the emergency overflows from the Sewage Treatment Work thereby polluting the stream and the receiving water bodies at Discovery Bay:
 - Provide an emergency overflow pipe from the proposed STW at Area 10b to existing sewage pumping station no. 1 (SPS1) located at the junction of Discovery Bay Road and Discovery Bay Valley Road. During emergency situation, sewage from the STW can overflow to the existing Discovery Bay sewerage network that pumps sewage flows to Siu Ho Wan Sewage Treatment Work
 - Dual feed power supply for the Sewage Treatment Work
 - Suitable backup of treatment process in the Sewage Treatment Work.

6.5 Conclusion

6.5.1.1 The potential issues that may arise during both the construction and operational phases have been identified. While a number of issues has been considered by implementing good design (eg. decking over instead of conventional reclamation), a quantitative water quality model shall be concluded at detail assessment to refine the design and construction methodology so as to minimise any impacts as much as practicable. During operational phase, sewage generated will be treated in a new sewage treatment work. According to the results from the water quality assessment, most of the pollution concentration would comply with relevant criteria. For TIN, the background concentration has exceeded the WQO already. The discharge concentration has therefore been reduced as much as practicable to ensure that the increase in TIN and TP are minimised. With the discharge standard, the N to P ratio is maintained greater than 18:1. Hence the occurrence of red tides will be unlikely. The assessment results should also be adopted to evaluate the need for mitigation measures required. Any emergency discharge can be mitigated by implementing suitable standby measures and contingency measures to be developed during detailed design stage. Initial mitigation measures would also be provided to control the emergency overflows!

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7 Other Aspects

7.1 **Review of Waste Management Issues**

- 7.1.1.1 As mentioned in Section 2, the potential development at Area 10b of Discovery Bay include residential premises together with the necessary infrastructure and landscaping elements. A podium structure would be built to cover the existing maintenance activities. In order to cater for the additional residential development, an additional narrow strip of reclamation would be proposed in form as a decking with a width of 9-34m.
- 7.1.1.2 Although the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in subsequent detail design stage, the construction and reclamation work would adopt an environmentally friendly approach. With the implementation of good site practices and waste reduction measures, the quantity of construction of demolition waste is estimated to be around 29,000 m³.

7.2 **Review on Land Contamination Issues**

7.2.1.1 A desktop review has been conducted by studying the previous aerial photos for the concerned areas for the potential development area. These photos have provided useful information to ascertain any historical land uses that may have potential for land contamination. The relevant legislation and standards relating to land contamination is given in Appendix 7.1 and the related historic aerial photos is given in Appendix 7.2. The following table summarises these findings.

Year	Description
1973	 Mainly nature terrain and coastline with a number of villages scattering around. No signs for industrial developments
1982	 Reclamation works in Area 10b were in progress. The seawall in the marina was formed
1993	 Most of the site formation work and reclamation works had been completed. The scale of the marina was less than that currently being operated.
2012	• Not much difference to that in 1993 except the scale of the marina was larger than that in the 90's.

Table 7.1 Summary of historical aerial photographs for Area 10b

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7.2.2 Description of Environment

- 7.2.2.1 Site surveys were conducted between May and June of 2014 to ground truth the findings from desktop review to identify any land uses within the potential development area that may have the potential for contamination in soil and groundwater. Photos taken during the site inspection showing the land uses within each of the area are given in Section 3. The following paragraphs summarises the findings from the surveys.
- 7.2.2.2 The area within Area 10b is currently occupied by a number of services facilities including the depot for vehicles, petrol / LPG filling station, staff quarters, Kaito etc. The areas within those depot, petrol / LPG filling stations are paved with concrete. Some of these area may have storage for dangerous goods as well. According to the EPD's Guidance Note for Contamination Land Assessment and Remediation, these land uses have the potential for land contamination.

7.2.3 Identification of Potentially Contaminated Areas

- 7.2.3.1 As discussed in the above sections, locations where land contamination would be more likely would be the depot for buses and golf cars and petrol / LPG filling stations.
- 7.2.3.2 According to the EPD's Guidance Note for Contaminated Land Assessment and Remediation (GN), project proponents and professionals responsible for major works or re-development on sites associated within industrial operations listed in the GN (including depot and LPG filling stations) should, before commencement of any works, carry out a site assessment to determine whether the site is contaminated and assess the extent of any contamination and, if necessary, implement proper remedial measures to restore the land to an acceptable condition for its intended purpose.
- 7.2.3.3 For the purpose of this study, it is recommended a Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) to be prepared after the rezoning approval and prior to implementation. The CAP shall cover the whole potential development area and would recommend the need for Site Investigation (SI) to collect soil and ground water samples for analysis, and any subsequent actions, as per the statutory requirements.

- 7.2.3.4 Following the completion of environmental SI and lab testing works, the project proponent would prepare the Contamination Assessment Report (CAR) which would present the findings of the SI and evaluate the level and extent of potential contamination. The potential environmental and human health impact based on the extent of potential contamination identified would also be evaluated.
- 7.2.3.5 If land contamination is identified during the proposed environmental SI and remediation is required, a Remediation Action Plan (RAP) will be prepared. The objectives of RAP are:
 - To undertake further site investigation where required;
 - To evaluate and recommend appropriate remedial measures for the contaminated materials identified in the assessment;
 - To recommend good handling practices for the contaminated materials during the remediation works;
 - To recommend approximate handling and disposal measures; and
 - To formulate optimal and cost-effective mitigation and remedial measures for EPD's agreement.
- 7.2.3.6 A Remediation Report (RR), if required, would also be prepared to demonstrate that the clean-up works are adequate. No construction / development works would be carried out within the potentially contaminated areas prior to the agreement of the RR with EPD.

7.2.4 Conclusion

- 7.2.4.1 An initial land contamination appraisal has been conducted to identify any locations within the potential development area that may have the potential for contamination in soil and groundwater. The appraisal mainly includes a review of the desktop information and supplemented with site surveys.
- 7.2.4.2 Based on the findings at this stage, the depot area and petrol / LPG filling stations within Area 10b have been identified as potential locations for contamination. For the purpose of this report, it is recommended that a CAP to be prepared after the rezoning approval and prior to implementation. Where necessary, environmental site investigation shall be conducted to collect soil and groundwater samples to confirm the presence of any contamination, and any subsequent actions.

7.3 **Review on Ecological Issues**

- 7.3.1.1 As discussed in Section 1, the potential development area have been included in the approved Discovery Bay Master Plan 6.0E7h(a), and has been permitted to development, some being implemented, despite the fact that some of the planning parameters would need to be amended. For those area included in the approved Master Plan, site clearance and formation work could be commenced to implement the development parameters in the approved Master Plan.
- 7.3.1.2 Reclamation and dredging works are proposed for the development at Area 10b. However, the extent of reclamation and dredging will be within the boundary of the boundary approved under the Foreshore and Seabed Ordinance in 1977. Hence, by virtue of Clause 9(2)(c) of the EIAO, the reclamation and dredging works are exempted from the EIAO.
- 7.3.1.3 As discussed in Section 1.3.5.1, depending on the future discussion with DSD, there may be a need for a new sewage treatment plant for Area 10b. The effluent discharge would have certain impact on marine ecology. Similarly, the dredging works for the marine navigation channel would also inevitably generate sediment plume which would have certain impacts in marine ecology.
- 7.3.1.4 Together with suspected presence of species of conservation concern in Nim Shue Wan, such as Seagrass and Coral, marine ecological impacts are anticipated. Under such circumstances, series of mitigation measures have been recommended in Section 6.3, including the installation of silt-curtain and controlling of descent speed of grab for the marine construction works and the pile of the deckover would be designed to avoid blocking any flow streamline during the operational phase.
- 7.3.1.5 The nearest fish culture zones (FCZs) are Cheung Sha Wan and Ma Wan which are located at more than 6.5 km and 6 km away respectively. Given these large separation distance, together with the use of deck-

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over approach for the reclamation and mitigation measures such as silt curtains, both direct and indirect impacts are considered insignificant.

- 7.3.1.6 Similarly, for the capital dredging of the new navigation channels, good measures including the use of silt curtains would be adopted. Hence, adverse direct and indirect impacts are not considered significant
- 7.3.1.7 In terms of terrestrial ecology, the impacts, if any, associated with tree felling is anticipated to be minor due to the developed nature of Area 10b. Where practical, opportunities for transplantation have been explored, where the trees which have been identified as having a good transplantation survival rate. In addition, a number of trees have been proposed to be retained.
- 7.3.1.8 In total, 169 trees have been identified within Area 10b that would be felled. None of the trees identified with Area 10b are considered to be rare or of conservation value. The trees to be felled all form parts of small groups or are single standalone trees. As such, the trees are considered to be of low ecological value.
- **7.3.1.9** In addition, a minor bottom part of the slope greenery interfacing the proposed development would be affected. However, the trees are not native nor significant species. Moreover, the majority of the sloop greenery would not be affected and would continue to function as a terrestrial ecology. Due considerations would be given to the location, dimensions and the area of the proposed development to avoid impact to the slope greenery. Compensatory planting would also be provided.
- 7.3.1.10 As discussed in Section 6.4.1.4, a new sewage treatment plant will be built to receive and treat the sewage generated from the additional population from Area 10b. The treated sewage would then be discharged to a new marine outfall in Figure 6-1. According to the results from the supplementary water quality assessment (Appendix 6.3), most of the pollution concentrations would comply with relevant criteria. For TIN, the background concentration has exceeded the WQO already. The discharge concentration has therefore been reduced as much as practicable to ensure that the increase in TIN and TP are minimised. With the discharge standard, the N to P ratio maintained greater than 18:1. Hence the occurrence of red tides will be unlikely.

8 Conclusion

- 8.1.1 An environmental assessment has been conducted to review the potential development area, Area 10b, for Discovery Bay. Key aspects that have been assessed include air quality, noise and water quality. Potential issues on land contamination and ecology have also been reviewed. Those relating to sewerage and drainage, and water supply are separately presented in another report.
- 8.1.2 All the relevant noise and air quality emission sources in the vicinity that would have impacts on the proposed developments have been identified and assessed. The strength of these sources have been established by measurement or from best available information and subsequently included in the assessment. Results indicate that the noise and air quality impacts on planned developments would comply with the relevant noise criteria and hence further mitigation measures are not required. The need for any additional mitigation measures for the bus depot shall be subjected to the subsequent statutory EIA.
- 8.1.2.1 Although most of the development would not involve major marine works, some minor reclamation work and dredging work would still be required for Area 10b. By adopting a non-dredged approach such as decking over piles and other good site practices, any release of sediment would be readily controlled and would have been minimised. The need for any additional mitigation measures shall be subject to the findings from the detailed cumulative impact assessment to be conducted as part of the subsequent statutory EIA.
- 8.1.2.2 Depending on future discussion with DSD, a sewage treatment work may be required and further details including location of marine outfall will be determined during the subsequent statutory EIA where applicable.
- 8.1.2.3 Sewage generated during operational phase will be treated in a new sewage treatment plant and discharged into the marine pipeline leading to the marine outfall at sea bottom near Area 10b. According to the results from the supplementary water quality assessment, most of the pollution concentrations would comply with relevant criteria. For TIN, the background concentration has exceeded the WQO already. The discharge concentration has therefore been reduced as much as practicable to ensure that the increase in TIN and TP are minimised. With the discharge standard, the N to P ratio is maintained greater than

18:1. Hence the occurrence of red tides will be unlikely. Any emergency discharge can be mitigated by implementing suitable standby measures and contingency measures to be developed during detailed design stage. Initial mitigation measures would also be provided to control the emergency overflows.

- 8.1.2.4 Potential for land contamination due to the operation of the existing bus depot and services area has been identified. Further investigation should be conducted after the rezoning and prior to implementation to collect soil and water samples as required, and hence any subsequent remediation actions to fulfil the statutory requirements.
- 8.1.2.5 Depending on the need and design of the sewage treatment works and dredging works for the outfall, and dredging works for any navigation channel outside the reclamation area, subsequent statutory EIA may be required to further investigate any potential environmental impacts.

Appendix 4.1

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Legislation and Standards for Air Quality Impact Assessment

Legislation and Standards for Air Quality Impact Assessment

AQO Pollutants

In accordance with the Air Quality Objectives (AQOs) under Air Pollution Control Ordinance (APCO), the relevant AQOs applicable for this environmental assessment are given in Table A4.1a below.

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Table A4.1	a: Hong	Kong Air	Quality (Djectives

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Pollutant	Limits on Concentration. µg/m ³ [U (Number of Exceedance per year allowed in brackets)				kets)
	10-min	1-hr	8-hr	24-hr ¹²¹	Annual M
Sulphur Dioxide (SO2)	500 (3)			125 (3)	
Respirable Suspended Particulates (RSP, or PM ₁₀) ^[3]				100 (9)	50 (0)
Fine Suspended Particulates (FSP, or PM2.) ^[4]				75 (9)	35 (0)
Carbon Monoxide (CO)		30,000 (0)	10,000 (0)		
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2)		200 (18)			40 (0)
Photochemical Oxidants (as ozone, O3)			160 (9)		
Lead (Pb)					0.5 (0)

Note: [1] Measured at 293K and 101.325 kPa. [2] Arithmetic mean. [3] Respirable suspended particulates (RSP) means suspended particulates in air with a nominal

aerodynamic diameter of 10 micrometres or smaller.
[4] Fine suspended particulates (FSP) means suspended particulates in air with a nominal aerodynamic diameter of 2.5 micrometres or smaller.

Non-AQOs Pollutants

According to the approved EIA study "Construction of an International Theme Park in Penny's Bay of North Lantau together with its Essential Associated Infrastructures -Environmental Impact Assessment" (AEIAR-032/2000), hereafter called "Theme Park EIA", a total of six heavy metals, including aluminium, antimony, barium, strontium,

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copper and titanium, was identified as the major pollutants emitted during fireworks displays at Disneyland Park.

There are no statutory criteria for these non-AQO pollutants. Hence, international guidelines from World Health Organization (WHO), and toxicity data from Integrated Risk information System (IRIS) of USEPA and from Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) of California Environmental Protection Agency have been reviewed. Besides, the criteria that adopted in the Theme Park BIA have also been compared. The proposed assessment criteria for non-AQO pollutants to be adopted in this assessment are summarized in Table A4.1b below.

	Limit on Concentration, pormain							
Pollutant	WHO	USEPA	DEHHA.	Theme Park EIA ⁽⁴⁾	Adapted for this Stud			
Acute (I-hou	r ereruge)			, ,				
Aluminium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Antimony	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Barium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Strontium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Соррет	NA	NA	100	NA	100			
Titanium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Chronic (An	nual average,	or otherwise sp	ecified)					
Aluminium	NA	NA	NA	100 ^[6]	100			
Antimony	NA	NA	NA	5[7]	5			
Barium	500 (8-hr average)	NA	NA	5[7]	500 (8-hr average) 5 (Annual average)			
Strontium	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Copper	NA	NA	2.4	2.4 ^[8]	2.4			
Titanium	NA	NA	NA	100(6)	100			

Table A4.1b: Assessment criteria for non-AQO pollutants

[2]

[3] OEHHA - Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment of California Environmental

[4] Other of the office of the approved EIA study "Construction of an International Theme Park EIA - Table 3.5n of the approved EIA study "Construction of an International Theme Park in Penny's Bay of North Lantau together with its Essential Associated Infrastructures - Environmental Impact Assessment" (AEIAR-032/2000)

[5] NA - Not applicable

Reference to "Occupational Exposure Limits" published by UK Health & Safety Executive with a safety factor of 100 applied for conversing time-weight-average value to long term exposure limit **[6]** and to allow for variability in human response to chemicals.

Reference to "A Reference Note on Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances in the Work Environment" published by Hong Kong Labour Department with a safety factor of 100 [7]

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^[1] . WHO -- "Barium and Barium Compounds", World Health Organization (Geneva, 2001) USEPA -- Integrated Risk information System of USEPA

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applied for conversing time-weight-average value to long term exposure limit and to allow for variability in human response to chemicals.
[8] Reference to California Air Resources Board (CARB).

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Appendix 4.2

Methodology of Air Quality Assessment

Methodology of Air Quality Assessment

Marine Vessels Emission

NO₂, RSP, FSP and SO₂ will be emitted due to fuel combustion from marine vessels and are considered as the key assessment pollutants for this study.

According to EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory", the emission from vessels are calculated using the following equations:

Total Emission (pollutant) = Σ Emission (pollutant, activity mode, equipment)

Emission (pollutant, activity mode, equipment) = P x FL x T x EF

Where P is the engine power (kW);

FL is fractional load of engine in a specific mode;

T is operation time-in-mode; and

EF is emission factor of the engine.

Information on the engine powers, engine load factors, and time-in-modes have been obtained from the operators and where the time-in-modes are not available, they will be estimated by site survey as far as possible. Where engine power and load factors are unavailable, reference has been made to EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory". Details are discussed in the sections below.

Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Central

The latest passenger ferry schedule was obtained from the Transport Department's website including the arrival and departure of passenger ferries during weekdays, Saturday, and Sunday and public Holidays.

According to the operational information, there are two types of vessels, including Catamaran Ferry (6 vessels in total) and Monohull Ferry (2 vessels in total) in operation for the service. As there is no information on which vessel type being used in individual trip, the weighted averages of emissions from the vessels are adopted as the best estimation. Detailed calculations are given in Annex A4.2-1. Information on the main engine and auxiliary engine powers provided by the operator are also given in Annex A4.2-1.

According to Appendix 3.25 of the approved EIA study "West Kowloon Cultural District" (AEIAR-178/2013), mechanical power equals to the product of force and velocity (i.e. Mechanical power = Force x Velocity) that force is assumed to be a constant. As a result, the load factor is proportional to speed. Therefore, the main engine 235928 | Final | November 2015 Page 1

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load factors can be determined by the ratio of the speed under each operating mode (hotelling, manoeuvring, slow cruise and fairway cruise) to the maximum design speed of the vessel (i.e. Main Engine Load Factor = Speed of each mode / Maximum Design Speed of the Ferry).

The maximum design speeds of the ferries have been provided by the operator. However, since the operators do not have the statistics on speeds under manoeuvring and slow cruise mode, the average speeds (i.e. 4.5 knots and 10 knots, respectively) by referencing to Table 3-24 of the EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" have been assumed. For fairway cruise mode, the maximum navigation speeds of the ferries within Discovery Bay provided by the operator are adopted.

Information on the auxiliary engine load factors are not available from the operator. Hence, the auxiliary engine load factors of "Macau/Pearl River Delta (PRD) fast ferry" in Table 4-10 of the EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.

Time-in-modes (TIMs) under manoeuvring and slow cruise modes have been made reference to that of "PRD fast ferries" in Table 4-15 of the EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" as the Discovery Bay/Central passenger ferry service are composed of Catamaran Ferries and Monohull Ferries, similar to PRD fast ferry. For the fairway cruise mode, TIM is estimated by using the following equation:

- TIM of fairway cruise mode
- = Length of navigation route under fairway cruise mode / Speed of fairway cruise mode
- Length of navigation route under fairway cruise mode
- = Total length of navigation route (TIM of manoeuvring mode x Speed of manoeuvring mode) - (TIM of slow cruise mode x Speed of slow cruise mode)

Besides, site surveys have been also conducted to observe the hotelling time of ferries during arrival and departure at Discovery Bay.

Emission factors of NOx, RSP and FSP are referenced to Table 4-17 of the EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory", assuming similar to that of the Macau/PRD fast ferries with diesel engine. With effective of the Air Pollution Control (Marine Light Diesel) Regulation on 1st April, 2014, the fuel sulphur content limit of the MLD is 0.05%. The SO₂ emission factors have been corrected based on the following equation:

SO₂ emission factor (g/kWh) = Brake specific fuel consumption (BSFC) x 2 x 0.97753 x Fuel Sulphur Fraction 235928 | Final | November 2015 Page 2 G \ENVVPROJECT\235928112 REPORTS DELIVERABLES/5 REVISED DRAFT 31AREA 108\APPENDIXAPPENDIX 4.2 METHODOLOGY OF AIR QUALITY ASSESSMENT, DOCX

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Calculations of the emission from passenger ferry service between Discovery Bay and Central, and the emission rates adopted for modelling are given in Annex A4.2-1.

Kaito Ferry Services between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau and Mui Wo

There are two navigation routes for the kaito ferry services between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau, including 1) the ferries travelling between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau directly, and 2) the ferries travelling between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery. On the other hand, there is only one navigation route for the kaito ferry service travelling between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo directly.

The latest kaito ferry schedules are obtained from the Transport Department's website, including the arrival/departure profiles on weekdays, Saturday, and Sunday and public holidays.

Information on the main engine and auxiliary engine powers are not available from the operator. Hence, reference has been made to Table 4-5 and Table 4-6 of the EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory", respectively. According to the "2013 Port of Hong Kong Statistical Table" published by the Marine Department, all the licensed Primitive Vessels (i.e. kaito) have the registered tonnage less than 300 tons. Therefore, the main engine and auxiliary engine powers of the smallest vessel size (i.e. GRT 0-499 tons) in Table 4-5 and Table 4-6 of the EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted. As the engine sizes of the kaito ferries are relatively small compared with other river trade vessels, the engine powers adopted in the assessment are considered conservative.

The approaches on determining the load factors, TIMs, and emission factors are similar to that of passenger ferry as described above. Details and the calculation are given in Annex A4.2-1.

Tug boat and barge (Delivery of LPG Tanker Vehicles, Gas Bottle Delivery and Sand Barge)

There is a barge towed by a tug boat for delivering LPG tanker vehicles to Discovery Bay once every 5 to 6 days (i.e. about 5 to 6 times per month) during daytime from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. However, as mentioned in Section 4.3.4.10, a continuous operation of the tug boat/barge for LPG tanker vehicles delivery is assumed to cover the operations of gas bottle vessel and the sand barge. In particular, one arrival and departure activities per hour and a continuous emission (i.e. 60 minute per hour) from the vessel during hotelling at the berth location from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. during weekdays have been adopted for the assessment.

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Information on the main engines and auxiliary engines power of the tug boat and the barge has been provided by the operator and given in Annex A4.2-1.

The approaches on determining the load factors, TIMs, and emission factors are similar to that of passenger ferry as described above. Details and the calculation are given in Annex A4.2-1.

Emission from Fireworks Displays

According to the Theme Park EIA, 42% of the total mass of the fireworks is emitted to the atmosphere and it is assumed that all of these mass will be turned into RSP as worst case scenario (i.e. 2.6kg for low-level shows and 14.7kg for mid-level shows). Details and the calculations are given in Annex A4.2-2.

In the EIA, two mid-level and three low-levels were modelled at the same hour every night as a worst case scenario and the shows were modelled as separate volume sources, $27,000m^3$ (i.e. $30 \times 30 \times 30m$) and $8,000m^3$ (i.e. $20 \times 20 \times 20m$) for mid-level and low-level shows, respectively. The same assumptions are also adopted in this Study with the latest fireworks displays schedule obtained from the Disneyland Park's website.

There is no information on the modelling bursting heights of the fireworks in the Theme Park EIA. A site survey has been conducted to estimate the bursting height of the fireworks. It was found that there are mainly two levels of fireworks bursting at height of about 150 mPD and 120 mPD, which are considered within the EPs' conditions that the bursting height limit of the fireworks displays in Disneyland Park is 150 mPD. Therefore, the bursting heights of 150 mPD and 120 mPD for mid-level shows and lowlevel shows are assumed for modelling purpose, respectively.

There is no conversion factor from RSP to FSP emission from fireworks displays. Therefore, the FSP emission from fireworks is assumed to be the same as the RSP emission for worst case assessment.

Besides, the Theme Park EIA hnd also considered the impacts due to heavy metals in which their concentrations were estimated by the percentage composition of heavy metal compounds within the mass of the particulate emission. The maximum 1-hour concentration, maximum 8-hour concentration and annual concentration of the heavy metals at ASRs are therefore estimated from RSP concentrations using the conversion factors in this approved EIA as presented in Table A4.2a below.

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RSP x 0.0092

RSP x 0.0040

	concentration	
Henry Metal	Percentage Composition in the	Conversion from RSP assessment results (without background) to heavy inctals conversional and assess
Aluminium	2.93%	RSP x 0.0293
Antimony	1.28%	RSP x 0.0128
Barium	3.06%	RSP x 0.0306
Strontium	1.64%	RSP x 0.0164

Table A4.2a: Conversion factors from RSP assessment results to heavy metals concentration

Note:

Copper

Titanium

[1] The percentage compositions of heavy metals in the pyrotechnics used for fireworks displays in Disneyland Theme Park are referenced to Section 3.5.75 of the approved EIA Study "Construction of an International Theme Park in Penny's Bay of North Lantau together with its Essential Associated Infrastructures – Environmental Impact Assessment" (AEIAR-032/2000)

Dispersion Modelling Approach

The USEPA approved model, Industrial Source Complex - Short Term 3 (ISCST3), has been adopted to model the marine vessels emission and fireworks displays emission. The modelling parameters are listed in Table A4.2b.

Table A4.2b: Modelling parameters for ISCST3

0.92%

0.40%

Parameter	A Impat A Sec.
Modelling mode	Rural with terrain effect
Meteorological data	Year 2010 MM5 data extracted from PATH model
Stability Class	Estimation from PCRAMMET model
Mixing Height	Year 2010 MM5 data extracted from PATH model and is capped to 121m as per the real metrological data recoded by Hong Kong Observatory in Year 2010

For the treatment of calm hours, the approach recommended in the "Guideline on Air Quality on Air Quality Models Version 05 (USEPA" is adopted.

Ozone Limiting Method (OLM) is adopted for the conversion of NO_x to NO_2 based on the predicted O₃ level from PATH model. The tailpipe NO_2/NO_x ratio is assumed to be 10%.

According to **Table 4.1** in the main text, the highest building of the proposed development is 71m above ground. Therefore, the impacts on the ASRs are assessed at height of 1.5m, 5m, 10m, 20m, 30m, 40m, 50m, 60m, 70m and 80m above local ground.

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Cumulative Impact of Criteria Air Pollutants

As mentioned in Section 2.3.1.1, the population intake year of the development will be tentatively beyond Year 2020, the PATH model hourly outputs based on Year 2020 emission inventories is therefore used directly as the future background air quality for AQO pollutants. Far-field emission sources (i.e. all those outside 500m assessment area) including roads, marine, airports, power plants and industries within the Pearl River Delta Economic Zone and Hong Kong were considered in the PATH model. Details of the PATH Model and related emission inventory can be found in EPD's web site.

It is understood that there is no hourly FSP concentrations available form PATH model. According to EPD's "Guidelines on the Estimation of PM2.5 for Air Quality Assessment in Hong Kong", the conservative corrections from RSP concentrations to FSP concentrations are shown in the **Table A4.2c**.

Table A4.2c: Conversion factors for RSP/FSP

Annual (ug/m)	Daly (river)
FSP = 0.71 x RSP	$FSP = 0.75 \times RSP$

For SO₂, there is no 10-mintue average SO₂ concentration available in PATH model. According to EPD's *Guidelines on the Estimation of 10-mintue average SO₂* concentration for Air Quality Assessment in Hong Kong, conversion factors from hourly SO₂ concentration to 10-minute average SO₂ concentration based on the stability class-dependent multiplicative factors have been adopted. They are given in Table A4.2d below.

Table A4.2d: Conversion factor for 10-mintue average SO₂ concentration

· Stability Cline	A	B	C	D	E	F
Conversion Factor	2.45	2.45	1.82	1.43	1.35	1.35

The cumulative operational air quality is a combination of the emission impacts contributed from the near-field and far field sources (i.e. at local scale and background air quality impact from other concurrent and regional sources) on hourly basis.

OLM is used for conversion of NO_x to NO₂ based on the O₃ level from PATH directly.

In consideration of the number of exceedance allowance of the hourly and daily AQO, the pollutant concentrations after the AQO's allowance limits (e.g. the 19th highest 1hour NO₂ concentrations, 10th highest 24-hour RSP/ FSP concentrations, maximum 10minute SO₂ and 4th highest 24-hour SO₂ concentrations) are determined at each ASR. The annual predicted concentrations are also assessed and all predicted levels are then compared with the AQOs.

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For heavy metals, there is no background concentration available in the PATH model. Therefore, the average of the annual monitoring concentrations of aluminium, barium and copper for the latest 5 available years (i.e. Year 2010 – Year 2014) at Tung Chung Station, the nearest station to the proposed development, are adopted as their corresponding background concentrations (**Table A4.2e**). For antimony, strontium and titanium, there is no monitoring data and their background concentrations are assumed as $0 \mu g/m^3$.

 Table A4.2e:
 Annual monitoring heavy metal concentration at Tung Chung Station (i.e. Year 2010 – Year 2014)

	Annual	Annual average concentration (µg/m ²)				
Tear	Alaminian	- Barium	Copper			
2010	0.196	0.016	0.056			
2011	0.226	0.016	0.060			
2012	0.171	0.014	0.047			
2013	0.208	0.015	0.132			
2014	0.179	0.013	0.150			
5 years average	0.196	0.015	0.089			

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Appendix A4.2-1

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Calculation of Marine Vessels Emissions

Engine Power and Load Factors under Different Operation Mode of Main Engine

		Maximum Design Speed	Vessel Speed (Kriots)		Load Factor (9)					
Vessel Type	Main Engine Power (kW)	of the Vessel (Knots)	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	ay Cruise Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise
Catamaran Ferry	3870 [1]	34 ^[1]	0.0	4.5 ^[2]	10.0 ^[2]	28.0 ^[1]	0.00	0.13	0.29	0.82
Monohull Ferry	1680 [1]	24 ^[1]	0.0	4.5 ^[2]	10.0 ^[2]	22.0 ^[1]	0.00	0.19	0.42	0.92

Note:

[1] Information provided by the operator.

[2] Vessel speeds under maneuvering (1-8 knots) and slow cruise (8-12 knots) are referenced to Table 3-24 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory". The average speed of each mode is adopted for assessment purpose.

[3] Mechanical Power = Force x Velocity

Assume force is constant, thus load factor is proportional to speed (with reference to approved EIA for West Kowloon Cultural District (AEIAR-178/2013))

Therefore, load factor of each mode = Speed of each mode / Maximum Design Speed of the Vessel

Engine Power and Load Factors under Different Operation Mode of Auxiliary Engine

			Load	Factor	
Vessel Type	Auxillary Engine Power (kW)	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise
Catamaran Ferry	170 ^[1]	0.45 ^[2]	0.45 ^[2]	0.45 ^[2]	0.45 ^[2]
Monohull Ferry	182 ^[1]	0.45 ⁽²⁾	0.45 ^[2]	0.45 ^[2]	0.45 ^[2]

[1] Information provided by the operator.

[2] No available information from operator. The load factors are referenced to PRD Ferry in Table 4-10 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory"

Time-in-mode

Manadi					
Vessel Type		Hotelling	Maneuvering '	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise
Colomba Court	Arrival	5.00 ^[1]	1.20 ^[2]	1.20 ^[2]	0.17 ^[4]
Catamaran Ferry	Departure	5.00 ^[1]	1.80 [2]	1.39 ^[3]	0.00 ^[3]
Manahull Come	Arrival	5.00 ^[1]	1.20 ^[2]	1.20 ^[2]	0.21 ^[4]
Monohull Ferry	Departure	5.00 ^[1]	1.80 [2]	1.39 ^[3]	0.00 ^[3]

Note:

[1] The hotelling time is collected from site survey

[2] TIM of maneuvering and slow cruise is referenced to Table 4.15 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory"

[3] The total length of navigation route adopted in the near-field model is 680m for Central Ferry. During departure, the ferry will leave the modelled navigation route under slow cruise mode.

Therefore, TIM of slow cruise (departure) = Length of navigation route under slow cruise / vessel speed under slow cruise

Length of navigation route under slow cruise = Total navigation route length adopted in the near-field model - Length of navigation route under maneuvering

Length of navigation route under maneuvering = TIM of maneuvering x vessel speed under maneuvering

[4] TIM of fairway cruise = Length of navigation route under fairway cruise / vessel speed under fairway cruise

Length of navigation route under fairway cruise = Total navigation route length adopted in the near-field model (680m) - Length of navigation route under maneuvering - Length of navigation route under slow cruise

Length of navigation route under maneuvering = TIM of maneuvering x vessel speed under maneuvering

Length of navigation route under slow cruise = TIM of slow cruise x vessel speed under slow cruise

Emission Factors of Main Engine and Auxiliary Engine

Engine Type		Emission Fa	actors (g/Kwh)		Brake Specific Fuel Consumption	Fuel Sulphur Content
tz	NOr	RSP	FSP	SO ^{1 BI}	(BSEC) Id	(%) ^[5]
Main Engine ^[1]	13.20	0.31	0.29	0.21	213	0.05
Auxiliary Engine ^[2]	10.00	0.31	0.29	0.21	217	0.05

Note:

[1] The emission factors of main engine (diesel) of Macau/PRD ferry in Table 4-17 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.

[2] The emission factors of auxiliary engine (diesel) of Macau/PRD ferry in Table 4-17 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.

[3] The emission factors of SO₂ are corrected with the fuel sulphur content according to Section 4.2.31 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" using the following equation:

SO₂ Emission Factor = BSFC x 2 x 0.9755 x Fuel Sulphur Fraction

[4] BSFC of the vessel is referenced to Table 4-17 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

[5] With effective of the Air Pollution Control (Marine Light Diesel) Regulation on 1st April, 2014, the fuel sulphur content limit of the MLD is 0.05%.

Daily Profile of Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Central [1]

	SAT 1		Numb	er of Trip		
Hours	7	Arrival ^[2]			Departure	
	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday / Public Holiday	Weekday	Departure ⁽⁹⁾ Saturday	Sunday/ Public Holiday
01	2	2	2	2	3	3
02	1	2	2	1	1	1
03	1	1	1	1	1	1
04	1	1	1	0	0	0
05	0	0	0	1	1	1
06	1	1	1	0	0	0
07	1	1	1	3	2	2
08	2	2	1	4	3	1
09	3	2	2	4	4	2
10	2	3	2	2	2	2
11	2	2	2	2	2	2
12	2	2	2	2	2	2
13	2	2	2	2	2	2
14	2	2	2	2	2	2
15	2	2	2	2	2	2
16	3	2	2	2	2	2
17	2	2	2	2	2	2
18	22	2	2	2	2	2
19	3	2	2	3	2	2
20	3	2	2	2	2	2
21	2	2	2	2	2	2
22	2	2	2	2	2	2
23	2	2	2	2	2	2
24	2	2	2	2	2	2

Note:

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[1] The daily schedule and sailing time of the ferry service is referenced to Transport Department's website.

[2] The hour of arrival is determined by the departure time at central and the sailing time to arrive Discovery Bay.

E.g. If a ferry departs from Central at 12:40 (Hour 13) and the sailing time is 25 minutes from Transport Department's website, it will arrive Discovery Bay at 13:05 (Hour 14).

The arrival hour of the ferry is therefore Hour 14.

[3] The hour of departure is the hour that the ferry departs at the Discovery Bay.

					1 CRAL	L	V SH			Total Emb	sion (g) ^{LU}		:						1	3							Weighted Aw	erage Emission
1	Numbe	r of Trip				Catama	an Ferry		•					Monoh	ull Ferry					1. 1		Weighted Avera	te Emission (g)	· ·			Rate adop	pted in the
Hour				Am	val	20 A		Depa	isture 📩	<u> </u>		, An	li kur	·*	7	Depa	iture .		·) ·	An	halls inter			Depa	rture:		dispersion	model (g/s)
i f	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Manesivering	Slow Cruise	Falrway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fallway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Falrway Cruise	Hotesling	Nevigation
01	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.216-02	5.96E-01
02	1	1	64	151	316	118	64	226	367	0	68	100	201	74	68	149	234	0	65	136	287	107	65	207	333	0	3.602-02	2.98E-01
03	1	1	64	151	316	118	64	226	367	0	68	100	201	74	68	149	234	0	65	138	287	107	65	207	333	0	3.60E-02	2.98E-01
04	1	0	64	151	316	118	0	0	0	0	68	100	201	74	0	0	0	0	65	138	287	107	0	0	0	0	1.80E-02	1.48E-01
05	0	1	0	0	0	0	64	226	367	0	0	٥	0	0	68	149	234	0	0	0	0	D	65	207	333	0	1.80E-02	1.50E-01
06	1	0	64	151	316	118	0	0	0	0	68	100	201	74	0	0	D	0	65	138	287	107	0	0	0	0	1.80E-02	1.48E-01
07	1	3	64	151	316	118	191	677	1,100	0	68	100	201	74	205	448	701	0	65	138	287	107	195	620	1000	0	7.21E-02	5.98E-01
08	2	_4	128	301	632	236	255	903	1,467	0	137	199	402	14B	273	597	934	0	130	276	574	214	260	827	1333	0	1.08E-01	8.96E-01
09	3	4	191	452	947	354	255	903	1,467	0	205	299	604	223	273	597	934	0	195	413	861	321	260	827	1333	0	1.26E-01	1.04E+00
10	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
11	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
12	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
13	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	45Z	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7 21E-02	5.96E-01
14	2	_ 2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
15	2	2	12B	301	632	236	128	452	733	D	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	567	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
16	3	2	191	452	947	354	128	452	733	0	205	299	604	223	137	299	467	0	195	413	861	321	130	413	667	0	9.01E-02	7.43E-01
17	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	457	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
18	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	259	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
19	3	3	191	452	947	354	191	តា	1,100	0	205	299	604	223	205	448	701	0	195	413	861	321	195	620	1000	0	1.08E-01	. 8.93E-01
20	3	2	191	452	947	354	128	452	733	0	205	299	604	223	137	299	467	0	195	413	861	321	130	413	667	<u> </u>	9.01E-02	7.43E-01
21	2	2	128	301	632	235	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
22	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
23	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.968-01
24	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7 21E-02	5.965-01
Dai	ily Emission	(u)	2,869	6,774	14,211	5,315	2,996	10,612	17,232	0	3,071	4,479	9,053	3,339	3,208	7,018	10,978	0	2,919	6,200	12,921	4,821	3,049	9,713	15,669	0	1	

Note

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) × Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation * total emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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24	6.5				<u> </u>	<u>, </u>				Total Emb	sion (g) ¹⁴		an Line - L		وسين الم	· · · ·			1			Weighted Averag	-	n			Weighted Ave	
inur -	- Numbe	r af Trip				Catamar	4								uli Ferry,		 		3				te esuissioni (2)				Rate ado	plet in the model (in s
	49.49			Añi T	w [] <u>2</u> 20	1919-51	,¢.,	Depi	iture .			An	tval .		to Mark	Depi	nture -				hill:		*		nturii 🖓 🖓 🖓	1 12		
	Armal	Departure	Hotelkog	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Falinity Crubie	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Faliway Crube	Hoteling	Maneuvering	Slow Crube	Fairway Cruise	Hotzelling	Manouvering	Slow Crube	Faliway Chilse	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Falrway Cruiss	Hotelling	Mancurering	Slow Cruiser	Fairway Cruite	Hotelling	Navigati
01	2	3	128	301	632	236	191	677	1,100	0	137	199	402	148	205	448	701	0	130	276	574	214	195	620	1000	0	9.01E-02	7.46E
02	2	1	128	301	632	236	64	226	367	0	137	199	402	148	68	149	234	0	130	276	574	214	65	207	333	0	5.41E-02	4.46
03	1	1	64	151	316	118	64	226	367	0	68	100	201	74	68	149	234	0	65	138	287	107	65	207	333	0	3.60E-02	2.98
04	1	0	64	151	316	118	0	0	0	0	68	100	201	74	0	0	0	0	65	138	287	107	0	0	0	0	1.80E-02	1.48
05	0	1	0	0	0	0	64	226	367	0	0	0	0	0	68	149	234	0	0	0	0	0	65	207	333	0	1.80E-02	1.50
06	1	0	64	151	316	118	0 .	0	0	0	68	100	201	74	0	0	0	0	65	138	287	107	0	0	0	0	1.80E-02	1.48
07	1	2	64	151	316	118	128	452	733	0	68	100	201	74	137	299	467	0	65	138	287	107	130	413	667	0	5.41E-02	4.48
08	2	3	128	301	632	236	191	677	1,100	0	137	199	402	148	205	448	701	0	130	276	574	214	195	620	1000	0	9.01E-02	7.46
09	2	4	128	301	632	236	255	903	1,467	0	137	199	402	148	273	597	934	0	130	276	574	214	260	827	1333	0	1.08E-01	8.96
0	3	2	191	452	947	354	128	452	733	0	205	299	604	223	137	299	467	0	195	413	861	321	130	413	667	0	9.0 <u>1E-02</u>	7.4
11	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96
2	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96
13	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E- <u>02</u>	5.96
14	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7. <u>21E-02</u>	5.9
15	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.9
16	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	D	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.9
17	Z	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.9
18	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7 <u>.21E-02</u>	5.9
19	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96
20	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.9
21	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96
22	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.218-02	5.9
23	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96
24	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96
s. Dal	h Emission	d 🗠 🚬	2,741	6,472	13,579	5,078	2,869	10,160	16,499	0	2,935	4,280	8,651	3,191	3,071	6,719	10,511	0	2,790	5,924	12,347	4,607	2,919	9,300	15,002	0		

Note:

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[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

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[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = total emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Daily NO, emission (Sunday and Public Holidays)

<u> </u>		ey and Public	-			<u> </u>		y		Total Emis	sion (a) ⁽¹⁾	5-1 -					•	-i	3.		 	Veighted Averag	n Emireton Int					erage Emission
	Numbe	r of Trip		<u> </u>		Citamar	ant Ferry		i i	5 2	3 F			Monol	ull Ferry			· ·					a crossion do					oted in the
Hour			1	Arri	Malassa	r.		Depa	rture	<u>. 25 - 2</u>		An	rival v				Inture	<u>es 18</u>		Ar	itval 🗹		190	Depa	rture	2 5 3	dispersion	model (1/1)
	Antival	Departure	Hotelling	Manauvering	Slow Crube	Fairway Cruice	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotalling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruiss	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation
01	2	3	128	301	632	236	191	677	1,100	0	137	199	402	148	205	448	701	0	130	276	574	214	195	620	1000	0	9.01E-02	7.46E-01
02	2	1	128	301	632	236	64	226	367	0	137	199	402	148	68	149	234	0	130	276	574	214	65	207	333	0	5.41E-02	4.46E-01
03	1	1	64	151	316	118	64	226	367	0	68	100	201	74	68	149	234	0	65	138	287	107	65	207	333	0	3.60E-02	2.98E-01
04	1	0	64	151	316	118	0	0	0	0	68	100	201	74	0	0	0	0	65	138	287	107	0	0	0	0	1.80E-02	1.48E-01
05	0	1	0	0	0	0	64	226	367	0	0	0	0	0	68	149	234	0	0	0	0	0	65	207	333	0	1.80E-02	1.50E-01
06	1	0	64	151	316	118	0	0	0	0	68	100	201	74	0	0	0	0	65	138	287	107	0	0	0	0	1.80E-02	1.48E-01
07	1	2	64	151	316	118	128	452	733	0	68	100	201	74	137	299	467	0	65	138	287	107	130	413	667	0	5.41E-02	4.48E-01
08	1	1	64	151	316	118	64	226	367	0	68	100	201	74	68	149	234	0	65	13B	287	107	65	207	333	0	3.60E-02	2.98E-01
09	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.216-02	5.96E-01
10	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.218-02	5.95E-01
11	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96£-01
12	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	. 574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.968-01
13	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	<u> </u>	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
14	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	40Z	248	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96Ę-01
15	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467		130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.218-02	5.968-01
16	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
17	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733		137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
18	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	<u> </u>	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
19	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	<u> </u>	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.968-01
20	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733		137	199	402	148	137	299	467		130	276	\$74	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
21	2	2	128	301	<u>632</u>	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.21E-02	5.96E-01
22	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.216-02	5.968-01
23	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	402	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	574	214	130	413	667	0	7.211-02	5.96E-01
24	2	2	128	301	632	236	128	452	733	0	137	199	40Z	148	137	299	467	0	130	276	\$74	214	130	413	667		7.21E-02	5.96E-01
	ully Emission		2,614	6,171	12,948	4,842	2,614	9,257	15,032	0	2,798	4,081	8,248	3,043	2,798	6,122	9,576	0	2,660	5,649	31,773	4,392	2,660	8,473	13,668	0	4	
Total	Daily Emissi	on (g)				53,	.478							36	,667				I			49,2	275				1	

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Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monobull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monobull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Daily RSP emission (Weekdays)

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	in die								· · · · ·	Total Emis				Starsh	uă Ferry		<u> </u>			• •	<u> </u>	Veighted Averag	re Emission (g	F #			Weighted Ave	verage Emissionted in the
our -	Numpe	er of Trip		Am		-Cetarnia	an Ferry				<u>ور بر ر</u>	<u></u>		nongin	UK (9)7				·						<u> </u>	<u> </u>		n model (g/s
<u> </u>		1		1			<u>}</u>	Depa	inture :			An	rivel 1	- <u>-</u>		Depa	arcune -		·	Arr 1				Depa				
<u>}</u>	Amivai	Departura	Hotelling	Mansuvering	Slow Crube	Feirway Cruise	Hotelling '	Manesivering	Slow Crutee	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Falrway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Falcurary Crubin	Hotelling	Havigati
1	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.436
2	1	1	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	2.1	2.5	48	1.8	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	20	5.0	8.0	0.0	1.126-03	7,15
3	1	1	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1-8	2.1	3.7	56	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	1.12E-03	7.15
;	1	0	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3,4	6.9	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.59E-04	3.54
	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	5.598-04	3.61
	1	0	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.B	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.59E-04	3.54
	1	3	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	5.9	16.4	26.2	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	6.3	11.1	16 9	0.0	2.0	34	6.9	2.5	6.0	15.1	23.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.4
	2	4	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	7.9	21.9	35.0	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	8.5	14.8	22.5	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	8.0	20.1	31.9	0.0	3.35E-03	2.1
	3	4	5.9	10.9	22.6	8.4	7.9	21.9	35.0	0,0	6.3	7.4	14.5	5.3	8.5	14.8	22.5	D.D	6.0	10.1	20.6	7.6	8.0	20.1	31.9	0.0	3.91E-03	2.5
	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.
	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.0
_	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.Z	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.4
	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	56	40	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	00	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.4
	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10 9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.D	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.
	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.
	3	2	5.9	10.9	22.6	8.4	4.0	10.9	17.5	00	6.3	7.4	14.5	5.3	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	6.0	10.1	20.6	7.6	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.79E-03	1.7
	2	2	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1,4
	2	2	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	00	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	
	3	3	5.9	10.9	22.6	8.4	5.9	16.4	26.Z	0.0	63	7.4	14.5	5.3	6.3	11.1	16.9	0.0	6.0	10.1	20.6	7.6	6.0	15.1	23.9	0.0	3.35E-03	2.1
2	3	2	5.9	10.9	22.6	8.4	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	6.3	7.4	14.5	5.3	4.2	7.4	11.3	00	6.0	10.1	20.6	7.6	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.79E-03	
	2	2	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.3	15.9	0.0	2,23E-03	1.4
	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	40	6.7	13.7	5-1	4.0	10.5	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	_1
	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11-3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.4
	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	56	• 4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	97	3.5	4.2	7.4	11 3	00	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.
Daliy	Emission	<u>u</u>	89	164	339	126	93	257	411	0	95	111	218	79	99	173	265	0	91	151	309	114	95	236	374	0	4	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = {Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

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[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = total emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

G:\env\project\235928\12 Reports Deliverables\6 Revised Draft 4\Area 10b\Appendix\Annex A4.2-1 Calculation of Marine Vessels Emissions_V6.xlsx

Daily RSP emission (Saturday)

	-									1	nation (g) ^{tul}		•							Ŷ		Weighted Avera	ine Emission Inf	4			Weighted Av	
	Numbe	r of Trip		<u>.</u>	ren 👘	Catama	na Ferry	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-	MonoM	ull Ferry	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>	e .		1. 20			<u>.</u>		Nake Ido	pted in the
iour			. 17 .	Ái	the Sales - 9		=	Depa	nture 🔅 😳		<u>73. 7</u>	An An	tval 🥂			Depa	iture.	31 11		An	tral	ing a sub-		Dep	wture			INCOL (L/ S)
-84 1	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Muneuvering	Skow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Manerwarkie	Slow Crudse	Fairway Cruisa	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruis	Hotelfing	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hoteling	Maneswering	Slow Crutse	Fairway Cruise	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Naveatio
01	2	3	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	5.9	16.4	26.2	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	6.3	11.1	16.9	0.0	4.0	6.7	137	5.1	6.0	15.1	23.9	0.0	2.79E-03	1.79E-0
02	2	1	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	40	6.7	13.7	5.1	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	1.68E-03	1.07E-0
3	1	1	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	20	3.4	6.9	2.5	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	1.12E-03	7.15E-0
24	1	0	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	S.59E-04	3.54E-0
05	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	5.59E-04	3.61E-0
6	1	0	2.0	3.6	75	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.59E-04	3.54E-0
07	1	2	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	4.2	7.A	11.3	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	1.68E-03	1.08E-(
8	2	3	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	5.9	16.4	26.2	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	6.3	11.1	16.9	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	6.0	15.1	23.9	0.0	2.79E-03	<u>1.</u> 79E-
9	2	4	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	7.9	21.9	35.0	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	8.5	14.8	22.5	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	8.0	20.1	31.9	0.0	3.35E-03	2.15E-
0	3	_ 2	5.9	10.9	22.6	8.4	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	6.3	7.4	14.5	5.3	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	6.0	10.1	20.6	7.6	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.792-03	1.78E
1	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-
2	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	S.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
3	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
4	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.436
5	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
6	2	2	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7,4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
7	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
8	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
9	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
ס	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
1	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	D.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
!	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2 23E-03	1.436
3	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E
4	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17 5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	<u>1.43E</u>
-	y Emission		85	157	324	120	89	246	393	0	91	106	208	76	95	166	253	0	86	144	295	109	91	226	358	0	4	
Yotal	Daily Emissi	ni (d)				14	15			-				9	96				1			13	310					

.

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-In-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Daily RSP emission (Sunday and Public Holidays)

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	Numb	er of Trip				Catamar	an Ferry							Monoh	ull Ferry							WEIGHED AVER 2	Re Emission (E				Rate ado	opted in the
Hour	4.7	• • • •		Arr	tval i			Depa	uture	•	•	Ап	tval 🛛		1, 2	Dept	rturn •c	·	S 64	An	tyai -			Sec. Dep	rture		dispersion	i rpodel (g/s)
	Antral	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvaring	Slow Cruise	Falsway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneswaring	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruzie	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Manauvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelfing	Manesvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^{OR}	Navigation ^{Dig}
01	2	3	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	5.9	16.4	26.2	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	6.3	11.1	16.9	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	6.0	15.1	23.9	0.0	2.79E-03	1.79E-02
02	2	1	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	1.68E-03	1.078-02
03	1	1	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	2.0	5.5	B .7	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	1.12E-03	7.15E-03
04	1	0	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.59E-04	3.54E-03
05	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	5.59E-04	3.61E-03
06	1	0	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.59E-04	3.548-03
07	1	2	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	1 68E-03	1.08E-02
08	1	1	2.0	3.6	7.5	2.8	2.0	5.5	8.7	0.0	2.1	2.5	4.8	1.8	2.1	3.7	5.6	0.0	2.0	3.4	6.9	2.5	2.0	5.0	8.0	0.0	1.12E-03	7.15E-03
09	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
10	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2 23E-03	1.43E-02
11	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
12	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.438-02
13	2	2	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
14	2	_ 2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	D.D	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
15	2	2.	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1 43E-02
16	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3,5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
17	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
18	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
19	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
20	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
21	2	2	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
22	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
23	2	2	4.0	7.3	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
24	2	2	4.0	73	15.1	5.6	4.0	10.9	17.5	0.0	4.2	4.9	9.7	3.5	4.2	7.4	11.3	0.0	4.0	6.7	13.7	5.1	4.0	10.1	15.9	0.0	2.23E-03	1.43E-02
	My Emission		81	150	309	114	81	224	359	0	87	101	199	1 12	87	151	231	0	82	137		104	82	206	327	1 0	4	
j TOLA	Duily Emissi	on ug				1,3	18							9	28							1,2	220				1	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-In-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

aily FSP en	nission (Weel	edays)																								_		
		÷.	2 - C.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>.</u>	· ·	Total Em	bsion (g) ¹⁴			1. j.	<u></u>							Weighted Averag	a Cartinian Int	a	•			erage Emission
Hour	Numbr	er of Trip	<u> </u>			Catama	ran Ferry			·	5 C. 1			🔅 Monoh	uit Ferry	- 19 × 10						WEIGHTED AVES A	e chission (11)		· · · ·	· •,•		pted in the
HOUT				Arr	Val			Depi	nture			An	tval			Dep	acture	15	. 5 2	AN An	itval 🦾	•		Depa	rture 🚊 🚬	•	, dispersion	model (g/s)
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Manesvering	Skriv Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Falway Cruise	Hotelling	Manauvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Crutse	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation
01	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
02	1	1	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	1.8	5.1	8.2	0.0	2.0	2.3	4,5	1.7	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	1.9	4.7	7.5	0.0	1.058-03	6.69E-03
03	1	1	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	1.8	5.1	B.2	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	1.9	4.7	7.5	0.0	1.05E-03	6.69E-03
04	1	0	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.23E-04	3 31E-03
05	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	5.1	B.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	4.7	7.5	0.0	5.23E-04	3.38E-03
06	1	0	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.23E-04	3.31E-03
07	1	3	1.6	3.4	7.0	2.6	5.5	15.4	24.5	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	5.9	10.4	15.8	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	5.6	14.1	22.4	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
08	2	4	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	7.4	20.5	32.7	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	7.9	13.8	21.1	0.0	3.6	6.3	12.8	4.7	7.5	18.8	29.8	0.0	3.14E-03	2.01E-02
09	3	4	5.5	10.2	21.1	7.8	7.4	20.5	32.7	0.0	5.9	6.9	13.6	5.0	7.9	13.8	21.1	0.0	5.6	9.4	19.3	7.1	7.5	18.8	29.8	0.0	3.668-03	2.34E-02
10	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.098-03	1.34E-02
11	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	47	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
12	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
13	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0,0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
14	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
15	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
16	3	2	5.5	10 2	21.1	7.8	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	5.9	6.9	13.6	5.0	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	5.6	9.4	19.3	7.1	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.61E-03	1.675-02
17	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.348-02
18	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
19	3	Э	5.5	10.2	21.1	7.8	5.5	15.4	24.5	0.0	5.9	6.9	13.6	5.0	5.9	10.4	15.8	0.0	5.6	9.4	19.3	7.1	5.6	14.1	ZZ.4	0.0	3.14E-03	2.01E-02
20	3	2	5.5	10.2	21.1	7.8	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	5.9	6.9	13.6	5.0	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	5.6	9.4	19.3	7.1	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.61E-03	1.67E-02
21	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.B	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
22	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
23	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.B	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.346-02
24	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
C4	illy Emission	(uí)	83	154	317	117	87	241	384	0	89	104	204	74	93	162	247	0	85	141	289	107	88	221	350	0		
Total	Dally Emissi	on (g)				13	383		-					. 9	74		·	·····		• 	-1	12	81		•	•	1	

Note:

(1) Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = total emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Central

<u>н</u>	Numbe	r of Tria				Catalog				Total End			<u> </u>	Marah	uli Ferry							Veighted Averag	e Emission (g)	pati e e de la companya	t			verage Emissio
Hour				An	ival .	Catamar	au territ	Depa					final 2	HILESOI	1.5 L	Depa	inture -	2 3 0				14 2 50		Depar				n model (g/s)
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling			Faleway Cruise	Hotalling	Manaivering	Slow Crube	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Feirway Cruise	<i>k</i> .	Maneumering	Slow Cruise	Faleway Cruise	Hotelling	Manesivering		Feirway Chuise	Hotelling	Maneuvering		Fairway Cruise	Hoteiling ¹⁴	Navigatio
01	2	3	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	5.5	15.4	24.5	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	5.9	10.4	15.8	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	5.6	14.1	22.4	0.0	2.61E-03	1.68E-0
02	2	1	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	1.8	5.1	8.2	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	1.9	4.7	7.5	0.0	1.57E-03	1.00E-0
03	1	1	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	1.8	5.1	8.2	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	24	1.9	4.7	75	0.0	1.05E-03	6.69E-0
04	1	0	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.23E-04	3.31E-0
05	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	5.1	8.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	4.7	7.5	0.0	5.23E-04	3.38E-0
06	1	0	1.B	3.4	7.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.23E-04	3.31E-0
07	1	2	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	Э.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	3.8	9,4	14.9	0.0	1.57E-03	1.01E-0
08	2	3	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	5.5	15.4	24.5	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	5.9	10.4	15.8	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	5.6	14.1	22.4	0.0	2.61E-03	1.68E-0
09	2	4	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	7.4	20.5	32.7	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	7.9	13.8	21.1	0.0	3.8	63	12.8	4.7	7.5	18.8	29.8	0.0	3.14E-03	2.01E-0
10	3	2	5.5	10.2	21.1	7.8	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	5.9	6.9	13.6	5.0	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	5.6	9.4	19.3	7.1	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.616-03	1.67E-0
11	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3,3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.B	5.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
12	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.B	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
13	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.B	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
14	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
15	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.098-03	1.34E-0
16	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
17	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
18	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	_ 10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.B	4.7	3.8	9,4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
19	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
20	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
21	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	33	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
22	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
23	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
24	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-0
	y Emission Willy Embol		79	147	303	112	83	230	368] 0	85	99	195	71	89	155	237	0	81	135	276	102	85	212	335	0	4	

.

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = total emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Słow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Daily FSP emission (Sunday and Public Holidays)

					<u> </u>					Total Emis	sion (g) ^[1]									Ň. S.	. ²⁰ w	eighted Averag	e Emission (g	nt ji	2	Teres		orage Embsion
Hour	Numbe	ar of Trip					m Ferry						<u>.</u>	Monoh	uli Ferry											the second s		model (g/s)
			. 	Arri	val 🦾 👔			Depa	rture			Arr	fval	r	 	j Depa	iture		3	- , Ari			·	Depa				
	Arrivel	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Faliway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hatelling	Manusvering	Slow Cruise	Falcway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise		Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelsing	Navigation
01	2	3	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	5.5	15.4	24.5	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	5.9	10.4	15.8	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	5.6	14.1	22.4	0.0	2.61E-03	1.68E-02
02	2	1	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	1.8	5.1	8.2	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	1.9	4.7		00	1.57E-03	1.00E-02
03	1	1	1.6	3.4	7.0	2.6	1.6	5.1	8.2	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	1.9	4.7	7.5	0.0	1.05E-03	6.69E-03
04	1	D	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.23E-04	3.31E-03
05	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	5.1	8.2	× 0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	00	00	0.0	0.0	1.9	4.7	7.5	0.0	5.23E-04	3.38E-03
06	1	0	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.23E-04	<u>3.31E-03</u>
07	1	2	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	1.57E-03	1.01E-02
08	1	1	1.8	3.4	7.0	2.6	1.8	5.1	B.2	0.0	2.0	2.3	4.5	1.7	2.0	3.5	5.3	0.0	1.9	3.1	6.4	2.4	1.9	4.7	7.5	00	1.05E-03	6.69E-03
09	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
10	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
11	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	40	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	63	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
12	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12 8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
13	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	00 -	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
14	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.345-02
15	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
16	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
17	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12 8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
_18	2	2	3.7	6.B	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
19	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
20	2	2	3.7	68	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
21	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
22	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
23	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34E-02
Z4	2	2	3.7	6.8	14.1	5.2	3.7	10.2	16.4	0.0	4.0	4.6	9.1	3.3	4.0	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.8	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.8	9.4	14.9	0.0	2.09E-03	1.34 <u>E</u> -02
Da	ily Emission	(ut)	76	140	289	107	76	210	335	0	81	94	186	68	81	142	Z16	0	<u> </u>	129	263	97	77	193	305	0	1	
Total	Daily Emissio	on (ut	_			1,2	33				_			8	68							1,1	42	-				

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxillary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-In-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

(3) Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



										Fulle Total Em	ission (u) ⁽¹⁾			<u>.</u>	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1.1.1.1			Weighted Avera		(d)				erage Emissio
Hour	Numb	er of Trip		A.L. 1.3.		Crtama	ran Ferry .	3 ·	÷	2.4				Monoh	ull Ferry		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	2 1	Ę		Weigniceo Avera	re Emission (gr					pted in the / model (g/s)
10.4				Arr	ival		Á.	Depa	rture			Ar Ar	rival y	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		Dep	nture 🗸		·	Art						<u> </u>	шарепнол	
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Manauvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelline	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruis	e Hoteling	Maneuvaring	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuverkig	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruiss	Hotelling	Navigation
01	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
02	1	1	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	1.4	3.7	5.9	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	1.4	2.5	3.8	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	1.4	3.4	5.4	0.0	7.65E-04	4.81E-03
03	1	1	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	1.4	3.7	5.9	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	1.4	2.5	3.8	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	1.4	3.4	5.4	0.0	7.65E-04	4.81E-03
04	1	0	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.82E-04	2.38E-03
05	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.7	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.5	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.4	5.4	0.0	3.82E-04	2.43E-03
06	1	0	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.82E-04	2.38E-03
07	1	3	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	4.1	11.1	17.6	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	4.3	7.5	11.4	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	4.1	10.2	16.1	0.0	1.53E-03	9.67E-03
DB	2	4	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	5.4	14.7	23.5	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	5.8	10.0	15.2	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.Z	3.4	5.5	13.5	21.4	0.0	2.29E-03	1.45E-02
09	3	4	4.1	7.4	15.2	5.6	5.4	14.7	23.5	0.0	4.3	5.0	9.8	3.6	5.8	10.0	15.2	0.0	4.1	6.8	13.8	5.1	5.5	13.5	21.4	0.0	2.68E-03	1.69E-02
10	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.B	4.5	9.2	3.4	28	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
11	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	68	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
12	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	24	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
13	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
14	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	28	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
15	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
16	3	2	4.1	7.4	15.2	5.6	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	4.3	5.0	9.8	3.6	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	4.1	68	13.8	5.1	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.91E-03	1.20E-02
17	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.B	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
18	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.B	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3,4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
19	3	3	4.1	7.4	15.2	5.6	4.1	13.1	17.6	0.0	4.3	5.0	9.8	3.6	4.3	7.5	11.4	0.0	4.1	6.8	13.8	5.1	4.1	10.2	16.1	0.0	2.29E-03	1.44E-02
20	3	Z	4.1	7.4	15.2	5.6	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	4.3	5.0	9.8	3.6	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	4.1	68	13.8	5.1	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.91E-03	1.20E-02
21	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	Z.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.626-03
22	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
23	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
24	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.B	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9 62E-03
Da	Y Emission	lad · Dat	61	111	228	84	64	173	276	0	65	75	147	53	68	117	178	0	62	102	208	77	65	159	252	0		

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[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use

Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Central

Daily SO₂ emission (Saturday)

Daily SO ₂ e	mission (Satu	rday)																					_					
		1.5				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Total Emi	ssion (g) ¹¹¹	9 E .			,						1 1 1	Weighted Average	e Emission ini	n .	Талыст			erage Embsion
Hour	Numb	er of 11 lp				Catama	urani Ferriy	<u></u>				<u>.</u>	16.1	Monoh	al Ferry				i;	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			L	Â.	<u> </u>	Rate adop	pted in the model (g/s)
		· · · · ·		An	rival			Dep	arture	<u>,</u>	etc.	An	tval ::			Дер і					itral-,					1		
٤.	Artival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuverine	Slow Cruite	Falrway Cruss	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Siow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hoteling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Mineuvering	Slow Cruise	The Fairway Crube	Hotelling	Nevigation ^{DI}
01	2	3	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	41	11.1	17.6	00	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	4.3	7.5	11.4	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	4.1	10.2	16.1	0.0	1.91E-0 <u>3</u>	1.20E-02
02	2	1	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	1.4	3.7	5.9	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	24	1.4	2.5	3.8	0.0	2.8	45	9.2	3.4	1.4	3.4	5.4	0.0	1.15E-03	7.19E-03
03	1	1	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	14	3.7	5.9	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	1.4	2.5	38	0.0	1.4	23	4.6	1.7	1.4	3.4	54	0.0	7.65E-04	4.81E-03
04	1	0	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	00	1.4	1.7	3.3	, 1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14	23	4.6	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	00	3.82E-04	2.38E-03
05	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.7	5.9	00	D.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.5	3.8	00	00	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	34	5.4	0.0	3.82E-04	2.43E-03
06	1	0	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	23	4.6	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.82E-04	2.38E-03
07	1	2	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	2.9	5.0	7.6	00	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.15E-03	7.24E-03
08	2	3	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	4.1	11.1	17.6	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	4.3	7.5	11.4	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	4.1	10.2	16.1	0.0	1.91E-03	1.20E-02
09	2	4	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	5.4	14.7	23.5	0.0	2.9	3.3	65	2.4	5.8	10.0	15.2	00	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	5.5	13.5	21.4	0.0	2.29 <u>E-03</u>	1.45E-02
10	3	2	4.1	7.4	15.2	5.6	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	4.3	5.0	9.8	3.6	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	4.1	6.8	13 8	5.1	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.91E-03	1.20E-02
11	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	45	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
12	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
13	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	45	9.2	34	2.8	68	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9 62E-03
14	2	2	2.7	4.9	10 1	3.7	27	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	76	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
15	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11 8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	_10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
16	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	00	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	28	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
17	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9. <u>62E-03</u>
18	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	27	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	33	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	00	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10 7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
19	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	f 7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	34	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	<u>1.53E-03</u>	9.62E-03
20	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
21	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3,4	2,8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
22	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
23	2	+ <u></u>	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	45	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	9.62E-03
24	2 Ally Emission	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	00	2.8	45	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	<u>1.53E-03</u>	9.62 <u>E-03</u>
	n Daily Emission		58	106	218	81	61 54	166	265		62	71	140	51	65	112	170	0	59	97	198	73	62	152	241		4	
7640	in residence contactor					9									72				L			88	55				L	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is adopted for assessment. As advised by the operator, the number of vessels for Catamaran Ferry and Monohull Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Central

Daily SO₂ emission (Sunday and Public Holidays)

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our +	Number		1		5-7	Catamar	an Ferry							Monoh	ull Ferry	<u> </u>	1 	10 - 1 - 1				Weighted Avera	ge Emission (g	Δ.	1.2	1		opted in the
3		2"	<u> </u>	Art			- (- K - 1	E Dep	ature			An	tval 🔰 1		- 1 -			24 0		An	rival .		15 J.A	Dep	arture 🔬 😂 🖄	- M - L	I dispersion	. <u></u>
5	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Manasovering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Crutse	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelfing	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Crube	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^{Dij}	Nevige
01	2	3	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	4.1	11.1	17.6	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	4.3	7.5	11.4	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	4.1	10.2	16.1	0.0	1.91E-03	1.20
)2	2	1	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	1.4	3.7	5.9	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	1.4	2.5	3.8	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	1.4	3.4	5.4	0.0	1.15E-03	7.1
	1	1	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	1.4	3.7	5.9	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	1.4	2.5	3.8	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	1.4	3.4	5.4	0.0	7.65E-04	4.
×	1	0	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.82E-04	2.
5	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	D.Q	1.4	3.7	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.5	3.6	0.0	D.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.4	5.4	0.0	3.82E-04	2
·	1	D	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	D.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.82E-04	2
/	1	2	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.15E-03	7
3	1	1	1.4	2.5	5.1	1.9	1.4	3.7	5.9	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.3	1.2	1.4	2.5	3.8	0.0	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.7	1.4	3.4	5.4	0.0	7.65E-04	4
9	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	28	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
<u> </u>	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	S.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	68	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
L	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6,5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
<u> </u>	_2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.B	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.B	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	_
	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	50	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
<u> </u>	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.B	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	68	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	-
5	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
5	_2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.6	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
/	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
3	2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.A	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
2	~ 2	2	2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	28	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	_
	2		2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	Z.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
			2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	_
			2.7	4.9	10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	_
]			2.7	4.9	10.1 10.1	3.7	2.7	7.4	11.B	0.0	2.9	3.3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
	Émission (<u>-</u>	55	4.9		3,7	2.7	7.4	11.8	0.0	2.9	3,3	6.5	2.4	2.9	5.0	7.6	0.0	2.8	4.5	9.2	3.4	2.8	6.8	10.7	0.0	1.53E-03	
	wity Emissio			101	208	77 86	55	151	241		59	68	134	49	<u>59</u> 26	102	155	0	56	93	189	70	<u>56</u>	139	220		4	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-In-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] As there is no information on the vessel types used in each trip, the weighted emission from Catamaran Ferry and Monohuli Ferry is 6 and 2 vessels respectively.

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[3] Emission during Hotelling = total emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = total emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use

Title: Model Input Parameter for Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Central

Name	Source ID	Source Type	×	¥.22	Stack Height / Release Height (m) ¹⁵¹	Euit Temperature (K) ^{III}	Exit Velocity (m/s) ¹⁴	Diameter (m) ^(H)	Emission Rata (g/s)
Hotelling	DCH001	Point	819882	817541	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [1]
	DCM001	Point	819901	817546	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM002	Point	819920	817551	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM003	Point	819937	817562	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM004	Point	819951	817576	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM005	Point	819965	817591	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM006	Point	819979	817605	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM007	Point	819993	817619	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM008	Point	820007	817634	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM009	Point	820021	817648	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM010	Point	820034	817663	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM011	Point	820048	817677	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM012	Point	820052	817692	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM013	Point	820076	817706	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM014	Point	820091	817719	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM015	Point	820108	817729	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM016	Point	820125	817740	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM017	Point	820142	817751	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Navigation	DCM018	Point	820159	817761	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM019	Point	820176	817772	5.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM020	Point	820194	817782	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM021	Point	820211	817792	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM022	Point	820229	817800	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM023	Point	820248	817807	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM024	Point	820266	817814	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM025	Point	820285	817821	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM026	Point	820304	817828	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM027	Point	820323	817834	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM028	Point	820342	817839	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM029	Point	820361	817845	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM030	Point	820381	817851	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM031	Point	820400	817857	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM032	Point	820419	817862	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM033	Point	820438	817868	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DCM034	Point	820458	817872	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]

Note:

(1) Hourly Emission Rates (hotelling) are given in Daily NO,, RSP, FSP and SO, Emission Summary in Page 3 to Page 14.

[2] Hourly Emission Rates (navigation) are given in Daily NO,, RSP, FSP and SO₂ Emission Summary in Page 3 to Page 14.

Higher emission during slow cruise Is found compared with that during maneuvering mode.

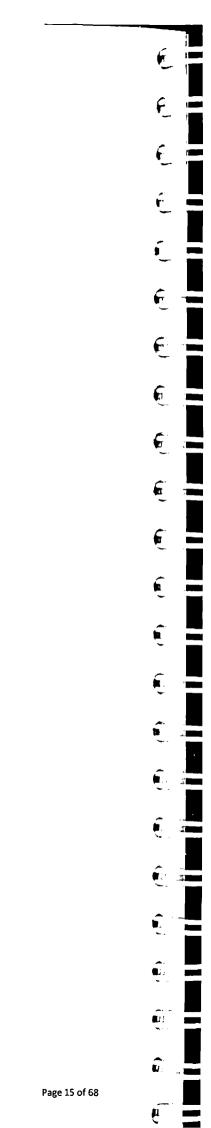
Due to the uncertainty on the location of navigation route under each mode, the emission during navigation is evenly distributed among the navigation route as a conservative approach.

The emission rate adopted = (Hourly emission rate of navigation (arrival) + Hourly emission rate of navigation (departure))/Number of Navigation Sources (i.e. 34 sources for this ferry route)

[3] No information from the operator is available. Information for release height, exit temperature and chimney diameter for passenger vessels based on information from approved EIA study "Expansion of Heliport Facilities at Macau Ferry Terminal" (AEIAR-095/2006)
 [4] No information from the operator is available. Information for exit velocity of passenger ferries based on information from approved EIA study "Organic Waste Treatment Facilities, Phase I" (AEIAR-149/2010)

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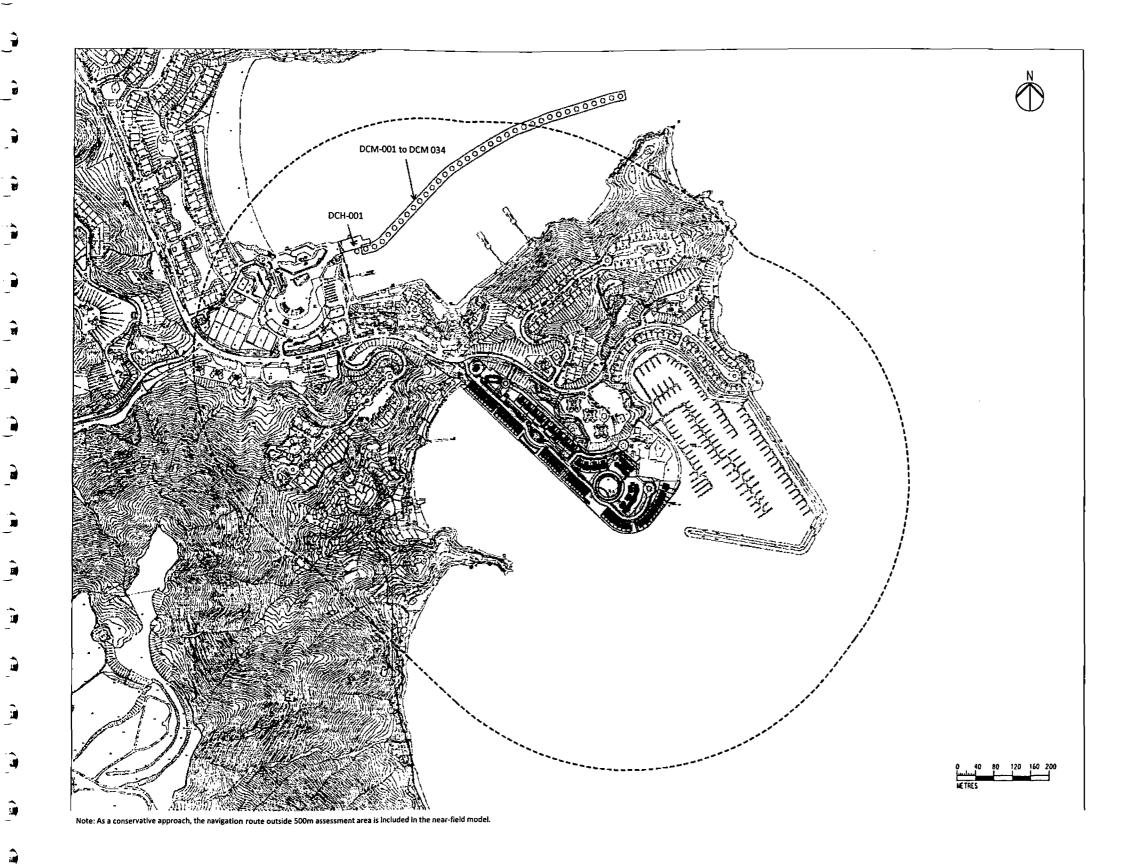


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Engine Power and Load Factors under Different Operation Mode of Main Engine

		Vessel Spi	ed (Knots)		Load Factor ¹⁴¹				
Main Engine Power (kW)	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	
643 ^[1]	0.00	4.5 ^[2]	10.0 ^[2]	12.0 ^[3]	0.00	0.30	0.45	0.45	

Note:

[1] No information from operator is available. The engine power is referenced to the vessel (GRT 0-499) in Table 4-5 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

[2] Vessel speeds under maneuvering (1-8 knots) and slow cruise (8-12 knots) are referenced to Table 3-24 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory". The average speed of each mode is adopted for assessment purpose.
 [3] Vessel speeds under fairway cruise (>12 knots) are referenced to Table 3-24 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory". The average speed of each mode is adopted for assessment purpose.
 [4] No information from operator is available. The load factors are referenced to vessel type "all except tug" in Table 4-7 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

Engine Power and Load Factors under Different Operation Mode of Auxiliary Engine

	S .	* Load	Factor	
Auxiliary Engine Power (kW)	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise
66 ^{11]}	0.43 ^[2]	0.43 ^[2]	0.43 ^[2]	0.43 ^[2]

Note:

No information from operator is available. The engine power is referenced to the vessel (GRT 0-499) in Table 4-6 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".
 No information from operator is available. The load factors are referenced to river trade vessel in Table 4-10 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

Time-in-mode

Route			Time-in-mode (minutes)							
Route		Hotelling 5	Maneuvering Ma	Is Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise					
Direct travel between Discovery Bay and Peng	Arrival	5.00 ^[1]	1.20 ^[2]	1.20 ^[2]	0.33 ^[5]					
Chau	Departure	5.00 ^[1]	1.80 ^[2]	1.33 ^[3]	0.00 ^[3]					
Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via	Arrival	5.00 ^[1]	1.20 ^[2]	1.20 ^[2]	0.28 ^[5]					
Trappist Haven Monastery	Departure	5.00 ^[1]	1.80 ^[2]	1.26 [4]	0.00 ^[4]					

Note:

[1] The hotelling time is collected from site survey

[2] TIM of maneuvering and slow cruise is referenced to Table 4.15 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory"

[3] The total length of navigation route adopted in the near-field model is 660m for Peng Chau Kaito. During departure, the ferry will leave the modelled navigation route under slow cruise mode.

Therefore, TIM of slow cruise (departure) = Length of navigation route under slow cruise / vessel speed under slow cruise

Length of navigation route under slow cruise = Total navigation route length adopted in the near-field model - Length of navigation route under maneuvering

Length of navigation route under maneuvering = TIM of maneuvering x vessel speed under maneuvering

[4] The total length of navigation route adopted in the near-field model is 640m for Peng Chau Kaito (via Trappist Haven Monastery). During departure, the ferry will leave the modelled navigation route under slow cruise mode.

Therefore, TIM of slow cruise (departure) = Length of navigation route under slow cruise / vessel speed under slow cruise

Length of navigation route under slow cruise = Total navigation route length adopted in the near-field model - Length of navigation route under maneuvering

Length of navigation route under maneuvering = TIM of maneuvering x vessel speed under maneuvering

[5] TIM of fairway cruise = Length of navigation route under fairway cruise / vessel speed under fairway cruise

Length of navigation route under fairway cruise = Total navigation route length adopted in the near-field model - Length of navigation route under maneuvering - Length of navigation route under slow cruise Length of navigation route under maneuvering = TIM of maneuvering x vessel speed under maneuvering

Length of navigation route under slow cruise = TIM of slow cruise x vessel speed under slow cruise

Emission Factors of Main Engine and Auxiliary Engine

Engine Type		Emission Fac	tõrs (g/Kwh)		Brake Specific Fuel Consumption	Fuel Sulphur Content
	NO _x	RSP	FSP	SO2 ^[3]	(8SFC) ^[4]	(%) [5]
Main Engine ^[1]	10.00	0.30	0.29	0.21	213	0.05
Auxiliary Engine [2]	10.00	0.40	0.39	0.21	213	0.05

Note:

[1] The emission factors of main engine(Cat.1) (All RTVs except (a) chemical/gas/oil tankers with GRT ≥ 1,000 and (b) all tugs)) in Table 4-16 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.
 [2] The emission factors of auxiliary engine of RTVs in Table 4-16 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.

[3] The emission factors of SO₂ are corrected with the fuel sulphur content according to Section 4.2.31 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" using the following equation:

SO₂ Emission Factor = BSFC x 2 x 0.9755 x Fuel Sulphur Fraction

[4] BSFC of the vessel is referenced to Section 4.2.27 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

(5) With effective of the Air Pollution Control (Marine Light Diesel) Regulation on 1st April, 2014, the fuel sulphur content limit of the MLD is 0.05%.



Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau

	- 		Rumbe	olin		
Hours	يري جي من من المنظمة المستحدة المراجعة المتحاد. الأول المنظمة في مراجعة المراجعة المن المراجعة المحادة الم	Antival	- 1 ML - CC - A - 1		Departure	
	Weekday	Saturday	Şünday/ Public Holiday	Weekday	Departure ¹⁴ Saturday	Sunday Public Holiday
01	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	0	0	0	0	0	0
03	0	0	0	0	0	0
04	0	0	0	0	0	0
05	0	0	0	0	0	0
06	0	0	0	0	0	0
07	1	1	1	1	1	1
08	1	1	1	1	1	1
09	1	1	1	1	1	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	1
11	0	0	0 .	0	0	1
12	0	0	0	1	1	0
13	0	0	0	1	1	1
14	1	1	2	1	1	2
15	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	1	1	1
18	1	1	1	1	1	1
19	2	2	2	2	2	2
20	1	1	1	1	1	1
21	0	_ 1	1	1	1	1
22	0	0	0	0	0	11
23	1	1	1	1	1	1
24	0	0	0	0	0	0

Daily Profile of Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau (Direct Travel)^[1]

Note:

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[1] The daily schedule is referenced to Transport Department's website. The sailing time is collected from site survey.

[2] The hour of arrival is determined by the departure time at Peng Chau and the sailing time to arrive Discovery Bay.

E.g. If a ferry departs from Peng Chau at 06:30 (Hour 7) and the sailing time is about 10 minutes collected from site survey, it will arrive Discovery Bay at 06:40 (Hour 7). The arrival hour of the ferry is therefore Hour 7.

[3] The hour of departure is the hour that the ferry departs at the Discovery Bay.

Dally Profile of Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau (via Trappist Haven Monastery)^[1]

		en Discovery bay and Peng	Numbe	r of Trip		
Hours		Anivalit			Departure ^[3]	in the second
nuurs	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday /	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday / Public Holiday
01	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	0	0	0	0	0	0
03	0	0	0	0	0	0
04	0	0	0	0	0	0
05	0	0	0	0	0	0
06	00	0	0	0	0	0
07	0	0	0	0	0	0
08	0	0	0	0	0	0
09	1	1		1	1	11
10	1	1	11	1	1	1
11	1	1	<u> </u>	1	1	0
12	1	1	11	0	0	1
13	1	1	1	0	0	0
14	0	0	<u> </u>	0	0	0
15	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	0	1	1	0	1	1
17	1	1	1	0	0	0
18	1	1	1	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	1	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note:

[1] The daily schedule is referenced to Transport Department's website. The sailing time is collected from site survey.

[2] The hour of arrival is determined by the departure time at Peng Chau and the sailing time to arrive Discovery Bay.

E.g. If a ferry departs from Peng Chau at 10:45 (Hour 11) and the salling time is about 20 minutes collected from site survey, it will arrive Discovery Bay at 11:05 (Hour 12). The arrival hour of the ferry is therefore Hour 12.

[3] The hour of departure is the hour that the ferry departs at the Discovery Bay.

G:\env\project\235928\12 Reports Deliverables\6 Revised Draft 4\Area 10b\Appendix\Annex A4.2-1 Calculation of Marine Vessels Emissions_V6.xlsx

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Numbe				2	Total Emis	sion (g) ^[1]	(24) - 22),	. Š		Castaday	Rate (g/s)
Hour	edmun	r of Trip		Arr	ival			Depa	rture,		Emission	Nate (K/S)
· •	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation ^[2]
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	D	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
08	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
09	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
12	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-02
13	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-02
14	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-02
18	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
19	2	2	47	89	127	35	47	133	141	0	2.63E-02	1.46E-01
20	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
21	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-02
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission	(g)	213	398	572	158	307	863	914	0		
	Total Daily Emissi	on (g)		·		3,4	26					

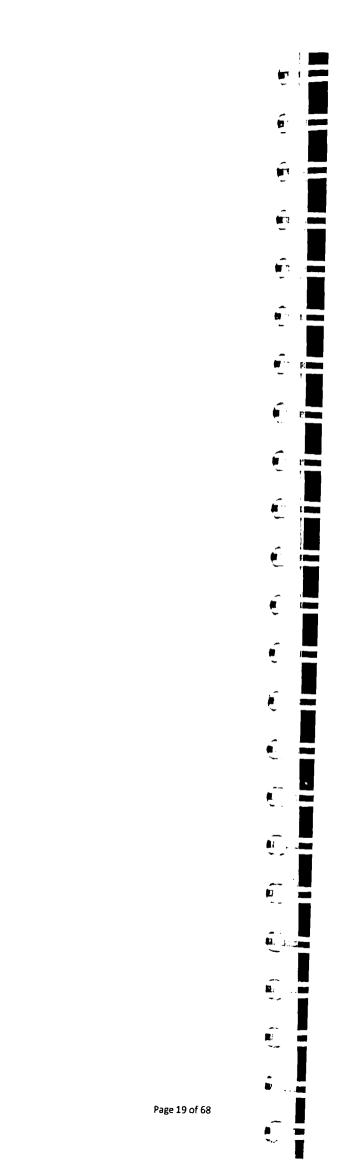
Daily NOx emission (Weekdays)(Direct Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



	Numbo	r of Trip			•	Total Emis	sion (g) ^[1]				Emission Rate (g/s).	
i Hòur	Numbe		101	Arr	ival 🔣			Depa	rture 🖉 🦾 🛼	15. T	A CHINSSION	nate (K/S).
	🛄 🥈 Arrival 👘 🔅	Departure	; Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ¹²¹	Navigation
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
08	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
09	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	· 0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
12	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-0
13	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-0
14	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
17	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-0
18	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-0
19	2	2	47	89	127	35	47	133	141	0	2.63E-02	1.46E-0
20	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-0
21	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
23	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
	Daily Emission	(g)	237	443	635	176	307	863	914	0		
	Total Daily Emissio	on (g)				3,5	75					

Daily NOx emission (Saturday)(Direct Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)

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[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use

Title:Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau

	Al	er of Trip				Total Emis	sion (g) ^[1]	.		- 1	Emiceion	Emicsion Pata (a/c)	
Hour	dunn	er of frip			ival 📜			Depa	rture Sta		Emission		
្រុង	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	¹ Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ¹²¹	Navigation	
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
07	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02	
08	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02	
09	1	0	24	44	64	18	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.48E-02	
10	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-02	
11	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-02	
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
13	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-02	
14	2	2	47	89	127	35	47	133	141	0	2.63E-02	1.46E-0	
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0	
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0	
17	D	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-02	
18	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02	
19	2	2	47	89	127	35	47	133	141	0	2.63E-02	1.46E-0	
20	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-0	
21	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-0	
22	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	70	0	6.57E-03	3.80E-0	
23	1	1	24	44	64	18	24	66	70	0	1.31E-02	7.28E-02	
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0	
	Daily Emission	(g)	260	487	699	193	355	996	1,055	0			
	Total Daily Emiss	lon (g)				4,0	45]		

Daily NOx emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)(Direct Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



Daily RSP emission (Weekdays)(Direct Travel between D	Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)
---	------------------------------

	Numbe	er of Trip		ind Peng Chau)		Total Emi	sion (g) ^[1]	1.35			Emission	Data lala
Hour					ival	11 A		Depa	rture 3		Emission **	Rate (g/s)
1	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	5low, Cruise	Fairway Cruise	. Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
08	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
09	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-03
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-03
14	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-03
18	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
19	2	2	1.9	2.8	3.9	1.1	1.9	4.2	4.3	0.0	1.05E-03	4.52E-03
20	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
21	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-03
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission	(g)	8.5	12.5	17.7	4.9	12.3	27.0	28.3	0.0		-
	Total Daily Emissi	on (g)		•		111	1.1					

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[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Daily RSP emission	(Saturday)(Direct Travel betwee	en Discovery Ba	y and Peng Chau)
--------------------	---------------------------------	-----------------	------------------

	Number of Trip				• • •	Total Emi	ssion (g) ^[1]	15 B			Emission	Rate (g/c)
Hour				Arr	ival		ř – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	Depa	rture			<u> </u>
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation ^[2]
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
08	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
09	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-03
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-03
14	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-03
18	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
19	2	2	1.9	2.8	3.9	1.1	1.9	4.2	4.3	0.0	1.05E-03	4.52E-03
20	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
21	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission	(g)	9.5	13.8	19.6	5.4	12.3	27.0	28.3	0.0		
	Total Daily Emissi	ion (g)				11	5.9		_]	

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Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

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	Numba	r of Trip				Total Emi	ission (g) ^[1]	1.11			Emission	Poto (alc)
Hour				Am	ival	1. A. S.		Depa	rture		Emission	Hate (g/s)
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
08	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
09	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.08E-0
10	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-0
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-0
12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-03
14	2	2	1.9	2.8	3.9	1.1	1.9	4.2	4.3	0.0	1.05E-03	4.52E-0
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0:0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-0
18	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0:9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-0
19	2	2	1.9	2.8	3.9	1.1	1.9	4.2	4.3	0.0	1.05E-03	4.52E-0
20	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-0
21	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-0
22	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	2.63E-04	1.18E-0
23	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.2	0.0	5.26E-04	2.26E-03
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
	Daily Emission		10.4	15.2	21.6	6.0	14.2	31.1	32.6	0.0		_
	Total Daily Emissio					13	1.1	-		-]	

Daily RSP emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)(Direct Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)

Note:

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[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

G:\env\project\235928\12 Reports Deliverables\6 Revised Draft 4\Area 10b\Appendix\Annex A4.2-1 Calculation of Marine Vessels Emissions_V6.xlsx

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Daily FSP emission (Weekdays)(Direct Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)

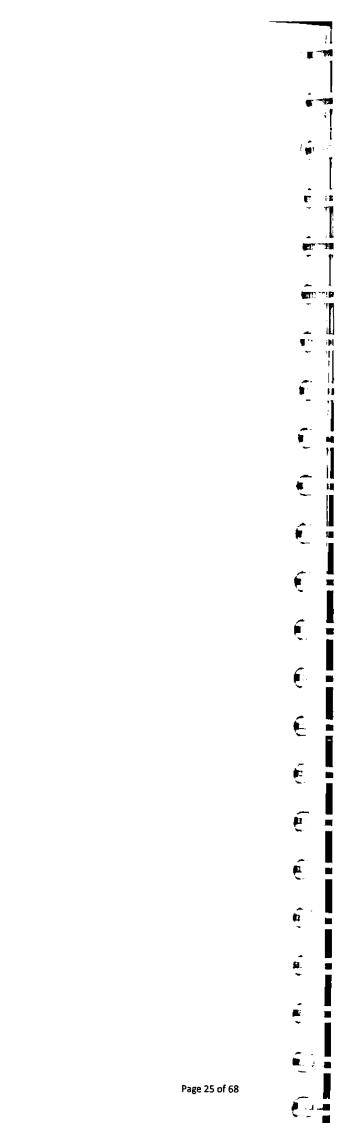
	Nusahi	Number of Trip										Emission Rate (g/s)	
Hour		er of Trip			ival 🖄 👘 🖄		3	👬 🔬 Depa		the second	Emission	Rate (g/s)	
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation ^[2]	
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
07	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
08	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
09	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
11	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
14	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
18	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
19	2	2	1.8	2.7	3.8	1.1	1.8	4.0	4.2	0.0	1.02E-03	4.39E-03	
20	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
21	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
23	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
•.	Daily Emission	(g)	8.3	12.1	17.1	4.7	12.0	26.2	27.4	0.0			
	Total Daily Emissi	Emission (g)					7.9]		

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



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Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use	
Title:Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau	

Daily FSP emission (Saturday)(Direct Travel	between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)
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	Numbe	of Trin		5.15		Total Emi					Emiceion	Rate (e/c)
Hour	L. L.			27 Arr	ival			b Depa	iture		EITIISSIUII	Rate (g/s)
<u> </u>	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling,	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering .	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	_ 0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	<u>0</u> .0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03
08	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03
09	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03
14	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03
18	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03
19	2	2	1.8	2.7	3.8	1.1	1.8	4.0	4.2	0.0	1.02E-03	4.39E-03
20	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03
21	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission (g)	9.2	13.4	19.1	5.3	12.0	26.2	27.4	0.0		_
Total Daily Emission (g)						11	2.6			-		

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Daily ESD amission /Sunday	/ Public Holidays)(Direct Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)
Dony FOF CHIISSIUM (Sumuay	/ Public nonuays//Direct inavel between Discovery bay and Peng Chau)

Title:Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau

Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use

	Number of Trip		·····	Discovery Bay and P		Total Emi				4	Emicrica	Emission Rate (g/s)	
Hour		тотпер		Arri	ival	- 14.5		M Depa	rture		Emission	nate (g/s)	
	Arrival	Departure	Hốtelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation ^{[2}	
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
07	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
08	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
09	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.05E-03	
10	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
14	2	2	1.8	2.7	3.8	1.1	1.8	4.0	4.2	0.0	1.02E-03	4.39E-03	
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
18	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
19	2	2	1.8	2.7	3.8	1.1	1.8	4.0	4.2	0.0	1.02E-03	4.39E-03	
20	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
21	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
22	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	2.56E-04	1.15E-03	
23	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.5	0.9	2.0	2.1	0.0	5.12E-04	2.19E-03	
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
i di	Daily Emission	(g)	10.1	14.8	21.0	5.8	13.8	30.2	31.6	0.0		·	
1 ÷	Total Dally Emissi	on (g)				12	7.4	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1		

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure



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Daily SO₂ emission (Weekdays)(Direct Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A Numbe	r of Trip		a the second			ssion (g) ^[1]				Emission	Rate (e/s)
Hour				Arr	ival,		100 A		inture			Rate (g/s)
	Arrival	Departure	• Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
07	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-0
08	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-0
09	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-0
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
11	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-0
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-0
14	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-0
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-0
18	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-0
19	2	2	1.0	1.8	2.6	0.7	1.0	2.8	2.9	0.0	5.47E-04	3.03E-0
20	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-0
21	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-0
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
23	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-0
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
-tt-	Daily Emission	8)	4.4	8.3	11.9	3.3	6.4	18.0	19.0	0.0		-
	Total Daily Emissio					7:	1.3	•		•		

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[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

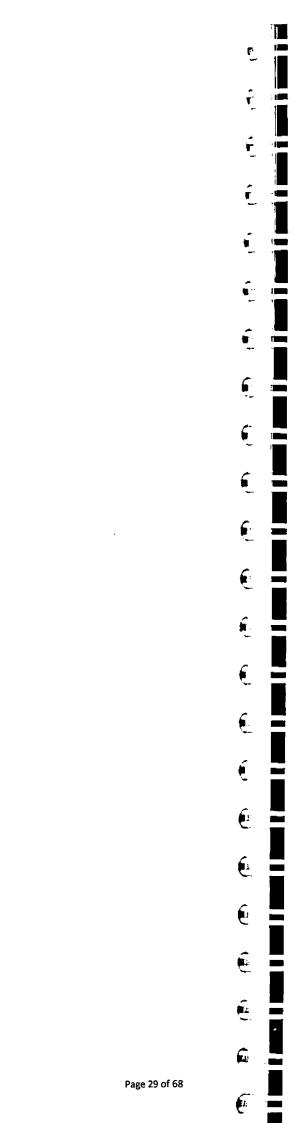
	Numbe	of Trin	Sie 200			Total Emi			×.	in the	Emission	Emission Rate (g/s)	
Hour	it it it is a second seco	r of Trip				We get		Depa	rture	K		1.2.	
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation ^[2]	
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
07	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-03	
08	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-03	
09	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-03	
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
11	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-04	
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-04	
14	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-03	
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-04	
18	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-03	
19	2	2	1.0	1.8	2.6	0.7	1.0	2.8	2.9	0.0	5.47E-04	3.03E-03	
20	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-03	
21	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-03	
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
23	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-03	
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	Daily Emission	(B).	4.9	.9.2	13.2	3.7	6.4	18.0	19.0	0.0			
	Total Daily Emission	эл (g)				74	.4						
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



Daily SO₂ emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)(Direct Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau)

istan i Listan karrit	Number	of Trin	1				ssion (g) ¹¹			1 10	Emlecter	Rate (g/s)
Hour				A ATT	ival 👯 📆				iture -		Emission	Hate (g/s)
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigati
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+(
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
07	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-
08	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-
09	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.25E-
10	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-
12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
13	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-
14	2	2	1.0	1.8	2.6	0.7	1.0	2.8	2.9	0.0	_5.47E-04	3.03E-
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-
18	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-
19	2	2	1.0	1.8	2.6	0.7	1.0	2.8	2.9	0.0	5.47E-04	3.03E-
20	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-
21	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-
22	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	1.37E-04	7.91E-
23	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	2.74E-04	1.52E-
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
	Daily Emission (5.4	10.1	14.6	4.0	7.4	20.7	22.0	0.0		

Note:

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[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

G:\env\project\235928\12 Reports Deliverables\6 Revised Draft 4\Area 10b\Appendix\Annex A4.2-1 Calculation of Marine Vessels Emissions_V6.xlsx

	Number of Trip					Total Emis	ssion (g) ^[1]				Emircian	Pate late
Hour	Numb			Arr			1	Depa	irture	iii i	Eniissiun	Rate (g/s)
_	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Manéuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Stow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ¹²¹	Navigation ^[2]
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
10	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
11	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
12	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
13	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57 <u>E-03</u>	3.40E-02
18	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission	i (B)	189	354	508	118	95	266	268	0		
	Total Daily Emission (g)					1,7	/97					

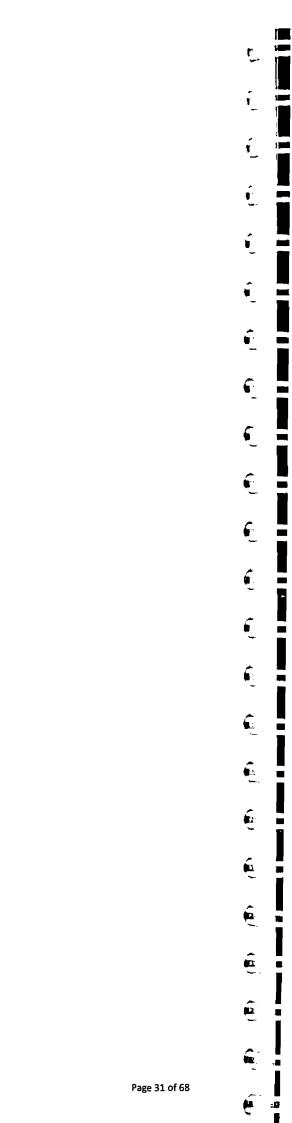
Daily NOx emission (Weekdays)(Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery)

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure





Daily NOx emission (Saturday)(Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery)

	Number					Total Emi	ssion (g) ^[1]				Emission	Rate [g/c]
Hour.	12.13.4	of Trip		Ari	Ival The			Depa			EIIIISSIUI	vare (B) 21
\$	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
10	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
11	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
12	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
13	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
16	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
17	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
18	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-02
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission (ğ)	213	398	572	132	142	398	401	0		
	Total Daily Emissio	n (g)		•	•	2,2		·		1	1	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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1.5%	Number of Trip		N		Total Emi		· Ł. /			Emission	Rate (g/s)	
Hour	(TUTIDE	r of Trip		Arr	ival				rture	and the second		
	Arrivai	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation ^[2]
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
10	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
11	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
12	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
13	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
16	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
17	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
18	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission	(g) 7	213	398	572	132	118	332	335	0		
	Total Daily Emissi	on (g)				2,1	100					

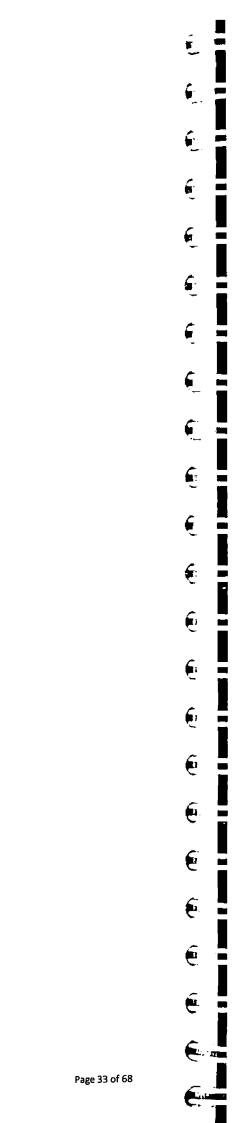
Daily NOx emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)(Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery)

Note:

(1) Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



Daily RSP emission (Weekdays)(Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery)

1	Numbe	r of Trip				Total Emi				· · · ·	- Emission	Emission Rate (g/s)	
Hour.				ÂŢ	val		AUSTICE		rture				
· 1	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling 5	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation	
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
09	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03	
10	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03	
11	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03	
12	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03	
13	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03	
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
15	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03	
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
17	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03	
18	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03	
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	. 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	Daily Emission	B)	7.6*	11.1	15.7	3.6	3.8	8.3	8.3	0.0			
	Total Daily Emissio	on (g)				<u> </u>	3.3				1		

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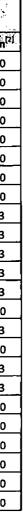
[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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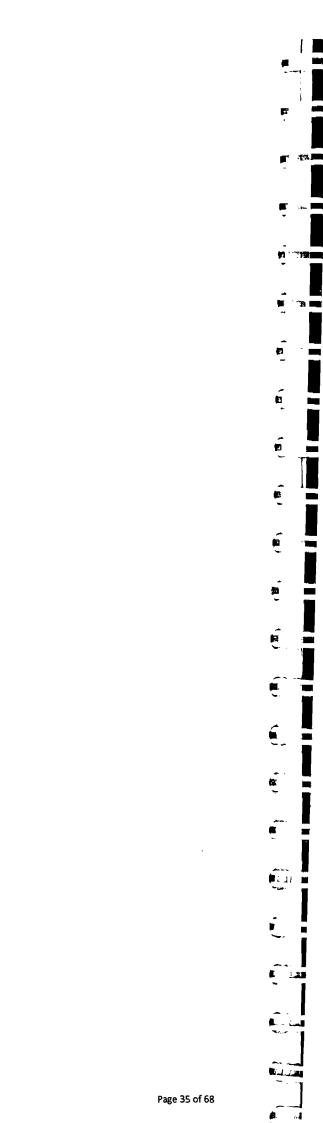
Â	Number of Trip		4	X.	naven wonastery)		iston (g) ⁽¹⁾	12.5			Emiccion	Rate (g/s)
Hour		of the		An			N I	S A Depa			LINGSION	1
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	"'Hotelling	Maneuvering -	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation ¹²
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
10	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
11	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
12	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
13	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
16	1	11	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
17	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
18	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Dally Emission	g)	8.5	12.5	17.7	4.1	5.7	12.5	12.4	0.0		
	Total Daily Emissio	on (g)				7	3.3					

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



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Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use
Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau

Daily RSP emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)(Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery)

	Normh	er of Trip		, ,		Total Emi	ission (g) ⁰¹					7.). 19.10
Hour	14 Million			Ari	fyal -				irture		Emission	Rate (g/s)
	Arrival	Departure.	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	_0.00E+00	0.00E+
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+(
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
8	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
09	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-
10	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-
11	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-
12	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-
13	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
15	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-
16	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-0
17	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-0
18	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
	Daily Emission	(B)	8.5	12.5	17.7	4.1	4.7	10.4	10.3	0.0		<i>I</i>
27	Total Dally Emissi				•	68	B.2			·	1	
											-	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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	Numb	er of Trip				Total Emi					Fmission	Rate (g/s)
Hour	NUM			An An	ival 🔬 🔬	121 × 15		Depa				
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
10	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
11	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
12	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
13	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
15	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
18	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
. –	Daily Emission	n (g)	7.4	10.8	15.2	3.5	3.7	8.1	8.0	0.0	1	4
	Total Daily Emis	sion (g)		·	.!	·5	6.7				1	

Daily FCD exclusion (Missisher)/Travel baby - and Dava and Dava Chaussia Transist Haven Mar . . .

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Daily FSP emission (Saturday)(Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery)
Juny 1 or emission (Saturday) (Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chait via Transist House Menantary)

	Number of Trip		Total Emission (g) ^[1]								Emission Rate (g/s)	
Hour				Arrival			2	Departure			1 () () () () () () () () () (
-	Arrival-, '	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigati
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
04	00	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
09	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-0
10	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-0
11	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-0
12	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-0
13	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-0
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
15	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-0
16	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-0
17	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-0
18	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-0
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+4
22	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E-0
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
L Daily Emission (g)			8.3	12.1	17.1	4.0	5.5	12.1	12.0	0.0		<u> </u>
	Fotal Daily Emission			71.2								

Note:

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[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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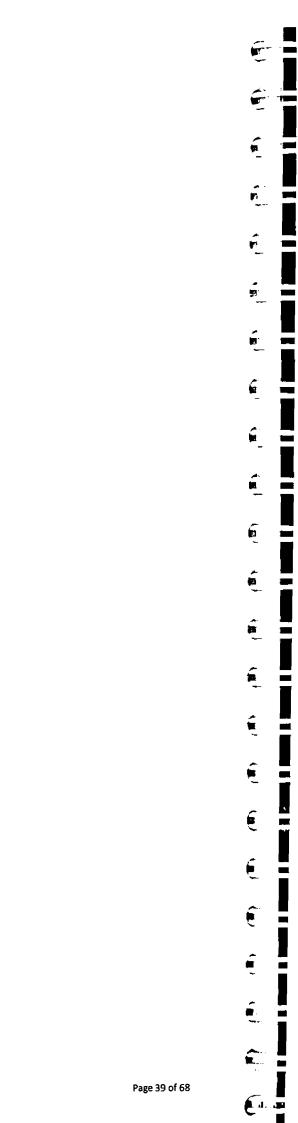
<u>n</u> –	Numh	er of Trip				Total Emis		4.	• <u></u>		Emicelas	Data late
Hour				Arr	ival		•13	🛊 🛨 Depa	rture		Emission	Rate (g/s)
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Falrway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation ^[2]
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
10	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
11	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
12	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
13	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
16	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
17	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
18	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission	(g) :	8.3	12.1	17.1	4.0	4.6	10.1	10.0	0.0		
	Total Daily Emiss	ion (g)				66	.2					

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



Daily SO2 emission (Weekdays)(Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery)

	Number	r of Trip	5 ³			Total Emi	ssion (g) ^[1]			لى دەر <u>، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ،</u>	Emission	Rate (g/s)
Hour	1.13	4.1.5		• • • •	ival		ni. S.	Depa	rture		10 × 14	
1 1	Arriva		Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0.	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
10	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
11	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
12	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
13	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
15	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
17	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1. <u>3</u> 7E-04	7.09E-04
18	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
	Dally Emission	(g)	3.9	7.4	10.6	2.5	2.0	5.5	5.6	0.0		
	Total Daily Emissic				·	37	.4	·	·	<u> </u>	1	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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G:\env\project\235928\12 Reports Deliverables\6 Revised Draft 4\Area 10b\Appendix\Annex A4.2-1 Calculation of Marine Vessels Emissions_V6.xlsx

Hour	Numbe	er of Trip		Arr	ival		ssion (g) ^[1]	<u>1</u>	inture			Rate (g/s)
-	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
10	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
11	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
12	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
13	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
16	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
17	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
18	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
2.42	Daily Emission	(g)	4.4	8.3	11.9	2.8	3.0	8.3	8.4	0.0	1	<u> </u>
	Total Daily Emissi	on (g)		······		47	7.0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	

Daily SO2 emission (Saturday)(Travel between Discovery	y Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery	٨
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Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Daily SO2 emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)(Travel between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau via Trappist Haven Monastery)

Hour	Numbe	r of Trip				Total Emis					Emission	Rate (g/s)
Hour				Ал				Depa	rture	<u>.</u>		
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigati
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
09	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-
10	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-
11	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-
12	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-
13	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
15	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-
16	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-
17	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-
18	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
	Dally Emission	(g)	4.4	8.3	11.9	2.8	2.5	6.9	7.0	0.0		
	Total Daily Emissio	on (g)		. –		43.	7	·			1	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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E-04
E-04
E+00

Title: Model Input Parameter for Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Peng Chau

Name	Source ID	Source Type	*	¥ .	Stack Height / Release Height (m) ^[3]	Exit Temperature (K) ¹⁰	Exit Velocity (m/s) ¹⁴³	Dlameter (m) ^[8]	Emission Rate (g/s)
Hotelling (Direct Travel)	DPH001	Point	820373	817006	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [1]
	DPM001	Point	820370	816986	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM002	Point	820367	816966	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM003	Point	820370	816946	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM004	Point	820384	816933	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM005	Point	820399	816919	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM006	Point	820413	816905	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM007	Point	820427	816891	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
(DPM008	Point	820441	816876	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM009	Point	820456	816862	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM010	Point	820470	816848	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM011	Point	820485	816836	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
ĺ	DPM012	Point	820501	816823	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM013	Point	820517	816811	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM014	Point	820532	816798	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM015	Point	820548	816786	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DPM016	Point	820564	816773	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Navigation (Direct Travel)	DPM017	Point	820579	816761	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM018	Point	820595	816748	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM019	Point	820610	816736	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM020	Point	820626	816723	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM021	Point	820642	816711	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM022	Point	820657	816698	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
ſ	DPM023	Point	820673	816685	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM024	Point	820688	816673	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM025	Point	820704	816661	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM026	Point	820720	816648	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Ĩ	DPM027	Point	820735	816636	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM028	Point	820751	816623	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM029	Point	820767	816611	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM030	Point	820782	816598	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM031	Point	820798	816586	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM032	Point	820813	816573	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DPM033	Point	820829	816561	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]

Note:

[1] The emission rate adopted = Hourly emission of hotelling (arrival) + Hourly emission of hotelling (departure) (Hourly Emission Rates (hotelling) are given in Daily NOx, RSP, FSP and SO₂ Emission Summary in Page 19 to Page 42)

[2] The emission rate adopted = (Hourly emission rate of navigation (arrival) + Hourly emission rate of navigation Sources (i.e. 33 sources for this ferry route) (Hourly Emission Rates (navigation) are given in Daily NOx, RSP, FSP and SO₂ Emission Summary in Page 19 to Page 42) Higher emission during slow cruise is found compared to those during fairway cruise and maneuvering modes.

Due to the uncertainty on the location of navigation route under each mode, the emission during navigation is evenly distributed among the navigation route as a conservative approach. [3] No information from the operator is available. Information for release height, exit temperature and chimney dlameter for passenger vessels based on information from approved EIA study "Expansion of Heliport Facilities at Macau Ferry Terminal"(AEIAR-095/2006)

[4] No information from the operator is available. Information for exit velocity of passenger ferries based on information from approved EIA study "Organic Waste Treatment Facilities, Phase I" (AEIAR-149/2010)

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Name	Source ID	Source Type	X		Stack Height / Release Height (m) ¹⁰¹	Exit Temperature (K) ^(I)	Exit Velocity (m/s) ¹⁴	Dlameter (m) ^[1]	Emission Rate (g/s
Hotelling (via Trappist Haven Monastery)	DTH001	Point	820373	817006	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [1]
	DTM001	Point	820369	816986	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DTM002	Point	820366	816966	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Ţ	DTM003	Point	820368	816947	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM004	Point	820382	816932	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM005	Point	820397	816918	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM006	Point	820411	816904	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM007	Point	820425	816890	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM008	Point	820439	816876	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM009	Point	820453	816852	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note (2)
	DTM010	Point	820467	816848	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM011	Point	820481	816834	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM012	Point	820494	816818	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM013	Point	820507	816802	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DTM014	Point	820519	816787	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM015	Point	820530	816770	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Navigation (via Trappist	DTM016	Point	820535	816750	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Haven Monastery)	DTM017	Point	820540	816731	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DTM018	Point	820545	815712	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DTM019	Point	820550	816692	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM020	Point	820555	816673	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Į	DTM021	Point	820560	816654	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM022	Point	820565	816634	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM023	Point	820570	816615	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Γ	DTM024	Point	820575	816596	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DTM025	Point	820580	816576	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
[DTM026	Point	820585	816557	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Γ	DTM027	Point	820590	816538	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
, T	DTM028	Point	820596	816518	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Γ	DTM029	Point	820601	816499	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Ĩ	DTM030	Point	820606	816480	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Г	DTM031	Point	820611	816460	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
ſ	DTM032	Point	820616	816441	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]

[1] The emission rate adopted = Hourly emission of hotelling (arrival) + Hourly emission of hotelling (departure) (Hourly Emission Rates (hotelling) are given in Daily NOx, RSP, FSP and SO₂ Emission Summary in Page 19 to Page 42)

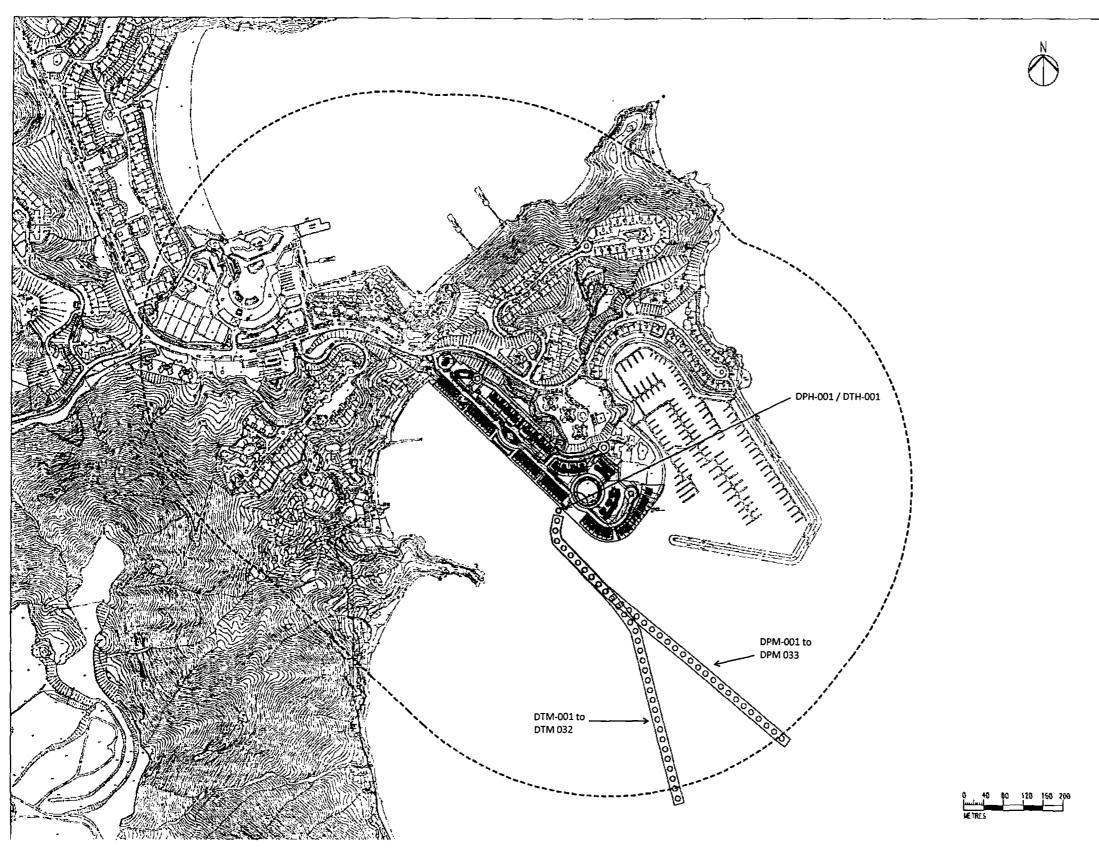
(2) The emission rate adopted = (Hourly emission rate of navigation (arrival) + Hourly emission rate of navigation (departure))/Number of Navigation Sources (i.e. 32 sources for this ferry route) (Hourly Emission Rates (navigation) are given in Daily NOx, RSP, FSP and SO2 Emission Summary in Page 19 to Page 42) Higher emission of slow cruise is found compared with fairway cruise and maneuvering mode. Due to the uncertainty on the location of navigation route under each mode, the emission during navigation is evenly distributed among the navigation source as a conservative approach.

[3] No information from the operator is available. Information for release height, exit temperature and chimney diameter for passenger vessels based on information from approved EIA study "Expansion of Heliport Facilities at Macau Ferry Terminal"(AEIAR-095/2006)

[4] No information from the operator is available. Information for exit velocity of passenger ferries based on information from approved EIA study "Organic Waste Treatment Facilities, Phase I" (AEIAR-149/2010)

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Note: As a conservative approach, the navigation route outside 500m assessment area is included in the near-field model.

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Engine Power and Load Factors under Different Operation Mode of Main Engine

	Vessel Sp	eed (Knots)			Load Fac	tor ^[4]
, Main Engine Power (kW) Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise
643 ^[1] 0.00	4.5 ^[2]	10.0 ^[2]	12.0 ^[3]	0.00	0.30	0.45

Note:

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[1] No information from operator is available. The engine power is referenced to the vessel (GRT 0-499) in Table 4-5 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

[2] Vessel speeds under maneuvering (1-8 knots) and slow cruise (8-12 knots) are referenced to Table 3-24 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory". The average speed of each mode is adopted for assessment purpose. [3] Vessel speeds under fairway cruise (>12 knots) are referenced to Table 3-24 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory". 12 knots is adopted for conservative approach that longer TIM will be resulted, hence higher emission. [4] No information from operator is available. The load factors are referenced to vessel type "all except tug" in Table 4-7 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

Engine Power and Load Factors under Different Operation Mode of Auxiliary Engine

		Load F		
Auxiliary Engine Power (kW)	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise
66 ^[1]	0.43 ^[2]	0.43 ^[2]	0.43 ^[2]	0.43 ^[2]

Note:

[1] No information from operator is available. The engine power is referenced to the vessel (GRT 0-499) in Table 4-6 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

[2] No information from operator is available. The load factors are referenced to river trade vessel in Table 4-10 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

Time-in-mode

		Time-in-mode (minutes)						
	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise				
Arrival	5.00 ^[1]	1.20 ^[2]	1.20 ^[2]	0.28 ^[4]				
Departure	5.00 ^[1]	1.80 [2]	1.26 [3]	0.00 ^[4]				

Note:

[1] The hotelling time is collected from site survey

[2] TIM of maneuvering and slow cruise (except departure) is referenced to Table 4.15 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory"

[3] The Total length of navigation route adopted in the near-field model is 640m for Mui Wo Kaito. During departure, the ferry will leave the modelled navigation route under slow cruise mode.

Therefore, TIM of slow cruise (departure) = Length of navigation route under slow cruise / vessel speed under slow cruise

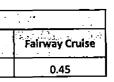
Length of navigation route under slow cruise = Total navigation route length adopted in the near-field model - Length of navigation route under maneuvering

Length of navigation route under maneuvering = TIM of maneuvering x vessel speed under maneuvering

[4] TIM of fairway cruise = Length of navigation route under fairway cruise / vessel speed under fairway cruise

Length of navigation route under fairway cruise = Total navigation route length adopted in the near-field model (640m) - Length of navigation route under maneuvering - Length of navigation route under slow cruise Length of navigation route under maneuvering = TIM of maneuvering x vessel speed under maneuvering

Length of navigation route under slow cruise = TIM of slow cruise x vessel speed under slow cruise



Emission Factors of Main Engine and Auxiliary Engine

Engles Ture		Emission Fac	tors (g/Kwh)		Brake Specific Fuel Consumption	Fuel Sulphur Content
Engine Type	NOX	RSP	FSP	50 ₂ [3]	(BSFC) ¹⁴¹	(%) ^[5]
Main Engine ^[1]	10.00	0.30	0.29	0.21	213	0.05
Auxiliary Engine ^[2]	10.00	0.40	0.39	0.21	213	0.05

Note:

The emission factors of main engine(Cat.1) (All RTVs except (a) chemical/gas/oil tankers with GRT ≥ 1,000 and (b) all tugs)) in Table 4-16 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.
 The emission factors of auxiliary engine of RTVs in Table 4-16 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.

[3] The emission factors of SO₂ are corrected with the fuel sulphur content according to Section 4.2.31 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" using the following equation:

SO₂ Emission Factor = BSFC x 2 x 0.9755 x Fuel Sulphur Fraction

[4] BSFC of the vessel is referenced to Section 4.2.27 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

[5] With effective of the Air Pollution Control (Marine Light Diesel) Regulation on 1st April, 2014, the fuel sulphur content limit of the MLD is 0.05%.

Daily Profile of Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo^[1]

No.			Numbe	r of Trip		
Hours		Arrival ^[2]	1 Alexandre		2. Departure 13	
	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday / Public Holiday	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday / S Public Holiday
01	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	0	0	0	0	0	0
03	0	0	0	0	0	0
04	0	0	0	0	0	0
05	0	0	0	0	0	0
06	0	0	0	0	0	0
07	0	0	0	0	0	0
08	1	0	0	0	1	0
09	0	1	0	0	0	1
10	0	0	1	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	1	1
12	0	1	1	0	0	1
13	0	0	1	0	0	_0
14	0	0	0	0	1	1
15	0	1	1	0	0	0
16	0	0	1	1	0	1
17	0	0	0	0	1	1
18	0	1	1	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	1	1
20	0	1	1	0	0	0
21	0	1	1	0	1	1
22	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note:

[1] The daily schedule and sailing time of the ferry service is referenced to Transport Department's website.

[2] The hour of arrival is determined by the departure time at Mui Wo and the sailing time to arrive Discovery Bay.

E.g. If a ferry departs from Mui Wo at 07:45 (Hour 8) and the sailing time is 20 minutes from Transport Department's website, it will arrive Discovery Bay at 08:05 (Hour 9). The arrival hour of the ferry is therefore Hour 9.

[3] The hour of departure is the hour that the ferry departs at the Discovery Bay.

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Daily NOx emission (Weekdays)

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	Number	of Trip			lin of	Total Emi	ssion (g) ^[1]				Fmission	Rate (g/s)
- Hour			1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Arri	val 😿 🖓		in the second second		rture 1.5			Rate (g/s)
- गण्डसः ।	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation ⁽²⁾
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0_	0	0	0	0	0	0_	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
16	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-02
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	_ Daily Emission (24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0		
7	Total Daily Emissio	n (g)				30)3]	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Daily NOx emission (Saturday)

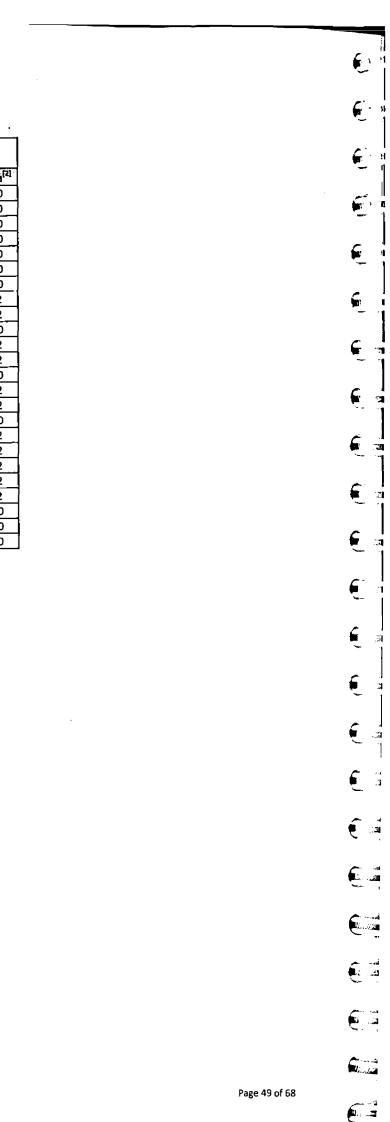
	Numb	er of Trip			21	Total Emi	sion (g) ^[1]		<u> </u>		Emission	Rate (g/s)
Hour				Arr		x	*		nture	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ¹²¹	Navigation ^[2]
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	· 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	O	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-02
09	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6. <u>57E-</u> 03	3.40E-02
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-02
12		0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
14	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-02
15	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-02
18	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
19	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-02
20	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-02
21	1		24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-02
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
2	Daily Emission	(g)	142	266	381	88	142	398	401	0		
· · · ·	Total Daily Emiss					1,8	19	·	·	·	1	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



Daily NOx emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)

	Numt	er of Trip		1111 1111 1111		Total Emi	ssion (g) ^[1]				Emicrion	Rate (g/s)
Hour				4. Ar	rival title		<u> </u>	Depa	iture .	tana Ang tanàna ang tanàna ang tanàna amin'ny tanàna amin'ny tanàna amin'ny tanàna dia mandritra dia kaominina dia m	1 - V	nate (gra)
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise-	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ¹²¹	Navigati
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
05	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
09	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-
10	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-
11	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-0
12	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-
13	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-0
14	0	1 1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-(
15	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-
16	1	1	24	44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-0
17	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-0
18	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-
19	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	66	67	0	6.57E-03	3.70E-
20	1	0	24	44	64	15	0	0	0	0	6.57E-03	3.40E-
21	1	1		44	64	15	24	66	67	0	1.31E-02	7.11E-
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
	Daily Emission		189	354	508	118	189	531	535	0		.L
	Total Daily Emiss			1	,	2,4				<u> </u>		

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission ≈ Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo

	Number	of Trin				Total Emí	ssion (g) ^[1]				Emission	Rate (g/s)
Hour	Number	oi trip		nA ·	ival 🖉			🗧 Depa	rture			
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation ¹²
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
09	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
13	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
16	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
17	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
18	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
1	Daily Emission (B)	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0		
	Total Daily Emissio	n (g)				9	.8]	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

Daily RSP emission (Saturday)

Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use

Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo

	Numb	er of Trip			a. A	Total Emi	ssion (g) ^[1]	<u>. 11</u>		la la	Finistion	Rate (g/s)
Hour	Numb	4	and an	Ăñ	ival 🔉 🔚 🖂			Depa	rture			Rare (B) s)
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	, Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	- Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation ¹²
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
09	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
12	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
13	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
14	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
15	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	_2.63E-04	1.06E-03
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
18	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
19	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
20	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
21	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	3. Daily Emission	(g) - (5.7	8.3	11.8	2.7	5.7	12.5	12.4	0.0		
2 5	Total Daily Emissi			•		- 59	9.0			• • • • •	1	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Daily RSP emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)

<u>.</u>	Numb	er of Trip		Arci		Total Emis	islon (g) ^[1]	Dena	rture	2	Emission	Rate (g/s)
Hour	A mit wit	Densture		Maneuvering	Slow Cruise			Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation
	Arrival .	Departure	Hotelling			Falrway Cruise	Hotelling					
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
10	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
12	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
13	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
14	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
15	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
16	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
18	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
19	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.63E-04	1.15E-03
20	1	0	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63E-04	1.06E-03
21	1	1	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.5	0.9	2.1	2.1	0.0	5.26E-04	2.21E-03
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Dally Emission	(g)	7.6	11.1	15.7	3.6	7.6	16.6	16.5	0.0		<u> </u>
	Total Daily Emiss			·		78			L		1	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Daily FSP emission (Weekdays)

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	Nümbe	r of Trip				Total Emis	sion (g)	- <u></u>			Émission	Rate (g/s)
Hour		2		Art			7	Depa			AF 22	
	Arrival 📜	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hötelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0_	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0_	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
09	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
13	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
16	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E-03
17	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
18	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission (0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0		
÷	Total Daily Emissio					9.	6					

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

G:\env\project\235928\12 Reports Deliverables\6 Revised Draft 4\Area 10b\Appendix\Annex A4.2-1 Calculation of Marine Vessels Emissions_V6.xlsx

Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo

Daily FSP emission (Saturday)

	Number	of Trin		4 X X	i =		sion (g) ^[1]				Emission	Rate (g/s)
Hour	A. A.				ival	친구 말 가 다 다		Sepa	rture			
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigatio
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+0
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
08	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1,12E-
09	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E
12	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E
13	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+
14	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E
15	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.038
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.008
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.128
18	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E
19	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.126
20	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.038
21	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.145
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E
	Daily Emission (g)	5.5	8.1	11.4	2.6	5.5	12.1	12.0	0.0		
	Total Daily Emissio	m (g)			•	57		· · · ·		<u> </u>	1	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure





Daily FSP emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)

Hour	Numbe					Total Emi	ssion (g) ^[1]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Emission	Rate (g/s)
Hour		or mp			valž v	2.15		: Depa	rture		cinission	nate (B/S)
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ¹²¹	Navigation ¹²
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
09	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E-03
10	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E-03
12	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
13	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
14	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E-03
15	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
16	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E-03
18	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
19	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.12E-03
20	1	0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.56E-04	1.03E-03
21	1	1	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	5.12E-04	2.14E-03
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
•	Daily Emission	B)	7.4	10.8	15.2	3.5	7.4	16.1	16.1	0.0		
	Total Daily Emissio	an (g)				7	6.5]	

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use
Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo

Daily SO₂ emission (Weekdays)

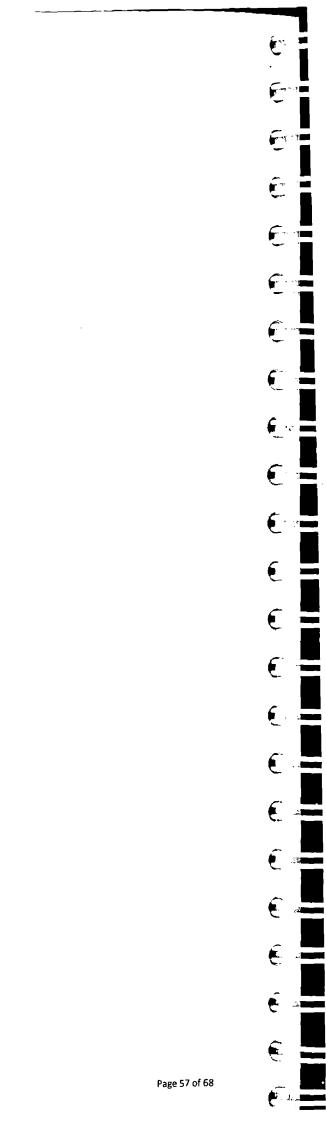
Hộủr 01	Arrival 1	Departure		An	val							Rate (g/s)
		Departure						yr, ₹, Depa	rture 👘 🚊			
01	0		Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation ^[2]
		0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
09	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
13	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
14	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
16	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04
17	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
18	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
19	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission		0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0		
	Total Daily Emissio	on (g)				6	.3					

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo

Daily SO₂ emission (Saturday)

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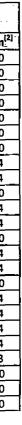
	Numbe	r of Trip			1	Total Emis	sion (g) ^[1]	<u>1214'</u>	1	-	Fraission	Rate (g/s)
Hour	1	and the second second			rival 🖓 🖓			Depa				Vare (Ris)
	Arrivat	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	¹ Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	- Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Navigation
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04
09	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04
12	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
13	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
14	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04
15	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
16	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04
18	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
19	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04
20	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04
21	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
5 .	Daily Emission	81	3.0	5.5	7.9	1.8	3.0	8.3	8.4	0.0		•
	Total Daily Emissio					37.		·		·•		
lote:									_			

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

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[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure



Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Kaito Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo

Daily SO₂ emission (Sunday / Public Holidays)

	Numbi	Number of Trip					sion (g) ^[1]	<u> </u>		1 <u>1</u>	Emission	Emission Rate (g/s)	
Hour				Arr	val			Depa	rture	6 40 miles (1.1.7	
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation	
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
08	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
09	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04	
10	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04	
11	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04	
12	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03	
13	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04	
14	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04	
15	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04	
16	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03	
17	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04	
18	1	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04	
19	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.37E-04	7.71E-04	
20	11	0	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.37E-04	7.09E-04	
21	1	1	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.4	0.0	2.74E-04	1.48E-03	
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	Daily Emission	(g)	3.9	7.4	10.6	2.5	3.9	11.1	11.1	0.0	· · · · ·	<u> </u>	
	Total Daily Emission (g)					50	.5	·		·	1		

Note:

[1] Total Emission = (Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission) x Number of Trip

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of navigation (Maneuvering + Slow Cruise + Fairway Cruise) during arrival and departure

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Title: Model Input Parameter for Passenger Ferry Service between Discovery Bay and Mui Wo

Name	Source ID	Source Type	X	Ť.	Stack Height / Release Height (m) ⁽³⁾	Exit Temperature (K) ^{P)}	, Exit Velocity (m/s) ⁽⁴⁾	Diameter (m) ^{[9].}	Emission Rate (g/s)
Hotelling	DMH001	Point	820373	817006	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [1]
	DMM001	Point	820369	816986	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM002	Point	820366	816966	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM003	Point	820368	816947	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM004	Point	820382	816932	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM005	Point	820397	816918	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM006	Point	820411	816904	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM007	Point	820425	816890	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM008	Point	820439	816876	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM009	Point	820453	816862	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM010	Point	820467	816848	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM011	Point	820481	816834	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM012	Point	820494	816818	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM013	Point	820507	816802	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM014	Point	820519	816787	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM015	Point	820530	816770	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
N. 1	DMM016	Point	820535	816750	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
Navigation	DMM017	Point	820540	816731	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM018	Point	820545	816712	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM019	Point	820550	816692	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM020	Point	820555	816673	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM021	Point	820560	816654	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM022	Point	820565	816634	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM023	Point	820570	816615	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM024	Point	820575	816596	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM025	Point	820580	816576	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM026	Point	820585	816557	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM027	Point	820590	816538	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM028	Point	820596	816518	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	 DMM029	Point	820601	816499	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM030	Point	820606	816480	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM031	Point	820611	816460	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]
	DMM032	Point	820616	816441	6.2	773	8	0.7	Note [2]

Note:

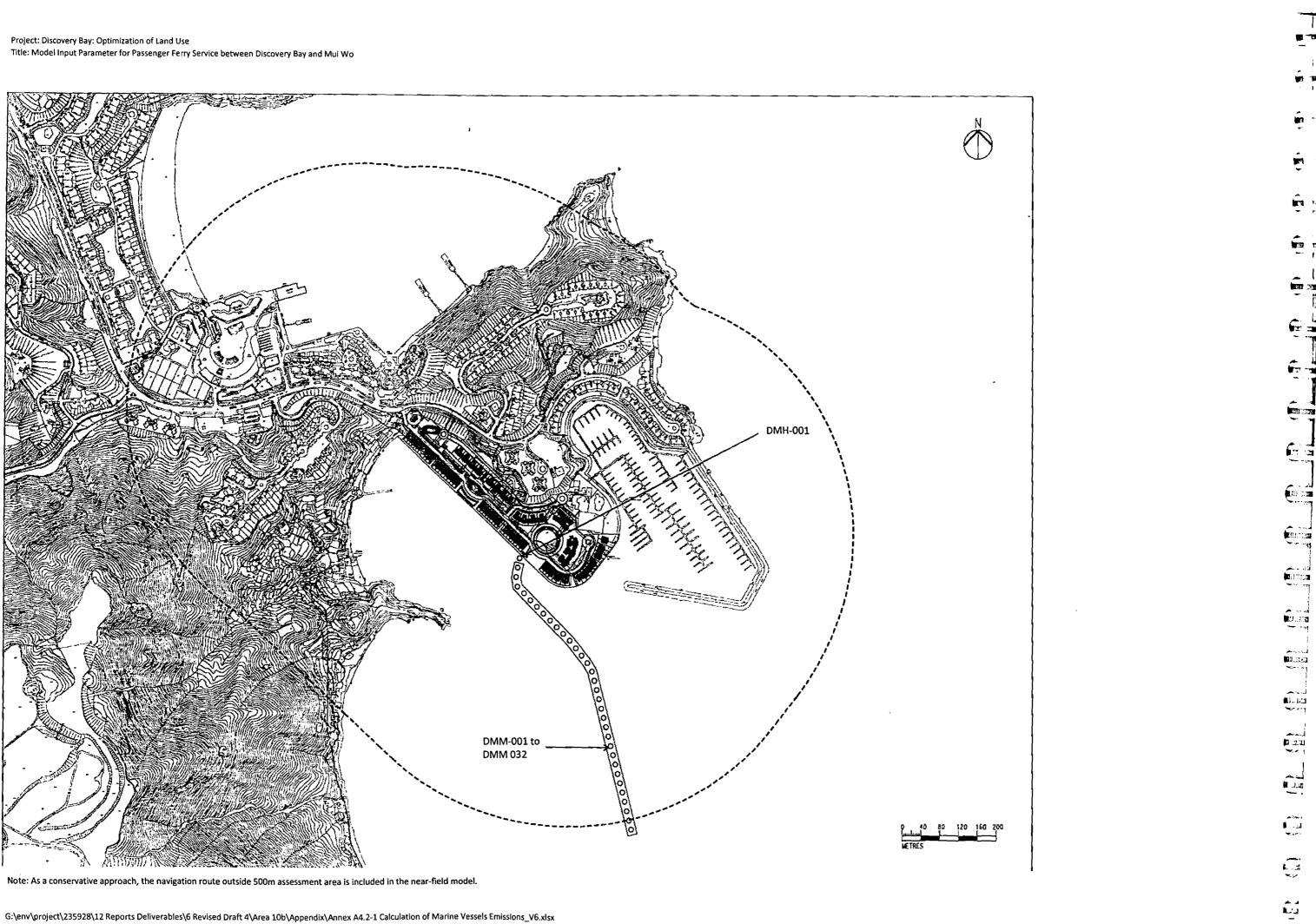
[1] The emission rate adopted = Hourly emission of hotelling (arrival) + Hourly emission of hotelling (departure) (Hourly Emission Rates (hotelling) are given in Daily NOx, RSP, FSP and SO₂ Emission Summary in Page 48 to Page 59)

[2] The emission rate adopted = (Hourly emission rate of navigation (arrival) + Hourly emission rate of navigation (departure))/Number of Navigation Sources (i.e. 32 sources for this ferry route) (Hourly Emission Rates (navigation) are given in Daily NOx, RSP, FSP and SO₂ Emission Summary in Page 48 to Page 59) Higher emission of slow cruise is found compared with fairway cruise and maneuvering mode.

Due to the uncertainty on the location of navigation route under each mode, the emission during navigation is evenly distributed among the navigation route as a conservative approach.

[3] No information from the operator is available. Information for release height, exit temperature and chimney diameter for passenger vessels based on information from approved EIA study "Expansion of Heliport Facilities at Macau Ferry Terminal" (AEIAR-095/2006)

[4] No information from the operator is available. Information for exit velocity of passenger ferries based on information from approved EIA study "Organic Waste Treatment Facilities, Phase I" (AEIAR-149/2010)



Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Tug Boat and Barge (Delivery of LPG Tanker Vehicles), Vessel of LPG Bottle Delivery and Sand Barge

		Ruie	_						
	Maximum Design Speed		Vessel Spe	ed (Knots)			Load I	Factor	
Main Engine Power (kW)	of the Vessel (Knots)	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	Fairway Cruise
637.83 ^[1]	6.5 ^[2]	0.0	3.0 ⁽²⁾	N/A ^[3]	N/A ^[3]	0.00	0.50 ^[2]	N/A ⁽³⁾	N/A ^[3]

Engine Power and Load Factors under Different Operation Mode of Main Engine

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[1] Information provided by the operator. Only the tug boast is installed with main engine.

[2] Information provided by the operator.

[3] As advised by operator, the navigation speed of tug boat/barge is 3 knots and it is defined as maneuvering mode (1-8 knots) according to Table 3-24 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

Therefore, there is no slow cruise (8-12 knots) and fairway cruise (>12knots) mode for tug boat/barge.

Engine Power and Load Factors under Different Operation Mode of Auxiliary Engine

Total Engine Power (kW)		Load	Factor	
Torigi CuBine Lonce (KW)	Hotelling	Maneuvering	Slow Cruise	S. Fairway Cruise
96.77 ^[1]	0.43 ^[2]	0.43	N/A ^[2]	N/A ^[2]

Note:

[1] Information provided by the operator. The engine power is the total power of tug boat and barge.

[2] No available information from operator. The load factors are referenced to river trade vessels in Table 4-10 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory"

As advised by operator, the maximum design speed of tug boat/barge is 6.5 knots, there is no slow cruise and fairway cruise mode for tug boat/barge

Time-in-mode

		Time-In-mo	node (minutes)			
<u> </u>	Hotelling ^[1]	Maneuvering ^[2]	Slow Cruise ^[9]	Fairway Cruise ^[4]		
Arrival	60.00	10.80	NA	NA		
Departure	00.00	10.80	NA	NA		

Note:

[1] A continuous operation of the auxiliary engine is assumed from 7:00 am to 7:00pm during weekdays as a very conservative assumption.

The 60 minutes showed in the table means the engine is operating continuously in a hour for the purpose of calcualting the hourly emission.

[2] Maneuvering: TIM = Length of the navigation path adopted in the near-field model (1,000m) / navigation speed under maneuvering mode

[3] Slow Cruise: No slow cruise mode for tug boat and barge

[4] Fairway Cruise: No fairway cruise mode for tug boat and barge

Emission Factors of Main Engine and Auxiliary Engine

Emission Factors of Main	Engine and Auxiliary Eng	gine				
Engine Type		Emission Fa	ctors (g/Kwh)		Brake Specific Fuel Consumption	Fuel Sulphur Content
ruffite the	NO _X	RSP	FSP	\$0 ₂ ^[3]	(BSFC) ^[4]	(%) ^[5]
Main Engine ^[1]	13.20	0.72	0.70	0.21	213	0.05
Auxiliary Engine ⁽²⁾	10.00	0.40	0.39	0.21	213	0.05

Note:

[1] Emission factors of Main Engine(Cat.2) (Chemical/gas/oil tankers with GRT ≥ 1,000 and all tugs boats) in Table 4-16 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.

[2] Emission factors of auxiliary engine of RTVs in Table 4-16 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" are adopted.

[3] The emission factors of SO₂ are corrected with the fuel sulphur content according to Section 4.2.31 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory" using the following equation: SO₂ Emission Factor = BSFC x 2 x 0.9755 x Fuel Sulphur Fraction

[4] BSFC of the vessel is referenced to Section 4.2.27 of EPD's "Study on Marine Vessels Emission Inventory".

[5] With effective of the Air Pollution Control (Marine Light Diesel) Regulation on 1st April, 2014, the fuel sulphur content limit of the MLD is 0.05%.

Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Tug Boat and Barge (Delivery of LPG Tanker Vehicles), Vessel of LPG Bottle Delivery and Sand Barge

Daily NO_x emission (Weekdays only)

		r of Trip		Total Emission (g) ^[1]		Emissio	n Rate (g/s)
Hour	Arrîval	Departure	Hotelling	Arrival Maneuvering	Departure Maneuvering	Hotelling ^[7]	Navigation ^[2]
01	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
01	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
09	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
10	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
11	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
12	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
13	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
14	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
15	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
16	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
17	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
18	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
19	1	1	416	833	833	1.16E-01	4.63E-01
20	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0	0	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
1.3	Daily Emission (g)	e	4,993	9,992	9,992		
	Total Daily Emission (g)			24,977			

Note:

[1] Total Emission = Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of maneuvering during arrival and departure



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Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Tug Boat and Barge (Delivery of LPG Tanker Vehicles), Vessel of LPG Bottle Delivery and Sand Barge

Daily RSP emission (Weekdays only)

	Numbe	r of Trip		I DERI' FULLISSINI JOI		Emission	Rate (g/s)
Hour		r of Trip 🦿	Hotelling	- Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Navigation ^[2]
	Arrival	Departure	i al anticipation de la companya de	Maneuvering	Maneuvering		
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
08	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
09	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
10	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
11	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
12	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
13	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
14	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
15	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
16	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
17	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
18	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
19	1	1	16.6	44.3	44.3	4.62E-03	2.46E-02
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Daily Emission (g)		199.7	531.9	531.9	-	·
	Total Daily Emission (g)			1,263.6	•		

Note:

[1] Total Emission = Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of maneuvering during arrival and departure

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Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Tug Boat and Barge (Delivery of LPG Tanker Vehicles), Vessel of LPG Bottle Delivery and Sand Barge

Daily FSP emission (Weekdays only)

	Numb	er of Trio		Total Emission (g) ^[1]		Emission Rate (g/s)			
Hour	Arrival	er of Trip Departure	Hotelling	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Navigation ^[2]		
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
08	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
09	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
10	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
11	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
12	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
13	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
14	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
15	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
16	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
17	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
18	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
19	1	1	16.1	43.0	43.0	4.48E-03	2.39E-02		
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
23	0	- 0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
	Daily Emission (g)		193.7	516.0	516.0				
	Total Daily Emission (g)			1,225.7	_				

Note:

1] Total Emission = Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of maneuvering during arrival and departure



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Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Tug Boat and Barge (Delivery of LPG Tanker Vehicles), Vessel of LPG Bottle Delivery and Sand Barge

Daily SO₂ emission (Weekdays only)

	and a strength of			Total Emission (g) ^[1]		Emission Rate (g/s)				
Hour	Numbe		Hotelling.	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling ^[2]	Navigation ^[2]			
	Arrival	Departure	Hotelling	Máneuvering	Maneuvering	Hotenug	Navigation			
01	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
02	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
03	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
04	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
05	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
06	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
07	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
08	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
09	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
10	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
11	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
12	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
13	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
14	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
15	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
16	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
17	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
18	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
19	1	1	8.7	13.5	13.5	2.41E-03	7.51E-03			
20	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
21	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
22	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
23	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
24	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
	Daily Emission (g)	ALL	104	162	162		-			
	Total Daily Emission (g)			428	<u> </u>	1				

Note:

[1] Total Emission = Main Engine Emission + Auxiliary Engine Emission

Emission = Engine Power (kW) x Loading Factor x Time-in-mode (hr) X Emission Factor (g/kWh)

[2] Emission during Hotelling = Emission of hotelling during arrival and departure

Emission during Navigation = Emission of maneuvering during arrival and departure

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Project: Discovery Bay: Optimization of Land Use Title: Calculation of Marine Emission from Tug Boat and Barge (Delivery of LPG Tanker Vehicles), Vessel of LPG Bottle Delivery and Sand Barge

	Source ID	Forume Tran	2		Stack Height / Release	e Exit Temperature (K) ⁽¹⁾		1.00				
Name	Source ID	Source Type			Height (m) ^[4]	Exit Temperature (K) ^[2]	Exit Velocity (m/s) ^{DI}	Dia <i>me</i> ter (m) ^[1]	ND.	RSP	Hour 19)	501
Hotelling	TBH001	Point	820389	816980	11	588	8	0.2	1.16E-01	4.62E-03	4.48E-03	2.41E-03
	TBM001	Point	820382	816961	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM002	Point	820376	816942	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM003	Point	820370	816923	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM004	Point	820364	816904	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM005	Point	820357	816885	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM006	Point	820370	816870	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM007	Point	820382	816854	11	588	B	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM008	Point	820400	816844	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM009	Point	820419	816841	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM010	Point	820439	816838	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM011	Point	820459	816835	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM012	Point	820479	816832	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM013	Point	820498	816830	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM014	Point	820518	816827	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM015	Point	820538	816824	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM016	Point	820558	816821	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM017	Point	820578	816818	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM018	Point	820597	816815	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM019	Point	820617	816812	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM020	Point	820637	816809	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM021	Point	820657	816806	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM022	Point	820676	816803	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM023	Point	820696	816800	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM024	Point	820716	816797	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
Novigotion	TBM025	Point	820736	816794	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
Navigation	TBM026	Point	820756	816791	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM027	Point	820775	816788	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM028	Point	820795	816785	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM029	Point	820815	816782	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM030	Point	820835	816779	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM031	Point	820855	816776	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM032	Point	820874	816773	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM033	Point	820894	816770	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM034	Point	820906	816786	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM035	Point	820918	816802	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM036	Point	820930	816818	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM037	Point	820942	816834	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM038	Point	820954	816850	11	588	88	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM039	Point	820966	816866	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM040	Point	820978	816882	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM041	Point	820990	816898	11	588	88	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM042	Point	821002	816914	11	588	88	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM043	Point	821014	816930	11	588	<u> </u>	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM044	Point	821026	816946	11	588	B	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM045	Point	821038	816962	11	588	88	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM046	Point	821050	816978	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM047	Point	821062	816994	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM048	Point	821074	817010	11	588	88	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.505-04
	ТВМ049	Point	821086	817026	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04
	TBM050	Point	821098	817042	11	588	8	0.2	9.25E-03	4.93E-04	4.78E-04	1.50E-04

Note: [1] The value shown in the summary is the emission rate during daysime (07:00-19:00). For night-time (19:00-07:00), there is no emission rate adopted for navigation = (Hourly emission rate of navigation (departure))/Number of Navigation Sources (Le. 50 sources for this route) [2] The emission rate adopted for navigation = (Hourly emission rate of navigation (arrival) + Hourly emission rate of navigation (departure))/Number of Navigation Sources (Le. 50 sources for this route) [3] No information from the operator is available. Information of exit temperature, exit velocity and diameter are based on information from approved EIA study "Organic Waste Treatment Facilities, Phase I" (AEIAR-149/2010). The stack height is observed from site survey.

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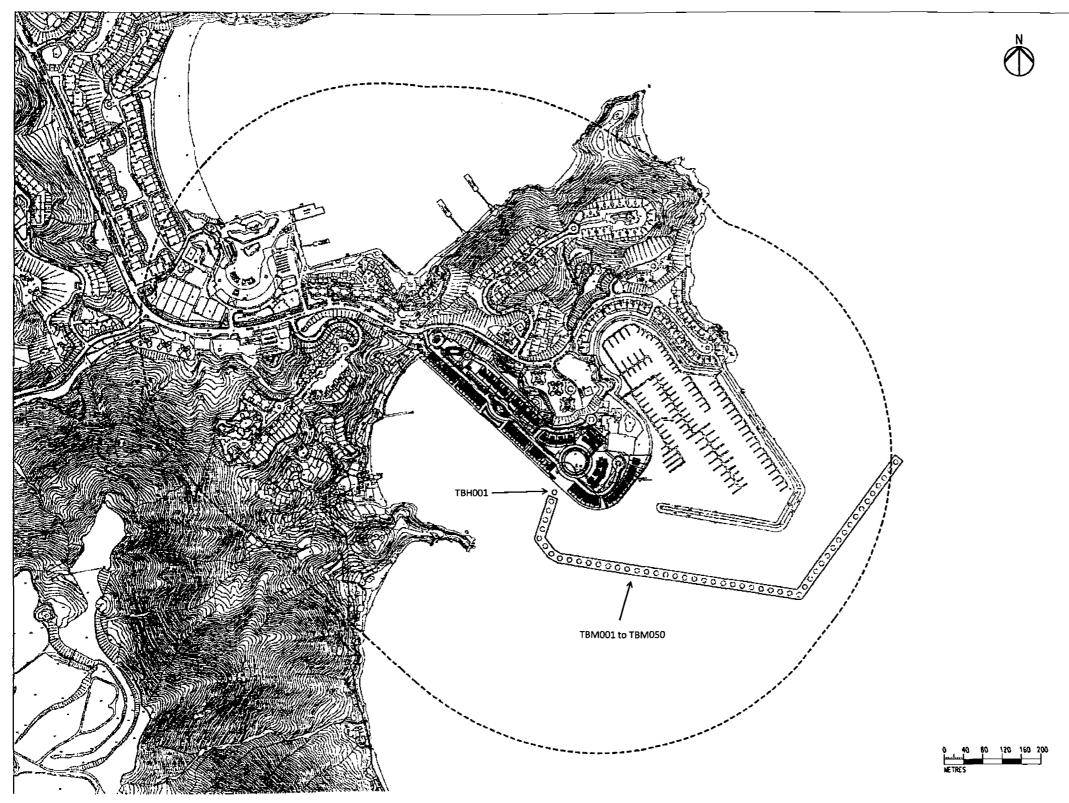
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Note: As a conservative approach, the navigation route outside 500m assessment area is included in the near-field model.

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Appendix A4.2-2

Calculation of Fireworks Displays Emissions According to Section 3.5.30 of approved EIA Study "Construction of an International Theme Park in Penny's Bay of North Lantau together with its Essential Associated Infrastructures - Environmental Impact Assessment " (AEIAR-032/2000), it is assumed that 2.6 kg and 14.7 kg RSP will be emitted for one low-level show and one mid-level show respectively.

As all the shows are modeled at the same hour as a worst case scenario, the adopted RSP emission rates:

RSP emission rate for low-level show (per show)	=	2.6	kg/hr
		7.22E-01	g/s
RSP emission rate for mid-level show (per show)	=	14.7	kg/hr
		4.08E+00	g/s

As there is no FSP emission rate available from the approved EIA study, RSP emission rates are adopted as FSP emission as a worst case scenario. Therefore, the FSP emission rates:

FSP emission rate for low-level show (per show)	=	7.22E-01	g/s
FSP emission rate for mid-level show (per show)	=	4.08E+00	g/s

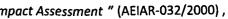
Model Input Parameters for Fireworks Works Displays

Source	Source ID	Type	X	Y	Release Height ^[1]	Lateral Dim. (Sy)	Vertical Dim. (Sz)	Hourly RSP/FSP Emission Rate (g/s) ⁽²⁾				
			3 (m)	(m)	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	(m)	⁺ •••• (m)	Hour 21	Other Hours			
Low-level show 1	LL01	Volume	822274	819292	120	4.65	4.65	7.22E-01	0.00E+00			
Low-level show 2	LLO2	Volume	822274	819292	120	4.65	4.65	7.22E-01	0.00E+00			
Low-level show 3	LLO3	Volume	822274	819292	120	4.65	4.65	7.22E-01	0.00E+00			
Mid-level show 1	ML01	Volume	822274	819292	150	6.98	6.98	4.08E+00	0.00E+00			
Mid-level show 2	ML02	Volume	822274	819292	150	6.98	6.98	4.08E+00	0.00E+00			

Note:

[1] The release heights are observed by site survey.

[2] The fireworks displays shows are started at 20:00 (Hour 21) and last for about 15 minutes based on site survey. Therefore, there is no emission during all hours except Hour 21.





Appendix 4.3

Results Summary

Area	ASR			19 th highes	t 1-hour NC	2 Concentr	ation (µg/r	n ³) (AQO =	200 µg/m ³)		Annual NO ₂ Concentration ($\mu g/m^3$) (AQO = 40 $\mu g/m^3$)										x A
Alea	ASI	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m	*1.5 m	5m	: 10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	., 70m	-80m
	A10b-01	127	127	128	129	129	130	129	127	127	127	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-02	127	127	128	129	129	130	130	128	127	127	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-03	127	127	128	129	129	131	130	129	127	127	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
1	A10b-04	127	128	128	129	129	132	130	129	127	127	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-05	128	128	128	129	130	131	130	129	127	127	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-06	128	128	129	129	129	130	130	129	127	127	31	31	31	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
}	A10b-07	128	128	129	129	129	130	129	129	127	127	31	32	32	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
1 1	A10b-08	129	147	143	129	129	129	129	129	127	127	35	39	36	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-09	129	129	134	132	129	129	129	129	127	127	31	31	31	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-10	128	134	136	130	129	129	129	129	128	127	31	31	31	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
Area 10b	A10b-11	129	129	130	130	130	129	129	129	128	127	31	31	31	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
1 (A10b-12	128	128	129	129	129	129	129	129	128	127	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
1	A10b-13	128	128	128	129	129	129	129	129	128	127	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-14	129	129	129	130	129	129	129	129	128	127	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
1	A10b-15	128	128	129	129	129	129	129	129	128	127	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-16	129	129	130	130	129	129	129	129	128	127	32	32	31	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
	A10b-17	128	128	128	129	129	129	129	129	128	127	32	32	32	30	30	29	29	29	29	29 29
	A10b-18	129	129	129	129	130	130	129	<u>129</u>	128	127	31	31	31	<u>30</u> 30	30	29	29 29	29 29	29 29	29
	A10b-19	129	129	129	129	131	131	129	129	128	127	30	30	30		30	29		+		29
	A10b-20	129	129	129	130	133	133	129	129	128	127	30	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	
	A10b-21	128	129	129	130	132	134	131	129	128	127	30	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	29

Result Summary of Cumulative NO2 Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

Note: [1] The Annual NO2 background of Area 10b (Grid 18_26) = $28.5 \mu g/m^3$



	ASD		10 th h	ighest 24-h	our RSP Co	ncentratio	n (µg/m²) (/	AQO = 100 j	ug/m³)				•	Ann	ual RSP Cor	centration	ι (μg/m³) (A(QO = 50 μg/	/m³)		
Area	• ASR	1.5m	5m	2 10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m ⁴	70m	80m	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m
	A10b-01	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-02	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-03	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-04	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-05	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-06	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-07	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-08	75	76	76	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-09	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-10	75	76	76	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Area 10b	A10b-11	75	76	76	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-12	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-13	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-14	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-15	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-16	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-17	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-18	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-19	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75 ·	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-20	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
	A10b-21	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40

.

Result Summary of Cumulative RSP Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

Note: [1] The Annual RSP background of Area 10b (Grid 18_26) = $39.9 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$

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A 100	ASR		10 th h	ighest 24-h	iour FSP Co	ncentratio	n (µg/m³) (AQO = 75 μ	g/m³)	. 1				Ann	ual FSP Con	centration	(µg/m ³) (AC	QO [™] ≕ 35 µ́µ́	/m ³)]]]		
Area	ASN -	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m -	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m	🎉 40m 🛹	50m	- 60m	12. 70m	80m ·
	A10b-01	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	_28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-02	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-03	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	
	A10b-04	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-05	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-06	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-07	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-08	56	57	57	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	29	29	29	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
1	A10b-09	56	56	57	57	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-10	57	57	57	56	56	56	56	56	_56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Area 10b	A10b-11	57	57	57	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-12	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-13	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-14	56	56	56	_ 56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-15	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-16	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-17	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-18	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-19	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-20	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
	A10b-21	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28

Result Summary of Cumulative FSP Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

Note: [1] The Annual FSP background of Area 10b (Grid 18_26) = $28.3 \mu g/m^3$



Area	ASR		Ma	x 10-minut	e SO _z Conce	entration (µ	ıg/m³) (AQ	Ο = 500 μg,	/m³)					4 th highest	24-hour SC	D ₂ Concentr	ation (µg/r	m ³) (AQO =	125 µg/m ³)		
Alea	- ASA	1.5 m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m 👋	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	,30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m
	A10b-01	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30	30	_30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-02	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-03	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-04	138	138	138	138	138	139	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-05	138	138	138	138	139	139	139	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-06	138	138	138	138	139	139	139	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-07	138	138	138	138	139	139	139	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-08	138	138	138	138	138	139	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-09	138	138	138	138	138	139	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
1	A10b-10	138	138	138	138	138	139	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Area 10b	A10b-11	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-12	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30		30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-13	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-14	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-15	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30		30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-16	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-17	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	30		30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
l	A10b-18	138	138	138	138	139	139	138	138	138	<u>1</u> 38	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-19	138	138	138	138	139	139	139	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-20	138	138	138	138	139	139	139	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	A10b-21	138	138	138	138	139	139	139	138	138	138	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30

Result Summary of Cumulative SO₂ Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

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Result Summary of Aluminum Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

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Area	ASR	, 1	Max	1-hour A	luminu	m Conce	ntration	(µg/m ³)	No Crt	erla)	•		Max	8-hour A	វាពីព្រំហំ	m Conce	ntration	(µg/m³)	(No Cri	teria)		1. 	Annual	Alumini	ım Conc	entrațio	n (µg/m	³) (Criter	la = 100	μ̈́g/m³)	
Area		1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m,	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m	1.5m	5m	10m	20m`	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m	1.5m	5m.	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m .	∖ 70m	80m_
	A10b-01	0.220	0.221	0.225	0.240	0.268	0.312	0.376	0.463	0.574	0.741	0.199	0.199	0.200	0.201	0.205	0.210	0.218	0.229	0.243	0.264	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
	A10b-02	0.220		0.224	0.239	0.266	0.309	0.372	0.457	0.566	0.696	0.199	0.199	0.200		0.205					0.258					0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
	А10Ь-03	0.217	0.217	0.220	0.233	0.257		0.349		0.519		0.199	0.199					0.215								0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
	A10b-04			0.215	·				0.373			0.198						0.211								0.196		0.196	0.196		0.196
	A10b-05		_	0.224				0.298			0.486		0.199		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			0.209								0.196		0.196		0.196	0.196
1		0.231		-					0.350				0.200			-		0.209								0.196				0.196	0.196
	A10b-07		_	0.239					0.343		0.477	0.201	0.201	0.201				0.208								0.196	0.196	0.196			
	A10b-08			0.247		-			0.320			0.202	0.202					0.206		h		-			_					0.196	
	A10b-09 A10b-10		0.254	0.255		0.266	0.276 0.279	0.287 0.290		0.318	0.370	0.203	0.203	0.203				0.207			0.218 0.225				_		0.196 0.196	0.196		0.196 0.196	
Area 10b			0.255		0.261	0.269			0.302	0.320		0.203		0.204				0.208			0.225			0.196			0.196	0.196		0.196	
7168 100	A10b-11	0.253	0.255			0.267	0.273		0.302	-	-	0.203	0.203	0.203				0.208			0.226			<u> </u>	0.196		0.196			0.196	
	A10b-13		0.254			0.268			0.305			0.203						0.208													
	A10b-14		0.254			0.268			0.304			0.203			t			0.208		-							0.196		0.196		
1 1	A10b-15	0.251	0.252				-		0.302							· · · · · ·		0.208											0.196		
	A10b-16	0.243	0.243	0.244	0.248	0.255	0.263		0.328									0.207					_				0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
	A10b-17	0.235	0.235	0.236	0.239	0.244	0.260	0.297	0.347	0.411	0.488	0.201	0.201	0.201	0.201	0.202	0.204	0.209	0.215	0.223	0.233	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
	A10b-18	0.227	0.227	0.228	0.236	0.259	0.295	0.344	0.408	0.486	0.573	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.201	0.204	0.208	0.215	0.223	0.232	0.243	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
	A10b-19	0.218	0.219	0.222	0.235	0.257	0.291	0.338	0.400	0.475	0.560	0.199	0.199	0.199	0.201	0.204	0.208	0.214	0.222	0.231	0.241	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
	A10b-20	0.230	0.232	0.236	0.255	0.289	0.341					0.200				0.208	0.214	0.223	0.235	0.249	0.265	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
	A10b-21	0.231	0.233	0.237	0.258	0.294	0.351	0.430	0.535	0.664	0.882	0.200	0.201	0.201	0.204	0.208	0.215	0.225	0.238	0.255	0.282	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196



Result Summary of Antimony Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

Araa	ACD		Max	1-hour A	Intimon	ý Concei	ntration	(µg/m ³)	(No Crit	eria)			Max	8-hour	Antimon	y Conce	itration	(µg/m³)	(No Crit	terla)			Annua	Antim	ony Con	centration	(µg/m ³	³) (Crite)	ria = 5 µ	ıg/m³)	
Area	γ Σ		5 m		20m	30m	40m			70m	80m	1.5m	5m	10m	[*] 20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m	1.5m	5m	10m		: 30m		50m	60m	70m	80m
	A10b-01	0.011	0.011	0.013	0.019	0.031	0.051	0.079	0.117	0.165	0.238	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.004	0.006	0.010	0.015	0.021	0.030	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <).001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
	A10b-02	0.010	0.011	0.012	0.019	0.031	0.049	0.077	0.114	0.162	0.218	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.004	0.006	0.010	0.014	0.020						<0.001 <					<0.001
	A10b-03	0.009							0.100	0.141	0.191	0.001	0.001		0.002					0.018						<0.001 <			<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
	A10b-04	0.007				0.021		0.052		0.109		<0.001							_							<0.001 <			<0.001	<0.001	10.001
	A10b-05					0.018	0.029	0.044	_	0.094		0.001			0.002											<0.001 <					<0.001
	А10Ь-06	0.016				0.019		0.045				0.002	0.002	0.002										_		<0.001 <					<0.001
	A10b-07	0.018	0.018			0.022	0.028	0.043	0.064		-	0.002	0.002		0.003		0.003	0.005	0.008	0.011	0.015	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001
	A10b-08	0.022	0.022		0.024	0.027	0.031	0.036	0.054				0.003	0.003			0.004												<0.001	<0.001 <	0.001
	A10b-09		0.025			0.031	0.035	0.040			0.076	0.003	0.003	0.003		0.004	0.004	0.005	0.006		0.010	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001
A	A10b-10	0.026	0.026	0.027		0.032	0.036	0.041		0.054		0.003	0.003			0.004	0.005	0.005											<0.001	<0.001 <	0.001
Area 10b		0.026	0.026		0.028	0.031	0.036	0.041	0.046			0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.004			0.006							<0.001 <			<0.001		0.001
	A10b-12 A10b-13	0.025		0.026 0.026	0.028 0.028	0.031		0.041					0.003	0.003		0.004	0.004			0.008						<0.001 <					0.001
	A10b-13 A10b-14	0.025			0.028	0.031	0.036	0.042	0.048		0.105	0.003		0.003					•	0.007				_		<0.001 <				<0.001 <	
	A10b-14 A10b-15					0.031	0.035	0.041	1	0.055		0.003	0.003	0.003						0.007						<0.001 <				< 0.001 <	
	A10b-15	0.024		_	0.027	0.030		0.040		0.037		0.003		0.003						0.010				_		<0.001 <		- i			
	A10b-17		0.017		0.019	0.020		0.044		0.094			0.002	-												<0.001 <					
	A10b-18	0.014	0.014									·		0.002																<0.001 <	
	A10b-19		0.010		0.017	0.027		0.062						-												< 0.001 <			< 0.001		0.001
	A10b-20	0.015		0.018	0.026				0.136				0.002	_						0.023				_		<0.001 <					
	A10b-21	0.015		0.018	0.027		-			0.205			0.002																	<0.001 <	

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Result Summary of Barium Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

Area	ASR		Ma	k 1-hour	Barium	Concent	tration (µg/m³) (No Crite	ria)		1	Max 8-h	our Bari	um Con	centratio	n (jug/m	n ^a) (Crite	ria = 500) µg/m³)			Annu	al Bariu	im Conce	enträtior	(µg/m³	(Criter	ia = 5 μg	/m³)	
Alea	- 70N	1.5m	5m	10m ·	20m	.30m	40m	. (50m	60m	70m	80m	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m [*]
	A10b-01	0.040	0.041	0.045	0.061	0.090	0.136	0.203	0.294	0.410	0.584	0.018	0.018	0.019	0.021	0.024	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.064	0.086	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-02	0.040	0.041	0.044				0.199		0.401	0.537	0.018	0.018	0.019	0.021	0.024	0.030	0.038	0.049	0.063	0.080	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-03	0.036	0.037			0.079		0.175		0.352	0.471	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.023		0.035		0.057		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015
	A10b-04	0.032	0.032			0.064				0.277			0.017	0.017	0.019	0.021		0.031		0.048	0.059	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-05	0.043	0.043						0.173			0.019	0.019	0.019	0.019			0.028		0.043		0.015	0.015	0.015				0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-06	0.052	0.052						0.176			0.020		0.020	0.020			0.029		0.044		0.015	0.015	0.015				0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-07	0.059	0.059		0.063							0.020		0.021				0.028		_		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-08	0.067	0.068		_				0.144					0.022				0.026		0.038		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015			0.015	0.015	
	A10b-09	0.075	0.075		0.081	0.088	0.098			0.142				0.023	0.023	0.024	0.025	0.027		0.031		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-10	0.077	0.077			0.091			0.126			0.023		0.023	0.024	0.025	0.026	0.027	0.029	0.031		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
Area 10b		0.076	0.076	0.078	0.082	0.090	0.100	0.112		0.152		0.023		0.023	0.023	0.024	0.026	0.027	0.029	0.032	0.046	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-12	0.075	0.075	0.076		0.089		0.112			0.262	0.022	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.024	0.026	0.027	0.029	0.034	0.046	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015	0.015	0.015
	A10b-13	0.075	0.075	0.076		0.090	0.101		0.129			0.022		0.023	0.023	0.024	0.026	0.027		0.032		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015			0.015	0.015
	A10b-14	0.075	0.075	0.076	0.082		0.101	0.114	0.128					0.023	0.023	0.024	0.026	0.027		0.031	0.041	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015		0.015
	A10b-15	0.073	0.073	0.075	0.080	0.088								0.022		0.024	0.025	0.027		0.032		0.015		0.015		0.015					0.015
	A10b-16	0.064	0.064			0.076	0.085	0.107		0.212		0.021				0.023	0.024	0.026		0.040		0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015
	A10b-17	0.055	0.056					0.120	0.173	0.240	0.320		0.020	0.020	_	0.021	0.023	0.028		_	0.053	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015
	A10b-18	0.047	0.048	0.048	0.057			0.170	0.237	0.318				0.019	0.020	0.023	0.028	0.034	0.043	0.053	0.064	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015	0.015
	A10b-19	0.038	0.039	0.042				0.164	0.228	0.307	0.395		0.018	0.018	0.020	0.023	0.027	0.034	0.042	0.051	0.062	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015	0.015
	A10b-20	0.051	0.052	0.057	0.077			0.242	0.340	0.459	0.593					0.027	0.034	0.043			0.087		0.015	0.015	0.015		0.015	0.015		0.015	
	A10b-21	0.052	0.053	0.058	0.079	0.118	0.176	0.260	0.369	0.504	0.732	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.023	0.028	0.035	0.046	0.059	0.076	0.105	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015



Result Summary of Strontium Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

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Area	ASR		Max	1-hour S	itrontiu	n Conce	ntration	(ug/m ³)	(No Crit	eria)			Max	8-hour S	strontiu	n Conce	ntration	(µg/m ³)	(No Cri	teria)			Anı	nual Str	ontium	Concent	ration (ig/m ³) (f	No Criteri	a) '	
Aica		1.5m	Sm				40m	50m	. 60m	70m	80m	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	. 60m	70m	80m	1.5m	5m.	10m	#20m#	30m	⊶40 ⊞	50m	#60mia	70m 8	0m
	A105-01	0.014	0.014	0.016	0.025	0.040	0.065	0.101	0.149	0.212	0.305	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.008	0.013	0.019	0.026	0.038	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <0).001
	A10b-02	0.013	0.014				0.063	0.099	0.146	0.207	0.280	0.002		0.002		0.005	0.008	0.012	0.018							<u>. </u>				<0.001 <0	
	A10b-03	0.011	0.012			0.034	0.055	0.086				0.001	0.002		0.003	0.004	0.007		0.016											<0.001 <0	
4	A10b-04	0.009	0.009			0.026					0.190		0.001		0.002	0.003		<u> </u>		<u> </u>										<0.001 <0	
	A10b-05		0.015									0.002						·		·					<u></u>					<0.001 <0	
	A10b-06 A10b-07	0.020	0.020			0.024						0.002					·	t	0.011						<u></u>					<0.001 <0	
	A106-07	0.023 0.028				0.029	_					0.003 0.004				0.004						_						·	****	<0.001 <0 <0.001 <0	
1 1	A105-00		0.028									0.004																		<0.001 <0	
	A10b-10		0.033										0.004		0.005						_									<0.001 <0	_
Area 10b			0.033			0.040	0.046		0.059					0.004	0.005			*												<0.001 <0	
	A10b-12	0.032		0.033	0.036				0.059		0.132		0.004		0.004	0.005		<u> </u>	0.007		_									<0.001 <0	
	A10b-13	0.032	0.032	0.033	0.036	0.040	0.046	0.053		0.075			0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.017	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001 < 0	J.001
	A10b-14	0.032	0.032	0.033	0.036	0.040	0.046	0.053	0.061	0.068	0.111	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.014	<0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <0	0.001
	A10b-15	0.031	0.031	0.032	0.035	0.039	0.045	0.052	0.059	0.072	0.099	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.007	0.009	0.012	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <0	J.001
	A10b-16	0.026	0.026	0.027	0.029	0.033	0.038	0.049	0.074	0.106	0.144	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.009	0.013	0.018	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <0).001
	A10b-17	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.024	0.027	0.036	0.056	0.084	0.120	0.164	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003		0.007	0.011	0.015	0.020	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <0	<u>).001</u>
	A10b-18		0.017					·	0.119						0.003	0.004												+	+	<0.001 <0	_
	A10b-19	0.013							0.114					0.002						*										<0.001 <0	
	A10b-20		0.020			0.052			0.174					0.003															_	<0.001 <0	
	A10b-21	0.020	0.021	0.023	0.035	0.055	0.087	0.131	0.190	0.262	0.384	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.007	0.011	0.016	0.024	0.033	0.048	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <0	J.001

Result Summary of Copper Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

Area	ASR	i, î	Max 1-h	our Cop	per Conc	entratio	n (µg/m	³) (Crite	ria = 100	μg/m ³)			Ma	x 8-hour	Copper	Concent	ration (No Crite	ria)			Annua	al Coppe	r Concer	ntration	(µg/m³)	(Criteria	i = 2,4 μ	r/m³)	41.5
Alca	ASh	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	. 30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m	1.5m	. 5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m	1.5m	5m	10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m	70m	80m
	A10b-01	0.097	0.097	0.098	0.103	0.112	0.125	0.145	0.173	0.208	0.260	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.091	0.092	0.094	0.096	0.099	0.104	0.110	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-02	0.096	0.097	0.098	0.102	0.111	0.125	0.144	0.171	0.205	0.246	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.091	0.092	0.093	0.096	0.099	0.104	0.109	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-03	0.095	0.096	0.097	0.101	0.108	0.120	0.137	0.161	0.190	0.226	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.091	0.093	0.095	0.098	0.102	0.106	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-04	0.094	0.094	0.095	0.098	0.104	0.113	0.126	0.145	0.168	0.195	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.091	0.092	0.094	0.096	0.099	0.102	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-05	0.097	0.097	0.098	0.098	0.102	0.110	0.121	0.136	0.156	0.180	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090			0.093	0.095		0.100	0.089	0.089	0.089		0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-06	0.100	0.100				-		0.137	0.158	0.182	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.091			0.093	0.095	0.098				0.089		0.089	0.089	0.089		0.089	0.089
	A10b-07	0.102	0.102					0.120		0.154	0.177	0.091		0.091				0.093	0.095			0.089	0.089	0.089			0.089	0.089		0.089	0.089
	A10b-08	0.105							0.128	_		0.091		0.091				0.092				0.089	0.089	0.089			0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-09	0.107							0.121			0.091	-		0.091			0.093		-			0.089			0.089		0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-10								0.122			0.091		0.091				0.093	0.093	0.094		0.089	0.089			0.089		0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
Area 10b		0.107	0.107			0.112		0.118				0.091						0.093	0.093	0.094			0.089	0.089		0.089		0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-12	0.107		0.107	-				0.122			0.091	0.091	0.091	_	0.092		0.093	_	0.095			0.089	0.089		0.089		0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-13	0.107		0.107					0.123				0.091	0.091	0.092	0.092		0.093	0.093		_	0.089	0.089	0.089		0.089	0.089	0.089	t	0.089	0.089
	A10b-14	0.107	0.107	0.107	0.109			*	0.123	· · · ·	0.151	0.091	0.091	0.091	0.092		0.092	0.093	0.093		0.097	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089		0.089	-	0.089	
	A10b-15	0.106		0.107	0.108	0.111			0.122				0.091	0.091	0.091	0.092	0.092	0.093	0.093	0.094	0.096	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089		0.089	0.089
	A10b-16	0.104	0.104	0.104	0.105				0.130			0.091	0.091		0.091		0.092	0.092	0.094		0.099	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	l	0.089	0.089
	A10b-17	0.101		0.101	0.102				0.136			-	0.091	0.091	0.091	0.091	-	0.093	0.095			0.089	0.089	_	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
ļ	A10b-18	0.099	0.099	0.099	0.102				0.156				0.090	0.090	0.091	0.091	0.093	0.095		0.100		0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
	A10b-19		0.096		0.101	-			0.153	-			0.090	0.090	0.091	0.091	0.093	0.095	0.097		0.103	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089			0.089	0.089
	A10b-20		0.100		_				0.187				0.090	0.091		0.093	0.095	0.098	0.101			0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089		1		0.089
	A10b-21	0.100	0.101	0.102	0.108	0.120	0.138	0.163	0.195	0.236	0.305	0.090	0.090	0.091	0.091	0.093	0.095	0.098	0.102	0.107	0.116	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089

Result Summary of Titanium Concentration for all ASRs at Various Heights above Ground

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Area	ASR		Max	1-hour	Titanlum	Concen	tration	$(\mu g/m^3)$	(No Crit	eria)			Max	8-hour	Titaniun	n Concer	tration	(µg/m³)	(No Crit	eria)			Annua	Titaniu	m Conce	ntration	ι (μg/m ³)) (Criter	ia = 100 (.ug/m³):	<i>.</i>
Alea		.1.5m		10m	20m	30m	40m	50m	60m '		80m	1.5m	5m		20m		40m,		````	70m .	80m	1.5m		10m					1 60m3		80m
	А10Ь-01	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.006	0.010	0.016	0.025	0.036	0.052	0.074	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.006										<0.001	
	A10b-02					0.010	0.015	0.024	0.036	0.051	0.068	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001					0.006										<0.001	
	A10b-03			0.003					0.031																					<0.001	
	A10b-04	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.004	0.006			0.024																					<0.001	
	A10b-05				0.004	0.006	0.009													<u></u>										<0.001	
	A10b-06						0.009		0.021											<u> </u>						_				<0.001	
	A10b-07						0.009	0.013	0.020							<0.001										_				<0.001	
1	A10b-08						0.010	0.011	0.017							0.001													-1	<0.001	
	A10b-09		0.008			0.010	0.011	0.012		0.017			<0.001					0.002												<0.001	
	A10b-10					0.010	0.011	0.013	0.015				0.001								-									<0.001	
Area 10b		0.008	0.008	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.011	0.013	0.014	0.018			0.001		+ <u> </u>			0.002								_				<0.001	
	A10b-12		0.008				0.011	0.013	0.015				<0.001					0.002												<0.001	
	A10b-13	0.008					0.011	0.013					<0.001					0.002							-					<0.001	
	A10b-14		0.008				0.011	<u> </u>	0.015				<0.001		1			0.002												<0.001	
	A10b-15		0.008	0.008			0.011	<u> </u>	0.014						t	0.001														<0.001	
	A10b-16						0.009	0.012					t			0.001												-		<0.001	
	A10b-17			0.005				0.014	<u> </u>	0.029						< 0.001														<0.001	
	A10b-18			0.004					<u> </u>	0.040																				<0.001	
	A10b-19		0.003		0.005		0.013	0.019	0.028				t					0.002								_				<0.001	
	A10b-20						0.020	0.030										0.004		<u> </u>					-					<0.001	-
	A10b-21	0.005	0.005	0.006	0.008	0.013	0.021	0.032	0.046	0.064	0.094	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.012	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	. <0.001	<0.001	<0.001

Appendix 5.1

Legislation and Standards for Noise Assessment

Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Environmental Study

Legislation and Standards

The relevant legislation and associated guidance applicable to present the study for the assessment of noise impacts include:

- TM on Noise from Places other than Domestic Premises, Public Places or Construction Sites (TM-Places); and
- Hong Kong Planning Standard and Guidelines (HKPSG). .

Road Traffic Noise

In accordance with the HKPSG, the maximum permissible hourly noise level (L10) at the external facades of domestic premises is 70dB(A). This criterion applies to domestic premises relying on open windows as a primary means for ventilation.

Fixed Noise

The HKPSG stipulates that in order to plan for a better environment, all fixed noise sources should be located and designed so that when assessed in accordance with the TM-Places, the level of the intruding noise at the facade of the nearest sensitive use should be at least 5 dB(A) below the appropriate Acceptable Noise Limit (ANL) as stipulated in TM-Places or, in the case of the background being 5 dB(A) lower than the ANL, should not be higher than the background. The following table presents the ANL for various Area Sensitivity Ratings (ASR).

		ANL, dB(A)	ce al
Time Period	ASRA	ASR B	ASR C
Day (0700 to 1900 hours)	60	65	70
Evening (1900 to 2300 hours)	60	65	70
Night (2300 to 0700 hours)	50	55	60

Table A5.1: ANLs for fixed noise sources

Note:

ASR - Area Sensitivity Rating [1]

For Discovery Bay in particular, it comprises of a combination of both high-rise and low-rise residential and commercial developments, and landscaping areas distributing within the development boundary. Hence, it is considered appropriate to be described as "Low density residential area consisting of low-rise or isolated high-rise developments" as defined in Table 1 of TM-Places. Besides, there are no influencing factors such as industrial areas, major road with daily flow exceeding 30,000 vehicles per day in the vicinity. Hence, it is appropriate to adopt an ASR of "A". As such, the minimum of ANL-5 or prevailing noise level would be 55dB(A) for daytime and evening periods (7:00 to 23:00) and 45dB(A) for night-time period (23:00 to 7:00).

Similar to road traffic noise assessment, all these criteria only apply to NSRs relying 235828 | Firei | November 2015

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on opened windows for ventilation.

Firework Display Noise from Disneyland

The Disneyland Theme Park is located at approximately 2.5 km north-east of Discovery Bay. This theme park is a Designated Project (DP) under the EIAO and an EIA Report was submitted to EPD and approved under the EIAO (ref AEIAR - 0323/2000). Hence, the operation of theme park is governed by the noise criteria stipulated under TM-Places and TM-EIAO.

Firework events at Disneyland are organized at 8pm every night. According to its approved EIA Report, a noise criterion of Leg (15 min) 55 dB(A) is recommended for assessing the noise impacts due to fireworks. Hence, this Leq (15 min) 55 dB(A) is still adopted in this assessment.

Similar to road traffic noise assessment, all these criteria only apply to NSRs relying on opened windows for ventilation.

Marine Traffic Noise

There is no statutory requirement for marine traffic noise. Additional non-statutory noise criteria may therefore need to be considered. An approach has been adopted similar to the approved EIA report for the West Kowloon Cultural District (AEIAR-178/2003). It is considered the predicted noise level will be unlikely to cause any disturbance and nuisance when the marine traffic noise is below the prevailing noise level.

The prevailing noise levels measured near Marina Avenue was 58 dB(A) for daytime / evening time periods and 53 dB(A) for nighttime period in free field setting. The selected prevailing noise measurement location is shown in this appendix. Hence, it is considered appropriate to adopt the criteria of 61 dB(A) for daytime and evening time and 56 dB(A) for nighttime periods, including a facade correction of 3 dB(A).

Similar to road traffic noise assessment, all these criteria only apply to NSRs relying on opened windows for ventilation.

Construction Noise

It is considered the development is in a preliminary stage, there is no construction programme or construction plant inventory for this development at this moment. Once the detailed construction programmed and methodology become available during EIA stage, a quantitative construction noise assessment would be conducted. Mitigation measures will be studied and recommended in EIA stage to reduce the construction noise impacts.

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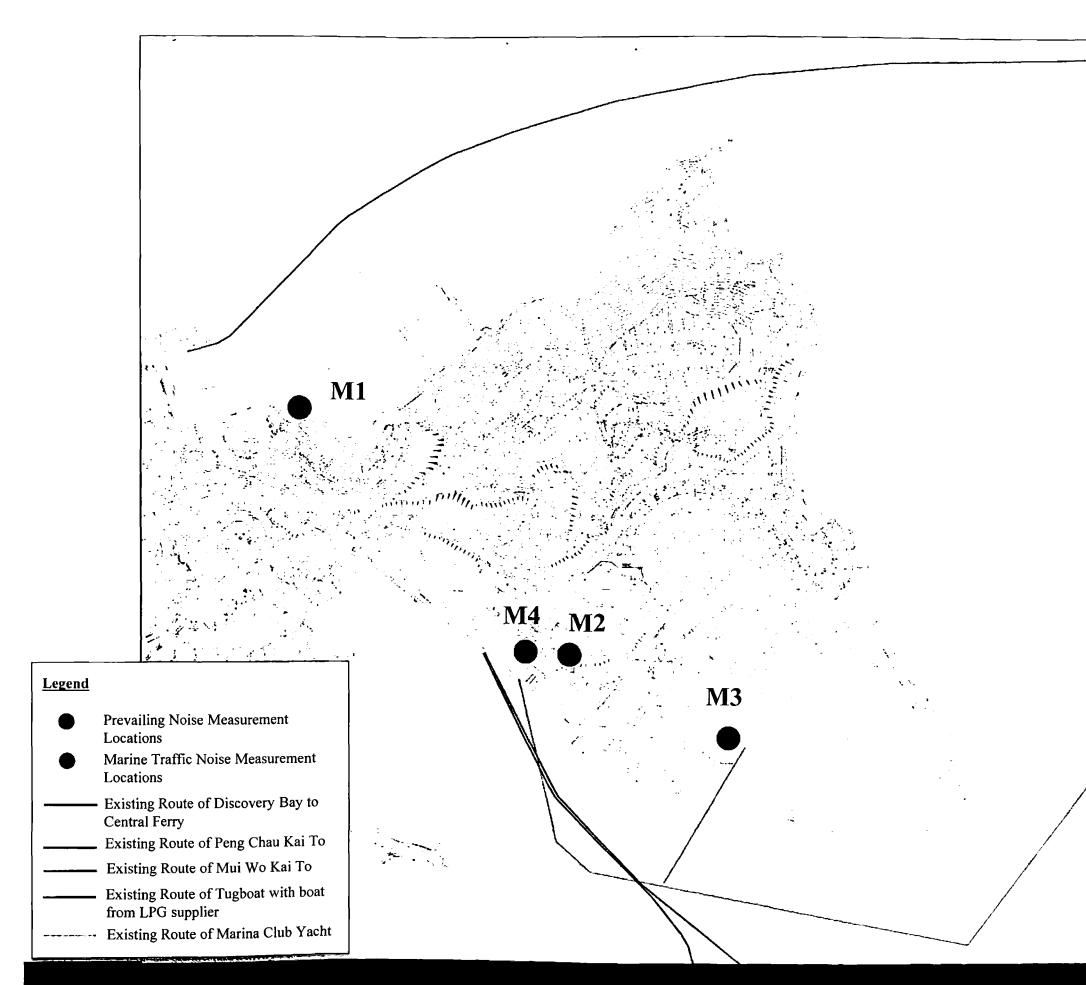
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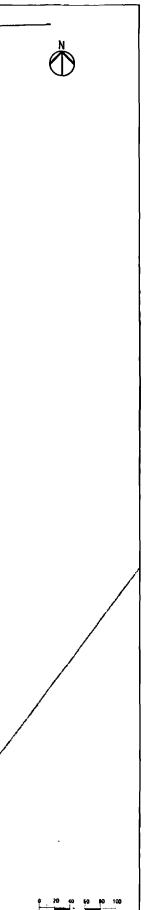
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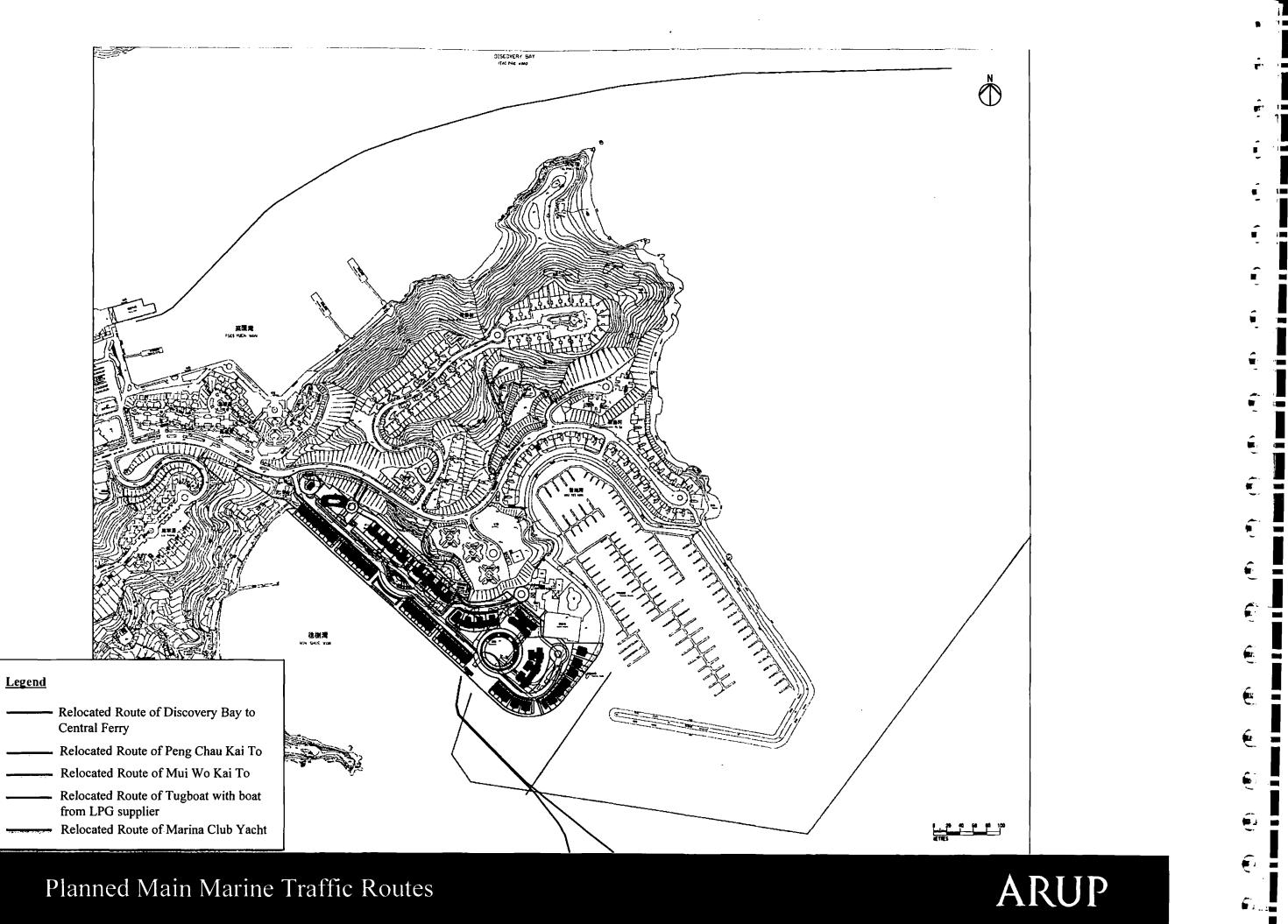


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Noise Measurement Locations and Existing Main Marine Traffic Routes







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Appendix 5.2

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Marine Traffic Noise Assessment Methodology and Source Term Measurement

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Methodology

The following procedures will be adopted for marine traffic noise assessment. The noise generated by the vessels at stationary mode (e.g. idling) will be assessed as fixed noise sources.

General

The navigation routes located within 300m of this development area considered as the assessment area. Any representative planned sources located within the assessment area would be considered in this noise assessment, adopting the noise criteria as discussed in Appendix 5.1.

Operational Information of Marine Vessels

All operational information of vessels is based on either site observation or operation schedule from operators for typical days. The operational information for the existing ferry, kaito, and existing marina are summarized in the table below.

Table A5.2: Operational information for the existing ferry and marina vessels

Operation Parameters	Existing Discovery Bay Ferry	Kaito	Marina	Tug boat with barge	Sand barge	LPG container
Ferry / yacht per hour	911	6 ^[1]	3[2]	1 [4]	1 (4)	I [4]
Speed knots/h	-10	-10	5[3]	-2	-4	-4

Notes:

[1] According to operation schedule from operator.

(2) (3)

Based on site observation from typical days and weekends in Discovery Bay. According to Marine Department Notice No. 84, only speed at 5 knots per hour for yachts is allowed inside typhoon shelter. In addition, as advised by the marine traffic engineer, the speed for the marine route as indicated in Appendix 5.1 is in 5 knots per hour. According to operation schedule from operator, the tug boat with barge from gas supplier, sand

[4] barge and LPG container vessels would arrive the pier once per month, once per month and once per week.

Apart from existing Discovery Bay ferry, Kaito and existing marina, tugboat with barge from LPG supplier, sand barge with sand loading, LPG containers for glass bottle, bounty, oil tanker and ferries/vessels petrol filling near kaito pier are also observed.

According to latest information, the ferry petrol filling will be conducted in marine based filling station outside Discovery Bay. Therefore, the operation of oil tanker and ferries / vessels petrol filling near kaito pier would be excluded in the noise assessment.

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Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Environmental Study

Marine Noise Source Determination

In order to determine the Sound Exposure Level (SEL) in accordance with ISO 2922-1975(E), which has been adopted in several approved EIA, such as AEIAR-178/2013, noise measurements for marine noise source terms have been conducted as below:

- Noise measurements for marine noise source terms at Discovery Bay Marina, and Discovery Bay Public Pier and Kaito Pier for the existing ferry, kaito, marina, tugboat with barge from LPG supplier, etc.
- The measurement location at Discovery Bay Marina was about 20m from the vessels.
- For the measurements at Discovery Bay Public Pier, the separation distance was about 50 - 100m, depending on the transit route.
- For the measurements at Kai To Pier, the separation distance was about 20-100m, depending on the transit route.

The table below summarizes the marine noise source term.

Table A5.3: Marine noise source term measurement

Description ⁽¹⁾	Direction	SEL at 25m, dB(A) ^[2]
Peng Chau Kaito (Including those via	Approaching	71.3
Trappist Monastery)	Departing	74.5
	Approaching	77.7
Mui Wo Kaito	Departing	78.6
	Approaching	85.6
Discovery Bay Ferry	Departing	86.1
	Approaching	80.0
Tugboat	Departing	80.0
	Approaching	77.7 [3]
Sand Barge	Departing	77.7
	Approaching	71.2
LPG Containers	Departing	71.2 [4]

Notes:

2] SEL corrected to 25m at reference speed of about 5knots/h for proposed yacht and 16knots/h for existing ferry.

[3] SEL measurement was disturbed by other noisy activities, such as bus idling and oil tanker operation. Since non-disturbed events could not be measured, SEL for "Departing" has been adopted to represent that for "Approaching".
 [4] SEL measurement was disturbed by other noisy activities, such as bus idling and oil tanker

[4] SEL measurement was disturbed by other noisy activities, such as bus idling and oil tanker operation. Since non-disturbed events could not be measured, SEL for "Approaching" has been adopted to represent that for "Departing".

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Only non-disturbed events have been tabulated in the above table.
 SEL corrected to 25m at reference speed of about 5knots/h for p.

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Prediction of Noise Impacts

The SELs summarized in the above tables are then converted to establish the facade noise levels at NSRs, taking into account various consideration such as operation time, distances, number of concurrent vessels, facade effects. A summary of equations adopted in the marine traffic noise assessment is given in the table below.

Table A5.4: Summary of equations for marine traffic noise assessment

Parameters	Equations
	$SEL = L_{max} + 10\log(kd/V),$
	where
SEL, dB(A)	L _{max} = Measured marine traffic passby noise level, dB(A)
SEL, UB(A)	k = Empirical constant
	d = Perpendicular distance between measurement location and the marine traffic, m
	V = Speed of the marine traffic, m/s
	$L_{eqlar} = SEL - 10\log(d_1/d) - 10\log(T) + 10\log(N) + FC + Dir$
	where
	d1 = Perpendicular slant distance between marine traffic and NSR,
Leq Ibr, dB(A)	m
	T = Time period under consideration (3600), s
	N = Number of marine traffic
	FC = With 3 dB(A) facade correction
	Dir = -10dB(A) correction for without line of sight

Since all the noise sources from the marine vessels movements would not occur at the same time, it is important to analyse and establish the possible cases during a typical 1-hour period that would constitute noise impacts. The details of different scenarios have been presented in below table and Appendix 5.3.

Table A5.5: Summary of all observed	possible cases in a standard sample period
(60mins)	-

		Description Pi									
Свяе	PC 🐪	MW	DB .	Yacht	TB	SB	LPG				
1	1	1171	1	1	√17)						
2	4	√tz1	4	4		111					
3	V	√ [5]	4	1							

Note: [1] 1

PC – Peng Chau kaito; MW – Mui Wo kaito;

DB - Discovery Bay Ferry;

TB - Tugboat with barge from LPG supplier,

SB - Sand Barge; and

LPG - LPG Container.

[2] Marine vessels operate in daytime only.

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It can be seen that the marine vessel movements for Peng Chau kaito, Mui Wo kaito and Yacht would also occur during a typical hour. The operation of sand barge, tugboat and LPG container vessels would be carried out once a season (~3 months), once per month and once per week during daytime period respectively.

Bounty near Kai To Pier would be subject to needed basis from visitor / event organizer, etc. The frequency for the operation of the bounty would be infrequent.

However, site constraints would eliminate more than one activity for vessels for the gas bottle supplier, sand barge and bounty, and tugboat with barge to occur concurrently. Besides, all these activities would not occur during night-time period as well.

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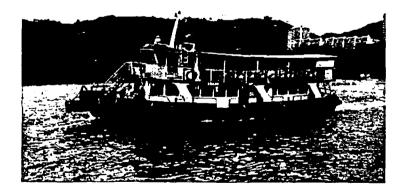
Project No.:235928Project Title:Optimization of Land Use in Discovery BayTitle:Determination of Ferry Noise Sources (Peng Chau Line)

Event	Description	Direction	Measured L _{max} , dB(A) ^[1]	Approx. Distance from ferry, m [7]	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A)	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
PC1	Peng Chau Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	63.4	20	9	5	72.8	N		-
PC3	Peng Chau Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	61.9	20	7	4	72.3	N	-	
PC5	Peng Chau Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	61.1	20	10	5	69.8	Y	69.8	68.9
PC7	Peng Chau Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	58.9	20	7	4	69.1	Y	69.1	68.2
PC9	Peng Chau Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	60.8	20	11	6	69.2	Y	69.2	68.2
PC11	Peng Chau Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	59.9	20	7	3	70.6	Y	70.6	69.6
PC13	Peng Chau Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	62.3	20	8	4	72.2	Y	72.2	71.3
						·			Minimum	68.2
									Maximum	71.3
									Average	69.2
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	62.1	20	10	5	71.0	Y	71.0	70.1
PC4	Peng Chau Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	61.7	20	9	5	71.1	Y	71.1	70.1
PC6	Peng Chau Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	61.6	20	8	4	71.8	Y	71.8	70.8
PC8	Peng Chau Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	62.3	20	14	7	69.8	Y	69.8_	68.8
PC10	Peng Chau Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	63.3	20	5	3	75.1	N	-	-
PC12	Peng Chau Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	68.7	20	10	5	77.8	N	-	-
PC14	Peng Chau Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	60.8	20	5	2	73.1	Y	73.1	72.1
PC15	Peng Chau Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	64.9	20	7	4	75.4	Ý	75.4	74.5
									Minimum	68.8
									Maximum	74.5
									Average	71.3

[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.

[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source.

[3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.





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Project Title: Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay

Title: Determination of Ferry Noise Sources (Mui Wo Line)

Event	Description	Direction	Measured L _{max} , dB(A) ^[1]	Approx. Distance from ferry, m ^[2]	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed (V), m/s	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed Events(Y/N)	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A)	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
MW1	Mui Wo Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	60.7	20	10	5	69.7	Y	69.7	68.8
MW3	Mui Wo Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	61.1	20	7	3	71.8	Y	71.8	70.9
MW5	Mui Wo Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	66.3	20	5	2	78.6	Ý	78.6	77.7
MW7	Mui Wo Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	64.7	20	5	2	76.8	Y	76.8	75.9
MW9	Mui Wo Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	62.9	20	5	3	74.9	Y	74.9	73.9
MW11	Mui Wo Kaito	Approaching to Kaito Pier	69.9	20	5	2	82.0	N	-	
									Minimum	68.8
									Maximum	77.7
									Average	73.4
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	68.3	20	6	3	79.2	Y	79.2	78.3
MW4	Mui Wo Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	66.7	20	4	2	79.6	Y	79.6	78.6
MW6	Mui Wo Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	64.4	20	8	4	74.4	Y	74.4	73.4
MW8	Mui Wo Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	68.2	20	6	3	79.4	Y	79.4	78.5
MW10	Mui Wo Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	61.2	20	4	2	74.0	Y	74.0	73.0
MW12	Mui Wo Kaito	Departure from Kaito Pier	63.1	20	6	3	74.3	Y	74.3	73.4
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Minimum	73.0
									Maximum	78.6
									Average	75.9

Note:

[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.

[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source.

[3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.



Project No.:235928Project Title:Optimization of Land Use in Discovery BayTitle:Determination of Ferry Noise Sources (Discovery Bay to Central Line)

Event	Description	Direction	Measured L _{max} , dB(A) ^[1]	Approx. Distance from ferry, m [2]	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed (V), m/s	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed Events(Y/N)	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A)	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
DB1	Discoery Bay No. 9	Approaching to DB Public Pier	64.5	50	10	5	77.5	Y	77.5	80.5
DB2	Discoery Bay No. 8	Approaching to DB Public Pier	64.2	50	6	3	79.0	Y	79.0	82.0
DB6	Discoery Bay No. 9	Approaching to DB Public Pier	69.7	50	10	5	82.6	Y	82.6	85.6
DB8	Discoery Bay No. 8	Approaching to DB Public Pier	67.1	50	11	5	79.7	Y	79.7	82.7
DB12	Discoery Bay No. 8	Approaching to DB Public Pier	64.7	50	4	2	81.1	Y	81.1	84.1
DB14	Discoery Bay No. 5	Approaching to DB Public Pier	64.8	50	6	3	80.1	N	-	
DB16	Discoery Bay No. 7	Approaching to DB Public Pier	63.3	50	9	5	76.7	Y	76.7	79.7
DB18	Discoery Bay No. 5	Approaching to DB Public Pier	67.9	50	9	5	81.3	Y	81.3	84.3
DB4	Discoery Bay No. 1	Approaching to DB Public Pier	62.0	50	6	3	77.3	Y	77.3	80.3
DB10	Discoery Bay No. 1	Approaching to DB Public Pier	62.4	50	9	4	76.0	Y	76.0	79.0
						_	_		Minimum	79.0
									Maximum	85.6
									Average	82.0
DB3	Discoery Bay No. 8	Departure from DB Public Pier	68.1	50	9	5	81.5	Y	81.5	84.5
DB5	Discoery Bay No. 1	Departure from DB Public Pier	71.3	50	4	2	87.9	N	-	-
DB7	Discoery Bay No. 9	Departure from DB Public Pier	73.7	50	12	6	85.9	N	-	-
DB9	Discoery Bay No. 8	Departure from DB Public Pier	72.6	50	8	4	86.6	N		-
DB11	Discoery Bay No. 1	Departure from DB Public Pier	72.2	50	11	5	84.9	N		-
DB13	Discoery Bay No. 8	Departure from DB Public Pier	64.8	50	8	4	78.5	Y	78.5	81.5
DB15	Discoery Bay No. 5	Departure from DB Public Pier	64.6	50	8	4	78.4	Y	78.4	81.4
DB17	Discoery Bay No. 7	Departure from DB Public Pier	69.7	50	9	5	83.1	Y	83.1	86.1
DB19	Discoery Bay No. 5	Departure from DB Public Pier	67.8	50	9	4	81.3	Y	81.3	84.3
0010									Minimum	81.4
										1 01.4
									Maximum	86.1

[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.

[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source.

[3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.







Project No.: 235928

Project Title:

Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Determination of Ferry Noise Sources (Ferry Petrol Filling) Title:

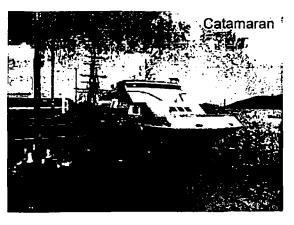
Event	Description	Direction	Measured L _{max} , dB(A) ^[1]	Approx. Distance from ferry, m [²]	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed Events(Y/N)	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A)	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
DB(fuel)1	Monohull petrol filling	Approaching to Oil Tank at Marina Avenue	69.2	20	4	2	82.3	Y	82.3	81.3
DB(fuel)3	Catamaran petrol filling	Approaching to Oil Tank at Marina Avenue		20	3	2	79.9	Y	79.9	78.9
									Minimum	78.9
									Maximum	81.3
									Average	80.1
DB(fuel)2	Monohull petrol filling	Departure from Oil Tank at Marina Avenue	69.4	20	3	2	83.1	Y	83.1	82.1
DB(fuel)4	Catamaran petrol filling	Departure from Oil Tank at Marina Avenue		20	3	1	78.1	Y	78.1	77.1
			·			<u> </u>			Minimum	77.1
									Maximum	82.1
									Average	79.6

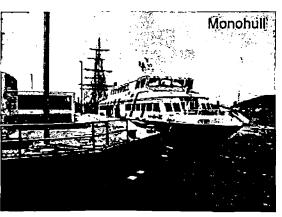
Note:

[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.

[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source.

[3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.





Project No.:235928Project Title:Optimization of Land Use in Discovery BayTitle:Determination of Ferry Noise Sources (Oil Tanker)

Event	Description	Direction	Measured L _{max} , dB(A) ^[1]	Approx. Distance from ferry, m [2]	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed Events(Y/N)	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A)	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
PS1	Oil Tanker	Approaching to Oil Tank at Marina Avenue	68.9	15	13	7	75.4	Y	75.4	73.2
PS2	Oil Tanker	Departure from Oil Tank at Marina Avenue	71.7	15	5	3	82.4	Y	82.4	80.2
									Minimum	73.2
									Maximum	80.2
									Average	76.7

Note:

[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.

[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source.

[3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.





Project No.: 235928

Project Title: Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay

Title: Determination of Ferry Noise Sources (Sand Barge)

Event	Description	Direction	Measured L _{max} , dB(A) ^[1]	Approx. Distance from ferry, m [2]	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed Events(Y/N)	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A)	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
SB1	Sand Barge	Approaching to Sand Barge	68.0	15	4	2	79.3	N	-	
SB2		Departure from Sand Barge	67.4	15	3	2	80.0	Y	80.0	77.7
									Minimum	77.7
									Maximum	77.7
						<u> </u>			Average	77.7

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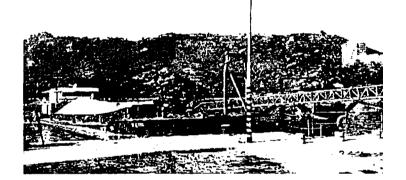
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[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.

[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source.

[3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.



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Project No.: 235928 Project Title: Optimize Title: Determin Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Determination of Ferry Noise Sources (Tug Boat with Barge)

Event	Description	Direction	Passby time, s	Travelling Distance, M		Approx. Distance from ferry, m [2]	Estimated Speed (km/hr)	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed (V), m/s	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed Events(Y/N)	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A)	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
TB1	Tug Boat with Barge	Approaching to Kaito Pier	204	250	68.3	15	4	2	1.2	82.2	Y	82.2	80.0
TB2	Tug Boat with Barge	Departure from Kaito Pier	204	250	67.3	15	4	2	1.2	81.2	Y	81.2	79.0
												Minimum	79.0
												Maximum	80.0
												Average	79.5

Note:

[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.

[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source.
[3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.





Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay
Title:	Determination of Marina Noise Sources

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Event	Description	Direction	Measured L _{max} , dB(A) ^[1]	Approx. Distance from yacht, m [2]	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed (V), m/s	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed Events(Y/N)	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A) ^[5]	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
Yacht - 1	Sailboat 1 ^[6]	Out from Marina	57.6	20	7	4	68.2	Y	-	•
Yacht - 2	Speed boat 1	In to Marina	57.1	20	9	5	66.4	Y	66.4	64.5
Yacht - 3	Speed boat 2	Out from Marina	63.6	20	13	7	71.4	Y	71.4	69.5
Yacht - 4	Sailboat 2 ^[6]	Out from Marina	62.3	20	8	4	72.3	N	•	-
Yacht - 5	Speed boat 3	In to Marina	60.6	20	8	4	70.3	Y	70.3	68.4
Yacht -6	Waste collection boat 1	Out from Marina	58.9	20	8	4	68.6	Y	68.6	66.7
Yacht -7	Speed boat 4	Out from Marina	55.2	20	8	4	64.9	Y	64.9	62.9
Yacht -8	Speed boat 5	In to Marina	63.7	20	8	4	73.8	Y	73.8	71.8
Yacht -9	Yacht 1	In to Marina	61.7	20	8	4	71.5	Y	71.5	69.6
Yacht -10	Sailboat 3 ^[6]	Out from Marina	55.0	20	11	6	63.4	Y	-	-
Yacht -11	Speed boat 6	Out from Marina	65.8	20	12	6	74.0	Y	74.0	72.1
Yacht -12	Sailboat 4 ^[6]	Out from Marina	55.8	20	7	3	66.6	Y	-	-
Yacht -13	Waste collection boat 2	In to Marina	63.5	20	8	4	73.2	Ŷ	73.2	71.2
Yacht - 14	Sailboat 5 ^[4]	Out from Marina	67.9	20	8	4	77.7	N	-	-
Yacht - 15	Sailboat 6 ^[6]	Out from Marina	57.1	20	8	4	67.2	Y	-	_
Yacht -16	Sailboat 7	Out from Marina	62.0	20	10	5	71.0	Y	71.0	69.1
Yacht -17	Speed boat 7 ^[4]	In to Marina	61.2	20	11	6	69.6	N		-
Yacht -18	Sailboat 8 ^[6]	Out from Marina	61.2	20	6	3	72.2	Y		-
Yacht -19	Sailboat 9 ^[4,6]	Out from Marina	61.2	20	7	4	71.5	N		•
Yacht -20	Speed boat 8 ^[4]	Out from Marina	61.2	20	11	6	69.6	N	-	
Yacht -21	Sailboat 10 ^[4,6]	Out from Marina	56.3	20	7	4	66.6	N		
Yacht -22	Sailboat 11 ^[6]	Out from Marina	58.0	20	10	5	67.0	Y		
Yacht -23	Speed boat 9	Out from Marina	61.6	20	17	9	68.1	Y	68.1	66.2
Yacht -24	Sailboat 12 ^[6]	Out from Marina	57.9	20	11	6	66.4	Y	-	
Yacht -25	Sailboat 13 [6]	Out from Marina	56.4	20	11	6	64.9			-
Yacht -26	Speed boat 10	In to Marina	58.5	20	10	5	67.4	Y	67.4	65.5
Yacht -27	Speed boat 11 ^[4]	Out from Marina	60.3	20	10	5	69.1	N	•	-
Yacht -28	Speed boat 12	Out from Marina	62.8	20	10	5	71.6	Y	71.6	69.6
Yacht -29	Speed boat 13	In to Marina	59.5	20	7	4	70.0	Y	70.0	68.0
Yacht -30	Speed boat 14	In to Marina	56.7	20	10	5	65.7	Y	65.7	63.8
Yacht -31	Waste collection boat 3	In to Marina	57.0	20	8	4	66.7	Y	66.7	64.8
Yacht -32	Speed boat 15	Out from Marina	60.8	20	10	5	69.8	Y	69.8	67.9
Yacht -33	Speed boat 16	In to Marina	64.5	20	7	4	74.8	N	-	
Yacht -34	Waste collection boat 4	In to Marina	56.8	20	8	4	66.6	Y	66.6	64.7
Yacht -35	Sailboat 14 ^[6]	Out from Marina	61.2	20	3	2	75.2	N	-	-
						-			Min.	62.9
									Maximum	72.1
									Average	67.6

Note:

[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source.

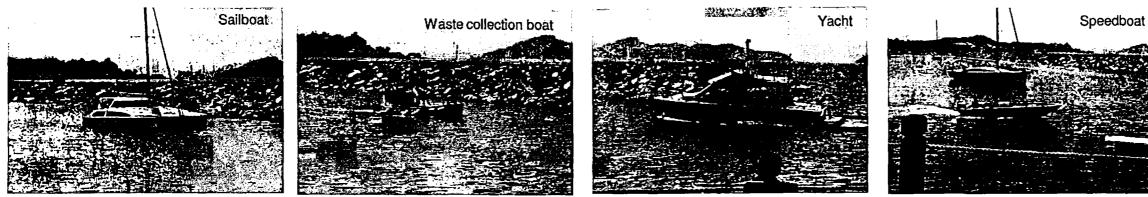
[3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.

where k = 2 (empirical constant, d = perpendicular distance, v = speed in m/s

[4] Affected by noise from other marine traffic.

[5] Marine Department Notice No. 84 of year 2000 regarding speed limit in typhoon shelters, all vessels underway in the entrance to or within a typhoon shelter should not exceed five knots. However, yachts with speed more than 5knots per hour are still considered in the source term calculation for conservative approach.

[6] Noise events from sailboat were observed compatible to background noise level, therefore, the noise from sailboat is insignificant and concluded as no impact.







Project No.: 235928

Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Project Title:

Determination of Ferry Noise Sources (LPG container vessel) Title:

Event	Description	Direction	Measured L _{max} , dB(A) ^[1]	Approx. Distance from ferry, m [2]	Speed, Knots/hr	Speed	Estimated SEL, dB(A) ^[3]	Non-Disturbed Events(Y/N)	SEL for non - disturbed events, dB(A)	SEL at 25m, dB(A)
LPG1	LPG container vessel	Approaching to LPG container vessel	62.1	15	4	2	73.4	Y	73.4	71.2
LPG2	LPG container vessel	Departure from LPG container vessel	56.7	15	3	2	69.3	N	-	-
									Minimum	71.2
									Maximum	71.2
									Average	71.2

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[1] All measurement were taken at free field condition.

[2] Perpendicular distance between the reference measurement location and the source. [3] SEL = L_{max} + 10log(kd/V) according to Equation 2.22 of Transportation Noise Reference Book, 1987.



Appendix 5.3

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Predicted SPL due to Marine Traffic

Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay
Tille:	Marine Traffic Noise Assessment
Assessment Point:	N10b-A1

Case 1: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & Tugboat with barge in 60mins

									Correcti	kon, dB(A)	 		Predicted Noise Level, Léq _{jessin} , dB(A)	Overall Noise Level, Leq _{(Munin}) dB(A)	Prevailing Noise? Level, Leq (1974) dB(Å) ⁽¹⁹⁾	Remark
Une	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ^[7]	Time, s ^p	No. of Ferry ^[4]	Distance, m	Time	No.	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance			49(7)	
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	50	36	3	3	0	0	-3	39			•
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	50	36	3	3	0	0	-3	42			· ·
	1	Approaching	77.7	3600	1	50	36	D	3	0	0	-3	42	1		•
MW	Daytime /	Departure	78,6	3600	11	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	43	1		
	Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	750	36	7	3	-10	0	-15	35	51	51	·
DB	time	Departure	86.1	3600	4	750	36	6	3	-10	0	-15	35			· ·
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72,1	3600	3	135	36	5	3	0	0	-7	37			
		Approaching	60.0	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	47	1		For worst case 60min scenario, activity with highe
ТВ		Departure	79.0	3600	•	30	-		3	0	0	•	· ·	1		would be used for assessment
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	36		[
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	39	1		-
		Approaching	77.7	3600	-	50	-		3	0	0			1		No operation during nighttime
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	· ·	50			3	0	0		•	1		No operation during nighttime
	Nighttime	Approaching	85,6	3600	3	750	36	5	3	-10	0	-15	33	42	46	· ·
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	750	36	5	3	-10	0	-15	34			
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	-	135			3	0	0	-				No operation during nightlime
		Approaching	80,0	3600	•	30		-	3	0	0	-	-]		No operation during nightime
тв		Departure	79.0	3600		30	•	-	3	D	0	-	•]		No operation during nighttime

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; OT - Oil Tanker

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

Case 2: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & Sand Barge in 60mins

									Correcti	on, dB(A)			Predicted Noise Level, Leq _(Romin)	Overati Noise Level, Leg _{(somin}) dB(A)	Level, Led Howing	Remark
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ^[2]	Time, s ^[3]	No. of Ferry ⁽⁴⁾	Distance, m	Time	No.	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance	dB(A)		dB{A} ⁽⁷⁾	
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	50	36	3	3	0	0	-3	39			
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	50	36	3	3	0	0	2	42]		•
		Approaching	77.7	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	42]		· ·
MW	Dautima	Departure	78.6	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	43			•
	Daytime / Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	750	36	7	3	-10	0	-15	35	50	51	-
DB	time	Departure	86,1	3600	4	750	36	6	3	-10	0	-15	35]		· ·
Yacht]	Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	135	36	5	3	0	0	-7	37			· ·
		Approaching	77.7	3600	t	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	44]		For worst case 60min scenario, activity with high
SB		Departure	77.7	3600	•	30	-	-	3	0	0	-				would be used for assessment
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	36			· ·
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	39]		
[]	Approaching	77.7	3600	-	50	-	-	3	0	0	-	-]		No operation during nighttime
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	•	50	-	-	3	0	0	-	-]	1	No operation during nighttime
	Nighttime	Approaching	85 6	3600	3	750	36	5	3	-10	D	-15	33	42	46	-
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	750	36	5	3	-10	0	-15	34]		•
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600		135	-	-	3	0	0	<u> </u>	-			No operation during nighttime
		Approaching	77.7	3600	•	30	•	<u> </u>	3	0	0	<u> </u>	•			No operation during nighttime
SB		Departure	77.7	3600	·	_30	-		3	0	0	<u> </u>				No operation during nighttime

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; SB - Sand Barge

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

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Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay
Title:	Marine Traffic Noise Assessment

Assessment Point: N10b-A1

Case 3: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & LPG container vessel in 60mins

			, Discovery Bay Ferry & LP	Contrainier 46336	a in comins								·····			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
									Correcti	on, dB(A)		•	Predicted Noise Level, Leq (2004) dB(A)	Overall Noise Level, Leg (10000) dB(A)	Prevailing Noise Level, Leq _(Remit) dB(A) ^{15]}	Remark
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ²⁷	Time, s ⁽²⁾	No. of Ferry ¹⁴	Distance, m	Time	No,	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance				
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	50	38	3	3	0	0	-3				·
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	50	36	3	3	0	0	_3	42			•
		Approaching		3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	42	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MW	Daytime /	Departure	78.6	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	43			·
	Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	750	36	7	3	-10	0	•15	35	49	51	
DB	time	Departure	<u>86.1</u>	3600	4	,750	38	6	3	-10	0	-15	35			·
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	135	36	5	3	0	D	-7	37	1		
		Approaching	71.2	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	1	38			For worst case 60min scenario, SEL of arrival activity
<u>LP</u> G		Departure	71.2	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	38			would be used for departure activity in the assessment
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	36			· ·
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	1	50	36	C	3	0	D	-3	39			-
		Approaching	77.7	3600	-	50	-	-	3	0	D	•	-			No operation during nighttime
MW	ļ	Departure	78.6	3600	· ·	50	-	•	3	0	0	•		ļ		No operation during nighttime
	Nighttime	Approaching	65,6	3600	3	750	36	5	3	-10	0	-15	33	42	46	-
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	750	36	5	3	-10	D	-15	34			·
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	-	135	•	-	3	0	0	-]		No operation during nighttime
	1 1	Approaching	71.2	3600	- 1	30	-	-	3	0	0	· .				No operation during nighttime
LPG		Departure	71.2	3600	-	30		-	3	٥	0	•	-			No operation during nighttime

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; LPG - LPG container vessel

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

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Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay
Title:	Marine Traffic Noise Assessment
Assessment Point:	N10b-A10

Case 1: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & Tugboat with barge in 60mins

									Correctio	on, dB(A)			Predicted Noise Level, Leg _{geomhi} dB(A)	Overall Noise Level, Leg _{plantel} dB(A)	Prevailing Noise Level, Leq _{power} dB(A) ²⁹	Remark
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ^[7]	Time, s ⁽⁷⁾	No. of Ferry ¹⁴	Distance, m	Time	No.	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance	UB(A)			
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	85	36	3	3	0	0	-5	36			
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	85	36	3	3	O	0	-5	40			·
		Approaching	77.7	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	40			<u> </u>
MW	Daytime /	Departure	78.6	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	41]		
	Evening	Approaching	85 6	3600	5	830	36	7	3	0	0	-15	45	51	51	• <u>•</u>
DB	time	Departure	86.1	3600	4	830	36	6	3	0	0	-15	44			· · ·
Yacht		Approaching & Departure		3600	3	55	36	5	3	0	0	-3	41]		·
		Approaching	80.0	3600	1	100	36	0	3	0	D	-6	41]		For worst case 60min scenario, activity with
тв		Departure	79.0	3600	•	100	-	-	3	0	0	-	•			would be used for assessment
		Approaching	71.3	36D0	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	33			•
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	37	1		-
	1	Approaching	77.7	3600	•	85	- 1	•	3	0	0	•	•	1		No operation during nighttime
MW		Departure	78,6	3600		85		÷	3	0	0		•]		No operation during nighttime
	Nighttime	Approaching	85.6	3600	3	830	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43	47	46	-
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	830	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43			·
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	•	55			3	o	0		•]		No operation during nighttime
		Approaching	80.0	3600	-	100	-	-	3	0	0					No operation during nighttime
тв		Departure	79.0			100	· · ·		3	0	0		•			No operation during nighttime

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; OT - Oil Tanker

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

Case 2: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & Sand Barge in 60mins

			, biocorory buy ronny a ba													
	-								Correcti	on, dB(A)			Predicted Nolse Level, Leg (Month) dB(A) Ce	Prevailing Noise Level, Leg _{stonin}	Remark	
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ^[7]	Time, s ^[2]	No, of Ferry ^[4]	Distance, m	Time	No.	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance	OB(A)		dB(A) 🛤	
	-	Approaching	71 3	3600	2	85	36	3	3	0	0	-5	36]	· · ·	-
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	85	36	3	3	0	0	-5	40]		-
-		Approaching	77.7	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	40]		•
MW	Dauline (Departure	78.6	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	41			-
	Daytime / Evening	Approaching	85 6	3600	5	830	36	7	3	D	0	-15	45	51	51	
DB	time	Departure	86.1	3600	4	830	36	6	3	0	0	-15	44			•
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	55	36	5	3	o	0	-3	41	-		
		Approaching	77.7	3600	1	100	36	0	3	.0	0	-6	39	1		For worst case 60min scenario, activity with
SB		Departure	77.7	3600	•	100	-	-	3	<u> </u>	0	•	•			would be used for assessment
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	33			•
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	_1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	37	1		•
		Approaching	77.7	3600	-	85	•	•	3	0	0		<u> </u>			No operation during nighttime
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	•	85	-	·	3	0	0	•	-			No operation during nighttime
	Nighttime	Approaching	85 6	3600	3	830	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43	47	46	
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	830	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43			· · · ·
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	-	55	-		3	0	0					No operation during nighttime
		Approaching	77.7	3600	-	100		-	3	0	0		<u> </u>	1		No operation during nighttime
SB		Departure	77.7	3600	-	100	-	[3	0	0	•	-			No operation during nightlime

Note

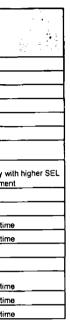
[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; SB - Sand Barge

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.



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Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay
Title:	Marine Traffic Noise Assessment
Assessment Point:	N10b-A10

Case 3: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & LPG container vessel In 60mins

									Correcti	on, dB(A)		•	Predicted Noise Level, Leq _{pieres} dB(A)	Overall Noise Level, Leq (B(A)	Level, Leg (Really	Remark
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A)[7]	Time, s ^[2]	No. of Ferry ⁽⁴⁾	Distance, m	Time	No.	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance	OB(A)		dB(A) ^[0]	· · ·
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	85	38	3	3	0	0	-5	36			
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	85	36	3	3	0	0	-5	40			
	1 1	Approaching	77.7	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	40			· ·
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	5	41			· · ·
	Daytime /	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	830	36	7	3	0	0	-15	45	50	51	· ·
DB	time	Departure	86.1	3600	4	830	36	6	3	0	D	-15	44		01	•
Yachi		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	55	38	5	3	0	o	3	41]		•
] [Approaching	71.2	3600	1	100	36	0	3	0	0	6	33			
LPG		Departure	71.2	3600	1	100	36	0	3	0	D	-6	33			For worst case 60min scenario, SEL of arrival activity would be used for departure activity in the assessmen
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	33			•
PC] [Departure	74.5	3600	1	85	36	0	3	0	0	-5	37			· ·
	} {	Approaching	77.7	3600	•	85	•		3	0	0	•				No operation during nighttime
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	· ·	85	•	-	3	D	0	•	•			No operation during nighttime
	Nighttime	Approaching	85.6	3600	3	830	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43	47	46	
DB] [Departure	86.1	3600	3	830	36	5	3	0	D	-15	43			
Yacht] [Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	-	55			3	0	0	•				No operation during nightlime
		Approaching	71.2	3600	•	100	-		3	0	0	•				No operation during nighttime
LPG		Departure	71.2	3600		100	•		3	0	0	-	•			No operation during nighttime

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[1] PC - Peng Chau Kal To; MW - Mul Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; LPG - LPG container vessel

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

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Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay
Title:	Marine Traffic Noise Assessment
Assessment Point:	N10b-A15

Case 1: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & Tugboat with barge in 60mins

									Correcti	on, dB(A)			Predicted Noise Level, Leg _{pland}	Overall Noise Lavel, Leg outer dB(A)	Prevailing Noise Level, Leg party	Remark
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A)[7]	Time, s ^[3]	No. of Ferry ^[4]	Distance, m	Time	No. Facade Barrier Directivity Distance				dB(A)		dB(A) ⁽⁴⁾		
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	130	36	3	3	o	0	•7	35			
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	130	36	3	3	0	0	-7	38]		
		Approaching		3600	1	130	36	C	3	0	0	-7	38			-
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	1	130	36	Ď	3	0	0	.7	39]		· ·
	Daytime / Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	825	36	7	3	0	0	-15	45	50	51	
DB	time	Departure	88.1	3600	4	825	36	6	3	0	0	-15	44]		-
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	45	36	5	_3	0	0	-3	42			
		Approaching	80.0	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	0	-7	40			For worst case 60min scenario, activity with higher S
тв		Departure	79.0	3600	· ·	130	•		3	0	D				would be used for assessment	
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	130	36	0	3	D	0	-7	32			· · · ·
PC		Departure	74,5	3600	1	130	36	D	3	0	0	-7	35			•
		Approaching	77.7	3600		130	.	-	3	0	0		· .			No operation during nighttime
MW		Departure	78.6	3600		130	•	•	3	0	0	•	•			No operation during nightlime
	Nightlime	Approaching	85.6	3600	3	825	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43	46	46	·
OB .		Departure	86.1	3600	3	825	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43			
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600		45			3	0	0					No operation during nighttime
		Approaching	80.0	3600	· ·	130	•	· ·	3	0	0			1		No operation during hightlime
тв		Departure	79.0	3600	· ·	130			3	0	0	- 1	-	1		No operation during nightlime

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; OT - Oil Tanker

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

Case 2: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & Sand Barge in 60mins

									Correcti	on, dB(A)			Predicted Noise Level, Leg para	Overall Noise Level, Leq power, dB(A)	Prevailing Noise Level, Leq (Marini)	Remark
Une	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A)[7]	Time, 8 ⁽³⁾	No. of Ferry ⁽⁴⁾	Distance, m	Time	No.	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance	dB(A)		dB(A) ⁽⁶⁾	
	11	Approaching	71,3	3600	2	130	36	3	3	0	D	-7	35			•
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	130	36	3	3	0	0	-7	38			-
] [Approaching	77,7	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	0	.7	38			-
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	0	-7	39			
	Daytime / Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	825	36	7	3	0	D	-15	45	50	51	
DB	time	Departure	86.1	3600	4	825	36	6	3		0	-15	44			•
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72,1	3600	3	45	36	5	3	0	0	-3	42			
] [Approaching	77.77	3600	1	130	36	<u> </u>	3	0	0	-7	38			For worst case 60min scenario, activity with higher SEL
SB		Departure	7.17	3600	<u> </u>	130	<u> </u>		3	0	0	· · ·				would be used for assessment
		Approaching	71.3	3600	. 1	130	36	0	3	0	0	-7	32	ļ		-
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	0	.7	35			•
		Approaching	77.7	3600	·	130	•		3	0	0	<u> </u>				No operation during nightlime
MW		Departure	78.6	3600		130	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3	0	0	<u> </u>	· · ·]		No operation during nightlime
	Nighttime	Approaching	85.6	3600	3	825	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43	46	46	-
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	B25	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43			
Yachi		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600		45	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	3	0	0					No operation during nighttime
] [Approaching	77,7	3600		130			3	0	0	·	·	1		No operation during nighttime
SB		Departure	77.7	3600	· ·	130		<u> </u>	3	0	0		· · ·			No operation during nighttime

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB + Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; SB - Sand Barge

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

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Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay
Title:	Marine Traffic Noise Assessment
Assessment Point:	N10b-A15

Case 3: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & LPG container vessel in 60mins

									Correcti	on, dB(A)			Predicted Noise Level, Leg _{Manual} dB(A)	Overall Noise Level, Leg _{(Manin} dB(A)	Prevailing Noise Level, Leq _(Cont) dB(A) ^(S)	Remark
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ⁷⁴	Time, s ^{pt}	No. of Ferry	Distance, m	The set	No.	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance			ub(A)	
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	130	36	3	3	0	0	-7	35			
PĈ	J	Departure	74.5	3600	2	130	38	3	3	0	0	-7	38			
		Approaching	77.7	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	0	7	38			
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	0	-7	39]		
	Daytime / Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	825	38	7	3	0	0	-15	45	50	51	
DB	time	Departure	86.1	3600	4	825	36	6	3	0	D	-15	44]	51	
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	45	36	5	3	0	0	-3	42]		
		Approaching	71.2	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	o	-7	31			
LPG		Departure	71.2	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	0	-7	31			For worst case 60min scenario, SEL would be used for departure activity i
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	D	-7	32			<u>•</u>
PC]	Departure	74.5	3600	1	130	36	0	3	0	0	-7	35			-
		Approaching	77.7	3600		130			3	0	0	-	•]		No operation during nigh
MW		Departure	78 6	3600	· ·	130		-	3	0	0		•]		No operation during nigh
	Nighttime	Approaching	85.6	3600	3	825	36	5	3	0	0	-15	43	46	46	
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	825	36	5	3	0	D	-15	43	1		+
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	-	45		•	3	0	0	-]		No operation during nigh
] (Approaching	71.2	3600	· ·	130		-	3	0	0	•	-]		No operation during nigh
LPG	1 1	Departure	71.2	3600		130					0			7		No operation during nigh

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[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; LPG - LPG container vessel

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

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Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay
Title:	Marine Traffic Noise Assessment
Assessment Point:	N10b-B1

Case 1: Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito, Discovery Bay Ferry & Tugboat with barge in 60mins

									Correctio	on, dB(A)	· •		Predicted Noise Level, Leq (Marine)	Overall Noise Level, Leq Mining dB(A)	Prevailing Noise Lavel, Leq _(comm)	Remark
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ^[7]	Time, s ⁽²⁾	No. of Ferry ¹⁴	Distance, m	Time	No,	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance	dB(A)		dB{A} ⁽⁵⁾	
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	30	36	3	3	0	0	-1	41			· •
PC	Į	Departure	74.5	3600	2	30	36	3	3	0	0		44	1		· · ·
	ł	Approaching	77.7	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0		44			· ·
MW	Daytime /	Departure	78.6	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	45			· ·
	Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	690	36	7	3	-10	0	-14	38	51	51	•
OB	time	Departure	86,1	3600	4	690	36	6	3	-10	0	-14	35			•
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	190	36	5	3	0	0	-9	36	1		
		Approaching	80.0	3600_	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	44			
тв		Departure	79.0	3600		50		•	3	0	0					For worst case 60min scenario, activity w would be used for assessment
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	D	-1	38			•
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	_1_	30	36	0	3	Ó	0	-1	41			· ·
	İ I	Approaching	77.7	3600		30	•	•	3	0	D		•			No operation during nightim
MW		Departure	78.6	3600		30		•	3	0	0		-			No operation during nighttim
	Nighttime	Approaching	85.6	3600	3	690	36	5	3	-10	0	-14	33	- 44	46	
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	690	36	5	3	-10	0	-14	34			
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	-	190	-		3	0	D					No operation during nighttim
		Approaching	80.0	3600		50	•	•	3	0	0		-]		No operation during nighttim
TB		Departure	79.0	3600		50	-	•	3	0	0			1		No operation during nighttim

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; OT - Oil Tanker

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added

Case 2: Peng Chau Kailo, Mui Wo Kailo, Discovery Bay Ferry & Sand Barge in 60mins

									Correcti	on, dB(A)			Prodicted Noise Level, Leg _{Monin}	Overall Noise Level, Leg period dB(A)	Prevailing Noise Level, Leq permit	Remark
Une	Period Headway SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ^[2] Time, s ^[3] No. of Fi		No. of Ferry ¹⁴	Distancé, m	Time	No.	Facade	Barrier '	Directivity	Distance	dB(A)		dB(A) ^{15]}			
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	30	36	3	3	0	0	-1	41			-
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	2	30	36	3	3	0	0	-1	44]		•
		Approaching	77.7	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	44] [•
MW	Daytime /	Departure	78.6	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	45	7		
	Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	690	36	7	3	-10	0	-14	36	51	51	· · ·
DB	time	Departure	86.1	3600	4	690	36	6	3	-10	D	-14	35]		· · · ·
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	190	36	5	3	0	0	-9	36]		
		Approaching	77.7	3600	1	50	36	0	3	0	0	-3	42			
SB		Departure	77.7	3600		50	-	•	3	0	0	-				For worst case 60min scenario, activity w would be used for assessment
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	30	36	0	3	D	D	-1	38			•
PC		Departure	74.5	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	41]		
		Approaching	77.7	3600	-	30	•		3	0	0	-	-			No operation during nighttim
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	-	30	-	-	3	0	0		•			No operation during nighttim
	Nighttime	Approaching	85.6	3600	3	690	36	5	3	-10	0	-14	33	44	46	
DB] [Departure	86.1	3600	3	690	36	5	3	-10	D	-14	34			
Yacht] [Approaching & Departure	72 1	3600		190			3	0	0	•	·			No operation during nightlim
		Approaching	77.7	3600		50	•		3	0	0					No operation during nighttim
SB		Departure	77.7	3600	-	50	-	_ .	3	0	0	•	•			No operation during nightlim

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mui Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; SB - Sand Barge

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period.

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

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Project No.:	235928
Project Title:	Optimization of Land Use In Discovery Bay

Title: Marine Traffic Noise Assessment

Assessment Point: N10b-B1

							Correction, dB(A)						Predicted Noise Level, Leg _{planing}	Overall Noise Level, Leg (100min) dB(A)	LEAL! LEd Howey	Remark
Line	Period	Headway	SEL @ 25m, dB(A) ^[7]	Time, s ⁽²⁾	No, of Ferry ¹⁴	Distance, m	Time	No.	Facade	Barrier	Directivity	Distance	dB(A)		dB(A) ^{RI}	
		Approaching	71.3	3600	2	30	36	3	3	0	0	-1	41			-
PC] [Departure	74,5	3600	2	30	36	3	3	0	0	1	44]		
] [Approaching	77.7	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	44			
MW		Departure	78.6	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	45			•
	Daytime / Evening	Approaching	85.6	3600	5	690	36	7	3	-10	0	-14	36	51	51	
DB	time	Departure	86.1	3600	4	690	36	6	3	-10	0	-14	35		01	•
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600	3	190	36	5	3	0	D	-9	36]		<u>.</u>
	[Approaching	71.2	3600	1	50	38	0	3	0	0	-3	36			
LPG		Departure	71.2	3600	1	50	36	0	3	, o	0	-3	36			For worst case 60min scenario, SEL of arrival ac would be used for departure activity in the assess
		Approaching	71.3	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	38			•
PC		Departure	74,5	3600	1	30	36	0	3	0	0	-1	41			•
] [Approaching	77.7	3600	-	30		•	3	0	D	I	·			No operation during nightime
MW	[Departure	78.6	3600		30		•	3	0	0		•			No operation during nighttime
	Nighttime	Approaching	85.6	3600	3	690	36	5	3	-10	0	-14	33	44	46	
DB		Departure	86.1	3600	3	690	36	5	3	-10	D	-14	34]		· ·
Yacht		Approaching & Departure	72.1	3600		190			3	0	0	-				No operation during nighttime
	[Approaching	71.2	3600		50	<u> </u>		3	0	0	-	•			No operation during nighttime
LPG		Departure	71.2	3600		50			3	0	0	- 1]		No operation during nighttime

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kai To; MW - Mul Wo Kai To; DB - Discovery Bay Ferry; TB - Tugboat + barge; DB fuel - Discovery Bay Ferry for petrol filling; LPG - LPG container vessel

[2] Estimated SEL at reference distance of 25m.

[3] Time = 3600s for 1 hour period,

[4] No. of Yacht in 1 hour (Both approaching & departure)

[5] Measured background noise level (BNL) at free field condition , facade correction (+3 dB(A)) has been added.

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SEL of arrival activity avity in the assessment
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Appendix 5.4

Fixed Noise Assessment Methodology and Source Term Measurement Hong Kong Resort Company Limite

Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Environmental Study

Methodology

General

The fixed noise sources located within 300m of this development are considered as assessment area. Any representative planned located within the assessment area would be considered in this noise assessment, adopting the noise criteria as discussed in **Appendix 5.1**.

Operational Information

All operational information is based on either site observation or operation schedule from operators for typical days. Based on site observation, marine-based fixed noise sources were mainly generated from Peng Chau kaito, Mui Wo kaito, tugboat with barge, vessel for the gas bottle supplier and sand barge. As shown in **Figure 1-1**, a 8m tall solid wall next to the kaito pier, a 9.8m tall solid wall next to the goods delivery pier and a 7.8m tall solid wall at 3-storey low rise development that near the goods delivery pier will be built.

Besides, further enquiry has been made with the operators, and they confirmed that there will be installed with acoustic treatment to enclose the conveyor belt on sand barge and temporary noise barrier for crane on LPG container vessels to reduce noise impact in future operation, therefore, this acoustic treatment would be considered in the noise assessment.

In addition, ferry petrol filling will be conducted in marine base filling station outside Discovery Bay. Therefore, the operation of oil tanker and ferries / vessels petrol filling near kaito pier would be excluded in the noise assessment.

Determination of Sound Power Levels (SWLs)

In order to determine the SWL of each activity, noise measurements for each selected marine-based fixed noise sources along Marina Drive have been conducted. SWLs of each activity were predicted with standard acoustic principles for noise attenuation (such as time, distance). The calculated SWL and the locations of noise sources are presented in this appendix.

Prediction of Noise Impacts

The SELs summarized in the above tables are then converted to establish the facade noise levels at NSRs, taking into account various consideration such as operation time, distances, number of concurrent vessels, facade effects. A summary of equations adopted in the marine traffic noise assessment is given in the table below.

Table A5.6: Summary of equations for marine-based fixed noise assessment									
Furameters	Equations								
SWL, dB(A)	$SWL = L_{eq} (maxe) + (20log(d)+8),$								

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Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Fewironmanial Study

Page 2

Hong Kong Resort Company Limited

Parameters	Equations
	where
	Leg (source) = Measured marine-based fixed noise level, dB(A)
	d = Distance between measurement location and the fixed noise source, m
	$L_{eq 30min} = SWL - (20log(d_1)+8) + 20log(t_1/T) + FC + BC$
	where
	d ₁ = Distance between fixed noise source and NSR, m
I dP(A)	t ₁ = Operation time of fixed noise source within a standard assessment period of 30min
Leq 30min, dB(A)	T = Time period under consideration (30), min
	FC = With 3 dB(A) facade correction
	BC = barrier correction (assuming worst case scenario of 125Hz) according to Figure D.3 Screening Effects of Barriers of BS5228-1 2014, Code of Practice for Noise and Vibration Control on Construction and Open Sites - Part 1: Noise

Since all the noise sources from the marine vessels would not occur at the same time, it is important to analyze and establish the possible cases during a typical 30-minute period that would constitute noise impacts. The details of different scenarios are summarized in Appendix 5.5.

Table A5.7: Summary of all observed possible cases within 30mins

			Description ⁽¹⁾	442.0	
Case	PC	MW .	TB	SB	LPG
1	4	J(2)	-фы		
2	4	1122		1(2)	
3	4	√(12)	1		√(2)

Note:

[1] PC - Peng Chau Kaito;

MW - Mui Wo Kaito;

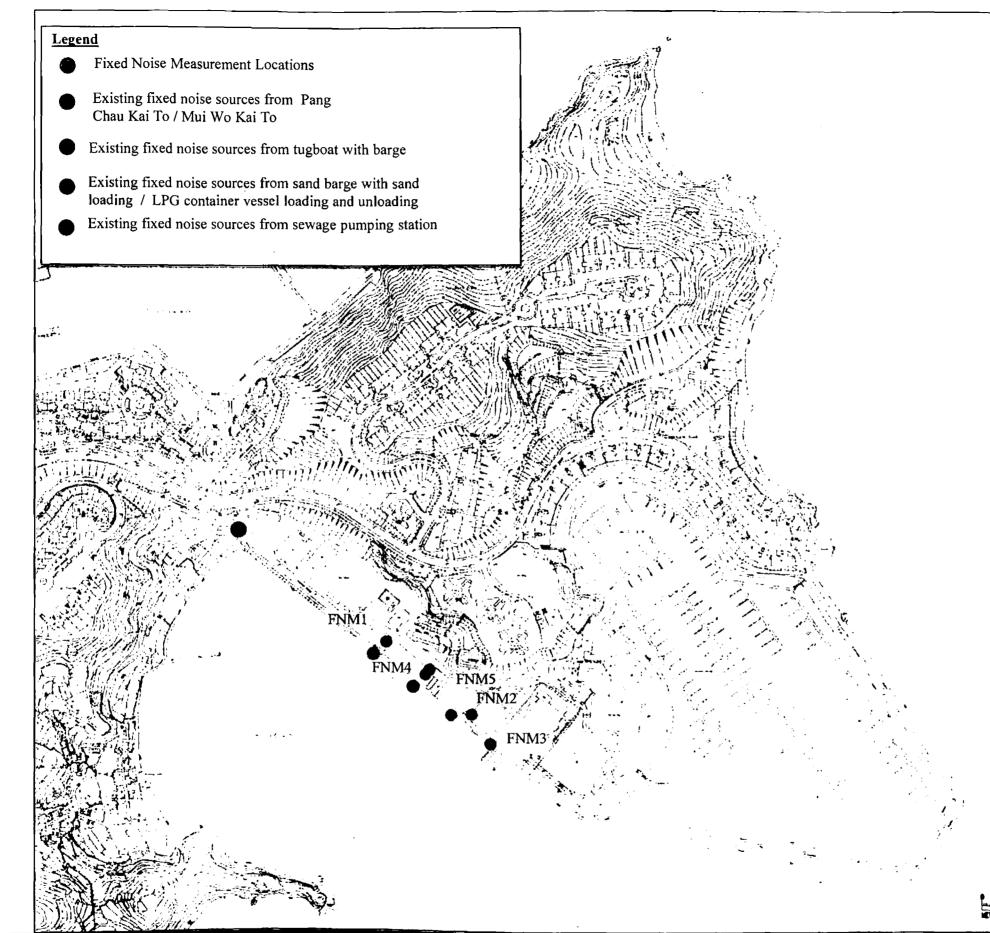
TB – Tugboat with barge from LPG supplier; SB – Sand barge with sand loading; and

LPG - LPG Container.

[2] Marine vessels operate in daytime only.

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Noise Measurement Location and Existing Marine-based Fixed Noise Sources Locations

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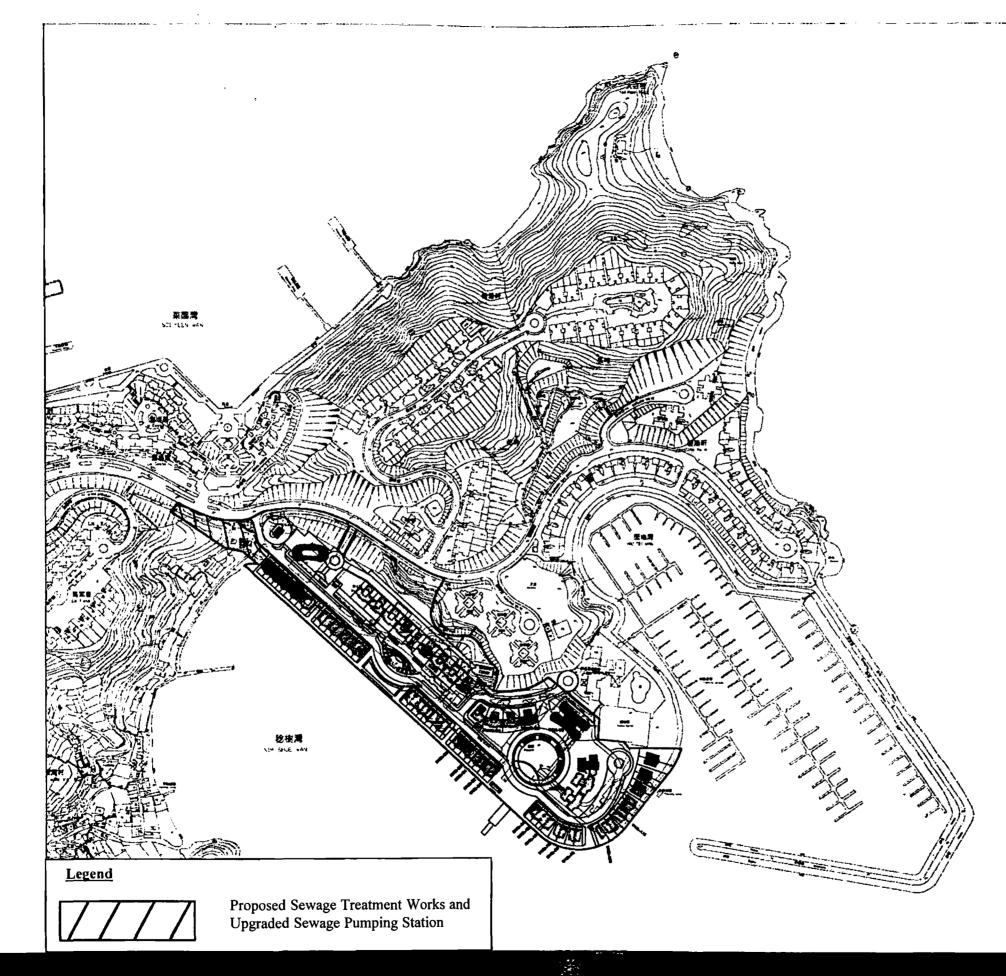
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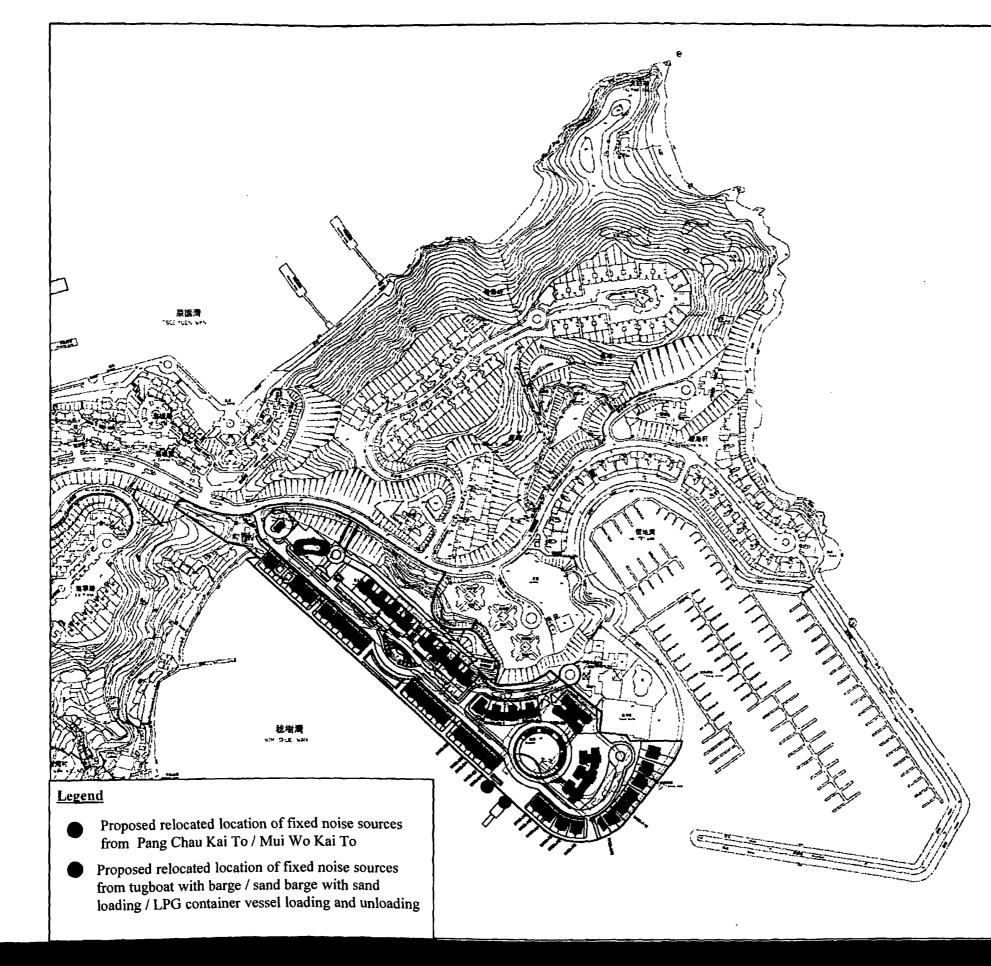


Proposed New Location for Land-Based Fixed Noise Sources





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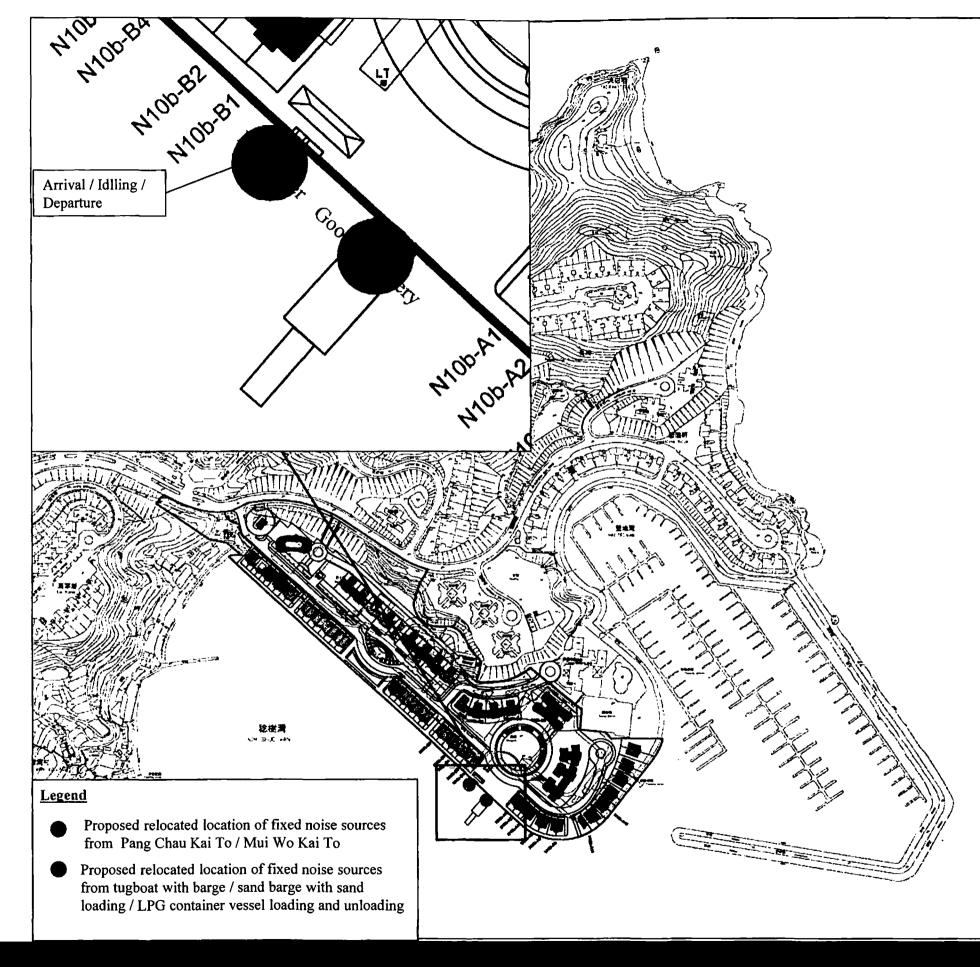


Proposed New Locations for Marine-based Fixed Noise Sources









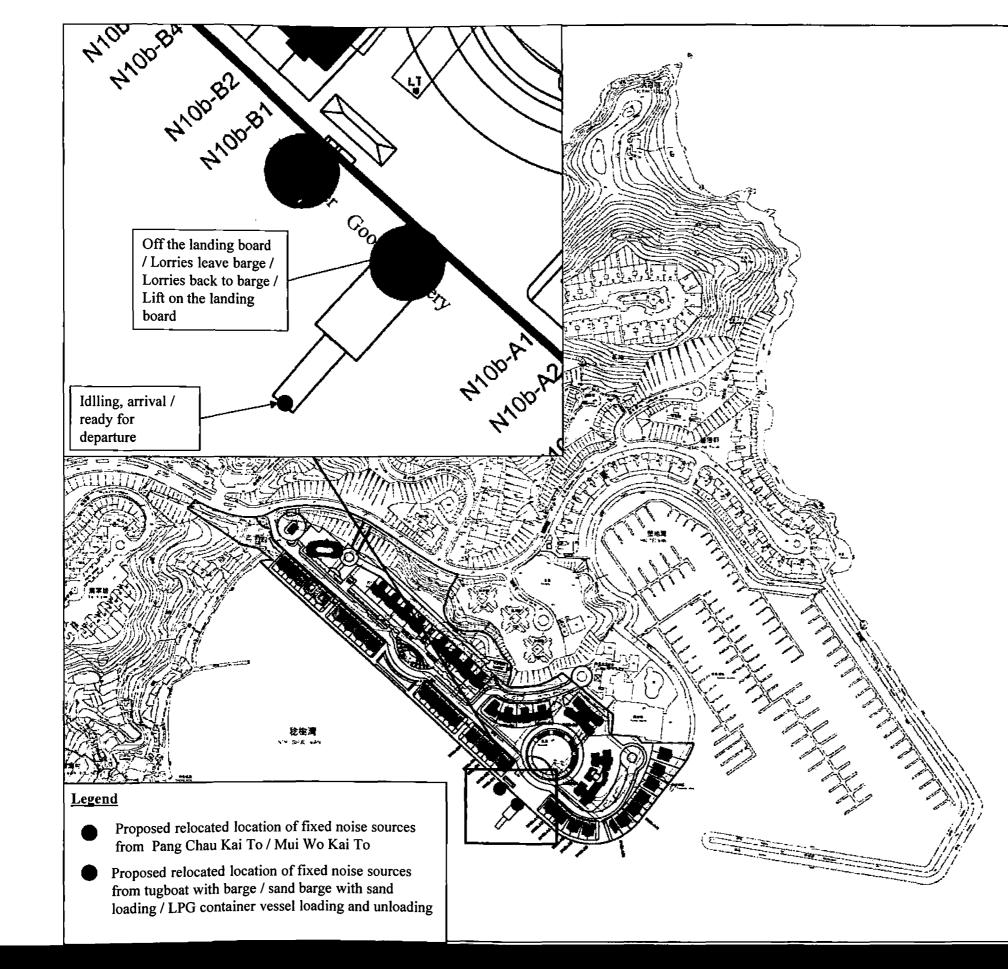
Locations of Activities for Peng Chau Kaito / Mui Wo Kaito











Locations of Activities for Tug Boat and Barge

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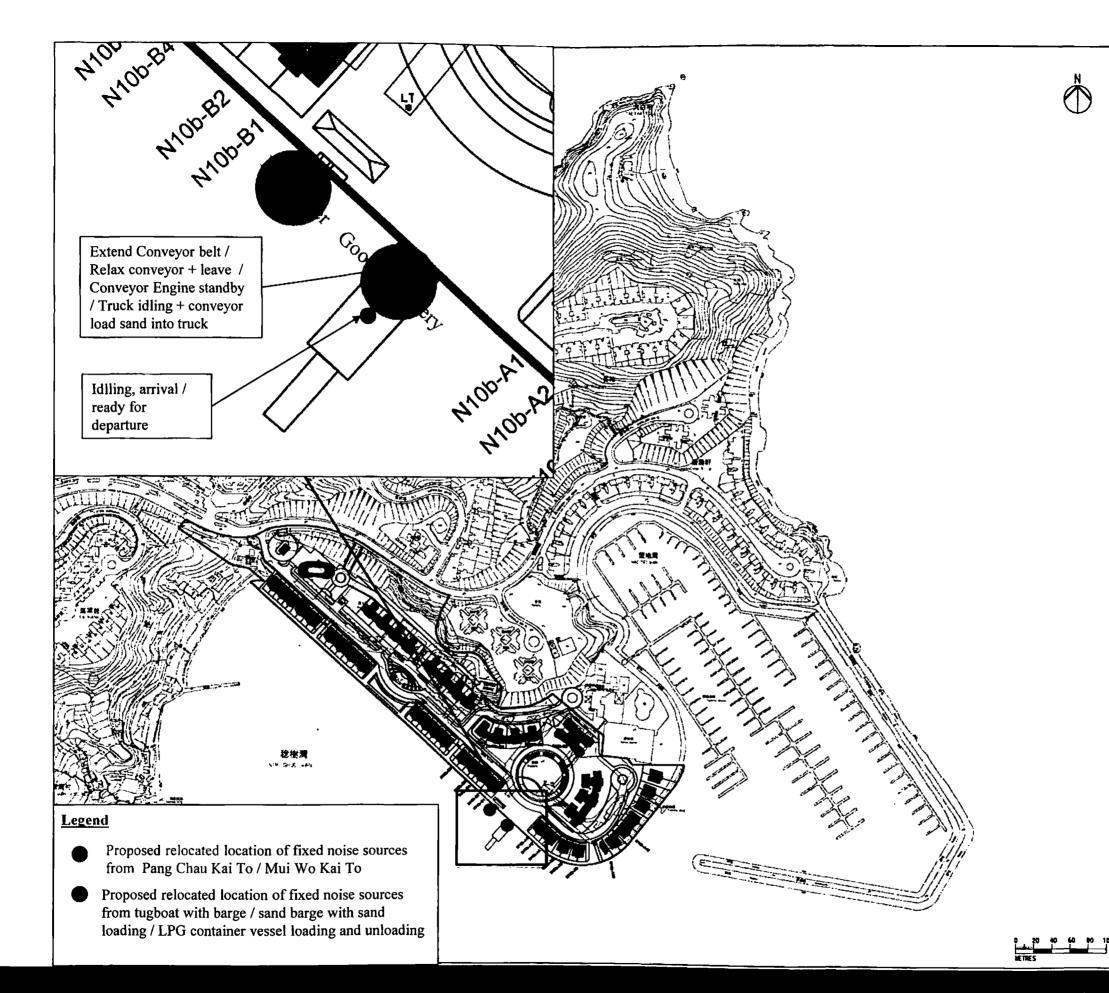
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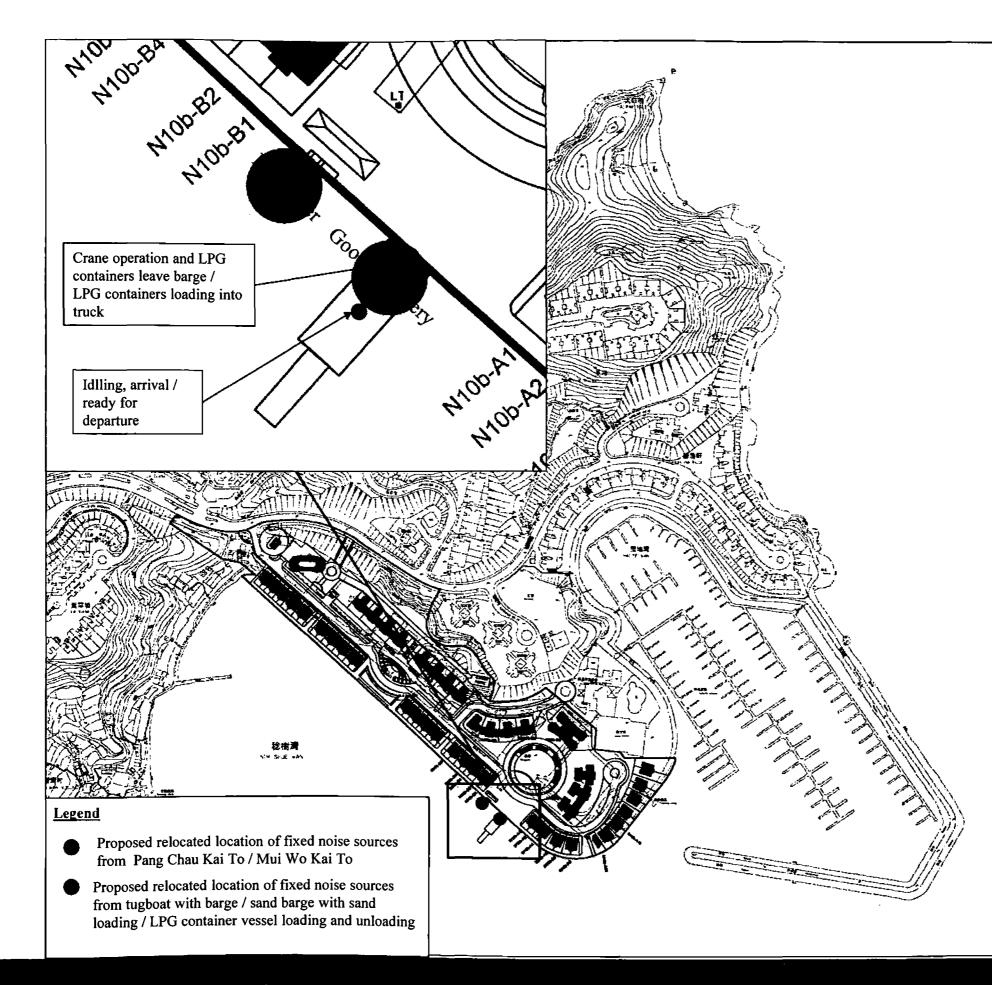


Locations of Activities for Sand Barge and Sand Loading Truck



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Locations of Activities for LPG Container Vessel and LPG Containers Loading Truck





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Project : Discovery Bay EAS

Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Noise Assessment

Subtitle: Calculation of Sound Power

Level (SWL) for each source

	·		r	r -		r	r	Based on			Onerativ	on Period	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	Activities ID	Measurement Distance, m		Distance Correction, dB(A)		observation and operator	Assumed daytime worst operating time in 30min, min	l word		Nighttime	Remark
		Idlling - arrival	PC1	15.0	56.8	31.5	88	~1	1	1	Y	Y	
PC	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	PC2	15.0	56.7	31.5	88	~5	5	3	Y	Y	
		Idlling - ready for departure	PC3	15.0	59.6	31.5	91	~1	1	1	Y	Y	
		Idlling - arrival	MW1	15.0	66	31.5	98	~1	11	0	Y	N	
MW	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	MW2	15.0	58.4	31.5	90	~5	5	0	Y	N	
		Idlling - ready for departure	MW3	15.0	66.4	31.5	98	~1	1	0	<u>Y</u>	N	
		Idling for arrival	TB1	25.0	62.9	36.0	99	~10	10	0	Y	N	
	Tug Boat + Barge	Off the landing board	TB2	15.0	68.1	31.5	100	~1	1	0	Y	N	For worst case 30 minutes scenario,
тв		Lorries leave barge	TB3	15.0	68.3	31.5	100	~5	5	0	Y	<u>N</u>	TB1, TB2 & TB3 have selected for
10		Lorries back to barge	TB4	15.0	68.3	31.5	100	~5	5	0	Y	N	assessment.
		Lift on the landing board	TB5	15.0	66.3	31.5	98	~1	1	0	Y	N	
		Idling for departure	TB6	25.0	62.9	36.0	99	~5	5	0	Y	<u>N</u>	
		Idling	SB1	15.0	69.8	31.5	101	~1	1	0	Y	N	
		Extend Conveyor belt	SB2	12.0	69.5	29.6	99	~1	1	0	Y	N	For worst case 30 minutes scenario,
SB	Sand Barge + Sand Loading Truck	Conveyor Engine standby	SB3	25.0	57.9	36.0	94	~30	20	0	Y	N	SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for
		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	SB4	25.0	66.B	36.0	103	~9	9	0	Y	N	assessment.
		Relax conveyor + leave	SB5	15.0	70.7	31.5	102	~1	1	0	Y	N	
		Idlling - arrival	LPG1	5.0	71.2	22.0	93	~1.5	2	0	Y	N	
		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	LPG2	10.0	84.3	28.0	112	~0.5	1	0	Y	N	
LPG	LPG Container Vessel + LPG	LPG containers loading into truck	LPG3	5.0	73.5	22.0	95	~1	1	0	Y	N	
LPG	Containers Loading Truck	Idlling	LPG4	5.0	69	22.0	91	~5	5	0	Y	N	
		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	LPG5	10.0	79.5	28.0	108	~0.5	1	0	Y	N	
		Idlling - ready for departure	LPG6	5.0	82.9	22.0	105	~1.5	2	0	Y	N	

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Appendix 5.5

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Predicted SPL of Fixed Noise Sources

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-B1

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge Case 1

	Description	Anti-Manuff avidament	SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prinction, di	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID		Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	20	1	-34	-15	-8	Ō	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	20	5	-34	-8	-8	0	3	41	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	37	
MW1		fdlling - arrival	98	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	44	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	20	5	-34	-8	-8	0	3	43	
MW3		idlling - ready for departure	98	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	44	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	55	10	-43	-5	-5	0	3	49	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	43	1	-41	-15	-5	0	3	43	
твз	Tue Beet & Deve	Lorries leave barge	100	48	5	-42	-8	-5	0	3	49	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	43	5	-41	-8	-5	0	3	•	TB3 have selected for assessment.
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	43	1	-41	-15	-5	0	3	-	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	55	5	-43	-8	-5	0	3	-	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		P	redicted O	verall Nois	a Lavel, Leq	(A)Gb(A)	54	
					1			Devilme	riterion (A)	IL SI HRIAI	55	

Daytime criterion (ANL-6), dB(A) 55

Exceedance, dB(A) .

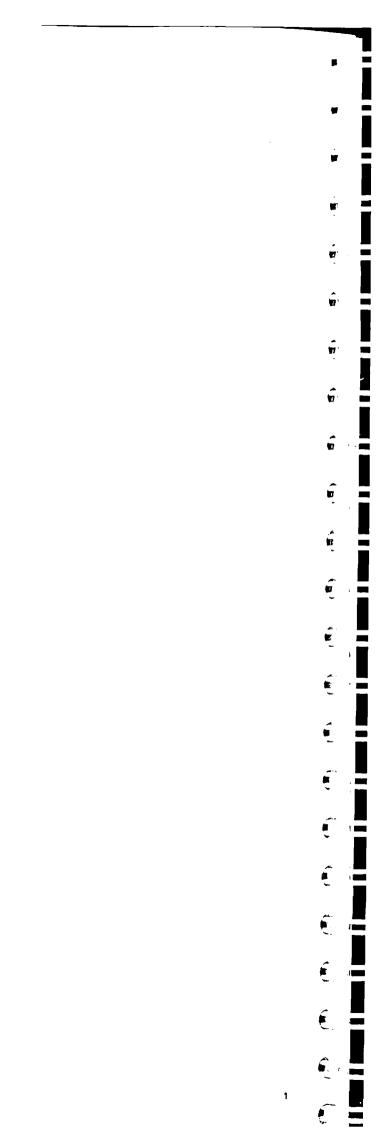
Case 2 Peng Chau Kailo, Mui Wo Kailo & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

	D 14 !	Activities/Equipment	SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	5(A)		Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID	Description	Acountestednibuteur	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Reliark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	20	5	-34	-8	-8	0	3	41	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	37	
MW1	···	Idlling - arrival	98	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	44	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	20	5	-34	-8	-8	0	3	43	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	44	
SB1		Idling	101	43	1	-41	-15	-5	0	3	-	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	43	1	-41	-15	-5	0	3	•	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	43	20	-41	-2	-5	0	3	50	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	43	9	-41	-5	-5	-10	3	45	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	43	1	-41	-15	-5	0	3	45	
·				·		р	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(10min)dB(A)	54	
								Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	

Exceedance, dB(A) • · .

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

	Decedetion	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	rrection, di	5(A)		Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Edubusit	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	20	5	-34	-8	-8	0	3	41	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	37	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	44	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	20	5	-34	-8	-8	0	3	43	
мүүз		Idlling - ready for departure	98	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	44	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	43	2	-41	-12	-5	0	3	39	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	43	1	-41	-15	-5	-10	3	45	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	43	1	-41	-15	-5	0	3	38	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	43	5	-41	-8	-5	0	3	41	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	43	1	-41	-15	-5	-10	3	41	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	43	2	-41	-12	-5	0	3	51	
			·····	<u> </u>		P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(Junin)dB(A)	54	
								Daytime o	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
									Exceeda	ince, dB(A)	-	



235928 Job No.:

Title: Fixed Nolse Assessment

Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)

NSR ID: N10b-B1

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kailo & Tug Boat with Barge

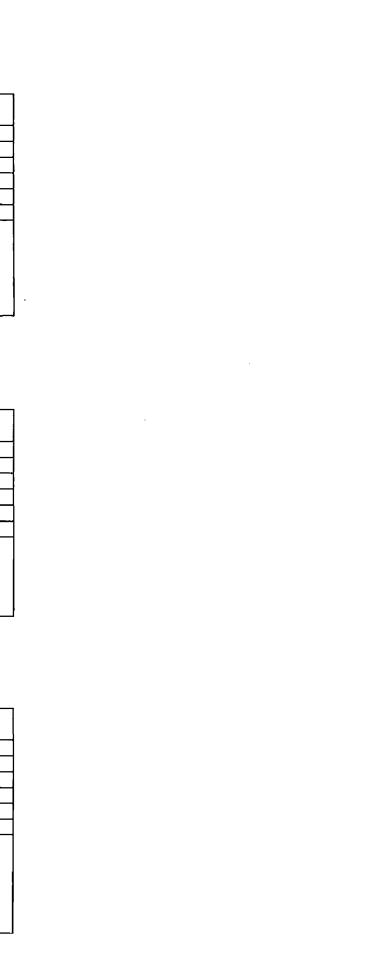
Noise Source ID	Description		SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		Ca	prrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	Rémerik
NUISE SOURCE ID		Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	20	3	-34	-10	-8	0	3	39	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	20	1	-34	-15	-8	D	3	37	
MW1	· · · · ·	Idlling - arrival	•	•	-	•	•	-	-	•		No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling		-	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	•	•	-	-		•	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
тв1		Idling for arrival	•	-	-	· ·	•	-	-	-	-	
TB2		Off the landing board	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	•	
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	-	•		-	-	-	-	•	-	
TB4	Tug Boat + Baige	Lorries back to barge	•	-	-	-	•	•	-	•	-	No Nighttime operation
T85		Lift on the landing board	•	-	-	•	•	-	•	-	•	
ТВ6		Idling for departure	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	•	
						P	redicted O	verail Noise	Level, Leq	(Manh)dB(A)	42	
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
								· .	Exceeda	ince, dB(A)	-	

dB(A) 88 88 91 96	separation distance (m) 20 20 20	time (min) / 1 5 1	Distance -34 -34 -34	Time -15 -8	Screening -8 -8	Mitigation 0 D	Facade 3	SPL, dB(A) 34 41	Remark
88 91 98	20 20	1 5 1	-34	-8	-		3		
91 98	20	5			-8	D	3	41	
98		11	-34	45			-	''	
	-			-15	-8	0	3	37	
		1	-	•	-	•		-	No Nighttime operation
90	-	5	•	-	•	•	•	· 1	No Nighttime operation
98	-	1	-	•	-		•	- 1	No Nighttime operation
101	-	1	-	•	•	-	•	- 1	
99	· -	1	-	-	•	- 1	•	•	1
94		20	· - ·	•	•	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
103		9	•	•	-	•	-	- 1	
102	•	1	-	•	-	-	•	-	
		-	P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	_{Jomin)} dB(A)	43	
					Nighttime ci	iterion (ANI	L-5), dB(A)	45	
	101 99 94 103	101 - 99 - 94 - 103 -	101 - 1 99 - 1 94 - 20 103 - 9	101 - 1 - 99 - 1 - 94 - 20 - 103 - 9 - 102 - 1 -	101 - 1 - - 99 - 1 - - 94 - 20 - - 103 - 9 - - 102 - 1 - -	101 1 -	101 1 - - - 99 1 - - - 94 - 20 - - 103 - 9 - - 102 1 - - - Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq Nighttime criterion (ANI	101 - 1 -	101 - 1 -

Case 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck
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loise Source ID	Beendetten	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
ADIZE SOULCE ID	Description	Restlessedupment	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min) 🏸	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remera
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	20	1 .	-34	-15	-8	0	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	20	5	-34	-8	-8	0	3	41	
°C3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	20	1	-34	-15	-8	0	3	37	
иw1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	-	•	•	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
4W2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90		5	· · · ·	-	· ·	•	•	· ·	No Nighttime operation
AW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98		1	•	•		· · ·	•	-	No Nightlime operation
.PG1		Idlling - arrival	93	-	2	-	-	-	-	•	•	
.PG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	-	1	•	•	-	-	•	•	
.PG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	-	1		•	-		•	•	No Nighttime operation
PG4		Idlling	91	•	5	·		•	· · ·	•	· ·	No Nightime operation
PG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	-	1	•		- 1	· ·		- 1	
PG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	•	2	•	•	-	•	•		
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (termin)dB						43	
					Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), o					5), dB(A)	45	
					Exceedance,						-	

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-B2

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Ce	prrection, di	HA)		Predicted	Remark
		Acustancdahuan	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	40	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	9Ō	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	39	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	40	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	61	10	-44	-5	-5	0	3	49	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	50	1	-42	-15	-5	0	3	41	
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100	54	5	-43	-8	-5	0	3	48	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
TB4	ing Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	50	5	-42	-8	-5	0	3	-	TB3 have selected for assessment.
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	50	1	-42	-15	-5	0	3	•	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	61	5	-44	-8	-5	Ō	3	•	
				•	Predicted Overall Noise Lavel, Leg					(Maha)dB(A)	53	
					Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)					55		

Exceedance, dB(A) •

Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

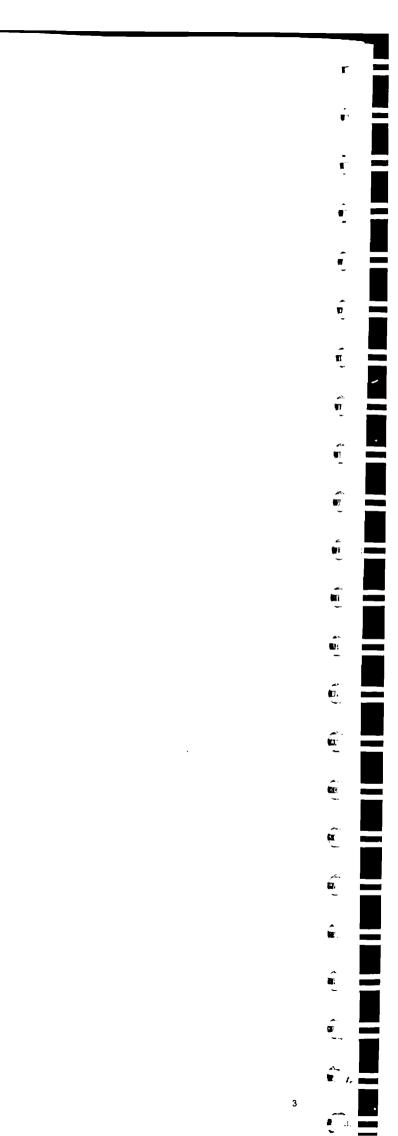
Noise Source ID	Description		SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Ca	prrection, di	A)		Predicted	Remark
NOIZA SOULCE ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	40	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	39	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	40	
SB1		Idling	101	50	1	-42	-15	-5	0	3	· 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	50	1	-42	-15	-5	0	3	-	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	50	20	-42	-2	-5	0	3	48	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	50	9	-42	-5	-5	-10	3	44	
S85		Relax conveyor + leave	102	50	1	-42	-15	-5	0	3	43	
		<u> </u>		•	Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg _{penie} d						52	
					Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A						55	

Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)

Exceedance, dB(A .

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

	Description in the second s		\$₩Ц	Shortest	Worst operating		C C	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	Remark
Nolse Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Kemark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	40	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	tdling	90	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	39	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	40	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	50	2	-42	-12	-5	0	3	37	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	50	1	-42	-15	-5	-10	3	43	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	50	1	-42	-15	-5	0	3	36	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	50	5	-42	-8	-5	0	3	39	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	50	1	-42	-15	-5	-10	3	39	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	50	2	-42	-12	-5	0	3	49	
		<u> </u>				P	redicted C	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(A)Bb _(rines)	52	
					Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB				L-5), dB(A)	55		
					Exceedance, dB(A)							



Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Noise Assessment

Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)

NSR ID: N10b-B2

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

Noise Source ID	Description		SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	rrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	2
	Vescription	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idiling - arrival	88	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	25	3	-36	-10	-10	0	3	35	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	· ·		-	· ·	•	-	-	-	•	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling			-	•	-	-	-	•	-	No Nighttime operation
мүүз		Idlling - ready for departure		-	-	•	•	— •	-	•	•	No Nighttime operation
TB1		Idling for arrival	-	-	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	
TB2		Off the landing board		•	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge		-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	
TB4	i ug boat + baige	Lorries back to barge	1.	-	· ·		•	•	•	•	· ·	No Nighttime operation
TB5		Lift on the landing board	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		
TB6		Idling for departure	· ·	-	-		•	·	-	-	· · ·	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(A)Bb _(ama) d	38	
						· :		Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
					Exceedance, dB(A				•			

Case 2	Peng Chau Kailo, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

Noise Source ID	Description	Batti di sa /Emula sa sut	SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		C	orrection, d	B(A)		Predicted	
AOIZA SOULCA ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	30	
°C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	25	5	-36	-8	-10	O	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	33	
/W1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	•	-	•	-	•	· 1	No Nighttime operation
AVV2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	-	-	•	· ·	•	$\overline{}$	No Nighttime operation
AW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	· ·	1	-	•		-	-	· 1	No Nighttime operation
B1		Idling	101	•	1	-	+	-	-	•		
B2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	•	1	•	•		•	-		
B3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	· ·	20	•	•		•	•	· · ·	No Nighttime operation
B4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	•	9	-	•	· · ·	•	-	•	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	•	1 -		•	1 •	•	-	· · ·	
			•	•		P	redicted C	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(A)db(a	39	
					Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(/						45	

Exceedance, dB(A) -

loise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	prection, dB	(A)		Predicted	Remark
HOILE SOULCE ID	Cescubnoi	Activities Edulymont	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Ťime	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98		1		· •	- 1	•	•	1 · 1	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	- 1	•	•	•	-		No Nighttime operation
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98		1	- 1	-	1 · ·		•	· · ·	No Nighttime operation
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	•	2	· · ·	•	1	-	-	· · ·	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	-	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	-	1	· ·	-	· · ·	-	•	· ·	
LPG4		Idlling	91	•	5		•	•		-	•	No Nighttime operation
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	-	1		-	- 1	-	•	· · ·	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	-	2	<u>- 1</u>	-	- 1	•	•	· · ·	
							edicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(30min)dB(A)	39	
								Nighttime cr	iterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
									Exceeda	nce, dB(A)		

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-B4

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Ca	prrection, di	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
			dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	26	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	40	5	-40	-8	-10	0	3	33	
РСЗ		Idlling - ready for departure	91	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	29	
MW1		Idlling - arrivat	98	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	36	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	40	5	-40	-8	-10	0	3	35	
мwз		Idlling - ready for departure	98	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	36	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	75	10	-46	-5	0	0	3	52	-
Т82		Off the landing board	100	66	1	-44	•15	-10	0	3	34	
твз	Tue Boot / Borne	Lorries leave barge	100	69	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	50	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
тв4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	66	5	-44	-8	ō	0	3	•	TB3 have selected for assessment.
ТВ5		Lift on the landing board	98	66	1	-44	-15	-10	0	3	· ·	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	75	5	-46	-8	0	Ō	3	<u> </u> .	
•		<u> </u>			,	P	redicted C	Verall Noise	t Level, Leg	(Monin)dB(A)) 54	
							•	Daytime c	riterion (AN	IL-6), dB(A)) 55	
					Exceedance, dB				Exceed	nce, dB(A)) -	

Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	rrection, dE	(A)	e	Predicted	Remark
10124 2001C4 ID	Description		dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL dB(A)	Renark ·
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	26	······································
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	40	5	-40	-8	-10	0	3	33	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	29	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	36	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	40	5	-40	-8	-10	0	3	35	
мwз		Idlling - ready for departure	98	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	36	
SB1		Idling	101	66	1	-44	-15	-5	0	3	· ·	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	66	1	-44	-15	-5	0	3	· -	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	66	20	-44	-2	-5	0	3	46	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	66	9	-44	-5	-5	-10	3	41	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	66	1	-44	-15	-5	0	3	41	
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(Jomis)dB(A)	49	
					Daytime criteri			riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55		
					Exceèdance, dB			ince, dB(A)	•			

	Desertation	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		C	prrection, di	3(A)	. –	Predicted	
loise Source ID	Description	Acadadesicdnibueur	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
C1		Idlling - arrival	88	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	26	
C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	40	5	-40	-8	-10	0	3	33	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	29	
/W1		Idlling - arrival	98	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	36	
1W2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	40	5	-40	-8	-10	0	3	35	
AW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	36	
.PG1		Idlling - arrival	93	66	2	-44	-12	-10	0	3	30	
.PG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	66	1	-44	-15	-5	-10	3	41	
.PG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	66	1	-44	-15	-10	0	3	29	<u>_</u>
 .PG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	66	5	-44	-8	-10	0	3	32	
.PG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	66	1	-44	-15	-5	-10	3	37	
PG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	67	2	-45	-12	-10	0	3	42	
	A. 2					P	redicted C	Verall Noise	Level, Leq	30mhjdB(A)	47	
						<i>i</i>		Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
								·	Exceeds	ncë, dB(A)	-	



 Project :
 Discovery Bay EAS

 Job No.:
 235928

 Title:
 Fixed Noise Assessment

 Subtille:
 Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)

 NSR ID:
 N10b-B4

Case 1 Peng Chau Kailo, Mui Wo Kailo & Tug Boat with Barge

Noise Source ID	Description		SWL	Shortest	Worst operating	3 ^{- 1} .	Co	prrection, dE	(A)		Predicted	
Noise Opurce ID	Pasciptoli	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	26	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	40	3	-40	-10	-10	0	3	31	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	29	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	•	-	-	•	-	•	•	-	•	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	-	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
мүүз		Idlling - ready for departure	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	No Nighttime operation
TB1		Idling for arrival	•	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	•	
TB2		Off the landing board		-	•	· ·	-		•	-	-	
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	
TB4	Tug Boat + Baige	Lorries back to barge	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
TB5		Lift on the landing board	-	-	· ·	·	•	•	•	-	·	
TB6		Idling for departure	•	-	•	•	-	•		-	-	
						P	O betolber	verali Noise	Level, Leq	(Neme) dB(A)	34	
							•	Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
									Exceeds	nce, dB(A)	•	

Voise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	prrection, di	3(A)	2 A	Predicted	Remark
0044 004124 10	Description	Activities	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Kenark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	40	1	-40	-15	-10	D	3	26	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	40	5	-40	8	-10	D	3	33	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	40	1	-40	-15	-10	0	3	29	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	· ·	•	-	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5		•	-	•	-		No Nighttime operation
мwз		Idlling - ready for departure	98	•	1		-	-	-	•		No Nighttime operation
SB1		Idling	101	•	1		•	-	-	•	•	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	•	1	-	-	-	-	•	•	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	•		-	-	•		No Nighttime operation
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103		9		•	· · ·	-	-	· 1	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	•	1		-	•	•	-	- 1	
		·····				P	redicted O	verali Noise	Level, Leq	(A)Bb _(max) dB(A)	35	
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
									•	nos dD(A)		

Exceedance, dB(A)

.

Shortest SWL, Correction, dB(A) Predicted Worst operating Activities/Equipment separation Remark Noise Source ID Description dB(A) time (min) SPL, dB(A) Distance Time Screening Mitigation Facade distance (m) 88 40 -40 -15 -10 D 26 PC1 Idlling - arrival 3 1 8B 40 -40 -10 33 Peng Chau Kaito Idling 5 -8 0 3 PC2 91 40 -40 -10 0 3 PC3 Idlling - ready for departure 1 -15 29 98 MW1 Idlling - arrival • 1 • -• • • No Nighttime operation -90 Idling • 5 • • • No Nightlime operation MW2 Mui Wo Kaito . • • 98 • No Nighttime operation Idlling - ready for departure 1 • • -мwз -. 93 • 2 LPG1 Idlling - arrival . • -----• Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge 112 . LPG2 1 • • --• • LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers LPG containers loading into truck 95 • LPG3 • • • • -• No Nighttime operation 91 Idlling Loading Truck . LPG4 5 ٠ • • • --Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge 108 • LPG5 1 • -• • • . 105 • Idlling - ready for departure 2 LPG6 • . • • -• Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq (some)dB(A) 35 -Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A) 45 Exceedance, dB(A) •

Peng Chau Kaito. Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

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Case 3

Project : Discovery Bay EAS

Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Nolse Assessment

Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)

NSR ID: N10b-85

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boal with Barge

Noise Source	Description	A stitution IT-usin - and	SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	orrection, di	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
Ю	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	86	49	1 1	-42	-15	0	Ö	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	49	5	-42	-8	0	Ö	3	41	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	49	1 1	-42	-15	D	0	3	37	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	44	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	49	5	-42	-8	0	0	3	43	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	44	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	83	10	-46	-5	0	0	3	51	
ТВ2		Off the landing board	100	75	1	-46	-15	-10	0	3	33	
твз		Lorries leave barge	100	77	5	-46	-8	0	ō	3	49	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	75	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	-	TB3 have selected for assessment.
Т85		Lift on the landing board	96	75	1	-46	-15	-10	0	3		
ТВб		Idling for departure	99	83	5	-46	-6	0	0	3	-	
·			<u>_</u>				redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	A)Bb(new orc)) 55	
								Daytime (nterion (AN	iL-5), d́ <u>B</u> (A) 55	
									- Exceed	ince, dB(A	» -	

Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

Noise Source			SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	Remark
Ю	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	49	5	-42	-8	0	0	3	41	
PC3	-	Idling - ready for departure	91	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	37	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	44	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	49	5	-42	-8	0	0	3	43	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	44	
SB1	······································	Idling	101	75	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	•	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	75	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	-	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	75	20	-46	-2	-5	0	3	45	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	75	9	-46	-5	-5	-10	3	40.	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	75	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	40	
L							Predicted O	iverall Note	Level, Leq	(Journ)dB(A	52	
								Daytime	riterion (AN	iL-5), dB(Á) 55	
					1		-	•	Exceed	nce, dB(A) -	

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

Noise Source			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		C	rrection, dE	5(A)		Predicted	Remark
ID I	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB{A}	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Center C
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	49	5	-42	-8	0	0	3	41	
PC3	-	Idlling - ready for departure	91	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	37	
MW1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Idlling - arrival	98	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	44	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	49	5	-42	-8	0	0	3	43	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	44	
LPG1		idiling - arrival	93	75	2	-46	-12	-5	0	3	34	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	75	1	-46	-15	-5	-10	3	40	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	75	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	33	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idiling	91	75	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	36	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	75	1	-46	-15	-5	-10	3	36	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	75	2	-46	-12	-5	0	3	46	
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(A)GD _(almen)	52	
							•	Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
							•	·. ·	Exceeds	ince, dB(A)	- 1	

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)
NSR ID:	N10b-B5

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kailo, Mui Wo Kailo & Tug Boat with Barge

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		Ca	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (mìn)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Kemark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	BB	49	3	-42	-10	0	- 0 -	3	39	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	49	1	-42	-15	Ô	0	3	37	
NW1		Idlling - arrival	- ·	-	-	-	•] -	-	-	· ·	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	-		· ·	•	-	-	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	· ·	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	No Nighttime operation
ſB1		Idling for arrival	•	-	-	-	•	•	-	-		
ſB2		Off the landing board	-	-		· ·	٠	-	-	•	-	
гвз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	-	-	· ·		-	-	•	-	-	No Nighttime operation
rB4	Tuy boat + barge	Lorries back to barge	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	
rB5		Lift on the landing board	-	-		-	-	•	-	-	•	
B6		Idling for departure	-	-		•	•	· •	-	-	-	
					1	P	redicted O	verali Noisi	e Level, Leq	no dB(A)	42	
								Nighttime o	nterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
									Exceeda	ince, dB(A)	•	

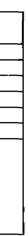
	Description	B - 41 - 241 1	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
Iolse Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
°C1		Idlling - arrival	88	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	34	
°C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	49	5	-42	-8	0	0	3	41	
°C3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	37	
////		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1		-	-	•	•	· ·	No Nighttime operation
/W2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	·	•	•	· -	•	·	No Nighttime operation
AW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	· ·	1		•	•	•	•	-	No Nighttime operation
B1		Idling	101	· ·	1	<u> </u>	-	•	•	÷	·	
B2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	-	1	·	-	•	•	÷	•	
B3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	- 1	-	•	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
BB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	•	9		•	•	•	-	-	
B5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	-	1	<u> </u>	•	•	-	-	-	
		·				P	edicted O	verali Noise	Level, Leq	(Manie) dB(A)	43	
					· · ·			Nightlime c	riterion (AN	L-\$), dB(A)	45	
						• • • •			Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	_	

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

		Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	orrection, dE	5(A)	-	Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID	Description	Асцивателиритент	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Kemark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	68	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	34	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	49	5	-42	-8	0	0	3	41	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	49	1	-42	-15	0	0	3	37	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	-	-	•	·	•		No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	- 1		· ·	•		-	No Nighttime operation
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1		÷	· ·		-	· · ·	No Nighttime operation
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	-	2	· ·	-	•	-			
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	-	1	- 1	-		· · ·		-	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	•	1	-	-	- ·	•	•	-	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idling	91	-	5		-	•	-		- ·	No Nightlime operation
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	-	1 1	•	-	- 1		-	-	
LPG6		Idling - ready for departure	105	-	2	-	-		•	•	-	1
ł						P	redicted O	verail Noise	Level, Leq	(30m la)dB(A)	43	
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-S), dB(A)	45	
									Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	.	

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title;	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-B8

Case 1 Peng Chau Kailo, Mui Wo Kailo & Tug Boat with Barge

Noise Source ID	Description	· Activities/Equipment	SWL	Shortest separation	Worst operating	·	Co	prrection, de	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
			dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	72	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	72	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	40	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	103	10	-48	-5	0	0	3	49	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	97	1	-48	-15	0	0	3	40	
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100	99	5	-48	-8	0	0	3	47	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
ТВ4	rug Boar + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	97	5	-48	-8	0	0	3	•	TB3 have selected for assessment.
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	97	1	-48	-15	0	0	3		
TB6		Idling for departure	99	103	5	-48	-8	0	0	3	· · ·	
					1	<u>Р</u>	redicted C	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(Henney dB(A)) 53	
					Daytime criterion (A			riterion (AN	L-5), dB(À)) 55		
								•	Exceeds	nce dB/A		

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Case 2

Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	rrection, dE	(A)		Predicted	Remark
Noise Source in		ActivitiesEdulbuleur	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time '	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Notifiel K
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	72	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	72	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	40	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
SB1		Idling	101	97	1	-48	-15	-5	0	3		
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	97	1	-48	-15	-5	0	3	· ·	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	97	20	-48	-2	-5	0	3	43	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment,
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	97	9	-48	-5	-5	-10	3	38	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	97	1	-48	-15	-5	0	3	37	
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(Herein) dB(A)	49	
								Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
						•			Exceeda	ince. dB(A)		

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

Noise Source ID	Description		SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating	1. A.	Co	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	Det
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	68	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	72	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	72	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	40	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	97	2	-48	-12	-5	0	3	32	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	97	1	-48	-15	-5	-10	3	37	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	97	1	-48	-15	-5	0	3	30	
LPG4		Idling	91	97	5	-48	-8	-5	0	3	33	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	97	1	-48	-15	-5	-10	3	33	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	97	2	-48	-12	-5	0	3	44	·····
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		P	redicted O	verall Noise	(Minita) (B(A)	49		
								Daytime d	nterion (AN	(L-5), dB(A)	55	

Exceedance, dB(A) -

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Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge Case 1

Noise Source ID	Description		SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	orrection, dE	μ(A)		Predicted	Damaah
NOISE SOURCE ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arriva)	88	72	1	-45	-15	0	D	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	72	3	-45	-10	0	0	3	36	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	72	1	-45	-15	Ó	D	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival		-	· -	· -	-	-	•	-	-	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	No Nightlime operation
мүүз		Idlling - ready for departure		•		•	•	•	-	•	•	No Nighttime operation
TB1		Idling for arrival		-	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	
TB2		Off the landing board	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	-	
ТВЗ	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	
TB4	Tuy Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge		-	-	-	-	•••	-	•	•	No Nighttime operation
тв5		Lift on the landing board		-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	
ТВ6		Idling for departure	-	•	-	•	•		•	•	-	
						· P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(70mb)dB(A)	39	
								Nightlime c	riterion (AN	lL-5), dB(A)	45	
									Exceed	nce, dB(A)	-	

	Deservation	A - 41, 414 - 14 - 15 - 15 - 16 - 18	SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		Ce	orraction, di	3(A) ⁻		Predicted	—
ioise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (mln)	Distance	Time -	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
C1		Idlling - arrival	88	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	31	
C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	72	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
C3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	72	1	-45	-15	Û	0	3	34	
1W1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	-	-	-	•	·		No Nighttime operation
////2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	•	•	- 1	•	•		No Nighttime operation
1\V3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	-	-		•	•		No Nighttime operation
B1		Idling	101	-	1	•	-	-	•	•	•	
B2		Extend Conveyor belt	99		1	-		-	-	•		
B3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	-	-	-	· ·	•		No Nighttime operation
;B4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	-	9	•	•	-	•	-	- 1	
B5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	-	1	-	•	•	•	-	- 1	
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(36min)dB(A)	40	· · ·
					Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), di						45	
					Exceedance, dB(/					nce, dB(A)] -	

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
NOISE SOULCE ID	Description	Activities Edulphienc	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Romark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	72	1	-45	-15	0	D	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	72	5	-45	-8	0	D	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	72	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98		1	1 - 1	-	-	•	•		No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	· ·	-	-	· ·	-	-	No Nighttime operation
мwз		Idlling - ready for departure	98		1	•	•	•	- ·	-	•	No Nightlime operation
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	-	2	- 1	-	•	•	-		
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	-	1	· ·	-	-	•	-	-	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	-	1	•	•	<u> </u>	•	•	· ·	
LPG4	Loading Truck		91	-	5	- 1	-	· ·	•	-	T •	No Nighttime operation
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	-	1	-	-	•	-	•	-	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105		2		_	-	•	•		
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(30min)dB(A)	40	
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
					Exceedance, dB(nce, dB(A)			

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
i ioject.	Discovery Day CMO

Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Noise Assessment

Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)

NSR ID: N10b-D1

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		C	orrection, di	B(A)	-	Predicted	Remark
			dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	86	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	76	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	96	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	41	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	76	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	40	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	41	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	79	10	-46	-5	0	0	3	51	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	58	1	-43	-15	0	0	3	45	
твз	Turn Band / Deven	Lorries leave barge	100	68	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	51	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	58	5	-43	-8	0	0	3	· ·	TB3 have selected for assessment.
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	58	1	-43	-15	0	0	3	<u>⊢ ·</u>	1
TB6	6	Idling for departure	99	79	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	•	
	-		•	*=	Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq permitdB(A					55		
					5		· .	Daytime	criterion (AN	IL-5), dB(A)	55	

•••• Exceedance, dB(A) -

Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Ca	rrection, dB	4(A)		Predicted	Remark
HOISE SOULCE ID	Leschpuon	ActivitiesEduibilieur	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	76	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	41	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	76	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	40	
мwз		Idlling - ready for departure	98	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	41	
SB1		Idling	101	58	1	-43	-15	0	0	3	· ·]	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	58	1	-43	-15	0	0	3	· ·	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	58	20	-43	-2	0	0	3	52	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	58	9	-43	-5	0	-10	3	48	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	58	1	-43	-15	0	0	3	47	
		· · · · · ·				P	redicted O	verali Noise	-			
								Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
									Exceeda	ince, dB(A)	•	

Peng Chau Kailo, Mui Wo Kailo & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

		A	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	prrection, di	K (A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	76	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3	1	Idlling - ready for departure	91	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	76	1	-46	-15	D	0	3	41	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	76	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	40	
мwз	1	Idlling - ready for departure	98	76	1	-46	-15	0	D	3	41	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	58	2	-43	-12	0	0	3	41	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	58	1	-43	-15	0	-10	3	47	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	58	1	-43	-15	0	0	3	40	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	58	5	-43	-8	0	0	3	43	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	58	1	-43	-15	0	-10	3	43	
LPG6	1	Idlling - ready for departure	105	58	2	-43	-12	0	0	3	53	
	• <u> </u>				· ·				d Overall Noise Level, Leq (Jemb) dB(A			
					Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(L-5), dB(A)	55			

Exceedance, dB(A) -

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Project :Discovery Bay EASJob No.:235928Title:Fixed Noise AssessmentSubtitle:Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)NSR ID:N10b-D1

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kailo, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boal with Barge

Noise Source ID	Description	8-41-447	SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	\$(A)		Predicted	Branch
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	76	1	-46	-15	0	D	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	fdling	88	76	3	-46	-10	0	0	3	35	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival			•	•	-	•	-	•	•	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	No Nighttime operation
мууз		Idlling - ready for departure		•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	No Nighttime operation
TB1		Idling for arrival		•	-	•	•	•	•	-	· _	
T82		Off the landing board		-	•	•	-	•	•	-	•	
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	-	· ·	· ·	•	-	•	•		•	kie kliekali – od od kie
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	-	· ·	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	No Nighttime operation
TB5		Lift on the landing board	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	
ТВ6		Idling for departure		· ·	· ·	·	-	•	-	•	•	
						P	redicted C	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(A)Bb _{(Ameri}	38	
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
					Exceedance, dB(A					ince, dB(A)	-	

			SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		C	orrection, dE	κ(A) ·		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	[dling	88	76	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	•	•	-	•	-		No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	-	-	-	•			No Nighttime operation
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	•	1	•	-		·	•	T	No Nighttime operation
SB1		Idling	101	•	1	·	•	1 · 1	•	-		<u> </u>
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	•	1	-	-	-	· 1	-		
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	•	•		-		· ·	No Nightlime operation
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	-	9	•	-	-	•	-		
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	· ·	1	•	-	•	· ·	•	- ·	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level; Leg _{penninj} dB(A					40		
					Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB						45	
					Exceedance, dB						. I	

Case 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck
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oise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL;	Shortest separation	Worst operating		C	orrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	Remark
olse source in	Description	Activities Edulpment	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	76	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	B8	76	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	76	1	-46	-15	0	Ö	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	- ·	•		-	-	•	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90		5	•	-	•	· ·	-	- ·	No Nightlime operation
ww3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	•	-	· ·	· ·	-	- ·	No Nighttime operation
-PG1		Idlling - arrival	93	-	2	•	-	1 · ·	·	-	· ·	
.PG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	•	1	•	-	•	•	•		
PG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	-	1	•	-	· ·	•	-	-	
PG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	•	5	•	·	1 •	•	-	· ·	No Nighttime operation
PG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	•	1	•	•	<u></u> −.		•	- ·	
.PG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	•	2	•	-	1.		•		
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(30min)dB(A)	40	
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
									Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	-	

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	23592B
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-D5

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

Noise Source	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	orrection, di	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
QI	Description	the data and a phone are	dB{A}	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	27	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	110	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	34	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	30	
MW1	· • •	Idlling - arrival	98	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	37	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	110	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	36	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	110	1	-49	-15	0	ō	3	37	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	136	10	-51	-5	0	0	3	47	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	111	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	39	
твз	The Band & Bana	Lorries leave barge	100	123	5	-50	-8	0	0	3	45	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	111	5	-49	-8	0	0	3		TB3 have selected for assessment.
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	111	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	- 1	
TES		Idling for departure	99	136	5	-51	-8	0	0	3	· ·	
	<u> </u>			• <u> </u>	1	P	redicted C	verall Notes	Level, Leq	(Pomin)dB(A)	. 50	
					·	•		¹ Daýtime s	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Case 2

Noise Source	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	rrection, di	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
D	Description	Acavittesic guipment	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL; dB(A)	(Award
PC1		Idlling - amval	88	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	27	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	110	. 5	-49	-8	0	0	3	34	
PC3		Idiling - ready for departure	91	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	30	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	110	1	-49	-15	0	D	3	37	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	110	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	36	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	37	
SB1		Idling	101	111	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	-	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	111	1	-49	-15	0	0	з	-	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	111	20	-49	-2	0	0	3	46	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	111	9	-49	-5	0	-10	3	42	
S85		Relax conveyor + leave	102	111	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	41	
L1			•			. P	redicted O	verall Noise) 50	

Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A) 55

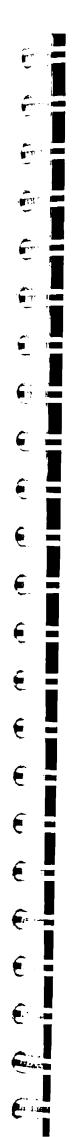
Exceedance, dB(A) -

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

Noise Source			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, d	3(A)		Predicted	_
ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	27	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	68	110	5	-49	8-	0	0	3	34	
PC3	1	Idlling - ready for departure	91	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	30	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	37	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	110	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	36	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	37	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	111	2	-49	-12	0	0	3	35	
LPG2	1	Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	111	1	-49	-15	0	-10	3	41	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	111	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	34	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	111	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	37	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	111	1	-49	-15	0	-10	3	37	
LPG6	1	Idiling - ready for departure	105	111	2	-49	-12	0	0	3	47	
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•				P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leg	(penain)dB(A)	50	
					· ·			Davtime	riterion (AN	I SI HEIN	55	

Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A) 55 .

Exceedance, dB(A) .



- Project : Discovery Bay EAS
- Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Noise Assessment

- Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)
- NSR ID: N10b-D5

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

Noise Source ID	Description		SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	P
Hoise Source to	Cescription	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	B8	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	27	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	110	3	-49	-10	0	0	3	32	
PC3		Idiling - ready for departure	91	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	30	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	· ·	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	No Nighttime operation
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	· ·		•	•	•		•	•	-	No Nighttime operation
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	· ·	No Nighttime operation
TB1		Idling for arrival	· ·			•	. •	•	•	-	-	
TB2		Off the landing board	· ·	•	•	•		-	-	-	•	
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	· ·	-	•	•	•		-	•	· ·	
TB4	Tug boat + baige	Lorries back to barge	· ·	•	-		•	-		•		No Nighttime operation
тв5		Lift on the landing board	•	-	•	T	•	-	•	-	-	
TB6		Idling for departure	· ·	•	•	•	-	-	•	-	•	
			·			P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(A)db(a)	35	
								Nightlime c	riterion (AN	L-5}, dB(A)	45	
									Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	-	

olse Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
UISE SUULCE ID	Cescularati	Accumented albumate	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Miligation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Kettark
C1		Idlling - arrival	88	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	27	
C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	110	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	34	······
C3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	30	
W1		Idlling - arrivat	98	•	1	· -	-	· -	-	•	-	No Nighttime operation
IW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	•		-	· ·		1 - 1	No Nighttime operation
IW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	•	1	•	-	•	-	-	· ·	No Nighttime operation
B1		Idling	101	•	1	- 1	•	-	-	•		
B2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	•	1	•	-	•	-	•	1 •	
В3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	•	20		•	· ·	•	•	- 1	No Nighttime operation
B4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	•	9		•	-	•	•	- 1	
B5		Relax conveyor + leave	102		1	· ·	-	•	•			
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Log	minidB(A)	36	

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

	Dessiation	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	ξ Α)		Predicted	Bernark
loise Source ID	Description	Activities chalpiness	dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	27	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	110	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	34	· · · · · ·
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	110	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	30	
4W1		Idlling - arrival	98		1		•	· -	•	•	-	No Nighttime operation
/W2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5		•	· ·	•	•	- 1	No Nighttime operation
AW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1		•		•	-	· -	No Nighttime operation
PG1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Idlling - arrival	93	•	2	· 1	•	•	-	•	- 1	
PG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112		1	· · ·	-	· ·	<u> </u>	•	- 1	
.PG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	•	1		-		•	-	- · ·	
PG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	•	5		-	· ·	-	-		No Nighttime operation
PG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	•	1	I	-	·		-		
PG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	•	2	· · ·	•	-	•	•		
					1	- <u> </u>	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(30min)dB(A)	36	
					1		: ·	Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
					1				Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	.	

Project : Discovery Bay EAS

Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Noise Assessment

Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)

NSR ID: N10b-D6

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

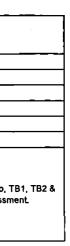
Noise Source ID	Description	4 - 4 ² -241 - 1 ⁴⁴ - 11	SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		¢	orrection, dE	3(A)	•	Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	82	1	-46	-15	Ō	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	82	1	-46	-15	0	Ō	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	40	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	82	5	-46		0	0	3	39	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	40	
TB1	-	Idling for arrival	99	114	10	-49	-5	0	0	3	48	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	92	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	41	
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100	102	5	-48	-8	0	0	3	47	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TI
TB4	Tuy boat + balge	Lorries back to barge	100	92	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	· ·	TB3 have selected for assessme
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	92	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	-	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	114	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	-	
·						P	redicted (Overall Noise	Level, Leq	(a)Bb(A)	6 2	
						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
							•	1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 -	Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	-	

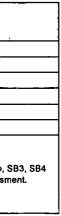
Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

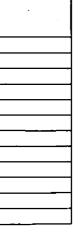
	_		SWL,	Shortest 👌	Worst operating		Co	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation 🐂 distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	ldfing	88	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	82	1	-46	-15	Ō	0	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	40	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	39	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	40	
SB1		Idling	101	92	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	•	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	92	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	-	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	92	20	-47	-2	0	0	3	48	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, Si &SB5 have selected for assessme
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	92	9	-47	-5	0	-10	3	43	CODU HAVE SELECTED ICH ASSESSING
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	92	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	43	
		• -				P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq (somin)dB(A)	51	
							-	Daytime o	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
							·		Exceeda	ncə, dB(A)	-	

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating	1. A.	Co	prrection, dE	(A)	•	Predicted		•
Noise Sourca (D	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	·,	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	30		
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	37		
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	33	•	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	40		
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	39		
мүүз		Idlling - ready for departure	98	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	40	-	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	92	2	-47	-12	0	0	3	37		
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	92	1	-47	-15	0	-10	3	43		
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	92	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	36	-	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	92	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	39		
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	92	1	-47	-15	Ō	-10	3	39		
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	92	2	-47	-12	0	0	3	49		
			-			P	redicted O	versil Noise					
					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		•	Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-6), dB(A)	55		
						-	_		Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	-		







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Project : Discovery Bay EAS

Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Noise Assessment

Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime) Subtitle:

NSR ID: N10b-D6

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

			SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		Çc	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idiling - arrival	88	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98		1	•	-	•	-	•	· ·	· ·
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	-	-	-	•	-	•	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	•	1	-	-	-	•	•	•	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	-	10	-	•	-	-	•	•	
ТВ2		Off the landing board	100	-	1	•	-	-	-	-	-	1
ТВЗ	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100	•	5	•	-	-	•	-	-	For worst case 30 minutes scena
ТВ4	i uy boat + barge	Lorries back to barge	100	-	5	-	-	-	•	-	-	TB3 have selected for ass
ТВ5		Lift on the landing board	98	-	1	-	-	•	•	-	-	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	-	5	•	-	•	-	•	•	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg _(Jomin) dB(A) Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)							
									45			
					Exceedance, dB(A)					-		

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating	Correction, dB(A)				Predicted		
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	30	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	33	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1		-	-	-	-	•	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90		5		•	-	-	-	- 1	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1		-	-	•	-	- 1	
SB1		Idling /	101	-	1	-	-	-	-	•	- 1	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	-	1	-	•	-	-	-	-	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	•	20		-	-	-	-	•	No Nighttime operation
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	-	9		•	•		-		
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	•	1		•		-	•	•	
						Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (Joenin)dB(A)						
					*	Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)					45	
								nce, dB(A)	.			

Case 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck
Case 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

Саве 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Contain	er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck										
		B = 49. 143 = 100 = 1.1 = 1.0 = 4	SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		C	orrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	timë (min)	Distance	Time	Screenir.g	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	30	í <u> </u>
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	37	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	33	
MW1		Idiling - arrival	98	•	1	·	•	•	-	•		
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90		5		-	-	-	•	•	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	-	-	-		•		
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	-	2	· · ·	-	· ·	•	•	•	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	•	1		-			-	-	ł
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	-	1	- 1	•	•	•	-	· ·	1
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idiling	91	-	5	•	-	•		-		No Nighttime operation
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	· · ·	1		•	· ·	- 1			
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105		2		-	•	•	-	-	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg pominid						39	
						Nighttime o	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	1		
					Exceedance, dB(A)							
											<u> </u>	,

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Project : Discovery Bay EAS

Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Noise Assessment

Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)

NSR ID: N10b-D8

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

Noisé Source ID	Description		SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating	<u> </u>	C	prrection, di	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
NOISE SOULCE ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Keilläik
PC1		Idiling - arrival	88	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	86	70	5	-45	8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
MW2		Idling	90	70	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	40	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	70	1	-45	-15	Ō	0	3	41	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	106	10	-49	-5	0	0	3	49	
ТВ2		Off the landing board	100	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	41	
ТВЗ	Two Post / Post	Lorries leave barge	100	97	5	-48	-8	0	0	3	47	For worst case 30 minutes scenar
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	•	TB3 have selected for asse
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	•	
ТВб		Idling for departure	99	106	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	-	
·						P	redicted C	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(Jopan) dB(A)	53	
						Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)						

Exceedance, dB(A)

Case 2	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading
	t ong onder tento, mar tro trans a cana berge . Hack sana toading

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	orrection, di	3(A)		Predicted	
Volse Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)		time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facado	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	70	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	70	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	40	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
SB1		Idling	101	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	•	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	90	1	-47	-15	0	Ō	3	· ·	1
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	90	20	-47	-2	0	0	3	48	For worst case 30 minutes scena &SB5 have selected for ass
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	90	9	-47	-5	0	-10	3	44	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	43	
		•••				, P	redicted C	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(somen)dB(A)	52	
					l ·	۰.		Daytime o	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
					Exceedance, dB(A)				-			

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

			ŚWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Ç	vrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idiling - arrival	88	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	70	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	70	1	-45	-15	Ö	0	3	41	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	70	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	40	
MW3		Idling - ready for departure	98	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	41	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	90	2	-47	-12	0	0	3	37	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	90	1	-47	-15	0	-10	3	43	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	90	. 1	-47	-15	0	0	3	36	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	39	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	90	1	-47	-15	0	-10	3	39	
LPG6		Idliing - ready for departure	105	90	2	-47	-12	0	0	3	49	
			•		•••	Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (Jonnin)dB(A)						
					Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)					55		

Exceedance, dB(A) -

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Project : Discovery Bay EAS

Job No.: 235928

Fixed Noise Assessment Title:

Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)

NSR ID: N10b-D8

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	' 1 CONSTRATION	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	70	1	-45	-15	0	D	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	(dling	88	70	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	•	1	•	-	•	•	-	-	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	•	-	· ·	-	•	-	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	-	10	-	•	-	-	-	•	
TB2		Off the landing board	100		1	-		•	-	•	-	
TB3	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100		5	•	-	-	-	-	-	For worst case 30 minutes scena
TB4	Tug Boat + Balge	Lorries back to barge	100	· ·	5	-	•	-	-		•	TB3 have selected for ass
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	-	1	-	-	·	-	-	•	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	-	5	•	-	•	•	-	•	
						Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (penin)dB(A					40	
						Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)					45	
					Excentence dB(A					ince dB(A)	_	

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barne + Truck sand loading

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		S Ce	orrection, dE	B(A)		Predicted	
loise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
C1		Idlling - arrival	88	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	31	
2°C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	70	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
°C3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
/W1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	•	-	•	•	-	-	
AW2	Mui Wo Kaito	ldling	90	-	5	•	-	•	•	-	-	
имз		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	-	•	-	•		-	
5B1		Idling	101	-	1	•	-	•	-	-	·	
B2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	
B3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	-	•	-	-	•	•	No Nighttime operation
5B4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	-	9	•	-		- 1	•		
3B5		Relax conveyor + leave	102		1	•	•	•	-		-]	
								verall Noise Nighttime c	riterion (AN		45	

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

			SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Nolse Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	70	1	-45	-15	Ō	0	3	31	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	70	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	38	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	70	1	-45	-15	0	0	3	34	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	· ·	-	1.			•	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90		5		•	•	•		•	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1		•	•	-	•	•	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93		2		•	· ·	1 .	•	· ·	
LPG2	1	Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	-	1		-	•	-	-		
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	-	1		-	- 1	-	-	-	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91		5		-		•	•		No Nighttime operati
LPG5	-	Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108		1 1	· · ·				•		
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	-	2	•	-	<u> · · </u>	<u> </u>	•		
<u> </u>					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq _(30min) dB(A) Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)						40	
											45	
					1				Evened			

Exceedance, dB(A) -

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-A1

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Ċ	prrection, dE	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	Al	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idiling - arrival	88	50	1	-42	-15	-10	D	3	24	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	31	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	27	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	34	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	33	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	34	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	41	10	-40	-5	-10	0	3	47	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	42	
ТВЗ	Tue Deat / Dear	Lorries leave barge	100	32	5	-38	-8	-10	0	3	47	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, T
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	-	TB3 have selected for assessm
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	-	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	41	5	-40	-8	-10	0	3	-	
						P	redicted C	Verall Noise	Level, Leq	(30min)dB(A)	61	
					,		•	Daytime d	riterion (AN	IL-5), dB(A)	55	
								•	Exceeda	unce, dB(A)	-	

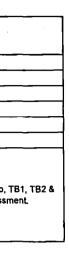
Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

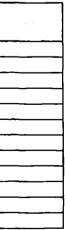
			SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, de	3(A)		Predicted	_
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment dB	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Miligation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	24	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	31	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	27	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	34	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	33	
MW3		Idiling - ready for departure	98	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	34	
SB1		Idling	101	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	- 1	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	-	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	25	20	-36	-2	-10	-10	3	39	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	25	9	-36	-5	-10	-10	3	45	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	44	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq (30cm/n)dB(A)						49	
					}			Daytime o	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
									Exceeda	unce, dB(A)		

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

			SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		C	orrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	50	1	-42	-15	-10	Q	3	24	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	31	
PC3		tdlling - ready for departure	91	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	27	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	34	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	33	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	34	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	25	2	-36	-12	-10	0	3	38	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	25	1	-36	-15	-10	-10	3	44	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	25	1	-36	-15	-10	0	3	37	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	25	5	-36	-8	-10	0	3	40	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	25	1	-36	-15	-10	-10	3	40	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	25	2	-36	-12	-10	0	3	50	
·			·	<u> </u>	· ,	6	redicted C	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(30min)dB(A)	52	
								Daytime (riterion (AN	L-6), dB(A)	55	
								• • •	Exceeda	ince, dB(A)		

Exceedance, dB(A) -





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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

	_		SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		- C (prrection, d	B(A).,.	243 - E	Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	24	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	31	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	27	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	•	1	•	-	•	· ·	-	-	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	-	-	- 1	-	-	•	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	•	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	-	10	-	•	-	-	•		
TB2		Off the landing board	100	-	1	•	•	•	•	-	-	1
ТВЗ	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100		5	•	-	-	-	-	•	For worst case 30 minutes scenario
тв4	i ug Boat + Baige	Lorries back to barge	100	•	5	· ·	-	-	-	·	-	TB3 have selected for assess
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	•	1	•	-		-	-	•	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	-	5		-	[-	•	-	
		•			1 A	P	redicted O	verali Noise	Level, Leq	(A)86(_(30min)	33	
						-		Nighttime o	riterion (AN	L-6), dB(A)	45	
									Exceeds	ince, dB(A)	-	

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		, Co	prrection, dB	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time .	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	50	1	-42	-15	-10	D	3	24	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	31	
PC3	_	Idlling - ready for departure	91	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	27	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	<u> </u>	1	-	-	-	-	•		
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	•	•	·	•	•	- 1	· ·
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	•	•	•	•	-	-	
SB1		tdling	101	-	1	-	-	· ·		•		
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	-	1	•	•	•	-	-	· ·	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	•	-	-	-	-	-	No Nighttime operation
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	-	1	•	•	•	•		•	
·							,	verall Noise Nighttime c				
									Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	1 -	

Case 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck
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			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating	1	Co	prrection, dE	B(A)		Predicted	1
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - апival	88	50	1	-42	-15	-10	0	3	24	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	50	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	31	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	50	1	-42	-15	-10	D	3	27	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	-	-	-	-	•	- 1	<u> </u>
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5			-	-	-	•	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	•	•	•	•		·	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	-	2		•	•	•			
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	-	1	-	-	-	•	•	- 1	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers bading into truck	95		1	- 1				•	- 1	
LPG4		Idlling	91		5	- 1	•	-	•	-		No Nighttime operation
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	-	1	- 1	•	•	•	-	- 1	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105		2	- 1	-	- 1	•	•	•	
I						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	redicted O	verali Noise	Level, Leq	(Somin)dB(A)	33	
								Nighttime ¢	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
									Exceeds	nce, dB(A)	-	

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-A2

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge Case 1

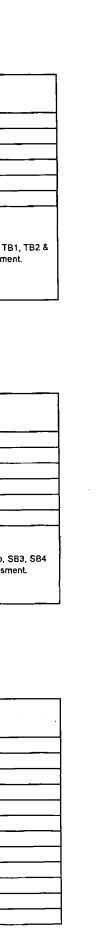
No. (co. 10)			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		C	orrection, dE	B(A)		Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	23	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	30	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	26	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	56	1	-43	-15	-10	D	3	33	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	32	
MW3		fdlling - ready for departure	98	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	33	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	45	10	-41	-5	-10	0	3	46	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	31	1	-38	-15	-10	0	3	40	
ТВЗ		Lorries leave barge	100	37	5	-39	-8	-10	0	3	46	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	31	5	-38	-8	-10	0	3	· ·	TB3 have selected for assessmen
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	31	1	-38	-15	-10	0	3		
тв6		Idling for departure	99	45	5	-41	-8	-10	0	3		
__			(P	redicted C	Overall Noise	Level, Log	(30m(n)dB(A)	60	
					· ·		•	. Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	

55 Exceedance, dB(A) -

		Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating time (min)		Co	rrection, di	3(A)	Predicted	- ·	
Noise Source ID	Description		dB(A)	separation distance (m)		Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	23	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	30	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	26	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	33	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	32	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	33	
SB1	······	Idling	101	31	1	-38	-15	-10	0	3	· ·	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	31	1	-38	-15	-10	0	3	•	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	31	20	-38	-2	-10	0	3	47	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3 &SB5 have selected for assessment
5B4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103 .	31	9	-38	-5	-10	-10	3	43	
865		Relax conveyor + leave	102	31	1	-38	-15	-10	0	3	42	
		······································				P	redicted C	verali Noise	Level, Leq	(30min)dB(A)	50	
							-	Daytime o	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
							-		Exceed	ince, dB(A)	-	

Case 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck
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			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Ça	orrection, d8	(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (mln)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	23	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	idling	88	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	30	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	26	
MW1	Mui Wo Kaito	Idlling - arrival	98	56	1	_43	-15	-10	0	3	33	
MW2		Idling	90	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	32	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	56	1	-43	-15	-10	D	3	33	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	31	2	-38	-12	-10	0	3	36	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	31	1	-38	-15	-10	-10	3	42	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	31	1	-38	-15	-10	0	3	35	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	31	5	-38	-8	-10	0	3	38	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	31	1	-38	-15	-10	-10	3	38	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	31	2	-38	-12	-10	D	3	48	
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · ·			Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq _(30m/s) dB(A) Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)					51	
											55	
					1			•	Parameter	JDIAL	.1 ⁷	1



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Project : Discovery Bay EAS

235928

Job No.:

Fixed Noise Assessment Title: Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)

NSR ID: N10b-A2

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Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge Case 1

			1	Shortest	Worst operating	T	C	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL, dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	56	1	-43	-15	-10	D	3	23	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	30	
PC3		Idiling - ready for departure	91	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	26	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	-	-	•	-	-	•	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	-	-	•	-	•	·	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98		1	•	-	-	-	-	•	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	•	10	•	-	•	-	-	-	-
TB2		Off the landing board	100		1	•	-	•	-	-	•	
ТВЗ	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100	-	5		•	-	•	-	•	For worst case 30 minutes scenari
ТВ4	Tuy boat + barge	Lorries back to barge	100	-	5	-	-	•	-	•	-	TB3 have selected for asses
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	•	1	-	-	•	-	-	•	
TB6	Idling for departure	99	•	5	•	-	-	-	-	-		
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg _(Somie) dB(A) Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)							
										45		
									Exceeda	ince, dB(A)	-	

		Activities/Equipment	SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		Cc	orrection, dE	B(A)	Predicted		
Noise Source ID	Description		dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1	Peng Chau Kaitó	Idlling - arrival	88	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	23	
°C2		Idling	88	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	30	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	26	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	•	-	-		-	•	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	•	-	-		•	-	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	-	-	-	•	•	-	
SB1		Idling	101	-	1	-	•	-	•	-	· ·	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	-	1		-	•	•	-	•	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	-	•	•	-	-	-	No Nighttime operation
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	•	9	- 1	•	-	-	•	•	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	-	1		-	- 1	-	-	· ·]	
					1	P	redicted O	verali Noise	32			
					Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A						45	
						3 M 3	2 C	ing and	Exceeda	ince, dB(A)	-	

Case 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck
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			SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	
voise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPĽ, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	23	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	56	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	30	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	56	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	26	
WW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	-	-	1 •	-	-	-	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	•	•	•	-	-	- ·	
NVV3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	•	1	•	•	•		-	•	
.PG1		Idlling - arrival	93	•	2	•	-		· ·		-	
.PG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	•	1		-		-	-	-	
.PG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	-	1	•	•	-	-	-		
.PG4		Idlling	91		5		•	-		•		No Nighttime operation
.PG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	+	1	•	-	-	•	•	- · - 1	
PG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	•	2	•	-	•	-	-	•	
						Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq _(30min) dB(A Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A					32	
											45	
					Exceedance, dB(A						-	

G:\env\project\235928\10 Calculation\ENV\marine traffic noise\20151111 Fixed Noise Calculation_Barrier.xlsx\N10b-A2

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rio, TB1, TB2 & essment.	

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N105-A4

Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Ċ	orrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	Remark
			dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Kennerk
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	21	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	73	5	-45	-8	-10	0	3	28	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	73	1-1-	-45	-15	-10	0	3	24	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	31	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	73	5	-45	-8	-10	0	3	30	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	31	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	57	10	-43	-5	-10	0	3	44	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	46	1-1-	-41	-15	-10	0	3	37	
ТВЗ	Two Doot + Doors	Lorries leave barge	100	51	5	-42	-8	-10	0	3	43	For worst case 30 minutes scenar
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	46	5	-41	-8	-10	0	3	· ·	TB3 have selected for asse
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	46	1	-41	-15	-10	0	3		1
TB6		Idling for departure	99	57	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3	-	1
·		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		L		P	redicted C	verall Noise	e Level, Leq	(DominidB(A)	47	
							·		criterion (A)			

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS											
Job No.:	235928											
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment											
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)											
NSR ID:	N10b-A4											
Case 1	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat wit	h Barge										
			SWL,	Shortest			Co	rrection, dB	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation	Worst operating time (min)			Screening	· · · ·	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Idlling - arrival	88	distance (m)		Distance			0	3	21	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito		88	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	28	
PC3		Idling	91 91	73	5	-45	-8	-10		3	24	
MW1		Idlling - ready for departure		73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	31	
WW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idlling - arrival	98	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0		30	······
		Idling	90	73	5	-45	-8	-10	0	3		<u> </u>
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	31	
B1		Idling for arrival	99	57	10	-43	-5	-10	0	3	44	
B2		Off the landing board	100	46	1	-41	-15	-10	0	3	37	
rB3	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100	51	5	-42	-4	-10	0	3	43	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
B4	0	Lorries back to barge	100	46	5	-41	-8	-10	0	3	· ·	TB3 have selected for assessment.
B5		Lift on the landing board	98	46	1	-41	-15	-10	0	3	-	
B6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Idling for departure	99	57	5	-43	-8	-10	0	3		
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(xomin)dB(A)) 47	
						P	•	Daytime c		NL-6), dB(A)		
									Exceed	ance, dB(A)	-	
					L					- 2/12		
ase 2	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge 4	+ Truck sand loading										
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		C1411	Shortest			Co	rrection, dE	B(A)		Deadladad	
oise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL, dB(A)	separation	Worst operating time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	r	Facade	Predicted SPL, dB(A)	Remark
				distance (m)		<u> </u>						
			88	73	1	45	-15	-10	0	3	21	
		Idlling - arrival				<u> </u>		+ <u> </u>	<u> </u>		1 00	
C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	73	5	-45	-8	-10	0	3	28	
C2 C3	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure	88 91	73	5	-45 -45	-15	-10	0	3	24	
C2 C3 W1	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88 91 98	73 73	1	-45 -45	-15 -15	-10 -10	0	3	24 31	
C2 C3 W1	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure	88 91	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	24	
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival	88 91 98	73 73	1	-45 -45	-15 -15	-10 -10	0	3	24 31	
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling	88 91 98 90	73 73 73	1	-45 -45 -45	-15 -15 -8	-10 -10 -10	0	3 3 3	24 31 30	
C2 C3 WV1 W2 W3 B1	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure	88 91 98 90 98	73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1	-45 -45 -45 -45	-15 -15 -8 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31	
C2 C3 IW1 IW2 IW3 B1 B2	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt	88 91 98 90 98 101	73 73 73 73 73 46	1 1 5 1 1	45 45 45 45 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 -	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4
C2 C3 WV1 WV2 WV3 B1 B2 B3	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby	88 91 98 90 98 101 99	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 1	45 45 45 45 45 41 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - -	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
PC2 PC3 WW1 WW2 WW3 SB1 SB2 SB3 SB4	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 1 20	45 45 45 45 41 41 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44	
PC2 PC3 WW1 WW2 WW3 SB1 SB2 SB3 SB4	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -10 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39	
PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 BB1 BB2 BB3 BB4	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 0 -10 0 0 2 Level, Leo	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 47	
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B4	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 10 0 10 0 	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 8 4 (3) 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 47 55	
C2 C3 WV1 W2 WV3 B1 B2 B3 B4	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 10 0 10 0 	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 47 55	
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 10 0 10 0 	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 8 4 (3) 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 47 55	
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41	-15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 10 0 10 0 	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 8 4 (3) 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 47 55	
PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 BB1 BB2 BB3 BB4 BB5	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 1 20 9 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 9	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 e Level, Leg criterion (Ai Exceed	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 8 4 (3) 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	24 31 30 31 - 44 40 39 47 55 -	
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B3 B3 B3 B3 B3 B3 B3 B3 C C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 Worst operating	45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 9	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 Verall Noise Daytime c	0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 Level, Leq criterion (Al Exceed	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 39 39 37 55 5 5 5 5 5 5 7	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B3 B4 B5 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 1 20 9 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 9	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 Verall Noise Daytime c	0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 e Level, Leg criterion (Ai Exceed	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 39 39 37 55 5 5 5 5 5 5 7	
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 S5 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 Worst operating	45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 9	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 Verall Noise Daytime c	0 0 0 0 0 -10 0 Level, Leq criterion (Al Exceed	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 39 39 37 55 5 5 5 5 5 5 7	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B4 B5 C1	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A)	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 Worst operating time (min)	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 9 Distance	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 39 39 35 55 - -	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 31 32 33 33 34 35 35 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idlling	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5WL, dB(A) 88	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1	45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 5	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39) 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
22 23 W1 W2 W3 31 32 33 34 35 Source ID 21 22 33	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5WL, dB(A) 88 88 88	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5	45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 5 5 5 5	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -8	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39) 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B4 B5 C1 C1 C2 C3 W1	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5WL, dB(A) 88 88 88 91	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1	45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 5 45 45 45 45	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 redicted O Cc Time -15 -8 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 (30mie)dB{A 3 1 (30mie)dB{A 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - 44 40 39 47 55 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B3 B3 B3 B3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 W1 N2	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idlling - arrival Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - arrival Idlling	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5WL, dB(A) 88 89 91 98 90	73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 36 46 37 373 73 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1	45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 5 45 45 45 45	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -5 -15 redicted O Time -15 -8 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 (somieldB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 47 55 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 C1 C1 C2 C3 W1 W2 W3	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5WL, dB(A) 88 88 88 91 98 90 98	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1	45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 5 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -15 Tredicted O Co Time -15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 31 30 31 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 30 31 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
PC2 PC3 AW1 AW2 AW3 SB1 SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 SB5 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 SB8 SB5 SB5 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 SB8 SB8 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 SB8 SB8 SB8 SB8 SB8 SB7 SB8 SB8 SB8 SB8 SB8 SC1 C2 C3 MW1 MW2 MW1 MW2 MW1 MW2 MW1 MW2 SW3 SW4 SW3 SW4	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5WL, dB(A) 88 88 89 91 98 90 98 93	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -2 -5 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 39 47 55 - 55 - - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
PC2 PC3 WV1 WV2 WV3 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 ase 3 c1 C2 C3 WV1 WV2 WV1 WV2 WV1 PG1 PG2	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5WL, dB(A) 88 88 88 91 98 90 98 93 112	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 20 9 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 0 0istance 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -2 -5 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 (somieldB(A) NL-5), dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) Sance, dB(A) San	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 47 55 5 5 5 5 5 7 7 7 8 24 31 28 24 31 30 31 33 39	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 C1 C1 C2 C3 W1 W2 W3 PG1 PG2 PG3	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling -	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 102 5 5 88 88 88 91 98 91 98 90 98 93 112 95	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 20 9 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 0 0istance 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 41 41 41	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -5 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
PC2 PC3 WW1 WW2 MW3 SB1 SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 SB5 SB5 SB6 SB5 SB5 SB6 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 SB8 SB8 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 S	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 102 5 5 88 88 88 89 91 98 90 98 91 25 91	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 20 9 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 0 0istance 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -2 -5 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - 44 40 39) 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32 35	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
PC2 PC3 WW1 WW2 MW3 SB1 SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 SB5 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 SB8 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 S	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge LPG containers loading into truck Idling Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5 5 5 88 88 88 91 98 90 98 91 98 90 98 91 112 95 91 108	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 20 9 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 2 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -5 -15 -2 -5 -15 -5 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 47 55 3 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32 35 35	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
PC2 PC3 WW1 WW2 MW3 SB1 SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 SB5 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 SB8 SB5 SB6 SB7 SB8 S	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling Idling	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 102 5 5 88 88 88 89 91 98 90 98 91 25 91	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 20 9 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 47 55) 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32 35 35 45	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 SB1 SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 SB5 SB5 Case 3 Noise Source ID PC1 PC1 PC2 PC3 WW1 MW2 MW1 MW2 MW3 PG1 PG2 PG3 PG4 PG5	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge LPG containers loading into truck Idling Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5 5 5 88 88 88 91 98 90 98 91 98 90 98 91 112 95 91 108	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 20 9 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 2 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 47 55) 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 30 31 47 55 35 45 35 47 47 47 47 48 49 47 48 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
PC1 PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 SB1 SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 Case 3 Noise Source ID PC1 PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 LPG1 LPG2 LPG4 LPG5 LPG6	Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge LPG containers loading into truck Idling Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	88 91 98 90 98 101 99 94 103 102 5 5 5 88 88 88 91 98 90 98 91 98 90 98 91 112 95 91 108	73 73 73 73 73 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	1 1 5 1 1 20 9 1 1 20 9 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 2 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45 45 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	-15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -2 -5 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	24 31 30 31 - - 44 40 39 47 55 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32 35 45 155	&SB5 have selected for assessment.

Case 3	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck
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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS											
	235928											
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment											
	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)											
NSR ID:	N10b-A4											
Case 1	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat wit	h Barge										
Noise Source ID	Description	A stilling (Faulton and	SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	rrection, dB	(A)		Predicted	Remark
	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Kenial K
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	21	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	73	5	-45	-13	-10	0	3	28	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	\$1	73	+ <u>-</u>	-45	-15	-10	0	3	24	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	31	
MW2		Idling	90	73	5	-45	-8	-10	0	3	30	······
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	31	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	57	10	-43		-10	0	3	44	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	46	1	-41	-15	-10	0	3	37	
rB3		Lorries leave barge	100	51	5	-42	-15	-10	0	3	43	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1, TB2 &
'B4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	46	5	-41		-10	0	3	+	TB3 have selected for assessment.
B5		Lift on the landing board	98	46		<u> </u>		-10	0	3	┝──	
rB6		Idling for departure	99	46 57		-41	-15	I	0	3	<u>} −</u>	
		India 101 achor mis		5/	5		-8-	-10	I			
						P	realcted Q	verall Noise				
								Dayome c	riterion (A)			
									EXCOOL	ance, dB(A)	<u>"</u>	
ise 2	Pong Chau Kaita Mui Wa Kaita & Saad Barra	Truck and India										
	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge	Truck sand toading										
loise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	SWL,	Shortest separation	Worst operating		Co	rrection, di	5(A)	· ·	Predicted	Remark
			dB(A)	distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
C1		Idlling - arrival	88	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	21	
°C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	73	5	-45	-8	-10	0	3	28	
C3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	24	
IW1		Idling - arrival	98	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	31	
W2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	73	5	-45	-8	-10	- 0	3	30	
W3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	31	
		Idling	101	46	1	-41	-15	-10	0	3		
B1 I										_		
			99		1 1	-41	-15	-10		3		
82		Extend Conveyor belt	99	46		-41	-15	-10	0	3	- 44	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4
82 83	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby	94	46	20	-41	-2	-10	0	3	44	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	94 103	46 46 46	20 9	-41 -41	-2 -5	-10 -10	0 -10	3	44 40	
582 583 584	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby	94	46	20	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10	0 -10 0	3 3 3	44 40 39	
682 683 684	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	94 103	46 46 46	20 9	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise	0 -10 0 Level, Leq	3 3 3 (30mie)dB(A)	44 40 39) 47	
682 683 684	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	94 103	46 46 46	20 9	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise	0 -10 0 Level, Leq	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A)	44 40 39) 47) 55	
582 583 584	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	94 103	46 46 46	20 9	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise	0 -10 0 Level, Leq	3 3 3 (30mie)dB(A)	44 40 39) 47) 55	
82 83 84	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	94 103	46 46 46	20 9	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise	0 -10 0 Level, Leq	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A)	44 40 39) 47) 55	
82 83 84 85	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	94 103	46 46 46	20 9	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise	0 -10 0 Level, Leq	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A)	44 40 39) 47) 55	
582 583 584 585	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	94 103	46 46 46 46	20 9	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A)	44 40 39) 47) 55	
:82 :83 :84 :85 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : ::::::	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	94 103 102 \$₩L,	46 46 46 46 5hortest	20 9 1	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (AN Exceed	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A)	44 40 39) 47) 55) -	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave	94 103 102	46 46 46 46	20 9 1	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed	3 3 (30min)dB{A NL-5), dB{A ance, dB{A	44 40 39) 47) 55) -	
SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 SB5 SB5 Sase 3 Hoise Source ID	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment	94 103 102 \$₩L,	46 46 46 46 46 Shortest separation	20 9 1	-41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (AN Exceed	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A)	44 40 39) 47) 55) -	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 SB5 Sase 3 Noise Source ID PC1	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A)	46 46 46 46 46 Shortest separation distance (m)	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min)	-41 -41 -41 F	-2 -5 -15 redicted O	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed 3(A) Mitigation	3 3 (somia)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) Facade	44 40 39 } 47 } 55 } -	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
B2 B3 B4 B5 Sase 3 Sase	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idlling - arrival Idlling	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88	46 46 46 46 46 Shortest separation distance (m) 73	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1	-41 -41 -41 Distance -45	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Time -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed 3(A) Mitigation 0	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) Facade	44 40 39 } 47 } 55 } -	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
82 83 84 85 10159 Source ID C1 C2 C3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idlling - arrival Idlling Idlling - ready for departure	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 88 99	46 46 46 46 46 5hortest separation distance (m) 73 73	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5	-41 -41 -41 Distance -45 -45	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -8	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed 3(A) Mitigation 0 0	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) Facade 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55 5 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 585 585 585 585 585 585 585 585	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idlling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idlling - arrival	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 89 91 98	46 46 46 46 46 46 5 hortest separation distance (m) 73 73 73 73 73 73	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1	-41 -41 -41 -41 -41 -41 -41 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -8 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (AN Exceeds 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) Facade 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 } 47 } 55 } - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 585 585 585 585 585 585 585 585	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idlling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idlling - arrival Idling	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 89 91 98 90	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 4	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5	-41 -41 -41 Distance -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -8	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (AN Exceeds 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) Facade 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 } 47 } 55 } - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 585 585 Case 3 Noise Source ID PC1 PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling Idling Idling Idling Idling	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 89 91 98 90 98	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1	-41 -41 -41 Distance -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Time -15 -15 -15 -8 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (AN Exceeds 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) Facade 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 585 585 585 585 585 585	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 88 91 98 90 98 90 98 93	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1 2	-41 -41 -41 Distance -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -12	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime C Daytime C Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed 3(A) Mittigation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 585 Case 3 Noise Source ID 9C1 9C2 9C3 MW1 MW2 MW3 .PG1 .PG2	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idlling - arrival Idlling Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - arrival Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - arrival Idlling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 89 91 98 90 98 93 112	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 36 46 46 46	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1 2 1	-41 -41 -41 Distance -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -12 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) and ance, dB(A) ance, dB	44 40 39 47 55) - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 30 31 33 39	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 585 Case 3 Noise Source ID 9001 9001 9001 9001 PG1 PG2 PG3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idlling - arrival Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - arrival Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - arrival Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - ready for departure Itolling - arrival Idlling - arrival Idlling - arrival Idlling - ready for departure Itolling - ready for departure Itolling - arrival Idlling - ready for departure Itolling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge LPG containers loading into truck	94 103 102 SWL, dB(A) 88 88 91 98 91 98 90 98 93 112 95	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	-41 -41 -41 -41 Distance -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -45 -41 -41 -41	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Cq Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 Case 3 Noise Source ID PC1 PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 .PG1 .PG2 .PG3 .PG4	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival	94 103 102 SWL, dB(A) 88 90 91 98 90 98 93 112 95 91	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 2 1 1 5 5	41 41 41 41 5 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 4	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -12 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32 35	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 585 Case 3 Noise Source ID PC1 PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 PG1 PG2 PG3 PG4 PG5	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge LPG containers loading into truck Idling Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 90 91 98 90 98 93 112 95 91 108	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	20 9 1 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 2 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1	41 41 41 41 5 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 4	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (AN Exceeds 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32 35 35	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
582 583 584 585 585 585 585 585 585 585	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival	94 103 102 SWL, dB(A) 88 90 91 98 90 98 93 112 95 91	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	20 9 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 2 1 1 5 5	41 41 41 41 5 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 4	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (Al Exceed 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55 - - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32 35 35 45	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB2 SB3 SB4 SB5 Case 3 Noise Source ID PC1 PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 LPG1 LPG2 LPG3 LPG4 LPG5	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge LPG containers loading into truck Idling Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 90 91 98 90 98 93 112 95 91 108	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	20 9 1 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 2 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1	41 41 41 41 5 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 4	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (AN Exceeds 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 33 39 32 35 35 45 17 47	&SB5 have selected for assessment.
Noise Source ID PC1 PC2 PC3 MW1 MW2 MW3 LPG1 LPG2	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Containe Description Peng Chau Kaito Mui Wo Kaito LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck	Extend Conveyor belt Engine standby Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck Relax conveyor + leave er Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Activities/Equipment Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - ready for departure Idling - arrival Idling - arrival Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge LPG containers loading into truck Idling Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	94 103 102 \$WL, dB(A) 88 90 91 98 90 98 93 112 95 91 108	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	20 9 1 1 Worst operating time (min) 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 2 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1	41 41 41 41 5 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 4	-2 -5 -15 redicted O Co Time -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15 -15	-10 -10 -10 verall Noise Daytime c Daytime c Screening -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10	0 -10 0 Level, Leq riterion (AN Exceeds 3(A) Mitigation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 3 3 (30min)dB(A) NL-5), dB(A) ance, dB(A) ance, dB(A) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	44 40 39 47 55 - Predicted SPL, dB(A) 21 28 24 31 30 31 30 31 33 39 32 35 45 47 55	&SB5 have selected for assessment.

Project :Discovery Bay EASJob No.:235928Title:Fixed Noise AssessmentSubtitle:Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)NSR ID:N10b-A4

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

Remark	Predicted SPL, dB(A)		(A)	rrection, dB	Co		Worst operating time (min)	Shortest separation distance (m)	SWL,			
		Facade	Mitigation	Screening	Time	Distance			dB(A)	Activities/Equipment	Noise Source ID Description	
	21	3	0	-10	-15	-45	1	73	88	Idling - arrival		PC1
	28	3	0	-10	-8	-45	5	73	88	Idling	Peng Chau Kaito	PC2
	24	3	0	-10	-15	-45	1	73	91	Idlling - ready for departure		PC3
	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	•	98	Idiling - arrival		////1
	-	-	-	•	•	-	5		90	Idling	Mui Wo Kaito	AVV2
		-	•	•	•	-	1	•	98	Idlling - ready for departure		MW3
	•	-	-	•	-	•	10	-	99	Idling for arrival		rB1
For worst case 30 minutes scenar	-	-	•	•	•	-	1	-	100	Off the landing board		TB2
	-	-	•	•	•	-	5	-	100	Lorries leave barge	Tug Boat + Barge	B3
TB3 have selected for asse	-	-	-	•	-	•	5	-	100	Lorries back to barge	Tuy boat + barge	B4
	•	-	•	•	•	-	1	-	98	Lift on the landing board		B5
	-	-	-	•	-	•	5	-	99	Idling for departure		TB6
	30	_{20min)} dB(A)	Level, Leq _l	erali Noise	redicted Ov	. P			· · ·			
	45	L-5), dB(A)	riterion (AN	Nighttime c	1							
	-	nce, dB(A)	Exceeda				1					

Case 2	Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Ca	orrection, dE	B(A)		Predicted	
ioise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	21	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	73	5	-45	-8	-10	0	3	28	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	24	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	•	-	•	-	-		
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	•	•	•		-		
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	•	1	•	•	•	-	-	· ·	
SB1		Idling	101	•	1	-	-		•	-		
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	-	1		-		-	•	-	
S B3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	•	-	-	-	-	•	No Nighttime operation
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	•	9	-	-	-	•	•	1 · 1	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	-	1	•	-		-	-	· · ·	
					· · · ·	P	edicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(Minin)dB(A)	30	
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
									Exceeda	nce, (B(A)		

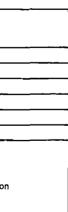
Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

			SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		Ça	prrection, dE	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	21	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	73	5	-45	-8	-10	0	3	28	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	73	1	-45	-15	-10	0	3	24	- <u></u>
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	•	1	•	•	-	•	-	· ·	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	•	-	-	•	-	•	·
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	•	-	-	•	-		
.PG1		Idlling - arrival	93	•	2	•	•	•		-	· ·]	
PG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	-	1	-	-	•	•	-		
PG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	-	1		-	•		-	•	
_PG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	•	5	•	÷	•	•	-	•	No Nighttime operation
_PG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	•	1	•	-			• .	•	
PG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	•	2		•		•	-	•	
					·	P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	_(30min) dB(A)		
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
							-		Exceeda	nce, dB(A)	•	

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N105-A5

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

	a - at far, and a - a	SWL	Shortest	Worst operation	· · ·	Co	prrection, di	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m) 2	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	rtemark.
	Idlling - arrival	88	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	25	
Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	84	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	32	
	Idlling - ready for departure	91	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	28	
	Idlling - arrival	98	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	35	
Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	84	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	34	
	Idliing - ready for departure	98	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	35	
	Idling for arrival	99	67	10	-45	-5	0	0	3	53	
	Off the landing board	100	58	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	35	
Tue Post & Ports	Lorries leave barge	100	62	5	-44	-8	0	0	3	51	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB
lug boat + baige	Lorries back to barge	100	58	5	-43	-8	0	D	3	•	TB3 have selected for assessme
	Lift on the landing board	98	58	1	-43	-15	-10	0	3	•	
	Idling for departure	99	67	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	· ·	
		·	•		. P	redicted C	verali Noise	(30min)dB(A)	55		
				Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)						55	
		Peng Chau Kaito Idlling - arrival Idling Idling Idlling - ready for departure Idlling - arrival Mui Wo Kaito Idlling - arrival Idlling - ready for departure Idlling Idlling - ready for departure Idlling Idlling - ready for departure Idling Idling for arrival Idling for arrival Off the landing board Lorries leave barge Lorries back to barge Lift on the landing board	Idling - arrival88Peng Chau KaitoIdling - arrival88Idling - ready for departure91Idling - ready for departure91Idling - arrival98Idling - arrival98Idling - ready for departure98Idling - ready for departure98Idling - ready for departure98Idling for arrival99Off the landing board100Lorries leave barge100Lorries back to barge100Lift on the landing board98	DescriptionActivities/EquipmentSWL, dB(A)separation selection selection 	DescriptionActivities/EquipmentSWL, dB(A)separation strationWorst operating time (min)Peng Chau KaitoIdling - arrival88841Idling for departure91845Idling - ready for departure91841Mui Wo KaitoIdling - arrival98841Idling - arrival90845Idling - ready for departure98841Idling - arrival90845Idling ready for departure98841Idling for arrival996710Off the landing board100581Lorries leave barge100625Lift on the landing board98581	DescriptionActivities/EquipmentSWL dB(A)separation Mont operating time (min)Worst operating time (min)Peng Chau KaitoIdling - arrival8884146Idling - ready for departure9184146Idling - ready for departure9184146Idling - ready for departure9184146Idling - ready for departure9884146Idling - ready for departure9084546Idling - ready for departure9884146Idling - ready for departure9884146Idling for arrival99671045Off the landing board10058143Lorries leave barge10058543Lift on the landing board9858143Idling for departure9967545	Description Activities/Equipment SWL (B(A) SWL (B(A) Worst operating (min) Time Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 -46 -15 Idling - arrival 88 84 5 -46 -8 Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 -46 -15 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 -46 -15 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -46 -15 Idling for arrival 99 67 10 -45 -5 Off the landing board 100 58 1 -43 -15 Lorries leave barge 100 58 5 -43 -8 Idling for departure 99 67 5 -44 -15 <t< td=""><td>Description Activities/Equipment SWL (B(A) separation (C(B(A)) Worst operating (time (min)) Distance Time Screening Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Idling - arrival 88 84 1 -46 -8 -5 Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Idling - arrival 99 67 10 -45 -5 0 Idling for arrival 99 67 10 -45 -5 0 Off the landing board 100 58 1 -43 -15 -10 Lorries leave barge 100 58 5 -44</td><td>Description Activities/Equipment Separation (B(A) Worst operating (Im (min) Distance Time Screening Mitigation Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 Idling - arrival 88 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -46 -8 -5 0 Idling for arrival 99 67 10 -46 -5 0 0 Idling for arrival 100 58 1 -43 -10 0 Idling for arrival 99 67 100</td><td>Description Activities/Equipment SW, dB(A) separation dB(A) Worst operating time (min) Distance Time Screening Mitigation Facade Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Idling - eady for departure 91 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - eady for departure 91 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - eady for departure 91 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 90 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling for arrival 90 84 1 -46 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling for arrival 99 67 10 -45 -5 0 3 Tug Boat + Barge I</td><td>Description Activities/Equipment SWL (BRA) separation (BRA) Worst operating (BRA) Worst operating (BRA) Obstace Time Screening Mitigation Facade SPL (dB(A) Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 46 -5 0 3 25 Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 46 -8 -5 0 3 28 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 28 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 3 35 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -16 -5 0 3 35 Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 35 Idling for arrival 99 67 100 -45 -5</td></t<>	Description Activities/Equipment SWL (B(A) separation (C(B(A)) Worst operating (time (min)) Distance Time Screening Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Idling - arrival 88 84 1 -46 -8 -5 Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 Idling - arrival 99 67 10 -45 -5 0 Idling for arrival 99 67 10 -45 -5 0 Off the landing board 100 58 1 -43 -15 -10 Lorries leave barge 100 58 5 -44	Description Activities/Equipment Separation (B(A) Worst operating (Im (min) Distance Time Screening Mitigation Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 Idling - arrival 88 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -46 -8 -5 0 Idling for arrival 99 67 10 -46 -5 0 0 Idling for arrival 100 58 1 -43 -10 0 Idling for arrival 99 67 100	Description Activities/Equipment SW, dB(A) separation dB(A) Worst operating time (min) Distance Time Screening Mitigation Facade Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Idling - eady for departure 91 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - eady for departure 91 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - eady for departure 91 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 90 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling for arrival 90 84 1 -46 -5 0 3 Mui Wo Kaito Idling for arrival 99 67 10 -45 -5 0 3 Tug Boat + Barge I	Description Activities/Equipment SWL (BRA) separation (BRA) Worst operating (BRA) Worst operating (BRA) Obstace Time Screening Mitigation Facade SPL (dB(A) Peng Chau Kaito Idling - arrival 88 84 1 46 -5 0 3 25 Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 46 -8 -5 0 3 28 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 91 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 28 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - arrival 98 84 1 -46 -15 -5 0 3 35 Mui Wo Kaito Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 -16 -5 0 3 35 Idling - ready for departure 98 84 1 46 -15 -5 0 3 35 Idling for arrival 99 67 100 -45 -5

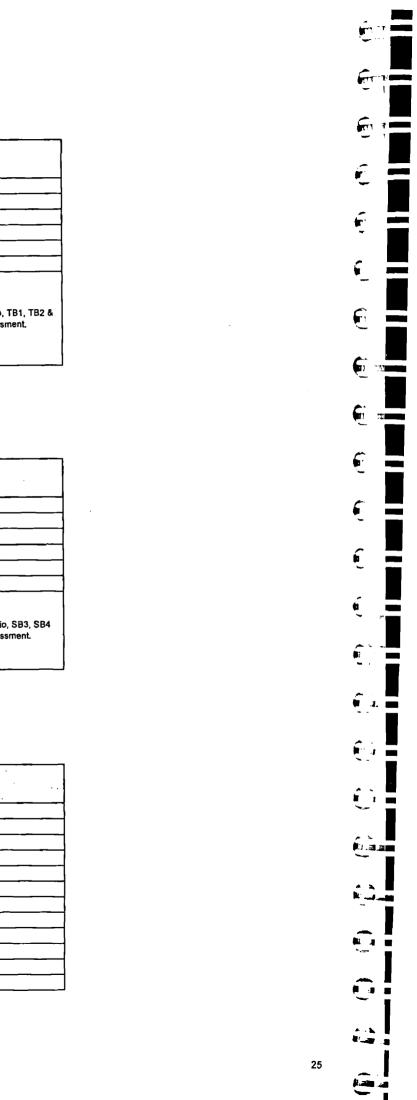
66 . Exceedance, dB(A)

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading Case 2

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	orrection, dE	(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation Sidistance (m) 蜜	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	25	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	84	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	32	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	28	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	35	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	84	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	34	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	35	
SB1		Idling	101	58	1	-43	-15	-5	0	3	•	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	58	1	-43	-15	-5	0	3	•	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	58	20	-43	-2	-5	0	3	47	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB &SB5 have selected for assessmer
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	58	9	-43	-5	-5	-10	3	43	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	58	1	-43	-15	-5	0	3	42	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (30min)dB(A						50	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq _(Stanin) dB(A) Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A) - Exceedance, dB(A)					55		
										-		

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	rrection, dE	(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment		separation adistance (m)			Time a	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	25	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	- 84	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	32	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	28	_
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	35	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	84	5	-46	-8	-5	D	3	34	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	84	1	-46	-15	-5	D	3	35	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	58	2	-43	-12	-5	0	3	36	
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	58	1	-43	-15	-5	-10	3	42	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	58	1	-43	-15	-5	0	3	35	
LPG4	Loading Truck	tdlling	91	58	5	_43	-8	-5	0	3	38	
LPG5	1	Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	58	1	-43	-15	-5	-10	3	38	
LPG6	-	Idlling - ready for departure	105	58	2	-43	-12	-5	0	3	48	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (Somin)dB(A)							
					Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)					55		
					Exceedance, dB(A)						<u> </u>	



Project : Discovery Bay EAS

Job No.: 235928

Title: Fixed Noise Assessment

Subtitle: Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)

NSR ID: N10b-A5

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	mection, d	B(A)	•	Predicted	3
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	25	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	84	5	-46	~B	-5	D	3	32	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	28	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	•	-	•	-	•	•	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	•	•	· ·	-	•	•	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	•	1	· ·	•	•	-	· ·	· ·	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	-	10	-	•	-	•	-	-	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	•	1	<u></u> . ∣	•	-	-	•		1
твз	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries leave barge	100	-	5	· ·	•	•	-	•	•	For worst case 30 minutes scena
тв4	Tug Boat + Baige	Lorries back to barge	100	-	5	-	•		•	-	•	TB3 have selected for ass
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	•	1	·	•	•	-	•	-	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	•	5	-	•	•	•	•	•	1
·					1	Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (30min)dB(A)					34	
						Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)					45	
					1		Exceedance dB(A)					

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

			SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		C	orrection, di	3(A)		Predicted	
loise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
2C1		Idlling - arrival	88	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	25	
°C2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	84	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	32	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	28	
/W1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1	•	•	•	-	-		
AW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	•	-	•	-	•	- ·	
AW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	•	1	-	-	· ·	•	-	· ·	
B1		Idling	101	-	1	·	•	·	-	-	-	
BZ		Extend Conveyor belt	99	-	1	-	-	•	•	-	-	
B3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	•	20	-	-	-	•	-		No Nighttime operation
B4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103		9	•	•			-		
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	-	1		-	•	•	•	· · ·	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (30min)dB(A)						34	
					Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)						45	
					1		-					

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

		A dt life of a second	SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	3(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment d	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	25	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	84	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	32	
PC3	1	Idlling - ready for departure	91	84	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	28	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98		1	-	•	•	· ·	-		
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90		5		•	- 1	•		· ·	
MVV3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1		•	-	<u> </u>			
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93		2	•	•	- 1			- · -	
LPG2	1	Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112		1	-	-	<u>├</u>	· ·	· ·		
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95		1	-		1 -			- 1	
LPG4	Loading Truck	tdlling	91		5			-	•	-		No Nighttime operation
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	· · ·	1	•		•				
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105		2		-	- · ·	•	•		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq (30min)dB(A						34	
					Nighttime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A						45	
					Exceedance, dB(A)						-	

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-A6

Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge Case 1

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating	1 -	C	orrection, di		-	Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	ime Screening	Mitigátión	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	
PC1		(dlling - arrival	88	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	29	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	68	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	36	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	90	1	-47	-15	0		3	32	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	39	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	38	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	39	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	74	10	-45	-5	0	0	3	52	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	65	1	-44	-15	0	0	3	44	
ТВЗ	Tue Break (Danse	Lorries leave barge	100	68	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	51	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB1,
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	65	5	-44	-8	0	0	3	-	TB3 have selected for assessment.
ТВ5		Lift on the landing board	98	65	1	-44	-15	0	0	3	-	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	74	5	-45	-8	0	0	3	· ·	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•			Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq [30min]dB(A)				55	
						Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A)) 55	
					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leq _(30min) dB(A) Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A) Exceedance, dB(A)) -			

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Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment dB(A) distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark		
PC1		Idlling - arrival	86	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	29	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	36	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	32	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	39	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	38	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	39	
SB1		Idling	101	65	1	-44	-15	-5	0	3	-	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	65	1	-44	-15	-5	0	3	· ·	1
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	65	20	-44	-2	-5	0	3	46	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	65	9	-44	-5	-5	-10	3	42	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	65	1	-44	-15	-5	0	3	41	
<u> </u>					Predicted Overall Noise Level, Leg (30min)dB					(30min)dB(A)	50	
					Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB				L-5), dB(A)	55		
							•.		Exceeds	ince, dB(A)	-	

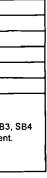
Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck Case 3

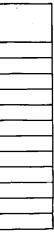
			SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, dE	B(A)	_	Predicted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark				
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	29					
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	36					
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	90	1	_47	-15	0	0	3	32					
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	39					
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	90	5	-47	-8	0	D	3	38					
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	90	_1	_47	-15	0	Ö	3	39					
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	65	2	-44	-12	-5	D	3	35					
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	65	1	_44	-15	-5	-10	3	41					
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	65	1	-44	-15	-5	Ō	3	34					
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	65	5	_44	-8	-5	0	3	37					
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	65	11	-44	-15	-5	-10	3	37					
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	65	2	-44	-12	-5	0	3	47					
					1.1.1		redicted O	verali Noise								
						Daytime criterion (ANL-5),										
											Exceedance, dB(nce, dB(A)	-	



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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		• • • • Co	prrection, de	B(A)		Predicted	
loise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	29	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	36	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	32	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	•	1	•	-	•	•	-	-	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	·	•	-	•	•	-	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	•	•	•	-		•	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	-	10	•	-	-	-	•	•	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	•	1	•	-	-	•	•	-	
гвз	Tur Pact / Parsa	Lorries leave barge	100		5	· ·]	•	•	•		-	For worst case 30 minutes scena
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	-	5	•	•	· -	•	•	•	TB3 have selected for ass
тв5		Lift on the landing board	98	•	1		•	· ·	-	•	-	
TB6		Idling for departure	99	-	5	•	•	•	-	•	•	
	_					Pi	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(sominidB(A)	38	
					· .			Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-6), dB(A)	45	
					5 - S	• '			e	deins		

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	orrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	29	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	36	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	32	
MW1		Idiling - arrival	98	-	1	•	•	•	-	-	•	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	•	•	-	-	-	•	
мүүз		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1		•	-	-	•	•	
SB1		Idling	101	-	1	•	•	•	•	-	•	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	-	1		•	-	-		•	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20	•	•	-	•	•	•	No Nighttime operation
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	•	9	•	•	- 1	•	-	-	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	-	1	•	•	•	•	-	•	
· · · · · ·						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	_(30min) dB(A)	38	
							• • • •	Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
					Exceedance, dB(A)							

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		C	orrection, de	3(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source (D	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	29	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	90	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	36	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	90	1	-47	-15	0	0	3	32	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	•	1	•	-			-	•	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	•	5	•	-	<u> </u>		-		
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1		-	•	•	-		
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93		2	•	-	•	•	-		
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	-	1	· · ·	-	-	-	-		
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95		1	-	-	-		-	· ·	
LPG4		Idlling	91	-	5	· ·	-	1.	•	-	•	No Nighttime operatio
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108		1	· ·	-	1.	-		- ·	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105		2	-	-		-	•	· ·	
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	։ _(30m/n) dB(A)	38	-
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
					Exceedance, dB(A)					-		

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Project :	Discovery Bay EAS
Job No.:	235928
Title:	Fixed Noise Assessment
Subtitle:	Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Daytime)
NSR ID:	N10b-A8

Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prection, di	3(A)		Predicted	Remark
Noise Source ID	Description		dB(A)	i sebutanou	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Kemark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	28	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	35	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	31	
MW1		Idiling - arrival	98	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	38	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	37	
MVV3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	38	
T81		Idling for arrival	99	91	10	-47	-5	0	D	3	50	
TB2		Off the landing board	100	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	42	
ТВЗ	Tue Post / Dees	Lorries leave barge	100	86	5	-47	-8	Ō	0	3	49	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, TB
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100	82	5	-46	-8	0	0	3	-	TB3 have selected for assessme
тв5		Lift on the landing board	98	82	1	-46	-15	0	0	3	1	
ТВ6		Idling for departure	99	91	5	-47	-8	0	0	3	· · ·	
				<u> </u>			redicted C	verall Nois	Level, Leq	(Jonnin)dB(A)	53	
								Daytime	riterion (AN	IL-5), dB(A)	55	

Exceedance, dB(A) -

Case 2 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Sand Barge + Truck sand loading

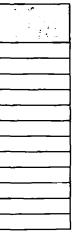
			SWL.	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	rrection, dE	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment		separation ﷺ distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	107	1	-49	-15	Ö	0	3	28	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	35	
PC3		Idliing - ready for departure	91	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	31	
MVV1		Idlling - arrival	98	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	38	
MVV2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	37	
MVV3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	107	1	-49	-15	0	D	З	38	
SB1		Idling	101	82	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	-	
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	82	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	•	
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	82	20	-46	-2	-5	0	3	44	For worst case 30 minutes scenario, SB3, SB4 &SB5 have selected for assessment.
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	82	9	-46	-5	-5	-10	3	39	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	82	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	39	
						P	redicted O	verall Noise				
								[°] Daytime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	55	
						•	<u>.</u>	• • • •	Exceeda	ince, dB(A)	-	

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	rrection, dE	(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Miligation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	28	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	35	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	31	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	107	1	-49	-15	Ó	D	3	38	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	37	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	96	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	38	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	82	2	-46	-12	-5	0	3	33	_
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112	82	1	-46	-15	-5	-10	3	39	
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95	82	1	-46	-15	-5	0	3	32	
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91	82	5	-46	-8	-5	0	3	35	
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	82	1	-46	-15	-5	+10	3	35	
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	82	2	-46	-12	-5	0	3	45	
						F	redicted O		Level, Leg			
					Daytime criterion (ANL-5), dB(A						55	
								<u>•</u>	Exceeda	ince, dB(A)	-	



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 Project :
 Discovery Bay EAS

 Job No.:
 235928

 Title:
 Fixed Noise Assessment

 Subtitle:
 Calculation of SPL at Receivers (Nighttime)

NSR ID: N10b-A8

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Case 1 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & Tug Boat with Barge

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		Co	prrection, di	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (mln)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	88	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	28	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	35	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	31	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	•	1		-	-	· ·	•	· · ·	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	· · ·	5	-	-	· ·	•	•		
MW3		Idiling - ready for departure	98		1	-	-	•	· ·	•	· ·	
TB1		Idling for arrival	99	-	10	•	•	· ·	· ·	-	-	
TB2		Off the landing board	100		1	•	•	· ·	-	-		
ТВЗ	Tue Deat / Dares	Lorries leave barge	100	-	5		-	· ·		•	•	For worst case 30 minutes so
TB4	Tug Boat + Barge	Lorries back to barge	100		5		•	- 1	· ·	· ·		TB3 have selected for
TB5		Lift on the landing board	98	-	1	- 1	-			-	· ·	
ТВ6		Idling for departure	99	· · · ·	5	-	•	•	- 1	•	· 1	
		• <u> </u>				P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(30min)dB(A)	37	
								Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
					1 ·				E		1 1	

Exceedance, dB(A) -

			SWL	Shortest	Worst operating		C	o rrection, d	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idiling - arrival	88	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	28	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	35	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	31	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	98	-	1		•	· ·	· ·	-	1	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90	-	5	-	•		-			
MVV3		Idlling - ready for departure	98	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	
SB1		Idling	101		1		-	•		•	· ·]	<u> </u>
SB2		Extend Conveyor belt	99	•	1		•	· ·	· ·			
SB3	Sand Barge + Truck sand loading	Engine standby	94	-	20		-	•	-	-	-	No Nighttime op
SB4		Truck idling + conveyor load sand into truck	103	-	9		-	· ·		•	· · ·	
SB5		Relax conveyor + leave	102	-	1	- 1	•	1.	-	-	1	
						P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	(Nomin)dB(A)	37	
								Nighttime o	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	
					Exceedance, dB(A)					-		

Case 3 Peng Chau Kaito, Mui Wo Kaito & LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers Loading Truck

			SWL,	Shortest	Worst operating		C	orrection, dB	B(A)		Predicted	
Noise Source ID	Description	Activities/Equipment	dB(A)	separation distance (m)	time (min)	Distance	Time	Screening	Mitigation	Facade	SPL, dB(A)	Remark
PC1		Idlling - arrival	86	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	28	
PC2	Peng Chau Kaito	Idling	88	107	5	-49	-8	0	0	3	35	
PC3		Idlling - ready for departure	91	107	1	-49	-15	0	0	3	31	
MW1		Idlling - arrival	96		1	-	-	· ·	•	-	· ·	
MW2	Mui Wo Kaito	Idling	90		5			1.	•	-	· ·	
MW3		Idlling - ready for departure	98		1		•	•	-		· ·	
LPG1		Idlling - arrival	93	-	2		-	1 .	•	•		
LPG2		Crane operation and LPG containers leave barge	112		1			· ·	•			
LPG3	LPG Container Vessel + LPG Containers	LPG containers loading into truck	95		1		•		•	-		
LPG4	Loading Truck	Idlling	91		5	· · ·	•	· ·			<u> </u>	No Nighttime oper
LPG5		Crane operation and LPG containers back to barge	108	-	1		-	† · · ·	•			
LPG6		Idlling - ready for departure	105	-	2		-		•	-		
					[P	redicted O	verall Noise	Level, Leq	_{30min)} dB(A)	37	
					•			Nighttime c	riterion (AN	L-5), dB(A)	45	

Exceedance, dB(A) -

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scenario, TB1, TB2 & or assessment.

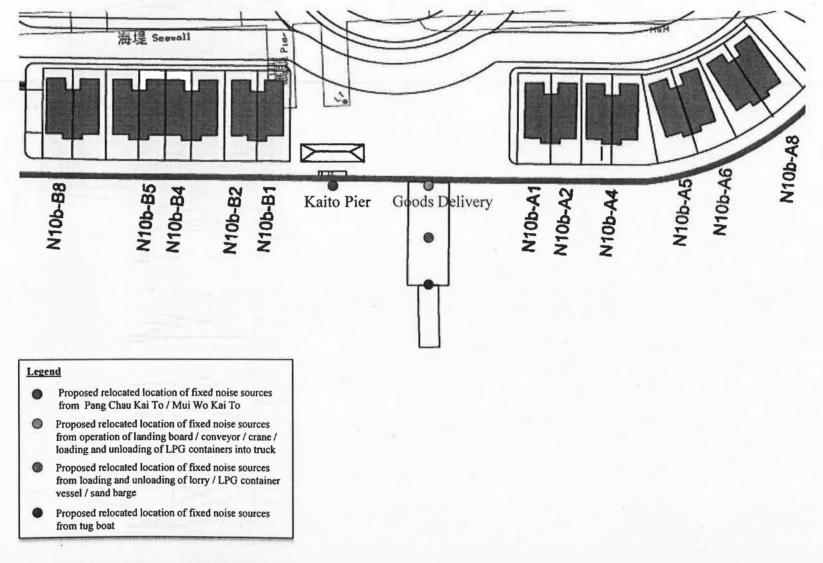
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Daytime	Noise Impact, dB(A)	Exceedance	Noise Impact, dB(A)	Exceedance	Noise impact, dB(A)	Exceedance
NSR Criteria	Case 1	Case 1	Case 2	Case 2	Case 3	Case 3
10b-B1 55	54	•	54	•	54	•
10b-B2 55	53	-	52	•	52	-
N10b-B4 55	54	•	49	-	47	-
N10b-B5 55	55	•	52	-	52	-
V10b-B8 55	53	•	49	-	49	-
N10b-D1 55	55	•	55	•	55	-
V10b-D5 55	50	•	50	•	50	•
10b-D6 55	52	-	51	•	52	-
N10b-D8 55	53	•	52	•	52	•
N10b-A1 55	51	•	49	•	52	-
N10b-A2 55	50	•	50	-	51	-
N10b-A4 55	47	- •	47	-	47	•
N10b-A5 55	55		50	-	50	•
N10b-A6 55	55	•	50	-	50	•
N10b-AB 55	53	•	48	•	48	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Nighttime	Noise Impact, dB(A)	Exceedance	Noise Impact, dB(A)	Exceedance	Noise Impact, dB(A)	Exceedance
NCD I Criticala		Case 1	Case 2	Case 2	Case 3	Case 3
NSR Criteria	Case 1	0034 1				
N105-B1 45	42		43		43	
N10b-B1 45 N10b-B2 45	4238		<u>43</u> 39		43 39	
N10b-B1 45 N10b-B2 45 N10b-B4 45	42 38 34	•	43 39 35	•	43 39 35	-
N10b-B1 45 N10b-B2 45 N10b-B4 45 N10b-B5 45	42 38 34 42	;	43 39 35 43		43 39 35 43	•
V10b-B1 45 V10b-B2 45 V10b-B4 45 V10b-B5 45 V10b-B5 45 V10b-B8 45	42 38 34 42 39		43 39 35 43 40	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	43 39 35 43 40	
N10b-B1 45 N10b-B2 45 N10b-B4 45 N10b-B5 45 N10b-B8 45 N10b-B8 45 N10b-B8 45	42 38 34 42 39 38		43 39 35 43 40 40	• • •	43 39 35 43 40 40	
N10b-B1 45 N10b-B2 45 N10b-B4 45 N10b-B5 45 N10b-B8 45 N10b-B5 45 N10b-B7 45 N10b-B8 45 N10b-B7 45 N10b-D5 45	42 38 34 42 39 38 35		43 39 35 43 40 40 36	•	43 39 35 43 40 40 36	
V10b-B1 45 V10b-B2 45 V10b-B4 45 V10b-B5 45 V10b-B8 45 V10b-B7 45 V10b-B8 45 V10b-D8 45 V10b-D5 45 V10b-D6 45	42 38 34 42 39 38 35 39	• • • • • •	43 39 35 43 40 36 39		43 39 35 43 40 40 40 36 39	
V10b-B1 45 V10b-B2 45 V10b-B4 45 V10b-B5 45 V10b-B6 45 V10b-B7 45 V10b-D6 45 V10b-D6 45 V10b-D6 45 V10b-D8 45	42 38 34 42 39 38 35 39 40		43 39 35 43 40 40 36 39 40		43 39 35 43 40 40 36 39 40	
110b-B1 45 110b-B2 45 110b-B4 45 110b-B5 45 110b-B8 45 110b-D1 45 110b-D5 45 110b-D6 45 110b-D8 45	42 38 34 42 39 38 35 39 40 33		43 39 35 43 40 40 36 39 40 33		43 39 35 43 40 40 36 39 40 33	
110b-B1 45 110b-B2 45 110b-B4 45 110b-B5 45 110b-B8 45 110b-D1 45 110b-D5 45 110b-D5 45 110b-D5 45 110b-D8 45 110b-A1 45 110b-A2 45	42 38 34 42 39 38 35 39 40 33 32		43 39 35 43 40 40 36 39 40 33 32		43 39 35 43 40 36 39 40 33 32	
V10b-B1 45 V10b-B2 45 V10b-B2 45 V10b-B5 45 V10b-B5 45 V10b-D1 45 V10b-D5 45 V10b-D6 45 V10b-D8 45 V10b-D8 45 V10b-D8 45 V10b-A1 45 V10b-A2 45 V10b-A4 45	42 38 34 42 39 38 35 39 40 33 32 30		43 39 35 43 40 36 39 40 36 39 40 32 30		43 39 35 43 40 36 39 40 33 32 30	
N10b-B1 45 V10b-B2 45 V10b-B2 45 V10b-B3 45 V10b-B4 45 V10b-B5 45 V10b-D6 45 V10b-D6 45 V10b-D8 45 V10b-D6 45 V10b-D8 45 V10b-D8 45 V10b-D8 45 V10b-A1 45 V10b-A2 45 V10b-A3 45	42 38 34 42 39 38 35 39 40 33 32 30 34		43 39 35 43 40 36 39 40 36 39 40 32 30 34		43 39 35 43 40 40 36 39 40 36 39 40 31 32 30 34	
N10b-B1 45 N10b-B2 45 N10b-B4 45 N10b-B5 45 N10b-B8 45 N10b-D1 45 N10b-D5 45 N10b-D6 45 N10b-D8 45 N10b-D6 45 N10b-D8 45 N10b-D8 45 N10b-D8 45 N10b-D4 45 N10b-A1 45 N10b-A2 45 N10b-A4 45	42 38 34 42 39 38 35 39 40 33 32 30		43 39 35 43 40 36 39 40 36 39 40 32 30		43 39 35 43 40 36 39 40 33 32 30	

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Existing Marine-based Fixed Noise Sources Locations

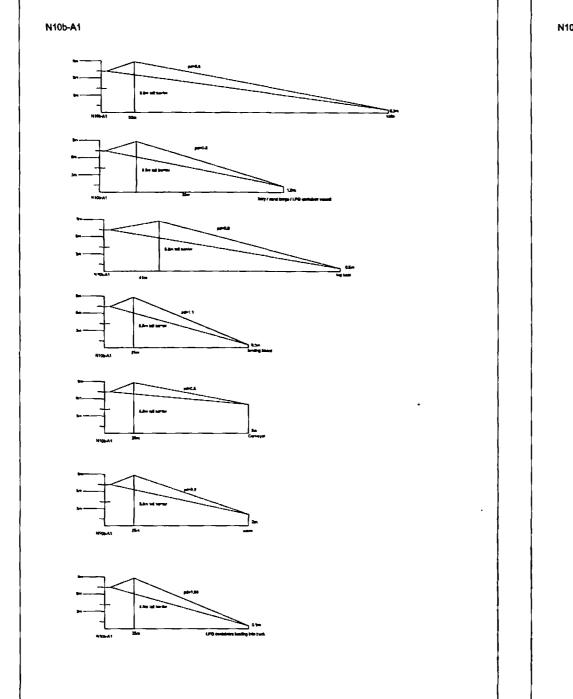
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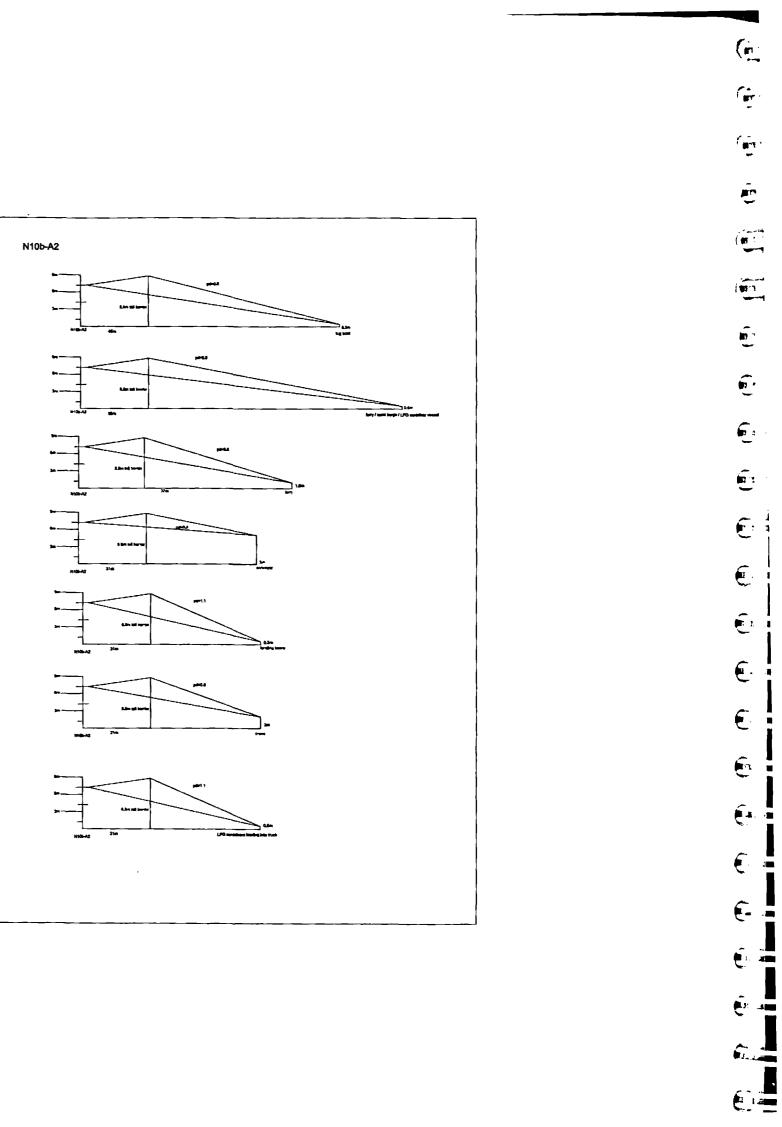
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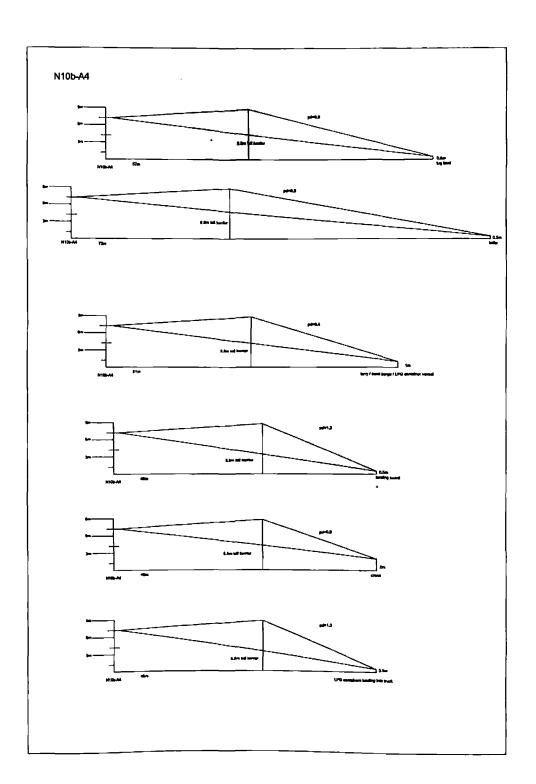
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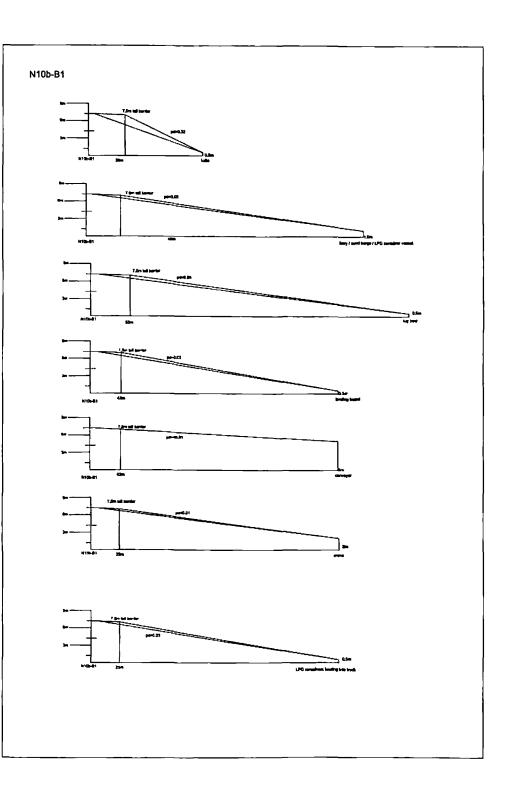
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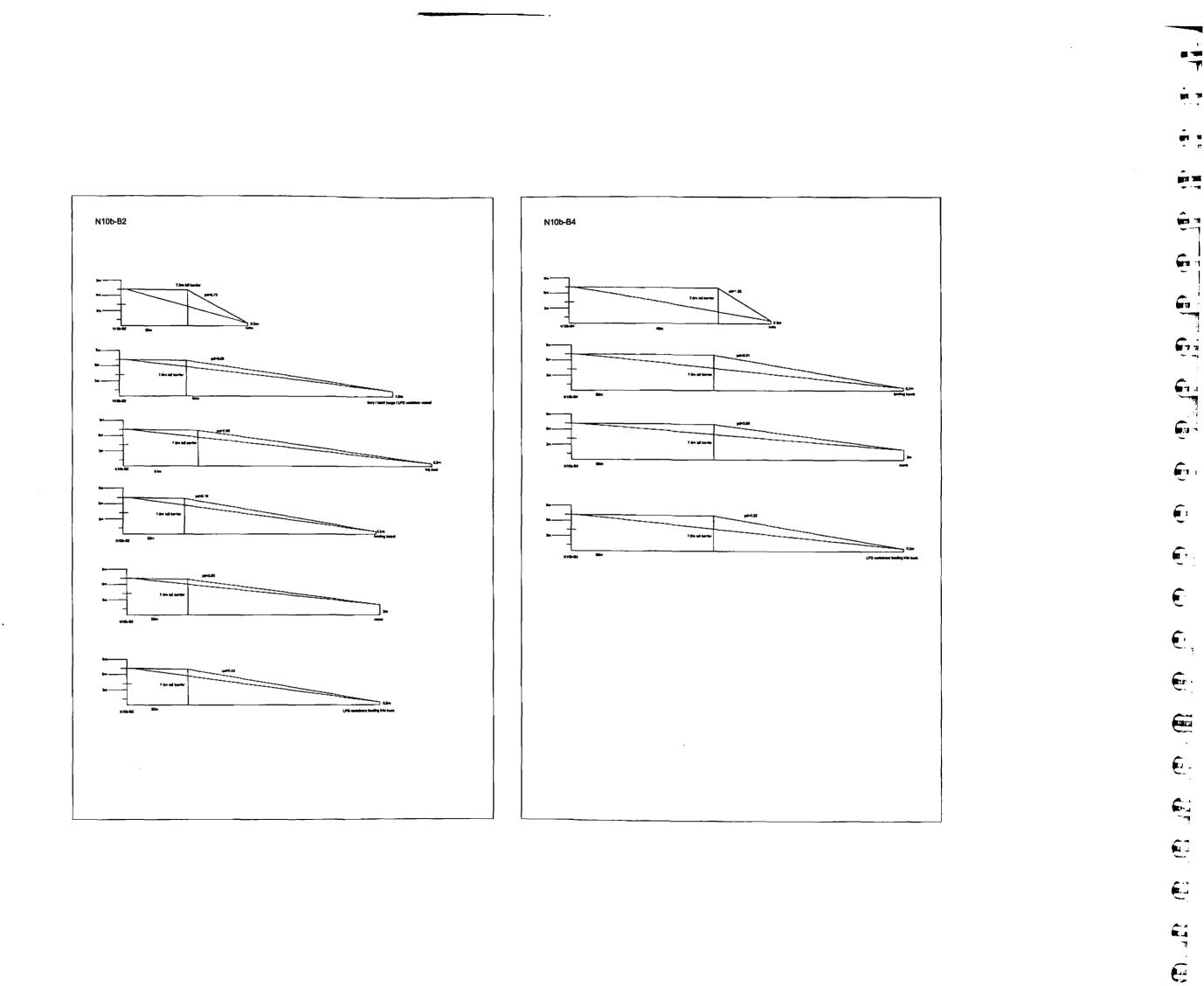
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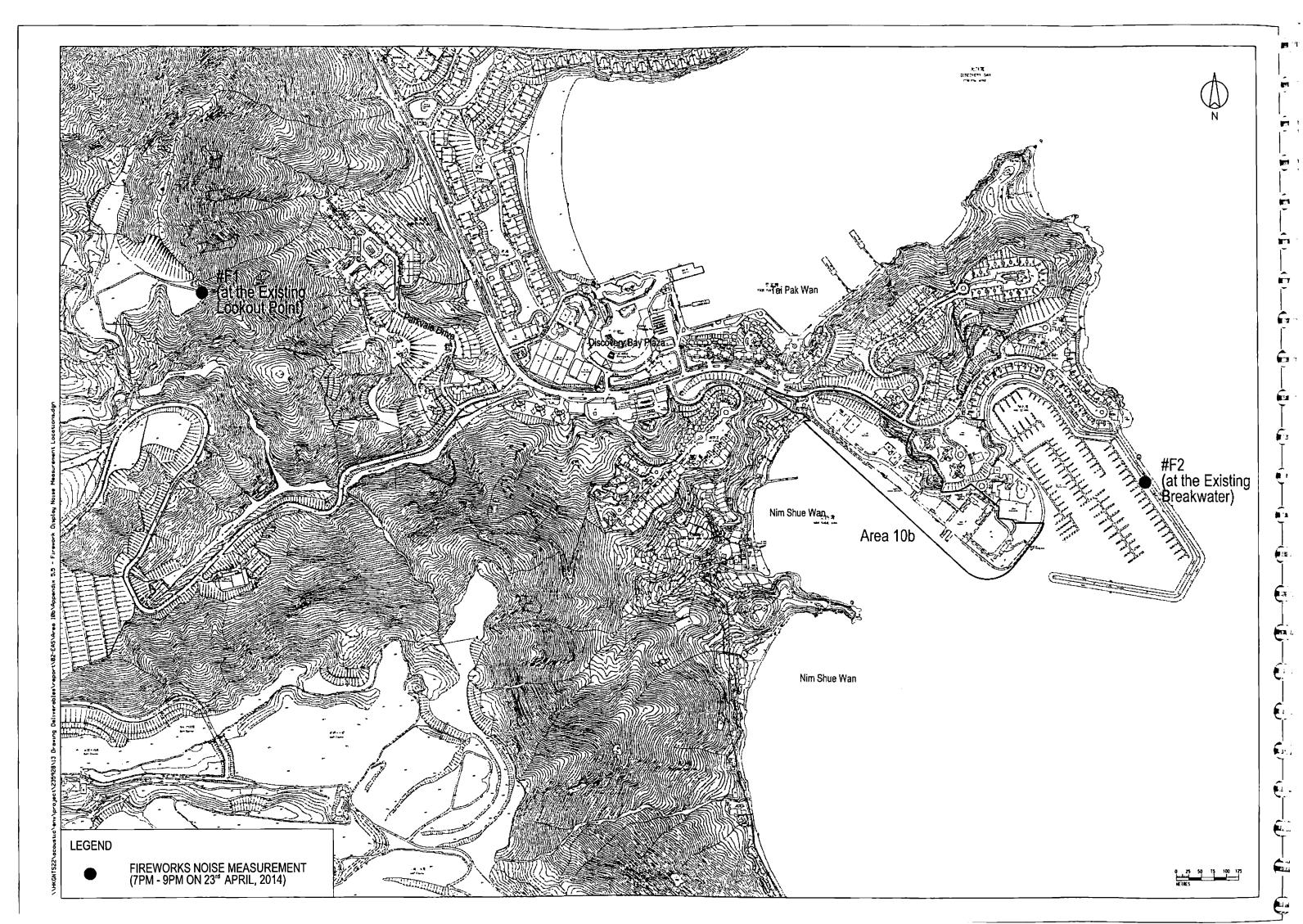
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Appendix 5.6

Firework Display Noise Measurement Location



Appendix 5.7

Firework Display Noise Result Summary

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Project :Discovery Bay EASJob No.:235928Title:Firework Display Noise AssessmentSubtitle:Firework Display Noise Measurement Results

Noise Level	Location F1	Location F2
Measured Noise Level, Leq (15 min) , dB(A) ^[3]	52	53
Background Noise Level (Before firework display), Leq (15 min) , dB(A) ^[1]	50	50
Background Noise Level (After firework display), Leq (15 min) , dB(A) ^[2]	48	50
Average Background Noise Level, dB(A) ^[3]	49	50
Facade correction [4]	3	·
Corrected Noise Level, Leq (15 min) , dB(A)	52	53
Noise Criterion ^[5]	55	
Exceedance, dB(A)	-	-

Note:

[1] Background noise level was measured 15 minutes before the firework display.

[2] Background noise level was measured 15 minutes after the firework display.

[3] Logarithmic average of [1] and [2]

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[4] Facade correction has been considered in noise calculation.

[5] The firework display noise criteria is referenced to Environmental Impact Assessment - Construction of an International Theme Park in Penny's Bay of North Lantau together with its Essential Associated Infrastructures (AEIAR – 0323/2000) and Hong Kong International Theme Parks Limited - Air Quality and Noise Monitoring During Fireworks Dress Rehearsal: Monitoring Report.

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Appendix 6.1

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Legislation and Standards for Water Quality Assessment

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Optimization of Land Use In Oucovery Bay Environmental Study (Area 10b) - Appendix 6 1

Legislation and Standards for Water Quality Assessment

The relevant legislations, standards and guidelines applicable to present study for the assessment of water quality impacts include:

- Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO) CAP 358;
- Technical Memorandum for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems Inland and Coastal Waters (TM-DSS);
- Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines (HKPSG); and
- ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage"

Water Pollution Control Ordinance, CAP 358

The Project is located in the Southern Water Control Zone (WCZ) under the Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO) (CAP 358) and the corresponding WQOs are summarised in below table.

Table A6.1: Water quality	objectives for Southern	Water Control Zones

Parameters	7 Objectives	Sub-Zone		
	Waste discharges shall cause no objectionable odours or discolouration of the water.			
	Tarry residues, floating wood, articles made of glass, plastic, rubber or of any other substance should be absent.	Whole zone		
	Mineral oil should not be visible on the surface. Surfactants should not give rise to a lasting foam.			
Aesthetic Appearance	There should be no recognisable sewage-derived debris.			
	Floating, submerged and semi-submerged objects of a size likely to interfere with the free movement of vessels, or cause damage to vessels, should be absent.			
	Waste discharges shall not cause the water to contain substances which settle to form objectionable deposits.			
Bacteria	Escherichia coli < 610/100 mL, geometric mean in one calendar year.	Secondary Contact, Recreation Subzones and Fish Culture Subzones		
Baciéna	Escherichia coli < 180/100 mL, geometric mean from March to October inclusive in one calendar year. Samples at least 3 times in a calendar month at intervals of between 3 and 14 days.	Bathing Beach Subzones		
Dissolved Oxygen	> 4 mg/L at depth-averaged for 90% of the samples > 2 mg/L within 2m of the seabed for 90% of the	Marine waters excepting Fish Culture		

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Parameters	Objectives	Sub-Zone
	samples	Subzones
	 5 mg/L at depth averaged for 90% of the samples 2 mg/L within 2 metres of the seabed for 90% of the sample. 	Fish Culture Subzones
	> 4 mg/L	Inland waters of the Zone
pH	In the range of 6.5 – 8.5 Change due to waste discharge < 0.2	Marine waters excepting Bathing Beach Subzones; Mui Wo (A), Mui Wo (B), Miu Wo (C), Mui Wo (E) and Mui Wo (F) Subzones.
	In the range of $6.0 - 9.0$	Mui Wo (D) Sub-zone
	Change due to waste discharge < 0.2	and other inland waters.
	In the range of 6.0 - 9.0 for 90% of samples Change due to waste discharge < 0.5	Bathing Beach Subzones.
Temperature	Change due to waste discharge < 2.0 degC	Whole zone
Salinity	Change due to waste discharges < 10% of ambient levels	Whole zone
	Change due to waste discharge < 30% of ambient levels	Marine waters
Suspended solids	< 20 mg/L, annual median	Mui Wo (A), Mui Wo (B), Mui Wo (C), Mui Wo (E) and Mui Wo (F) Subzones.
	< 25 mg/L, annual median	Mui Wo (D) Subzone and other inland waters.
Unionized Ammonia (UIA)	< 0.021 mg/L, annual arithmetic mean	Whole zone
Nutrient	Shall not cause excessive or nuisance algal growth Total inorganic nitrogen (TIN) < 0.1 mg/L, annual mean of depth averaged	Marine waters
5-Day Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD ₅)	< 5 mg/L	Inland waters of the Zone
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	< 30mg/L	Inland waters of the Zone
Dangerous Substances	Waste discharges shall not cause the concentrations of dangerous substances in marine waters to attain such levels as to produce significant toxic effects in humans, fish or any other squatic organisms, with due regard to biologically cumulative effects in food chains and to toxicant interactions with each other.	Whole zone

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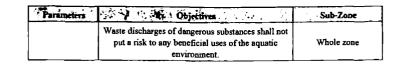
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Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Environmental Study (Area 10b) - Appendix 6 1



Technical Memorandum for Effluents Discharge into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, Inland & Coastal Waters

Apart from the WQOs, Annex 1 of CAP358AK also specifies the limits to control the physical, chemical and microbial parameters for effluent discharges into drainage and sewage system at both inland and coastal waters under the TM-DSS. The discharge limits vary with the effluent flowrates and the sewage from the Project (treated after sewage treatment works) should comply with the standards for effluent discharged into marine water. The effluent discharge standards are presented in tables below.

Table A6.2: Standard	s for effluents discharge	d into the marine waters of	Southern
WCZ (in mg/L unless	otherwise indicated)		

Flow rate (m ³ /day)	≤ 10	>10 and \$200	>200 and ≲400	>400 and ≲600	>600 ≋nd ≤800	>800 and ≤1000	>1000 and ≤1500	and	>2000 and \$3000	>3000 and ≤4000	>4000 and ≤5000	> 5000 ≞nd ≲6000
pH (pH units)	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10	6-10
Temperature (degC)	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Colour (lovibond units) (25mm cell length)	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Suspended solids	500	500	500	300	200	200	100	100	50	50	40	30
BOD	500	500	500	300	200	200	100	100	50	50	40	30
COD	1000	1000	1000	700	500	400	300	200	150	100	80	80
Oil & Grease	50	50	50	30	25	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Iron	20	15	13	10	7	6	4	3	2	1.5	1.2	1
Boron	6	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3
Barium	6	5	4	35	2.5	2	1.5	1	0.7	0.5	0,4	0.3
Метсыгу	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0 001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
Cadmium	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0 001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
Other toxic metals individually	2	1.5	1.2	08	0.6	05	0.32	0.24	0.16	0.12	0.1	0.1
Total toxic metals	4	3	2.4	1.6	1.2	1	0.64	0.48	0.32	0.24	0.2	0.14
Cyanide	1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.15	0.1	0.08	0.06	0 04
Phenols	0.5	0.5	0,5	0.3	0.25	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

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Flow rate (m ³ /day)	≤10 ~	>10 and \$200	>200 and ≤400	>400 and ≤600	>600 and <800	>800 nnd ≤1000	>1000 and ≤1500	>1500 and ≤2000	and	>3000 and ≤4000	>4000 and ≤5000	>5000 and ≤6000
Sulphide	5	5	5	5	5	5	2.5	2.5	1.5	1	1	0.5
Total residual chlorine	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	I	1
Total nitrogen	100	100	80	80	80	80	50	50	50	50	50	50
Total phosphorus	10	10	8	8	8	8	5	5	5	5	5	5
Surfactants (total)	30	20	20	20	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
E. coli (count/100ml)	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000

Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines

Chapter 9 of the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines (HKPSG) outlines the environmental requirements that need to be considered in land use planning. The recommended guidelines, standards and guidance cover the selection of suitable locations for the developments and sensitive uses, provision of environmental facilities, and design, layout, phasing and operational controls to minimise adverse environmental impacts. It also lists out environmental factors that influence land use planning and recommends buffer distances for land uses.

ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage"

The Practice Note for Professional Persons (ProPECC Note PN1/94) on Construction Site Drainage provides guidelines for the handling and disposal of construction discharges. It is applicable to this study for the control of site runoff and wastewater generated during the construction phase. The types of discharges from construction sites outlined in the ProPECC Note PN1/94 include:

- Surface runoff;
- Groundwater;
- Boring and drilling water;
- Wastewater from concrete batching plant;
- Wheel washing water;
- Bentonite slurries;
- Water for testing and sterilization of water retaining structures and water pipes;
- · Wastewater from building construction and site facilities; and
- Acid cleaning, etching and pickling wastewater.

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Appendix 6.2

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Standard Practice for Site Drainage

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Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Environmental Study

Standard Practice for Site Drainage

Site Runoff

In accordance with the Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construction Site Drainage, Environmental Protection Department, 1994 (ProPECC PN 1/94), best management practices should be implemented as far as practicable as below:

- At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works. Channels (both temporary and permanent drainage pipes and culverts), earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct stormwater to silt removal facilities.
- The dikes or embankments for flood protection should be implemented around the boundaries of earthwork areas. Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate the runoff discharge into an appropriate watercourse, through a silt/sediment trap. The silt/sediment traps should be incorporated in the permanent drainage channels to enhance deposition rates.
- The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94. The detailed design of the sand/silt traps should be undertaken by the contractor prior to the commencement of construction.
- The design of temporary on-site drainage should prevent runoff going through site surface, construction machinery and equipment in order to avoid or minimize polluted runoff. Sedimentation tanks with sufficient capacity, constructed from pre-formed individual cells of approximately 6 to 8 m3 capacities, are recommended as a general mitigation measure which can be used for settling surface runoff prior to disposal. The system capacity shall be flexible and able to handle multiple inputs from a variety of sources and suited to applications where the influent is pumped.
- Construction works should be programmed to minimize surface excavation works during the rainy seasons (April to September). All exposed earth areas should be completed and vegetated as soon as possible after earthworks have been completed. If excavation of soil cannot be avoided during the rainy season, or at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, exposed slope surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means.
- All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control structures should be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly following rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit should be removed regularly and disposed of by spreading evenly over stable, vegetated areas.
- All open stockpiles of construction materials (for example, aggregates, sand and fill material) should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system.
- Manholes (including newly constructed ones) should always be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or

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Optimization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Environmental Study

debris being washed into the drainage system and storm runoff being directed into foul sewers.

- Precautions to be taken at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, actions to be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecasted, and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms are summarized in Appendix A2 of ProPECC PN 1/94. Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty surface runoff during storm events.
- All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a construction site to
 ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like is deposited by them on roads. An
 adequately designed and sited wheel washing facilities should be provided at
 every construction site exit where practicable. Wash-water should have sand
 and silt settled out and removed at least on a weekly basis to ensure the
 continued efficiency of the process. The section of access road leading to, and
 exiting from, the wheel-wash bay to the public road should be paved with
 sufficient backfall toward the wheel-wash bay to prevent vehicle tracking of soil
 and silty water to public roads and drains.
- Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system downstream of any oil/fuel pollution sources. The oil interceptors should be emptied and cleaned regularly to prevent the release of oil and grease into the storm water drainage system after accidental spillage. A bypass should be provided for the oil interceptors to prevent flushing during heavy rain.
- Construction solid waste, debris and rubbish on site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid water quality impacts.
- All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank to prevent spilled fuel oils from reaching water sensitive receivers nearby.
- Regular environmental audit on the construction site should be carried out in
 order to prevent any malpractices. Notices should be posted at conspicuous
 locations to remind the workers not to discharge any sewage or wastewater into
 the water bodies, marsh and ponds.

By adopting the best management practices, it is anticipated that the impacts of general site operation will be reduced to acceptable levels before discharges. The details of best management practices will be highly dependent to actual site condition and Contractor shall apply for a discharge license under WPCO.

Sewage from Workforce

Mitigation measures to manage the sewage from workforce include the following:

- Portable chemical toilets and sewage holding tanks should be provided for handling the construction sewage generated by the workforce.
- A licensed contractor should be employed to provide appropriate and adequate portable toilets to cater 0.15m3/day/employed population and be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance.

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Optimization of Land Use In Discovery Bay Environmental Study (Area 61) – Appendix 6.2

- Notices should be posted at conspicuous locations to remind the workers not to discharge any sewage or wastewater into the nearby environment during the construction phase of the Project.
- Regular environmental audit on the construction site should be conducted in
 order to provide an effective control of any malpractices and achieve continual
 improvement of environmental performance on site.

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Appendix 6.3

Preliminary Water Quality Assessment

1 Introduction

- 1.1.1.1 This technical note is prepared for supporting the Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/3 of rezoning the permissible use from "Other Specified Use" ("OU") and "Government, Institution and Community" for various supporting service uses to "OU" (Residential and various supporting service uses) R(C)13 at Area 10b. It summarises the results of preliminary water quality impact assessment for the proposed sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 10b to the water sensitive receivers during operational phase.
- 1.1.1.2 The proposed STW will be established to receive and treat the sewage generated from Area 10b which will accommodate a total of about 2,800 additional population. The maximum daily sewage flow rate of the proposed STW is approximately 1,100 m3/day. Nitrogen removal and disinfection will be implemented into the proposed STW. As discussed in Study on Sewerage accompanying the Planning Statement of Area 10b, the treated effluent from the proposed STW would be conveyed to a sewerage system, and finally discharged via a submarine outfall. Mitigation measures will be proposed as necessary to achieve compliance of Water Quality Objectives (WQOs).

2 Baseline Condition

2.1 Marine Water Quality

2.1.1.1 The WQOs include various parameters, which describe the physical, chemical and biological properties of the marine environment. Table 2.1 summarises the key baseline conditions of SS (suspended solids), *E. coli*, UIA (Un-ionized Ammonia Nitrogen), TIN (Total Inorganic Nitrogen) and TP (Total Phosphorus) at EPD's marine monitoring location SM10 from year 2005 to 2014. The annual average of the baseline condition at SM10 from year 2005 to 2014 is presented in Appendix A. It should be noted that the baseline TIN level (0.35 mg/L) already exceeds the WQO of 0.1 mg/L in Southern Water Control Zone (WCZ), due to high TIN level in the background of Pearl River estuary¹.

 Table 2.1 Baseline condition of EPD's marine monitoring station SM10 from year 2005

 to 2014

SS	E. coli (counts/100ml)	ULA	. TIN	TP	PO₄
(mg/L)		(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
6.92	8	0.0042	<u>0.35</u>	0.04	0.017

¹ EPD Marine Water Quality in Hong Kong in 2014.

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Notes:

[1] Unless otherwise specified, data presented are depth averaged and are the annual arithmetic mean except for *E. coli* which is in geometric mean.

[2] Underlined indicates occurrence of non-compliance with that parameter of WQO.

3 Water Sensitive Receivers

- **3.1.1.1** Water sensitive receivers (WSRs) have been identified and shown in Figure 3.1. The treated effluent from the STW in Area 10b would be conveyed to the planned sewerage system, and eventually discharged to the marine outfall near Nim Shue Wan.
- 3.1.1.2 The distances between the discharge point of the marine outfall and WSRs are listed in Table 3.1. The nearest WSR is Hai Tei Wan Marina (WSR 05) at 320m.

WSR	Name	Description	Distance from the discharge location (m)
WSR01	Discovery Bay Reservoir	Primary reservoir for flushing, located upstream of the potential development areas	_[1]
WSR02	Discovery Bay Reservoir Spillway and Tributaries	Spillway from Discovery Bay Reservoir and the tributaries, drainage runs along Discovery Valley Road and downstream to Tsoi Yuen Wan	_[1]
WSR03	Nim Shue Wan Stream	Natural stream downstream from the existing golf course to Nim Shue Wan	_[1]
WSR04	Tai Pak Wan	Non-gazetted beach downstream to Discovery Bay Reservoir Spillway	2500
WSR05	Hai Tei Wan Marina	Marina at Hai Tei Wan next to Discovery Bay Road	320
WSR06	Nim Shue Wan	Nim Shue Wan Beach	650
WSR07	Tai Pak Tsui Peninsula Coastal Protection Area (CPA)	Protected natural shoreline at north of Tai Pak Tsui Peninsula	1600

Table 3.1 Description of water sensitive receivers within 2500 meters

Note:

[1] Inland WSR.

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4 Assessment Methodology

4.1 Effluent Discharge Standards

4.1.1.1 Table 4.1 shows the effluent discharge standards of the proposed STW.

Parameters	Discharge standard provided by sub-contractor (Flow rate estimated as 690 m ³ /day)			
рН	6-10			
Temperature	< 30°C			
Colour	< 1 lovibond units			
Suspended Solids (SS)	30 mg/L			
5-Day Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD ₅)	20 mg/L			
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	< 80 mg/L			
Oil & Grease	< 10 mg/L			
Total phosphorus	2 mg/L			
Ammonia Nitrogen	8 mg/L			
Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen	12 mg/L			
Surfactants	< 15 mg/L			
E. coli	10 count/100ml			

Table 4.1 Effluent discharge standards of the proposed STW

Note:

[1] Mercury, Cadmium, Cyanide, Phenols, Sulphide, Sulphate, Chloride, Fluoride, Iron, Boron, Barium and other toxic metals are not the major pollutants in the domestic sewage and are excluded in the comparison.

4.2 WQOs in Southern WCZ

4.2.1.1 Table 4.2 shows the criteria of SS, *E. coli*, UIA and TIN under WQOs in Southern Water Control Zone. As discussed in Section 2, the baseline TIN level has already exceeded the WQO criterion of 0.1 mg/L.

SS [2]	<i>E. coli</i>	UIA	TIN
(mg/L)	(counts/100ml)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
8.99	180/610[1]	0.021	0.1

Table 4.2 Criteria from WOOs in Southern WCZ

Note:

[1] The criteria for E. coli are 610 counts/100ml for Secondary Contact Recreational Subzones, and 180 counts/100ml for bathing beaches in wet season.

[2] SS criteria is established based on WQO that water discharge shall not cause the natural ambient level to be raised by 30% for marine water WCZ.

4.3 **Design of Proposed Marine Outfall**

4.3.1.1 Table 4.3 shows the tentative details of proposed marine outfall. These assumptions would be further refined and developed during the detailed design stage.

Parameters	Description			
No. of discharge ports in the diffuser	8			
Design discharge speed at the port	1 m/s			
Length of diffuser base	10m			
Configuration of discharge ports	Each discharge ports are distributed evenly on the diffuser line. The ports are pointing horizontally with alternating directions.			
Location of the diffuser/discharge outfall	Approximately 300m offshore ^[1]			
Depth of the discharge port	4.5m from water surface (at sea bottom)			

Table 4.3 Tentative design details for the diffuser in the proposed marine outfall

Note:

[1] The outfall location is also tentatively set at a location with a water depth of approximately 4.5m. The location would be further refined during the detailed design stage.

4.4 Modelling Scenario

- **4.4.1.1** The effluent dispersion scenarios are simulated by a near-field model, CORMIX. The key inputs to the CORMIX include outfall configuration, ambient current speed, vertical density profile and effluent flow rate.
- **4.4.1.2** The ambient velocity of 10, 50 and 90 percentile at 0.013, 0.042 and 0.076 m/s respectively has been estimated from the approved Delft 3D modelling results from HATS Stage 2A EIA (AEIAR-121/2008) and presented in Appendix B.
- **4.4.1.3** To cater for the different tidal conditions, the following scenarios have been modelled under CORMIX:
 - The 90 percentile of ambient velocity of 0.076 m/s. Under this scenario, the effluent discharge flow is in the same direction as the ambient flow. The pollutant plume is then flowing towards the WSR by the maximum ambient flow.
 - The 50 percentile of ambient velocity of 0.042 m/s. Under this scenario, the effluent discharge flow is in the same direction as the ambient flow. The pollutant plume is then flowing towards the WSR by the average ambient flow.
 - The 10 percentile of ambient velocity of 0.013 m/s. Under this scenario, the ambient velocity is near stagnant. The dispersion of the plume is dominated by diffusion.
- 4.4.1.4 Table 4.4 presents the modelling parameters of the worst case scenario for ambient in coflow situation.

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Pa	rameter	Scen	ario de la companya d				
	Season	Dry	Wet				
Effluent Discharge	Total Discharge Flow Rate	1 m/s ^[1] .1100m ³ /day					
Parameters	Concentration of Effluent at Peak	NH₃-N: 8 mg/L (U	IA ^[2] : 0.424 mg/L)				
	Flow	SS: 30	mg/L				
		<i>E. coli</i> : 10 c	ounts/100ml				
		$TIN^{[3]}$: 12 + 8 mg/L					
		TP: 2 mg/L, PO ₄ ^[4] : 1.77 mg/L					
	Effluent Density	1000 kg/m					
	Discharge height above bottom	0 m (sea bottom)					
Ambient Conditions	Ambient Velocity	Ambient flow of 10, 50 and 90 percentile at 0.013, 0.042 and 0.076 m/s respectively (See Appendix B) with 90 deg of diffuser line					
	Ambient Density ^[5]	Surface 1,022 kg/m ³ ; Bottom 1,022 kg/m ³	Surface 1,017 kg/m ³ ; Bottom 1,017.7 kg/m ³				
	Water Depth	4.5 m ^[6]					
	Wind speed	2 m/s ^[7]					

Table 4.4 Modelling scenario and corresponding parameters for the model

Note:

[1] Reference to the designed effluent velocity of the proposed marine outfall discharging to sea.

[2] UIA is estimated by multiplying a percentage factor to NH3-N. This factor depends on temperature and pH. The average temp and pH from EPD water quality monitoring stations in Southern WCZ are 23.8°C and 8.0 respectively. According to the "Aqueous Ammonia Equilibrium- Tabulation of Percent Unionized Ammonia" from USEPA, the conversion factor is 5.3%.

[3] TIN concentration is the sum of the concentration of NH₃-N, NO₂-N and NO₃-N (see Table 4.1).

[4] The level of orthophosphate phosphorus (PO₄) is estimated based on the ratio of TP:PO₄ of 1.13:1 for secondary treatment of STWs from HATS Stage 2A EIA.

[5] Ambient density is estimated from the EPD water quality monitoring station SM10 from year 2005-2014.

[6] Water depth at Discovery Bay are obtained from nautical chart in Hong Kong, published by the Hydrographic Office, Marine Department of HKSAR Government (Appendix C).

[7] CORMIX's recommended value for conservative design condition.

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5 Evaluation of Impacts

5.1.1.1 Table 5.1 shows the dilution factors for SS and UIA required to meet the WQOs in marine waters. Since the *E. coli* level of treated effluent has already met the WQO criteria, it is not included in the assessment. The calculation of dilution factor is based on Equation 5.1. The WQO criteria can be complied if the predicted dilution factor at the WSRs is higher than the required dilution factor presented in Table 5.1.

	SS (mg/L)	UIA (mg/L)	Remark
Criteria/Target Limit of Conc. (C _{criteria})	8.99	0.021	See Table 4.2
Baseline Conc. (C _{baseline})	6.92	0.004	See Table 2.1
Effluent Discharge Conc. (C _{effluent})	30	0.424	See Table 4.3
Dilution Factor to Meet the Criteria	11	25	Calculation based on Equation 5.1
Note:			

As a sample calculation, the required dilution factor for the SS criterion would be $(30.00 - 6.92)/(8.99 - 6.92) \approx 11$.

$$DF = \frac{C_{effluent} - C_{baseline}}{c_{criteria} - c_{baseline}}$$

Equation 5.1

where

 C_{effluent} is the effluent concentration at the discharge point.

 C_{baseline} is the baseline concentration at the WSR.

 C_{criteria} is the criteria/ target limit of concentration.

5.1.1.2 Table 5.2 shows the dilution factor for the simulated scenario at 320 m of the closest WSR (WSR 05 Hai Tei Wan Marina). The details of CORMIX outputs are presented in Appendix D. The lowest predicted dilution factor can be achieved is 306.

Season 😽 🐂	Ambient flow (m/s)	Dilution Factor
	0.013	480
Dry	0.042	737
	0.076	620
	0.013	306
Wet	0.042	614
	0.076	686

Table	5.2 Predicted	dilution	factors at the	WSR05 (i	i.e. 320	m from di	scharge point)
	Segan	• •	Ambient Com	(m/s)		លដាក់ម	on Fector	<u>.</u>

5.1.1.3 Since the predicted dilution factor at the nearest WSR is higher than the required dilution presented in Table 5.1, it is anticipated that SS and UIA level would comply with the WQO criteria at all marine based WSRs. The summary of compliance for different water quality parameters is presented in Table 5.3.

Season	Ambient flow		SS (mg/	L).	E	<i>coli</i> (m	g/L)	1	UIA (mg/)	⊊ ¢		TIN (mg/	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	(m/s)	Predicted Value	Criteria	Compliance		Criteria	Compliance	Predicted Value	Criteria	Compliance	Predicted Value	Criteria	Compliance
	0.013	6.97	8.99	Yes	8	610	Yes	0.005	0.021	Yes	0.391	0.1	No ^[1]
Dry	0.042	6.95	8.99	Yes	8	610	Yes	0.005	0.021	Yes	0.377	0.1	No ^[1]
	0.076	6.96	8.99	Yes	8	610	Yes	0.005	0.021	Yes	0.382	0.1	No ^[1]
	0.013	7.00	8.99	Yes	8	610	Yes	0.006	0.021	Yes	0.414	0.1	No ^[1]
Wet	0.042	6.96	8.99	Yes	8	610	Yes	0.005	0.021	Yes	0.382	0.1	No ^[1]
	0.076	6.95	8.99	Yes	8	610	Yes	0.005	0.021	Yes	0.379	0.1	No ^[1]

 Table 5.3 Summary of compliance for different water quality parameters for WSR 05

Note:

[1] Baseline TIN level already exceeds the WQO criterion.



5.1.1.4 Using Equation 5.1 and the effluent standards in Section 4.1, the predicted levels of total inorganic nitrogen (TIN) and total phosphorus (TP) with predicted dilution factors are presented in Table 5.4.

Season 🛓	Ambient flow (m/s)	TIN (mg/L)	PO4 (mg/L) ^[1]	TIN:PO4
	0.013	0.391	0.021	19:1
Dry	0.042	0.377	0.019	19:1
	0.076	0.382	0.020	19:1
	0.013	0.414	0.023	18:1
Wet	0.042	0.382	0.020	19:1
	0.076	0.379	0.020	19:1

Table 5.4 Predicted nitrogen and phosphorus levels at the nearest WSR

Note:

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[1] Background level has been included

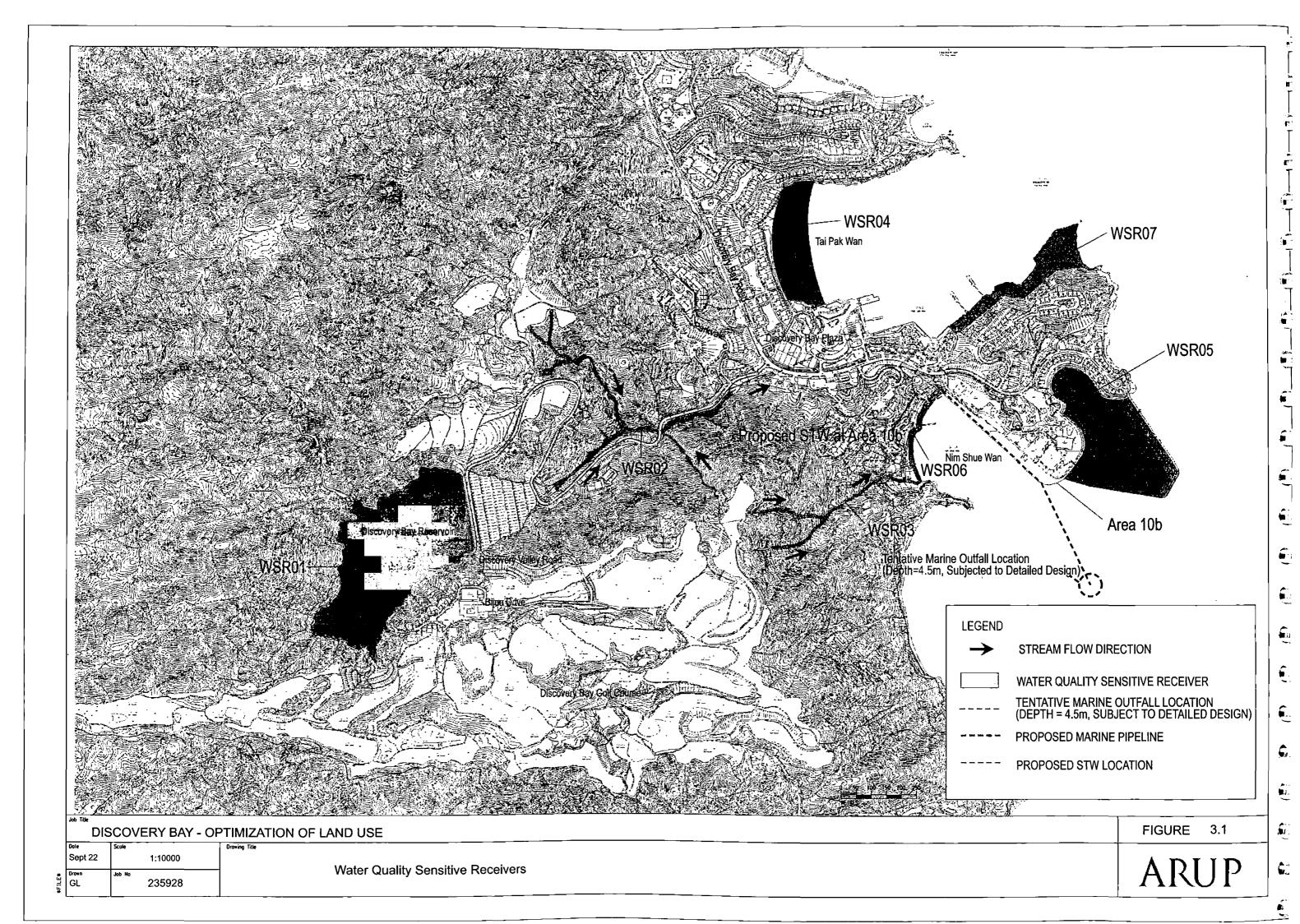
5.1.1.5 The predicted value of TIN exceeds the baseline value of 0.35 mg/L at the nearest WSR 05 (Hai Tei Wan Marina). However it is below the maximum value of 0.7 mg/L in 2014. The contribution is due to high TIN level in background from Pearl River estuary. TIN is a source for the formation of red tide. According to the literature², the nitrogen and phosphorus (N:P) ratio for red tide growth is 7:1 by weight. As shown from EPD monitoring data, the N:P ratio (TIN/PO₄) from the baseline data at SM10 is 21:1. Phosphorus would be the limiting nutrient for the algae growth. Based on Table 5.4, the predicted N:P ratio in the operational phase is in the range of 18:1 to 19:1. Hence, the possibility of red tide occurrence is still low.

² Redfield A.C., On the proportions of organic derivations in seawater and their relation to the composition of plankton. In James Johnson Memorial Volume (ed. R.J. Daniel). University Press of Liverpool, pp.177-192, 1934.

6 Conclusion

6.1.1.1 The preliminary water quality impact assessment of the proposed sewage treatment works in Area 10b to the water sensitive receivers during operational phase has be conducted. The effluent discharge standards meet the TM-DSS for Inland Waters. The modelling result indicates that the water quality in the vicinity of marine-based WSRs would be in compliance with WQOs in SS, *E. coli* and UIA. Exceedance of TIN under WQO is observed. However the contribution is due to high TIN level in background from Pearl River estuary. According to the computed N:P ratio, the possibility of having red tide is still low.

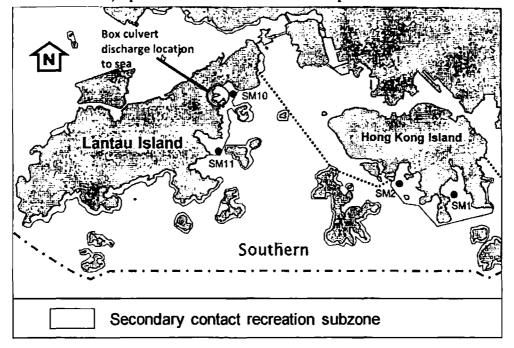
Figures



Appendix A EPD Marine Water Quality Monitoring Data

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Figure A1 Locations of the Environmental Protection Department's marine monitoring measurement sites, captured from the EPD's marine water reports 2014



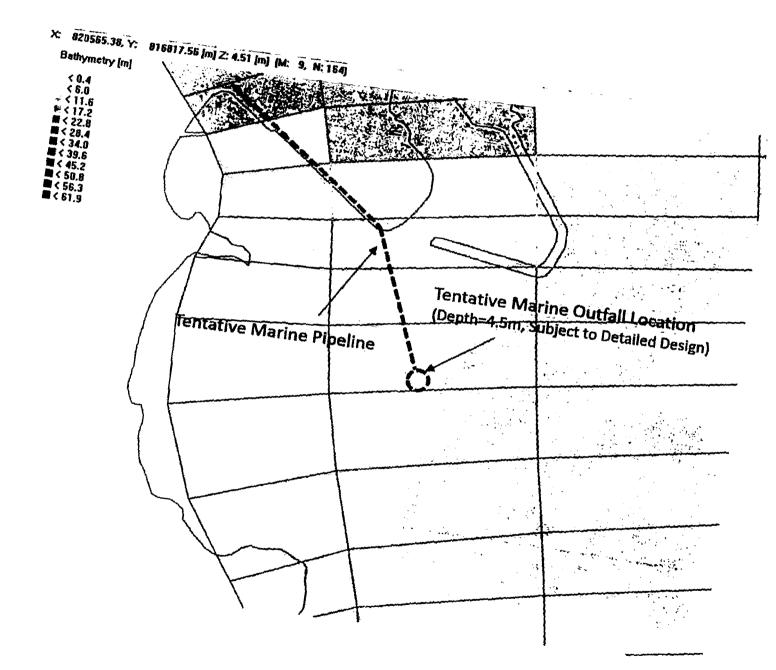
Year	Total Inorganic Nitrogen (mg/L)	<i>E. coli</i> ^[1] (cfu/100mL)	Suspended Solids (mg/L)	Unionised Ammonia (mg/L)	Total Phosphorus (mg/L)
2005	0.35	9.44	7.10	0.005	0.038
2006	0.32	19.04	9.06	0.006	0.044
2007	0.32	11.28	8.15	0.006	0.046
2008	0.37	14.59	7.33	0.005	0.041
2009	0.28	10.51	8.28	0.003	0.037
2010	0.33	5.00	5.46	0.003	0.035
2011	0.36	2.37	7.12	0.003	0.039
2012	0.42	2.82	7.20	0.003	0.038
2013	0.35	2.78	3.92	0.003	0.039
2014	0.30	4.30	4.68	0.004	0.045

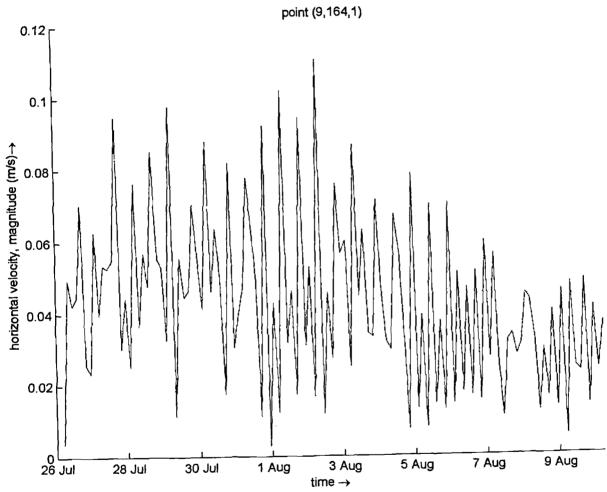
Table A1 Annual average of the water quality parameters at EPD's marine monitoring siteSM10

Note:

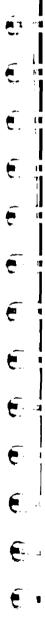
[1] According to WQO, the criterion for *E. coli* should be calculated as annual geometric mean of its concentration, instead of the annual arithmetic mean.

Appendix B Delft 3D Modelling Result









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Appendix C

Bathymetry of Discovery Bay

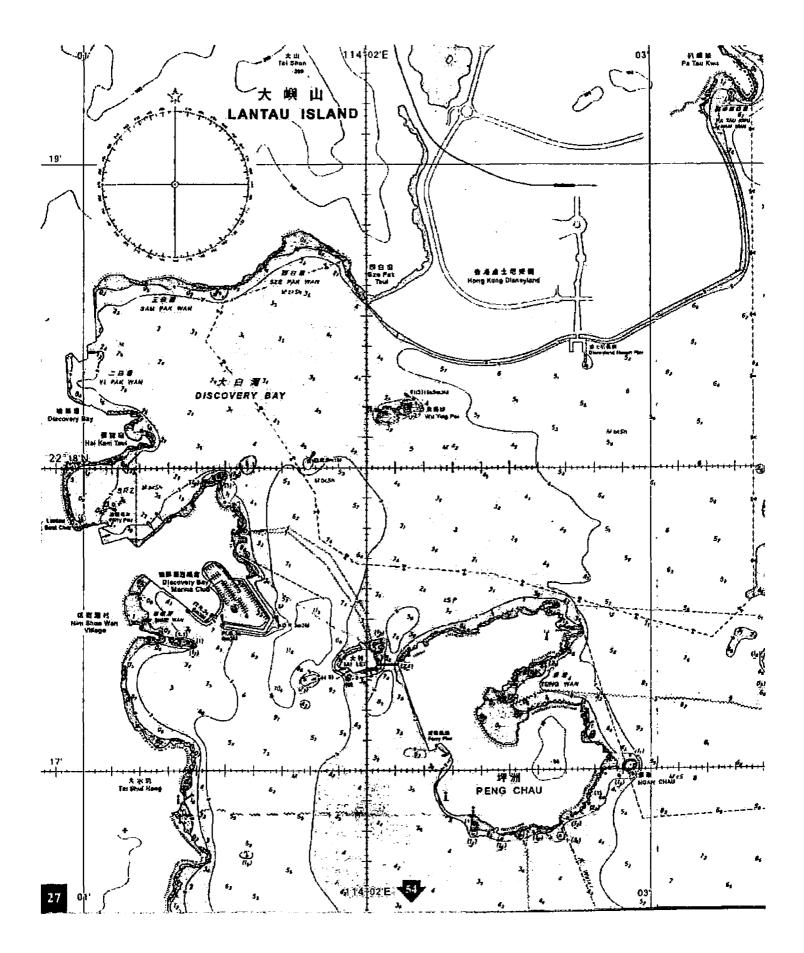


圖 例

地貌	TOPOGRAPHY			
自然地貌 Natural Features	人工地貌 Cultural Features	5	港口 Ports	
A#11(Calt) Coasiline, surveyed		年頃 Urban arca		孝道 Scawall
Linnillini HA Sicep cabst		il 13 Road		防波堤 Breakwater
·大背岸 Sandy abore	æ	晚場 Airport, Airfield		变堤(用泊位改感) Mole (with berthing facilities)
る間岸 Siony shore		最高天文湖交荷吃的會克浄空 Vertical clearance above the Highest Astronomical Tide		减库吗) Quay, Wherf
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(王)	東立本道・附乗直浄立 Qverbead transporter, Aerial cableway with vertical clearance		定规式码码 Pier, Jetty
River, Stream	Landmarks	鼻守 Tempic		洋碼碼 · 發昇稀現 Poutoon, Landing steps
KA · B Reservoir, Pund	A f 1	塔 Tower 注向・に念母	a)	法证明就 Designation of berth
Salt puns	1 1	Chimney, Monument 风力景電機、算行 Wind turbine, Flagstaff	A. Ite Sont	祭他社 Dolphin
23 44- Mangrove	Ϋ́Τ	長雄電視・泉雄電塔 Radio masi, Radio tower		49台清通 Slipway
A.J Marsh	2 •	乗む天体 Dish aerial 叩存み Tanks		洋 共 Floating dock

辅航设備	ī			Ň2	WIGATION AIDS
堆禄、立禄 Lights, Beacons		淬橇 Buoys	存弦、雷速 Fog Signal, Radar		
1	主提得 Major lighi 基地	4004	洋∉形款(練引、椎形、珠形、红形) Shapes of buoys (conical, can, spherical, pillar)	FI 5s37mt0M	烃立体上的客角 (写覧一次・円角15秒) Lighted beacon, with bora givio; a single blast every 15 seconds
	Leading lights 定句燈 Direction light	- 5 - 	筆油洋森 Mouring huay 方位洋橋(北・東・南・西)	(1) Rorgan	a single blast every 15 seronas 書述為書書 Radar transponder beacon
A MASAN	出し法 Sector light	A A A A or size ra var 3	Cardinal buoys (North, East, South, West) 西立克欣物:洋橘	ه ه	自当法别未此任时度 Automatic Identification System transmitter
Arig Fin	Q燈桿記 Lighted marks 一般立橋		licolated danger buoy 安全木嶋洋橋 Sale water buoys	© \$8	一教信號站 Signal station in general
i.	Beacon in general 在成于性品的立格 Cable landing heacon		Sale water budys 秋林注怀 Special budys	강	風道と向 Direction of buoyage

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epths			Wrecks, Obstr	របះតេកន	Tracks, Routes
8,	9 ₃	首席位王的水江 Soundings in true position	*	挙行相望為出海南基単面的に起 Wreck showing any purtion of hull at level of chart datum	学航政(実成為思連祖的紙 LL
0.0	4 <u>2</u> ,7	乾出高度 Drying heights	🕂 Masis	值施行高出埠贸基年后的江船 Wreck of which the mast(s) only are visible at Churt Datama	没有们汇学规模让的建设的 ——《——》—— Reconunceded tracks not b an a system of fixed marks
-		國寬電道大昌城(附修進準度) Dredged channel of afea	() m	とか量小準度的成都 Wreck, icall depth known by sounding only	电龙软内 ————————————————————————————————————
	Depth 15m	with maintained depth	*	最小谋虎不明的驼鳍。 剪敲行专谓在危险 Wrech, least depth unknown, consideted to be potentially	
	D	等深度		dangerous to some surface vessels	Examples of Routeing Measures
	e	Depih contons	n 📵	設施地、計製行台之後。 包慮違え総結、施納等。 Fost grund, and dangerous to surface savigation but to be suroided by vessels anchoring, trawling etc.	
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天覚 ature o	of the Sci	abed	8 9 124	魚礁(附東小洋度) Fish haven with minimum depth	Trailie Separation Scherge Trailie separate by separation zoneline ② 予えし Precaphonary area
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		Gravel Pebbles		3A24	
	7 7 4 114 . 4	Cabbles	esta de la companya	Submarine cable	
	4.5	Rock		海底有现因	J Kestricted area
,	**	Cural		Submarine cable area	〇 书告节席(书准推进)
, ,	48	Shells		法运输定规	Limit of area into which ea
74			and the second	Submarine power cable	
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M 54	2417 ·			Submarine power cable area	S 2 2 Recipitates
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		送逢也(在決開基単面) Rock awash at the fevel of Chart Datum	服務 Servises		SRZ 机进用树植 SRZ Speed Restricted Zone
a a	7	虎後崎佳(深度不明) Dangerous underwater rock of uncertain depth	301 VILLA	法法外全书站 Piloi boarding place	マルトレーデー海港市地 1999年に1997年 - Harbour Inni 音乐特別行政区信事
1 @ ^{14,1}		电拾暗头(已如深度) Dangerous hilderwater rock	Ð	▲秋安 Marina	+ Buyndary of the Hong Koa Special Administrative Reg
بر بر الا	1 - 148	of known depik 井克隆母屯(こか沢克) Nan-dangerous rock, depih knowa		指定包含燃料區 Designated hundering area	
	©,,"	決 花 Breakers			

Appendix D

CORMIX model output

dry_u010.prd CORMIX2 PREDICTION FILE: CORMIX MIXING ZONE EXPERT SYSTEM Subsystem CORMIX2: Multiport Diffuser Discharges CORMIX Version 5.0GT HYDRO2 Version 5.0.1.0 December 2007 CASE DESCRIPTION Site name/label: Design case: C:\...5928\cormix\Area10b\8port_lower_flow\dry_u010.prd FILE NAME: Thu Oct 20 10:30:15 2016 Time stamp: ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS (metric units) Unbounded section HA = 4.50 HD = 4.50 0.013 F 0.019 USTAR =0.6338E-03 UΑ = = 2.000 UWSTAR=0.2198E-02 UW = Uniform density environment STRCND= U RHOAM = 1022,0000DIFFUSER DISCHARGE PARAMETERS (metric units) DITYPE= alternating_perpendicular Diffuser type: 305.00 YB1 = BANK = LEFT DISTB = 300.00 YB2 310.00 10.00 NOPEN = 8 SPAC 1.43 = LD = D0 = 0.045 A0 = 0.002 H0 = 0.00Nozzle/port arrangement: alternating_without_fanning GAMMA = 90.00 THETA = 0.00 SIGMA = 0.00 SUBO = 4.50 0.00 SIGMA = 0.013 =0 GAMMA = 90.00 INCLA = 0.013 U0 = 0.998 Q0 = 0.013 RHO0 = 1000.0000 DRHO0 =0.2200E+02 GP0 C0 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/1 KS =0.0000E+00 KD BETA = 90.00 =0.1270E-01 =0.2111E+00 =0.0000E+00FLUX VARIABLES - PER UNIT DIFFUSER LENGTH (metric units) =0.1270E-02 m0 SIGNJ0= q0 =0.1268E-02 j0 1.0 =0.2681E-03 Associated 2-d length scales (meters) lq=B = 0.001 lM = 0.31 lmp = 99999.00 lbp = 99999.00] m 7.50 99999.00 la = FLUX VARIABLES - ENTIRE DIFFUSER (metric units) Q0 =0.1270E-01 M0 =0.1268E-01 Associated 3-d length scales (meters) J0 =0.2681E-02 0.04 LM LQ = 0.73 Lm 8.66 Lb 1220,30 = 99999.00 99999.00 Lmp Lbp = = NON-DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS 60.90 FRD0 = FR0 = 10.24 R = 76.78 PL 73. (port/nozzle) (slot) RECOMPUTED SOURCE CONDITIONS FOR ALTERNATING JETS OR RISER GROUPS: =0.8909E-03 Momentum fluxes: mO =0.8909E-04 MO 0.018 TM = 99999.00 0.02 1q=b = Jw = 0.53 Jmp = 0.030 LM 0.10 2.30 99999.00 = Lm = Lmp = LO = Properties of riser group with 1 ports/nozzles each: U0 = 0.070 D0 = 0.170 A0 = 0.170 A00.023 THETA = U0 = 0.070 DÕ = 1.13 FRDO = 90.00 Fr0 = 0.37 R -5.40 (slot) (riser group) FLOW CLASSIFICATION MIXING ZONE / TOXIC DILUTION / REGION OF INTEREST PARAMETERS C0 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/1 NTOX = 0

dry_u010.prd CSTD =0.4700E-02 NSTD = 1 REGMZ = 0 XINT = 2000.00 XMAX = 2000.00 X-Y-Z COORDINATE SYSTEM: ORIGIN is located at the bottom and the diffuser mid-point: 305.00 m from the LEFT bank/shore. X-axis points downstream, Y-axis points to left, Z-axis points upward. NSTEP = 50 display intervals per module _____ BEGIN MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) с ΒV Y 0.00 z 0.00 S BH 0.00 1.0 0.100E+01 0.08 0.08 END OF MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) BEGIN CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION Jet/plume transition motion in weak crossflow. THETAE= 85.61 SIGMAE= 0.00 YE = 0.00 ZE = 0.13 Zone of flow establishment: THE LE = 0.13 XE = 0.01 YE Profile definitions: BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory BH = before merging: Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width in horizontal plane normal to trajectory after merging: top-hat half-width in horizontal plane parallel to diffuser line = hydrodynamic centerline dilution S = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) C S ΒV Z С BH Individual jet/plumes before merging: 0.01 0.00 0.13 1.0 0.100E+01 0.02 0.00 0.13 1.0 0.100E+01 0.08 0.08 1.0 0.100E+01 1.7 0.596E+00 3.1 0.325E+00 0.01 0.00 0.13 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.00 0.33 0.07 0.07 0.20 0.00 0.51 0.09 0.09 4.8 0.209E+00 6.7 0.149E+00 8.8 0.113E+00 0.00 0.33 0.68 0.12 0.12 0.47 0.00 0.84 0.15 0.15 0.62 0.00 0.99 0.18 0.18 8.8 0.113E+00 11.0 0.906E-01 13.3 0.752E-01 15.5 0.643E-01 17.8 0.561E-01 20.1 0.498E-01 1.12 0.20 0.23 0.79 0.00 0.20 0.97 0.00 1.24 0.23 0.25 1.16 0.00 1.34 0.25 0.27 1.36 1.43 0.00 0.27 1.55 0.00 1.51 0.29 20.1 0.498E-01 22.3 0.448E-01 24.6 0.407E-01 26.9 0.372E-01 29.1 0.344E-01 31.4 0.319E-01 33.6 0.298E-01 35.9 0.279E-01 1.76 0.00 1.59 0.32 0.32 1.96 1.65 0.00 0.34 0.34 2.17 0,00 0.36 1.71 0.36 2.37 0.00 1.76 0.38 0.38 2.58 0.00 1.81 0.40 0.40 2.79 0.00 1.86 0.42 0.42 35.9 0.279E-01 38.2 0.262E-01 40.5 0.247E-01 3.00 0.00 1.90 0.43 0.43 0.45 1.94 0.45 3,21 0.00 3.42 0.00 1.98 0.47 0.47 40.5 0.247E-01 42.8 0.233E-01 45.2 0.221E-01 47.7 0.210E-01 2.02 3.63 0.00 0.49 0.49 0.51 3.84 0.00 2.06 0.51 2.10 4.06 0.00 0.52 47.7 0.210E-01 50.2 0.199E-01 52.7 0.190E-01 55.2 0.181E-01 4.27 2.14 0.00 0.54 0.54 4.48 0.00 2.18 0.56 0.56 4.69 2.22 0.58 0.00 0.58 57.8 0.173E-01 60.4 0.165E-01 4.90 0.00 2.26 0.59 0.59 5.11 0.00 2.30 0.61 0.61 5.32 2.34 63.1 0.158E-01 0.63 0.00 0.63 65.8 0.152E-01 5.53 2.38 0.00 0.65 0.65

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dry_u010.prd 5.74 0.00 2.42 68.6 0.146E-01 0.66 0.66 5.95 0.00 2.46 71.3 0.140E-01 0.68 0.68 6.16 0.00 2.50 74.2 0.135E-01 0.70 0.70 6.38 0.00 2.53 77.0 0.130E-01 0.71 0.71 Merging of individual jet/plumes to form plane jet/plume: 6.40 0.00 2.64 100.9 0.991E-02 0.90 5.90 6.80 0.00 2.66 104.7 0.955E-02 0.93 5.93 7.01 0.00 2.64 106.7 0.938E-02 0.94 5.94 7.22 0.00 2.67 108.6 0.921E-02 0.96 5.96 7.43 0.00 2.70 110.6 0.904E-02 0.98 5.98 7.65 0.00 2.77 114.5 0.873E-02 1.01 6.01 8.07 0.00 2.80 116.5 0.858E-02 1.03 6.03 8.28 0.00 2.83 118.5 0.844E-02 1.04 6.04 8.49 0.00 2.87 120.4 0.830E-02 1.06 6.06 8.71 0.00 2.90 122.4 0.837E-02 1.08 6.08 8.92 0.00 2.93 124.4 0.804E-02 1.09 6.09 9.13 0.00 2.97 126.4 0.779E-02 1.11 6.11 9.34 0.00 3.01 128.4 0.779E-02 1.14 6.14 9.76 0.00 3.07 132.4 0.755E-02 1.16 6.16 9.98 0.00 3.10 134.4 0.744E-02 1.18 6.18 Cumulative travel time = 90.1355 sec
END OF CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION
BEGIN MOD232: LAYER BOUNDARY IMPINGEMENT/UPSTREAM SPREADING
Vertical angle of layer/boundary impingement = 9.11 deg Horizontal angle of layer/boundary impingement = 0.00 deg
UPSTREAM INTRUSION PROPERTIES: Upstream intrusion length = 319.35 m X-position of upstream stagnation point = -309.37 m Thickness in intrusion region = 0.02 m Half-width at downstream end = 447.20 m Thickness at downstream end = 0.47 m
In this case, the upstream INTRUSION IS VERY LARGE, exceeding 10 times the local water depth. This may be caused by a very small ambient velocity, perhaps in combination with large discharge buoyancy. If the ambient conditions are strongly transient (e.g. tidal), then the
CORMIX steady-state predictions of upstream intrusion are probably unrealistic.
The plume predictions prior to boundary impingement and wedge formation will be acceptable, however.
Control volume inflow: X Y Z S C BV BH
9.98 0.00 3.10 134.4 0.744E-02 1.18 6.18
Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)
X Y Z S C BV BH ZU ZL -309.37 0.00 4.50 9999.9 0.000E+00 0.00 0.00 4.50 4.50
** WATER QUALITY STANDARD OR CCC HAS BEEN FOUND ** The pollutant concentration in the plume falls below water quality standard or CCC value of 0.470E-02 in the current prediction interval. This is the spatial extent of concentrations exceeding the water quality
standard or CCC value. Page 3

1152.12 1187.44 1222.77 1258.10 1293.43 1328.76 1364.09 1399.42 1434.74 1470.07 1505.40 1540.73 1576.06 1611.39 1646.71 1682.04 1717.37 1752.70 1788.03 1823.36 1858.69 1894.01 1929.34 1964.67 2000.00 Cumulative Simulation			dry_u010.prd 1491.6 0.670E-03 1553.4 0.644E-03 1617.1 0.618E-03 1682.4 0.594E-03 1749.6 0.572E-03 1818.5 0.550E-03 1889.3 0.529E-03 1961.9 0.510E-03 2036.3 0.491E-03 2112.6 0.473E-03 2190.7 0.456E-03 2270.8 0.440E-03 2352.8 0.425E-03 2436.6 0.410E-03 2522.5 0.396E-03 2610.2 0.383E-03 2791.7 0.358E-03 2791.7 0.358E-03 2791.7 0.358E-03 3079.0 0.325E-03 3178.8 0.315E-03 3280.7 0.305E-03 3384.7 0.295E-03 3490.8 0.286E-03 153168.9375 sec	1.14 1.17 1.20 1.23 1.27 1.30 1.33 1.36 1.40 1.43 1.47 1.554 1.65 1.65 1.65 1.65 1.65 1.65 1.69 1.73 1.76 1.84 1.92 1.96 2.01 stance	1277.47 1295.90 1314.25 1332.52 1350.71 1368.82 1386.85 1404.82 1422.71 1440.54 1458.29 1475.98 1493.61 1511.17 1528.67 1546.11 1563.49 1580.82 1598.08 1615.29 1632.44 1649.54 1666.58 1683.58 1700.52	4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50	3.36 3.33 3.27 3.20 3.17 3.10 3.00 3.00 2.99 2.89 2.77 2.66 2.54 2.54 2.54
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This is the REGION OF INTEREST limitation.

END OF MOD241: BUOYANT AMBIENT SPREADING

dry_u050.prd CORMIX2 PREDICTION FILE: CORMIX MIXING ZONE EXPERT SYSTEM Subsystem CORMIX2: Multiport Diffuser Discharges CORMIX Version 5.0GT HYDRO2 Version 5.0.1.0 December 2007 CASE DESCRIPTION Site name/label: Design case: C:\...5928\cormix\Area10b\8port_lower_flow\dry_u050.prd Thu Oct 20 10:31:02 2016 FILE NAME: Time stamp: ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS (metric units) Unbounded section 4.50 HD 4.50 HA = = 0.042 F 0.019 USTAR =0.2048E-02 = UA = 2.000 UWSTAR=0.2198E-02 UW = Uniform density environment RHOAM = 1022.0000STRCND= U DIFFUSER DISCHARGE PARAMETERS (metric units) Diffuser type: DITYPE= alternating_perpendicular BANK = LEFT DISTB = 305.00 YB1 = 300 LD = 10.00 NOPEN = 8 SPAC = 1 300.00 310.00 YB2 10.00 NOPEN = 0.045 A0 = 1.43 SUB0 0.00 4.50 = 0.00 90.00 BETA = =0.1270E-01 U0 = 0.990 Q0 _ 0.015 RH00 = 1000.0000 DRH00 =0.2200E+02 GP0 C0 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/1 IPOLL = 1 KS =0.0000E+00 KD =0.2111E+00 =0.0000E+00FLUX VARIABLES - PER UNIT DIFFUSER LENGTH (metric units) SIGNJO= 1.0 q0 =0.1270E-02 m0 =0.1268E-02 j0 =0.2681E-03 Associated 2-d length scales (meters) lq=B = 0.001 lM = 0.31 lmp = 99999.00 lbp = 99999.00 lm 0.72 = 99999.00 la = FLUX VARIABLES - ENTIRE DIFFUSER (metric units) Q0 =0.1270E-01 M0 =0.1268E-01 J0 =0.2681E-02 Associated 3-d length scales (meters) LQ = 0.04 LM = 0.732.68 99999.00 Lb 36.19 LQ Lm = = 99999.00 Lbp Lmp = = NON-DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS 23.77 PL 73. 10.24 R FR0 = 60.90 FRD0 == = (slot) (port/nozzle) RECOMPUTED SOURCE CONDITIONS FOR ALTERNATING JETS OR RISER GROUPS: es: m0 =0.8909E-04 M0 0.018 IM = 0.02 Im Momentum fluxes: =0.8909E-03 0.05 Jmp 99999.00 = = = 1Q=B = 99999.00 = 0.10 Lm 0.030 LM = 0.71 Lmp = LO Properties of riser group with 1 ports/nozzles each: U0 = 0.070 D0 = 0.170 A0 = 0.70FR0 = 1.13 FRD0 = 0.37 R = 1. 0.023 THETA = 90.00 FR0 1.67 (slot) (riser group) FLOW CLASSIFICATION MUIH MIXING ZONE / TOXIC DILUTION / REGION OF INTEREST PARAMETERS C0 = 0.1000E+01 CUNITS mg/1 NTOX = 0Page 1

dry_u050.prd CSTD =0.4700E-02 NSTD = 1REGMZ = 02000.00 XMAX = 2000.00XINT = X-Y-Z COORDINATE SYSTEM: ORIGIN is located at the bottom and the diffuser mid-point: 305.00 m from the LEFT bank/shore. X-axis points downstream, Y-axis points to left, Z-axis points upward. NSTEP = 50 display intervals per module _____ BEGIN MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) S C BV 1.0 0.100E+01 0.08 z 0.00 RH Y 0.00 X 0.00 0.08 END OF MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) BEGIN CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION Jet/plume transition motion in strong crossflow. 76.07 SIGMAE= 0.00 ZE = IHETAE= 0.00 YE = 0.00 zone of flow establishment: 0.00 XE = 0.00 LE Profile definitions: BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory BH = before merging: Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width in horizontal plane normal to trajectory after merging: top-hat half-width in horizontal plane parallel to diffuser line = hydrodynamic centerline dilution = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) RV RH С Individual jet/plumes before merging: 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.0 0.100E+01 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.6 0.279E+00 0.08 0.08 3.6 0.279E+00 0.66 0.00 0.24 0.11 0.11 1.33 0.00 7.6 0.132E+00 0.43 0.16 0.16 12.1 0.825E-01 17.0 0.590E-01 22.0 0.455E-01 27.1 0.369E-01 0.22 0.55 0.22 0.65 0.27 0.27 2.72 0.00 3.42 0.00 0.73 0.31 0.31 0.79 0.00 0.35 0.35 4.12 27.1 0.369E-01 32.3 0.310E-01 37.5 0.266E-01 43.0 0.233E-01 48.6 0.206E-01 54.3 0.184E-01 60.2 0.166E-01 66.3 0.151E-01 72.5 0.138E-01 78.8 0.127E-01 85.3 0.117E-01 0.84 0.39 0.39 4.82 0.00 5.52 0.00 0.88 0.43 0.43 0.92 0.47 0.47 0.96 6.93 0.50 0.50 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.54 0.54 7.63 0.57 0.57 1.04 8.33 1.08 0.61 0.61 9.03 0.00 0.00 1.11 1.15 9.74 0.64 0.64 10.44 0.67 0.67 11.14 0.00 1.19 85.3 0.117E-01 0.07 0. Merging of individual jet/plumes to form plane jet/plume: 11.49 0.00 1.20 109.5 0.913E-02 0.90 5. 0.70 5.90 109.5 0.913E-02 116.0 0.862E-02 120.3 0.831E-02 124.6 0.803E-02 128.9 0.776E-02 133.2 0.751E-02 137.5 0.727E-02 141 9 0.705E-02 1.25 0.95 5.95 0.00 12.54 13.24 13.95 0.00 0.00 0.98 5.98 1,32 1.02 6.02 1.35 1.05 6.05 14.65 0.00 0.00 1,38 1.09 6.09 15.35 1.42 1.13 6.13 16.05 141.9 0.705E-02 146.2 0.684E-02 16.75 1.16 0.00 6.16 1.20 0.00 0.00 6.20 17.46 1.48 150.6 0.664E-02 6.23 1.52 18.16 154.9 0.645E-02 1.27 18.86 0.00 1.55 6.27 159.3 0.628E-02 163.7 0.611E-02 0.00 1.59 1.30 6.30 19.56 0.00 1.62 1.34 6.34 20.27

dry_u050.prd 168.1 0.595E-02 172.5 0.580E-02 20.97 0.00 1,66 1.37 6.37 21.67 6.41 0.00 1.69 1.41 176.9 0.565E-02 181.3 0.552E-02 185.7 0.538E-02 6.45 0.00 1.73 1.45 22.37 23.08 0.00 1.48 6.48 23.78 0.00 1.80 6.52 1.52 190.2 0.526E-02 194.6 0.514E-02 0.00 0.00 1.83 24.48 1.55 6.55 25.18 6.59 1.59 199.1 0.502E-02 203.6 0.491E-02 208.1 0.481E-02 1.90 1.94 1.98 25.89 0.00 1.63 6.63 26.59 0.00 1.66 6.66 0.00 6.70 212.6 0.470E-02 27.99 0.00 2.01 1.73 6.73 ** WATER QUALITY STANDARD OR CCC HAS BEEN FOUND **
The pollutant concentration in the plume falls below water quality standard
 or CCC value of 0.470E-02 in the current prediction interval.
This is the spatial extent of concentrations exceeding the water quality standard or CCC value. 28.70 0.00 2. 29.40 0.00 2. 2.05 2.09 2.12 217.1 0.461E-02 221.6 0.451E-02 1.77 6.77 1.81 6.81 6.84 30.10 0.00 226.1 0.442E-02 1.84 2.16 2.20 2.23 2.27 230.6 0.434E-02 235.2 0.425E-02 0.00 6.88 30.80 1.88 1.92 31.51 6.92 239.8 0.417E-02 244.3 0.409E-02 248.9 0.402E-02 32.21 32.91 0.00 1.95 6.95 1.99 6.99 0.00 2.31 33.61 2.03 7.03 0.00 0.00 253.5 0.394E-02 258.1 0.387E-02 7.06 34.31 2.06 2.39 35.02 0.00 2.10 7.10 Cumulative travel time = 414.8818 sec END OF CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION BEGIN MOD235: LAYER/BOUNDARY/TERMINAL LAYER APPROACH Control volume inflow: S C 258.1 0.387E-02 Ζ BV BH 0.00 2.39 35.02 2.10 7.10 Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (Z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) Z 4.50 4.50 4.50 ΖL BV BH ΖU S C 258.1 0.387E-02 258.1 0.387E-02 264.5 0.378E-02 334.9 0.299E-02 397.7 0.251E-02 420.6 0.238E-02 x 32.92 34.18 35.44 4.50 0.00 6.32 14.09 0.00 0.00 3.36 3.94 4.50 0.00 4,50 1.14 0.56 4.50 0.00 4.50 4.50 4.50 0.00 4.50 4.27 36.70 14.11 0.00 37.96 4.44 14.12 4.50 0.06 39.22 4.50 4 50 0.00 14.13 Cumulative travel time = 514.8773 sec END OF MOD235: LAYER/BOUNDARY/TERMINAL LAYER APPROACH ** End of NEAR-FIELD REGION (NFR) ** BEGIN MOD241: BUOYANT AMBIENT SPREADING Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (Z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)

			dry_u050.prd				
Plume Stage X	1 (not bar Y	ank att Z	ached):	вv	вн	ZU	ZL
39.22	0.00	4.50	420.6 0.238E-02	4.50	14.13	4.50	0.00
64.10 88.99	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	508.6 0.197E-02 555.2 0.180E-02	2.55 1.98	30.10 42.47	4.50 4.50	1.95 2.52
113.88	0.00	4.50	588.9 0.170E-02	1.67	53.21	4.50	2.83
138.77 163.65	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	616.2 0.162E-02 639.8 0.156E-02	1.48 1.35	62.91 71.89	4.50 4.50	3.02 3.15
188.54	0.00	4.50	661.2 0.151E-02	1.24	80.31	4.50 4.50	3.26
213.43 238.32	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	681.2 0.147E-02 700.4 0.143E-02	$1.17 \\ 1.10$	88.28 95.88	4.50	3.33 3.40
263.20 288.09	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	719.0 0.139E-02 737.4 0.136E-02	$1.05 \\ 1.01$	$103.16 \\ 110.17$	4.50 4.50	3.45 3.49
312.98	0.00	4.50	755.9 0.132E-02	0.98	116.94	4.50	3.52
337.87 362.75	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	774.4 0.129E-02 793.3 0.126E-02	0.95 0.92	123.50 129.87	4.50 4.50	3.55 3.58
387.64	0.00	4.50	812.5 0.123E-02	0.90	136.07	4.50	3.60
412.53 437.42	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	832.3 0.120E-02 852.5 0.117E-02	0.89 0.87	142.11 148.01	4.50 4.50	3.61 3.63
462.31	0.00	4.50	873.5 0.114E-02	0.86	153.78	4.50	3.64
487.19 512.08	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	895.0 0.112E-02 917.4 0.109E-02	0.85 0.84	159.42 164.96	4.50 4.50	3.65 3.66
536.97	0.00	4.50	940.4 0.106E-02	0.83	170.39	4.50	3.67
561.86 586.74	0.00	4.50 4.50	964.3 0.104E-02 989.1 0.101E-02	0.83 0.83	175.72 180.96	4.50 4.50	3.67 3.67
611.63	0.00	4.50 4.50	1014.7 0.985E-03 1041.3 0.960E-03	0.82	186.12	4.50	3.68
636.52 661.41	0.00 0.00	4.50	1068.8 0.936E-03	0.82 0.82	191.19 196.20	4.50 4.50	3.68 3.68
686.29 711.18	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	1097.2 0.911E-03 1126.7 0.888E-03	0.82 0.83	201.13 205.99	4.50 4.50	3.68 3.67
736.07	0.00	4.50	1157.2 0.864E-03	0.83	210.79	4.50	3.67
760.96 785.84	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	1188.7 0.841E-03 1221.3 0.819E-03	0.83 0.84	215.52 220.21	4.50 4.50	3.67 3.66
810.73	0.00	4.50	1254.9 0.797E-03	0.84	224.83	4.50	3.66
835.62 860.51	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	1289.6 0.775E-03 1325.5 0.754E-03	0.85 0.86	229.41 233.93	4.50 4.50	3.65 3.64
885.39 910.28	0.00	4.50 4.50	1362.5 0.734E-03	0.86	238.41	4.50 4.50	3.64
935.17	0.00	4.50	1400.6 0.714E-03 1439.9 0.694E-03	0.87 0.88	242.84 247.23	4.50	3.63 3.62
960.06 984.94	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	1480.4 0.675E-03 1522.1 0.657E-03	0.89 0.90	251.58 255.89	4.50 4.50	3.61 3.60
1009.83	0.00	4.50	1565.0 0.639E-03	0.91	260.16	4.50	3.59
1034.72 1059.61	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	1609.1 0.621E-03 1654.4 0.604E-03	0.92 0.93	264.40 268.60	4.50 4.50	3.58 3.57
1084.49	0.00	4.50	1701.0 0.588E-03	0.94	272.77	4.50	3.56
1109.38 1134.27	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	1748.9 0.572E-03 1798.0 0.556E-03	0.95 0.97	276.90 281.00	4.50 4.50	3.55 3.53
1159.16 1184.04	0.00	4.50	1848.4 0.541E-03	0.98	285.07	4.50	3.52
1208.93	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	1900.1 0.526E-03 1953.1 0.512E-03	0.99 1.01	289.12 293.13	4.50 4.50	3.51 3.49
1233.82 1258.71	0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50	2007.5 0.498E-03 2063.2 0.485E-03	1.02 1.04	297.12 301.08	4.50 4.50	3.48 3.46
1283.59	0.00	4.50	2120.2 0.472E-03	1.04	305.02	4.50	3.45
Cumulative	travel ti	me =	30142.9121 sec				
Plume is AT Plume wid	TACHED to	LEFT determ	bank/shore. nined from LEFT bar	-			
Plume Stage				,	•		
X 1283.59	Y 305.00	Z 4.50	s c 2120.2 0.472E-03	BV 1.05	ВН 610.00	ZU 4.50	ZL 3.45
1297.92 1312.25	305.00	4.50	2151.4 0.465E-03	1.06	612.09	4.50	3.44
1326.58	305.00 305.00	4.50 4.50	2182.8 0.458E-03 2214.4 0.452E-03	1.07 1.09	614.19 616.28	4.50 4.50	3.43 3.41
1340.91 1355.23	305.00 305.00	4.50 4.50	2246.2 0.445E-03 2278.3 0.439E-03	$1.10 \\ 1.11$	618.37 620.46	4.50 4.50	3.40 3.39
1369.56	305.00	4.50	2310.6 0.433E-03	1.11	622.55	4.50	3.38
			Page 4				

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1383.89 1398.22 1412.55 1426.88 1441.20 1455.53 1469.86 1484.19 1498.52 1512.84 1527.17 1541.50 1555.83 1570.16 1584.48 1598.81 1613.14 1627.47 1641.80 1656.13 1670.45 1684.78 1699.11 1713.44 1727.77 1742.09 1756.42 1770.75 1785.08 1799.41 1813.73 1828.06 1842.39 1856.72 1871.05 1885.38 1899.70 1914.03 1942.69 1957.02 1971.34 1985.67 2000.00 Cumulative			dry_u050.prd 2343.1 0.427E-03 2375.8 0.421E-03 2408.7 0.415E-03 241.9 0.410E-03 2475.3 0.404E-03 2508.9 0.399E-03 2542.8 0.393E-03 2542.8 0.393E-03 2645.7 0.378E-03 2645.7 0.378E-03 2680.5 0.373E-03 2750.7 0.364E-03 2750.7 0.364E-03 2750.7 0.364E-03 2857.8 0.350E-03 2857.8 0.350E-03 2893.9 0.346E-03 2930.3 0.341E-03 2966.9 0.337E-03 3003.7 0.33E-03 3003.7 0.33E-03 3004.8 0.329E-03 307.0 0.302E-03 3153.5 0.317E-03 3191.5 0.313E-03 3229.8 0.310E-03 3229.8 0.310E-03 3229.8 0.310E-03 3268.3 0.306E-03 3229.8 0.310E-03 3244.6 0.292E-03 346.0 0.299E-03 346.0 0.299E-03 346.0 0.299E-03 346.0 0.299E-03 346.0 0.292E-03 346.0 0.292E-03 346.0 0.292E-03 346.0 0.292E-03 346.0 0.292E-03 346.0 0.273E-03 3504.2 0.285E-03 3504.2 0.285E-03 3544.4 0.282E-03 3544.4 0.282E-03 3544.4 0.282E-03 3544.8 0.277E-03 3707.5 0.270E-03 3748.8 0.267E-03 3666.3 0.273E-03 3748.8 0.267E-03 3748.8 0.267E-03 3748.8 0.255E-03 3959.4 0.258E-03 3959.4 0.258	1.15678912234678912334678912334678912334678912334678912334678912334678912334678912334678912334678912334678912334467801233556790013465780110110110110101000000000000000000000	624.63 626.72 628.80 630.88 632.96 637.12 643.341 647.48 647.48 657.81 657.81 657.81 666.09 667.19 666.09 672.19 674.24 686.49 682.42 686.49 686.55 692.60 694.63 698.69 702.74 704.76 706.78 712.84	$\begin{array}{c} 4.50\\$	3.334 3.331987224 3.3343222198764321987643222222222222222222222222222222222222
This is t	he REGION	OF INT	aximum specified di EREST limitation. NT SPREADING	istance	= 2000.	00 m.	
			Discharges Er 222222222222222222222222222222222222	nd of Pr 22222222	rediction 222222222222222222222222222222222222	File 222222222	 2222222
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dry_u090.prd CORMIX2 PREDICTION FILE: CORMIX MIXING ZONE EXPERT SYSTEM Subsystem CORMIX2: Multiport Diffuser Discharges CORMIX Version 5.0GT HYDRO2 Version 5.0.1.0 December 2007 _____ CASE DESCRIPTION Site name/label: Design case: FILE NAME: Time stamp: C:\...5928\cormix\Area10b\8port_lower_flow\dry_u090.prd Thu Oct 20 10:31:30 2016 ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS (metric units) Unbounded section = HA 4.50 HD 4.50 = 0.076 F 0.019 USTAR =0.3705E-02 UA = = 2.000 UWSTAR=0.2198E-02 UW = Uniform density environment RHOAM = 1022.0000STRCND= U DIFFUSER DISCHARGE PARAMETERS (metric units) Diffuser type: DITYPE= alternating_perpendicular DISTB = 305.00 YB1 = 300.00NOPEN = 8 SPAC = 1.43310.00 BANK = LEFT YR7 = 10.00 NOPEN = 8 SPAC = LD = 1.43 $\begin{array}{rcl} \text{LD} &=& 0.045 \text{ AO} &=& 0.002 \text{ HO} &=& 0.000 \\ \text{Nozzle/port arrangement: alternating_without_fanning} \\ \text{GAMMA} &=& 90.00 \text{ THETA} &=& 0.00 \text{ SIGMA} &=& 0.00 \\ \text{UO} &=& 0.998 \text{ QO} &=& 0.013 \\ \text{UO} &=& 0.2200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.21270\text{E-O} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.013 \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.013 \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} &=& 0.0200 \text{ CO} \\ \text{CO} &=& 0.0$ 0.00 SUB0 4.50 0.Ó0 90.00 BETA = =0.1270E-01 RHO0 = 1000.0000 DRHO0 =0.2200E+02 GP0 =0.2111E+00 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/] C0 =0.0000E+00 KD =0.0000E+00IPOLL = 1KS FLUX VARIABLES - PER UNIT DIFFUSER LENGTH (metric units) =0.1270E-02 m0 =0.1268E-02 =0.2681E-03 SIGNJO= q0 j0 1.0 Associated 2-d length scales (meters) 0.001 1м 99.00 1bp = 0.31 = 99999.00 1Q=B = lm 0.31 0.22 = lmp = 99999.00 la = 99999.00 FLUX VARIABLES - ENTIRE DIFFUSER (metric units) =0.1270E-01 M0 =0.1268E-01 J0 =0.2681E-02 00 Associated 3-d length scales (meters) 0.04 LM = 1.48 0.73 Lm Lb 6.11 LQ = = 99999.00 Lmp = 99999.00 Lbp NON-DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS FR0 = 60.90 FRD0 =73. 10.24 R = 13.13 PL = (port/nozzle) (slot) RECOMPUTED SOURCE CONDITIONS FOR ALTERNATING JETS OR RISER GROUPS: Momentum fluxes: m0 lo=B = 0.018 lm =0.8909E-04 MO =0.8909E-03 = 99999.00 1mp 0.02 ٦m = 0.02 = 0.030 LM 99999.00 LQ = = 0.10 Lm = 0.39 Lmp = Properties of riser group with 1 ports/nozzles each: 0.070 DŎ 0.070 DÓ = 1.13 FRD0 = 0.023 THETA = U0 -= 0.170 A0 = 90,00 FR0 0.37 R = 0.92 = (slot) (riser group) MIXING ZONE / TOXIC DILUTION / REGION OF INTEREST PARAMETERS C0 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/l NTOX = 0

dry_u090.prd CSTD =0.4700E-02 NSTD = 1REGMZ = 02000.00 XMAX = 2000,00 XINT X-Y-Z COORDINATE SYSTEM: ORIGIN is located at the bottom and the diffuser mid-point: 305.00 m from the LEFT bank/shore. X-axis points downstream, Y-axis points to left, Z-axis points upward. NSTEP = 50 display intervals per module _____ BEGIN MOD201: DIFFUSER DISCHARGE MODULE Due to complex near-field motions: EQUIVALENT SLOT DIFFUSER (2-D) GEOMETRY Profile definitions: BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory BH = top-hat half-width, in horizontal plane normal to trajectory S = hydrodynamic centerline dilution C = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) S C 1.0 0.100E+01 ΒV BH Z 0.00 X 0.00 Y 0.00 5.00 0.01 END OF MOD201: DIFFUSER DISCHARGE MODULE BEGIN MOD234: UNSTABLE RECIRCULATION REGION OVER LAYER DEPTH INITIAL LOCAL VERTICAL INSTABILITY REGION: Bulk dilution (S = 292.49) occurs in a limited region (horizontal extent = 0.30 m) surrounding the discharge location. Control volume inflow: S C 1.0 0.100E+01 ΒV BH 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 5.00 Control volume outflow: Ζ RV BH 0.30 0.00 2.25 292.5 0.342E-02 4 50 16 25 END OF MOD234: UNSTABLE RECIRCULATION REGION OVER LAYER DEPTH BEGIN MOD234a: UPSTREAM SPREADING AFTER NEAR-FIELD INSTABILITY UPSTREAM INTRUSION PROPERTIES: Upstream intrusion length = X-position of upstream stagnation point = Thickness in intrusion region = Unif width at downstream end = 0.57 m -0.27 m 1.22 m Half-width at downstream end Thickness at downstream end 7.48 m m -----3.54 m Control volume inflow: X Y Z 0.30 0.00 2.25 Z S C 2.25 292.5 0.342E-02 BV BH 4.50 16.25 ** WATER QUALITY STANDARD OR CCC HAS BEEN FOUND ** The pollutant concentration in the plume falls below water quality standard or CCC value of 0.470E-02 due to mixing in this control volume. The actual extent of the zone at whose boundary the water quality standard or the CCC is exceeded will be smaller than the control volume outflow values predicted below. Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate) Page 2

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s = hydro	dynamic a	averade	dry_u090.prd (Z-coordinate) (bulk) dilution ntration (includes	reaction	effects,	if any)	
X -0.27 -0.19 0.24 0.66 1.08 1.50 1.93 2.35 2.77 3.19 3.62 4.04 Cumulative t	Y 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	Z 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50	S C 9999.9 0.000E+00 603.4 0.166E-02 294.7 0.339E-02 293.4 0.341E-02 296.4 0.337E-02 300.8 0.332E-02 305.4 0.327E-02 309.5 0.323E-02 312.6 0.320E-02 314.7 0.318E-02 315.8 0.317E-02 316.9 0.316E-02 49.1919 sec	0.59	BH 0.00 6.31 15.34 12.17 11.33 10.62 9.98 9.41 8.88 8.38 7.92 7.48	ZU 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50	ZL 4.50 3.29 3.20 2.91 2.49 2.05 1.66 1.36 1.17 1.06 0.96
			EADING AFTER NEAR-	FIELD INS	TABILITY		
** End of NEA BEGIN MOD241:					-		
BH = top-h ZU = upper ZL = lower S = hydro C = avera	at thickn at half-v plume bo plume bo dynamic a ge (bulk)	vidth, bundary bundary average) conce	easured vertically measured horizonta (Z-coordinate) (Z-coordinate) (bulk) dilution ntration (includes	lly in y-			
Plume Stage X 4.04	I (NOT DA Y 0.00	ank att Z 4.50	ached): S C 316.9 0.316E-02	вV 3.54	ВН 7.48	zu 4.50	ZL 0.96
163.71 203.63 243.55	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50	410.2 0.244E-02 455.3 0.220E-02 490.1 0.204E-02 521.7 0.192E-02 553.0 0.181E-02 585.6 0.171E-02 620.3 0.161E-02 657.8 0.152E-02 698.5 0.143E-02 742.9 0.135E-02 742.9 0.135E-02 791.3 0.126E-02 843.8 0.119E-02 900.7 0.111E-02 962.3 0.104E-02 1028.7 0.972E-03 1176.4 0.850E-03 1258.1 0.795E-03 1345.2 0.743E-03 1437.7 0.696E-03 1535.9 0.651E-03 1639.8 0.610E-03 1749.5 0.572E-03 1865.2 0.536E-03 1986.9 0.503E-03 1749.5 0.572E-03 1865.2 0.536E-03 1986.9 0.503E-03 2248.8 0.445E-03 2389.2 0.419E-03 2536.0 0.394E-03 2689.3 0.372E-03 2849.1 0.351E-03 3015.7 0.332E-03	1.25 1.06 0.94 0.87 0.79 0.77 0.75 0.76 0.76 0.76 0.77 0.81 0.83 0.88 0.93 0.93 0.97 1.00 1.04 1.08 1.12 1.16 1.225 1.229 1.34 1.39	20.71 30.42 38.73 46.20 53.08 59.51 65.59 71.38 76.94 82.28 87.45 92.45 97.32 102.06 106.69 111.22 115.66 1224.28 122.61 124.28 136.68 140.69 144.65 152.41 156.21 159.98 163.70 167.38 171.03 174.64	4.550 500 4.550 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	2.85 3.44 3.63 3.77 3.77 3.77 3.77 3.77 3.77 3.77

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Simulation limit based on maximum specified distance = 2000.00 m. This is the REGION OF INTEREST limitation.

END OF MOD241: BUOYANT AMBIENT SPREADING

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wet_u010.prd CORMIX MIXING ZONE EXPERT SYSTEM Subsystem CORMIX2: Multiport Diffuser Discharges CORMIX Version 5.0GT HYDRO2 Version 5.0.1.0 December 2007 CASE DESCRIPTION Site name/label: Design case: C:\...5928\cormix\Area10b\8port_lower_flow\wet_u010.prd FILE NAME: Thu Oct 20 10:31:43 2016 Time stamp: ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS (metric units) Unbounded section 4.50 HD 4.50 HΔ = = 0.013 F 0.019 USTAR =0.6338E-03 UA = = 2.000 UWSTAR=0.2198E-02 UW = Density stratified environment RHOAM = 1017.3500STRCND= Α RHOAS = 1017.0000 RHOAB = 1017.7000 RHOAH0 = 1017.7000 E =0.1499E-02 DIFFUSER DISCHARGE PARAMETERS (metric units) Diffuser type: BANK = LEFT DITYPE= alternating_perpendicular DISTB = 305.00 YB1 = 300 300.00 YB2 310.00 = 10.00 NOPEN = 0.045 A0 = LD = 8 SPAC -1.43 DO = 0.045 AO = 0.002 HO = 0.00 Nozzle/port arrangement: alternating_without_fanning 0.00 SUB0 4.50 90.00 THETA = 0.00 SIGMA = 0.998 Q0 = 0.013 =0 GAMMA = 0.Ō0 BETA 90.00 = =0.1270E-01 U0 -= =0.1706E+00 =0.0000E+00 FLUX VARIABLES - PER UNIT DIFFUSER LENGTH (metric units) =0.1268E-02 j0 =0.1270E-02 m0 =0.2166E-03 SIGNJO= 1.0 a0 Associated 2-d length scales (meters) 0.001 IM = 1m 1Q=B = 0.35 = 7.50 0.95 lbp 1.55 0.34 = Jmp la. FLUX VARIABLES - ENTIRE DIFFUSER (metric units) =0.2166E-02 Q0 =0.1270E-01 M0 =0.1268E-01 J0 Associated 3-d length scales (meters) 0.04 ⁻LM 985.93 LO = = 0.81 Lm = 8.66 Lb = 1.71 2.47 Lmp = Lbp = NON-DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS 76.78 PL FR0 = 67.76 FRD0 =11.39 R = = 68. (slot) (port/nozzle) RECOMPUTED SOURCE CONDITIONS FOR ALTERNATING JETS OR RISER GROUPS: Momentum fluxes: m0 =0.8181E-04 M0 =0.8181E-03 lq=B = 0.020 lm = 0.02 lm = 0.48 lmp = 1Q=B = = = 0.38 0.10 Lm 0.029 LM = = 2.20 Lmb 0.86 = = LO Properties of riser group with 1 ports/nozzles each: U0 = 0.064 D0 = 0.177 A0 = 0.177= 0.064 DŌ = 1.11 FRDO = 0.177 AÖ 0.025 THETA = 90.00 FR0 0.37 R 4.95 = = (slot) (riser group) MIXING ZONE / TOXIC DILUTION / REGION OF INTEREST PARAMETERS C0 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/l

wet_u010.prd $\begin{array}{rcl} \text{NTOX} &= & 0 \\ \text{NSTD} &= & 1 \end{array}$ CSTD =0.4700E-02 1 $REGMZ = \overline{0}$ 2000.00 XMAX = 2000.00 XINT = X-Y-Z COORDINATE SYSTEM: ORIGIN is located at the bottom and the diffuser mid-point: 305.00 m from the LEFT bank/shore. X-axis points downstream, Y-axis points to left, Z-axis points upward. NSTEP = 50 display intervals per module -----____________ BEGIN MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) x 0.00 С Ζ S BV BH Y 0.00 0.00 1.0 0.100E+01 0.09 0.09 END OF MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) BEGIN CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION Plume-like motion in linear stratification with weak crossflow. Zone of flow establishment: LE = 0.12 XE = 85.22 SIGMAE= 0.00 ZE = 0.00 THETAE= 0.00 YE = 0.12 Profile definitions: BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory BH = before merging: Gaussian 1/e (37\%) half-width in horizontal plane normal to trajectory top-hat half-width in horizontal plane parallel to diffuser line after merging: S = hydrodynamic centerline dilution С = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) ΒV Z S С BH
 X
 Y
 Z
 S
 C

 Individual jet/plumes before merging:
 0.00
 0.12
 1.0
 0.100E+01

 0.00
 0.00
 0.12
 1.0
 0.100E+01

 0.12
 0.00
 0.35
 1.9
 0.532E+00

 0.28
 0.00
 0.56
 3.6
 0.280E+00
 0.09 0.09 0.09 0.09 0.07 0.07 0.11 0.11 0.75 5.6 0.178E+00 7.9 0.127E+00 0.46 0.00 0.14 0.14 0.65 0.00 0.17 0.17 10.3 0.971E-01 0.20 0.87 0.00 1.07 0.20 12.7 0.786E-01 15.2 0.659E-01 17.6 0.568E-01 1.20 1.31 1.10 0.00 0.23 0.23 1.34 0.00 0.26 0.26 0.29 1.58 0,00 1.40 20.0 0.499E-01 22.4 0.446E-01 24.8 0.403E-01 1.83 0.00 1.48 0.32 0.32 . 2.08 1.55 0.00 0.34 0.34 2.34 0.00 1.61 0.37 0.37 27.2 0.367E-01 29.6 0.338E-01 32.0 0.313E-01 2.60 0.00 1.66 0.39 0.39 2.86 0.00 1.71 0.41 0.41 1.75 3.11 0.00 0.44 0.44 32.0 U.313E-01 34.4 0.291E-01 36.8 0.272E-01 39.3 0.254E-01 41.8 0.239E-01 44.4 0.225E-01 47.0 0.213E-01 3.37 0.00 1.80 0.46 0.46 3.63 0.00 1.84 0.48 0.48 3.89 1.88 0.00 0.51 0.51 4.15 0.00 1.92 0.53 0.53 4.41 0.00 1.96 0.55 0.55 4.67 0.00 1.99 0,58 0.58 49.6 0.202E-01 52.2 0.192E-01 54.9 0.182E-01 2.03 4.93 0.00 0.60 0.60 5.19 0.00 0.62 0.62 2.10 5.45 0.00 0.64 0.64 57.6 0.174E-01 60.3 0.166E-01 5.71 0.00 2.14 0.66 0.66 5.97 0.00 2.17 0.69 0.69 Merging of individual jet/plumes to form plane jet/plume: 6.28 0.00 2.21 82.5 0.121E-01 0.90 5. 0.71 5.90 Page 2

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wet_u010.prd 2.26 2.28 2.31 0.94 0.97 1.00 85.8 0.117E-01 87.6 0.114E-01 5.94 5.97 6.00 6.75 0.00 87.6 0.11/E-01 87.6 0.114E-01 99.4 0.112E-01 91.1 0.110E-01 92.8 0.108E-01 94.5 0.106E-01 96.2 0.104E-01 97.8 0.102E-01 97.8 0.102E-01 101.1 0.990E-02 102.6 0.974E-02 104.2 0.960E-02 104.2 0.960E-02 105.7 0.946E-02 107.2 0.932E-02 110.2 0.908E-02 111.6 0.896E-02 111.6 0.896E-02 113.0 0.885E-02 114.4 0.874E-02 115.7 0.864E-02 115.7 0.864E-02 115.7 0.855E-02 118.2 0.846E-02 119.4 0.838E-02 d ambient has bee 7.01 0.00 0.00 2.33 2.36 2.38 7.53 0.00 1.02 6.02 7.80 0.00 1.05 6.05 0.00 8.06 1.08 6.08 2.40 8.32 0.00 6.11 1.11 8,58 0.00 1.13 6.13 2.45 6.16 8.84 0.00 1.16 2.45 2.47 2.49 2.51 2.52 2.54 2.56 2.56 1.19 1.22 1.25 0.00 0.00 9.10 6.19 6.22 9.36 9.62 0.00 9.89 0.00 1.28 6.28 10.15 1.31 6.31 10.41 0.00 1.34 6.34 0.00 2.57 1.37 10.67 6.37 10.93 1.39 6.39 2.60 11.20 0.00 1.42 6.42 0.00 2.61 11.46 11.72 1.45 6.45 1.48 6.48 2.63 2.64 2.64 0.00 11.98 1.51 6.51 0.00 12.24 1.53 6.53 12.50 1.56 6.56 Terminal level in stratified ambient has been reached. Cumulative travel time = 157.1202 sec END OF CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION BEGIN MOD236: TERMINAL LAYER IMPINGEMENT/UPSTREAM SPREADING Vertical angle of layer/boundary impingement = Horizontal angle of layer/boundary impingement = 1.24 deg 0.00 deg UPSTREAM INTRUSION PROPERTIES: Maximum elevation of jet/plume rise = Layer thickness in impingement region = Upstream intrusion length = 4.07 m 0.81 m X-position of upstream stagnation point = Thickness in intrusion region = Half-width at downstream end = Thickness at downstream end 5.64 m 6.86 m 0.81 m 44.78 m Thickness at downstream end 1.62 m Control volume inflow: z s c 2.64 119.4 0.838E-02 BV BH x 12.50 Υ 1.56 0.00 6.56 Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BV = top-hat thickness, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) X Y Z S C BV BH ZU ZL 6.86 0.00 2.64 9999.9 0.000E+00 0.00 0.00 2.64 2.64 ** WATER QUALITY STANDARD OR CCC HAS BEEN FOUND ** The pollutant concentration in the plume falls below water quality standard or CCC value of 0.470E-02 in the current prediction interval. This is the spatial extent of concentrations exceeding the water quality standard or CCC value. 7.42 0.00 2.64 302.9 0.330E-02 0.32 6.33 2.80 2.48 10.17 0.00 2.64 133.8 0.747E-02 0.72 15.38 3.00 2.57 ZL 2.64 302.9 0.330E-02 133.8 0.747E-02 119.4 0.837E-02 121.6 0.822E-02 126.5 0.790E-02 7.42 10.17 12.92 0.32 6.33 15.38 2.48 2.64 2.28 3.00 0.00 0.81 31.56 3.05 0.00 33.92 35.94 0.87 2.64 3.08 15.66 0.00 2.21 1.00 0.00 3.14 2.14 18.41 1.17 37.72 132.6 0.754E-02 3.23 2.06 2.64 21.16 0.00 Page 3

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29.40 32.15 34.89 Cumulative t	0.00 0.00 0.00 ravel ti	2.64 2.64 2.64 me =	wet_u010.prd 138.3 0.723E-02 142.7 0.701E-02 145.7 0.687E-02 147.3 0.679E-02 148.7 0.673E-02 1879.2767 sec R IMPINGEMENT/UPSTF	1.54 1.58 1.62		3.31 3.37 3.41 3.43 3.45	1.98 1.91 1.87 1.85 1.83
** End of NEA			(NED) **				
			AL LAYER SPREADING				
BH = top-h ZU = upper ZL = lower S = hydrod	at thick at half- plume b plume b dynamic	width, r oundary oundary average	easured vertically measured horizontal (Z-coordinate) (Z-coordinate) (bulk) dilution mtration (includes	-)
Plume Stage : x				BV	BH	70	ZL
48.80 53.43 58.06 62.70 67.33 71.97 76.60 81.24 85.87 90.50 95.14 99.77 104.41 109.04 113.68 118.31 122.94 127.58 132.21	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\$	2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64	148.7 0.673E-02	1.62 1.32 1.15 1.03 0.95 0.89 0.84 0.80 0.77 0.74 0.69 0.67 0.65 0.66 0.65 0.66 0.558 0.58 0.56	BH 44.78 59.27 71.33 81.90 91.43 108.31 123.13 129.96 142.74 148.75 160.15 165.58 170.85 175.96 185.89 195.24 199.80 208.64 212.95 217.18 221.34 225.44 229.48 237.39 241.27 248.89 241.27 248.89 252.63 260.01 263.64 267.24 277.80 274.38 260.01 263.64 267.24 270.80 277.85 281.33 284.78	3.22 3.12 3.09 3.04 3.01 3.00 3.00 2.998 2.995 2.995 2.994 2.93 2.993 2.993 2.993 2.993 2.993 2.993 2.993 2.993 2.993 2.993	1.83 1.98 2.07 2.13 2.22 2.24 2.22 2.24 2.27 2.22 2.30 2.33 2.33 2.33 2.33 2.33 2.35 2.35 2.36 2.36

		ne =	wet_u010.prd 278.4 0.359E-02 280.9 0.356E-02 283.4 0.353E-02 285.9 0.350E-02 288.4 0.347E-02 290.9 0.344E-02 19703.4395 sec bank/shore.	0.47	288.21 291.62 295.00 298.36 301.70 305.03	2.88 2.88 2.88 2.88 2.88 2.88 2.88 2.88	2.41 2.41 2.41 2.41 2.41 2.41 2.41
Plume wi		determ	ined from LEFT bar	ık/shor	e.		
$\begin{array}{c} 266.61\\ 301.27\\ 335.94\\ 370.61\\ 405.28\\ 439.95\\ 474.61\\ 509.28\\ 543.95\\ 578.62\\ 613.29\\ 647.95\\ 682.62\\ 717.29\\ 751.96\\ 786.62\\ 821.29\\ 855.96\\ 890.63\\ 925.30\\ 959.96\\ 994.63\\ 1029.30\\ 1063.97\\ 1098.64 \end{array}$	305.00 305.	2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64	290.9 0.344E-02 306.2 0.327E-02 321.6 0.311E-02 337.0 0.297E-02 352.5 0.284E-02 368.1 0.272E-02 383.8 0.261E-02 399.6 0.250E-02 415.6 0.241E-02 431.6 0.232E-02 447.8 0.223E-02 464.1 0.215E-02 464.1 0.215E-02 480.6 0.208E-02 497.2 0.201E-02 513.9 0.195E-02 530.7 0.188E-02 547.7 0.183E-02 547.7 0.183E-02 564.8 0.177E-02 582.1 0.172E-02 599.5 0.167E-02 634.7 0.158E-02 634.7 0.158E-02 670.4 0.149E-02 688.4 0.145E-02	$\begin{array}{c} 0.47\\ 0.48\\ 0.49\\ 0.50\\ 0.551\\ 0.552\\ 0.553\\ 0.554\\ 0.555\\ 0.556\\ 0.556\\ 0.557\\ 0.558\\ 0.558\\ 0.559\\ 0.599\\ 0.599\\ 0.59\end{array}$	610.00 630.24 650.74 671.46 692.38 713.46 734.69 756.05 777.53 799.11 820.78 842.54 864.37 886.27 908.24 930.26 952.34 974.47 996.65 1018.87 1041.14 1063.44 1085.77 1108.15 1130.55	2.88 2.88 2.89 2.90 2.90 2.90 2.91 2.91 2.91 2.91 2.92 2.92 2.92 2.93 2.93 2.93 2.93 2.93	2.41 2.40 2.39 2.38 2.38 2.38 2.38 2.37 2.37 2.37 2.37 2.37 2.37 2.37 2.336 3.36 3.35 3.35 2.35 2.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35
$1133.30 \\ 1167.97 \\ 1202.64 \\ 1237.31 \\ 1271.97 \\ 1306.64 \\ 1341.31 \\ 1375.98 \\ 1410.65 \\ 1445.31 \\ 1479.98 \\ 1514.65 \\ 1549.32 \\ 1583.99 \\ 1618.65 \\ 1653.32 \\ 1687.99 \\ 1722.66 \\ 1757.32 \\ 1791.99 \\ 1826.66 \\ 1861.33 \\ 1896.00 \\ 1930.66 \\ 1965.33 \\ 2000.00 \\ 1000 \\$	305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00	2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.64	706.6 0.142E-02 724.9 0.138E-02 743.3 0.135E-02 761.8 0.131E-02 780.5 0.128E-02 799.3 0.125E-02 818.2 0.122E-02 837.2 0.119E-02 856.4 0.117E-02 856.4 0.117E-02 875.6 0.114E-02 895.0 0.112E-02 914.5 0.109E-02 934.1 0.107E-02 934.1 0.107E-02 934.1 0.107E-02 934.1 0.101E-02 934.1 0.101E-02 933.9 0.105E-02 973.7 0.103E-02 93.6 0.101E-02 1013.7 0.986E-03 1033.9 0.967E-03 1054.2 0.949E-03 1054.2 0.949E-03 1055.0 0.913E-03 115.6 0.896E-03 1157.1 0.864E-03 1157.1 0.864E-03 1157.1 0.849E-03 1199.0 0.834E-03	0.60 0.61 0.61 0.61 0.61 0.62	1152.99 1175.45 1197.95 1220.47 1243.02 1265.59	2.94 2.95 2.95 2.95 2.95 2.95 2.96 2.96 2.96 2.96 2.96 2.97 2.97 2.97 2.97 2.97 2.98 2.98 2.98 2.98 2.98 2.98 2.98 2.98	2.34 2.34 2.34 2.34 2.34 2.33

T. 3

Simulation limit based on maximum specified distance = 2000.00 m. Page 5

wet_u010.prd This is the REGION OF INTEREST limitation.
END OF MOD242: BUOYANT TERMINAL LAYER SPREADING
CORMIX2: Multiport Diffuser Discharges End of Prediction File 222222222222222222222222222222222222

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wet_u050.prd CORMIX2 PREDICTION FILE: CORMIX Version 5.0GT HYDRO2 Version 5.0.1.0 December 2007 CASE DESCRIPTION Site name/label: Design case: C:\...5928\cormix\Area10b\8port_lower_flow\wet_u050.prd Thu Oct 20 10:32:29 2016 FILE NAME: Time stamp: ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS (metric units) Unbounded section 4.50 HD 4.50 HA = = = 0.019 USTAR =0.2048E-02 UA = 0.042 F UW = 2.000 UWSTAR=0.2198E-02 Density stratified environment RHOAM = 1017.3500STRCND= A RHOAS = 1017.0000 RHOAB = 1017.7000 RHOAH0= 1017.7000 E =0.1499E-02 DIFFUSER DISCHARGE PARAMETERS (metric units) Diffuser type: DITYPE= alternating_perpendicular BANK = LEFTDISTB = 305.00 YB1300.00 310.00 YB2 = 10.00 NOPEN = 0.045 A0 = 8 SPAC = LD = 1.43 DO = 0.045 AO = 0.002 HO = 0.00 Nozzle/port arrangement: alternating_without_fanning 0.00 4.50 SUB0 = 90.00 THETA = 0.00 SIGMA = 0.998 Q0 = 0.013 =0 _0.Ŏ0 GAMMA = 90.00 BETA = =0.1270E-01 U0 -= RHO0 = 1000.0000 DRHO0 =0.1770E+02 GP0 =0.1706E+00 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/1 L = 1 KS =0.0000E+00 KD C0 IPOLL = =0.0000E+00FLUX VARIABLES - PER UNIT DIFFUSER LENGTH (metric units) q0 =0.1270E-02 m0 =0.1268E-02 j0 =0.2166E-03 =0.2166E-03 SIGNJO= 1.0 Associated 2-d length scales (meters) lQ=B = 0.001 lM = 0.35 lmp = 0.95 lbp = 1.55]m 0.72 Ξ 1.08 la = FLUX VARIABLES - ENTIRE DIFFUSER (metric units) =0.1270E-01 M0 =0.1268E-01 J0 =0.2166E-02 Q0 Associated 3-d length scales (meters) LQ 0.04 LM = 0.81 Lm = 2.68 Lb 29.24 = = 1.71 Lbp Lmp = 2.47 = NON-DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS FR0 = 67.76 FRD0 = 11.39 R 23.77 PL 68. = = (slot) (port/nozzle) RECOMPUTED SOURCE CONDITIONS FOR ALTERNATING JETS OR RISER GROUPS: =0.8181E-04 MO = 0.02 lm Momentum fluxes: (es: m0 0.020 1M =0.8181E-03 0.05 lmp H U 1Q=B = = = 0.38 0.10 Lm 0.029 LM = 0.68 Lmp 0.86 = = LO Properties of riser group with 1 ports/nozzles each: U0 = 0.064 D0 = 0.177 A0 = 0.077 R = 1.11 FRD0 = 0.37 R = 1.110.025 THETA = 90.00 1.53 (riser group) (slot) FLOW CLASSIFICATION MIXING ZONE / TOXIC DILUTION / REGION OF INTEREST PARAMETERS C0 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/1

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wet_u050.prd $\begin{array}{rcl} \text{NTOX} &= & 0 \\ \text{NSTD} &= & 1 \end{array}$ CSTD =0.4700E-02 1 REGMZ ≕ 0 2000.00 XMAX = 2000.00 XTNT X-Y-Z COORDINATE SYSTEM: ORIGIN is located at the bottom and the diffuser mid-point: 305.00 m from the LEFT bank/shore. X-axis points downstream, Y-axis points to left, Z-axis points upward. NSTEP = 50 display intervals per module . _______ ------BEGIN MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) z 0.00 S C 1.0 0.100E+01 С ΒV x 0.00 RH Υ 0.00 0.09 0.09 END OF MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) BEGIN CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION Plume-like motion in linear stratification with strong crossflow. 74.89 SIGMAE= 0.00 Zone of flow establishment: THETAE= 0.00 XE = 0.00 YE =0.00 ZE = LE 0.00 = Profile definitions: BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory BH = before merging: Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width in horizontal plane normal to trajectory after merging: top-hat half-width in horizontal plane parallel to diffuser line S = hydrodynamic centerline dilution C = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)ς С RV BH Individual jet/plumes before merging: 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.0 0.100E+01 0.62 0.00 0.21 3.2 0.316E+00 0.09 . 0.09 0.10 0.10 6.5 0.154E+00 10.3 0.972E-01 14.3 0.699E-01 0.38 0.50 0.58 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.26 0.16 0.16 0.20 1.91 0.20 2.56 0.00 18.5 0.541E-01 22.7 0.440E-01 27.0 0.370E-01 0.29 0.29 3.21 0.65 0.00 0.71 0.76 0.33 3.87 0.33 0.37 4.53 31.3 0.319E-01 35.7 0.280E-01 40.2 0.249E-01 5.18 0.00 0.80 0.40 0.40 5.84 0.00 0.83 0.44 0.44 0.86 0.00 0.47 6.50 0.47 40.2 0.249E-01 44.7 0.224E-01 49.4 0.203E-01 54.1 0.185E-01 0.00 0.90 0.50 7.16 0.50 7.82 0.00 0.93 0.53 0.53 8.47 0.00 0.96 0.56 0.56 58.9 0.170E-01 63.7 0.157E-01 68.6 0.146E-01 73.6 0.136E-01 78.6 0.127E-01 0.99 0.59 0.59 9.13 0.00 9.79 0.00 1.02 0.61 0.61 10.45 0.00 1.04 0.64 0.64 0.00 1.07 11.11 0.67 0.67 11.76 1.10 0.69 0.69

 11.76
 0.00
 1.10
 78.6
 0.127E-01
 0.69
 0.7

 Merging of individual jet/plumes to form plane jet/plume:
 12.29
 0.00
 1.12
 101.6
 0.984E-02
 0.90
 5.3

 13.08
 0.00
 1.15
 105.4
 0.949E-02
 0.93
 5.3

 13.74
 0.00
 1.17
 108.6
 0.921E-02
 0.96
 5.3

 14.40
 0.00
 1.19
 111.6
 0.896E-02
 0.99
 5.3

 15.05
 0.00
 1.21
 114.7
 0.872E-02
 1.02
 6.0

 15.71
 0.00
 1.23
 117.7
 0.849E-02
 1.08
 6.6

 5.90 5.93 1.17 1.19 1.21 1.23 1.26 1.28 5.96 5,99 6.02 6.05 120.7 0.849E-02 120.7 0.828E-02 123.7 0.808E-02 126.6 0.790E-02 129.5 0.772E-02 0.00 1.08 6.08 16.37 17.03 6.11 1.30 17.69 0.00 1.14 6.14 18.35 0.00 1.32 1.17 6.17

wet_u050.prd 132.3 0.756E-02 135.1 0.740E-02 137.9 0.725E-02 0.00 1.20 19.00 1.34 6.20 1.35 6.23 6.26 6.29 19.66 0.00 1.23 20.32 1.39 140.6 0.711E-02 1.29 20.98 0,00 1.41 1.42 143.3 0.698E-02 145.9 0.686E-02 0.00 1.32 6.32 21.64 22.30 22.96 0.00 1.35 6.35 148.4 0.674E-02 0.00 1.44 1.37 6.37 150.9 0.662E-02 153.4 0.652E-02 155.8 0.642E-02 0.00 1.45 1.40 23.62 6.40 1.47 24.28 0.00 1.43 6.43 24.93 0.00 1.48 1.45 6.45 155.8 0.642E-02 158.2 0.632E-02 160.5 0.623E-02 162.7 0.615E-02 164.9 0.606E-02 167.1 0.599E-02 169.1 0.591E-02 1.50 1.51 1.52 1.48 25.59 0.00 6.48 26.25 0.00 1.51 6.51 26.91 1.53 6.53 0.00 1.53 0.00 27.57 1.56 6.56 0.00 28.23 1.54 1.58 6.58 28.89 1.55 6.61 1.61 1.56 171.1 0.584E-02 173.1 0.578E-02 175.0 0.571E-02 29.55 0.00 1.63 6.63 0.00 1.57 1.65 30.21 6.65 6.67 30.86 176.8 0.565E-02 178.6 0.560E-02 180.3 0.555E-02 1.58 6.70 31.52 0.00 1.70 1.58 32.18 0.00 1.72 6.72 32.84 0.00 1.74 6.74 Terminal level in stratified ambient has been reached. Cumulative travel time = 442.4950 sec END OF CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION BEGIN MOD235: LAYER/BOUNDARY/TERMINAL LAYER APPROACH Control volume inflow: Y Ζ S C BV BH Х 32.84 0.00 1.58 180.3 0.555E-02 1.74 6.74 Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (Z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) Z 1.58 1.58 x 31.11 Y S С BV RH 71 ΖL X Y Z S C BV BH ZU ZL 31.11 0.00 1.58 180.3 0.555E-02 0.00 0.00 1.58 1.58 32.15 0.00 1.58 180.3 0.555E-02 3.36 4.34 3.26 0.00 33.19 0.00 1.58 184.6 0.542E-02 3.94 9.69 3.55 0.00 ** WATER QUALITY STANDARD OR CCC HAS BEEN FOUND ** The pollutant concentration in the plume falls below water quality standard or CCC value of 0.470E-02 in the current prediction interval. This is the spatial extent of concentrations exceeding the water quality 1.58 0.00 0.00 This is the spatial extent of concentrations exceeding the water quality standard or CCC value. 34.23 0.00 1.58 231.7 0.432E-02 4.27 9.70 3.72 1.58 1.58 1.58 231.7 0.432E-02 273.7 0.365E-02 289.1 0.346E-02 9.70 9.70 9.71 0.00 0.00 3.81 3.83 35.27 4.44 0.00 4.50 36.31 0.00 Cumulative travel time = 525.1552 sec ** End of NEAR-FIELD REGION (NFR) ** END OF MOD235: LAYER/BOUNDARY/TERMINAL LAYER APPROACH ______ BEGIN MOD242: BUOYANT TERMINAL LAYER SPREADING Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (Z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution Page 3

wet_u050.prd C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) di.

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Plume Stage 1 (not bank attached):

Plume Stage 1							
x 36.31	Y 0.00	z 1.58	s c 289.1 0.346E-02	вV 4.50	ВН 9.71	ZU 3.83	ZL 0.00
52.59	0.00	1.58	401.9 0.249E-02	1.68	36.17	2.42	0.74
68.87	0.00	1.58	440.6 0.227E-02	1.28	51.99	2.23	0.94
85.15 101.43	$0.00 \\ 0.00$	1.58 1.58	465.9 0.215E-02 485.2 0.206E-02	$1.09 \\ 0.97$	64.64 75.52	2.13 2.07	$1.04 \\ 1.10$
117.71	0.00	1.58	501.2 0.200E-02	0.89	85.22	2.03	1.14
133.99	0.00	1.58	514.9 0.194E-02	0.83	94.07	2.00	1.17
150.27 166.55	0.00	1.58 1.58	527.2 0.190E-02	0.78	102.25	1.97	1.19
182.83	0.00	1.58	538.5 0.186E-02 549.0 0.182E-02	0.74 0.71	109.90 117.12	1.95 1.94	$1.21 \\ 1.23$
199.11	0.00	1.58	559.0 0.179E-02	0.68	123.96	1.93	1.24
215.38	0.00	1.58	568.7 0.176E-02	0.66	130.49	1.91	1.26
231.66 247.94	$0.00 \\ 0.00$	1.58 1.58	578.0 0.173E-02 587.2 0.170E-02	0.64 0.62	136.75 142.78	1.90 1.90	1.27 1.27
264.22	0.00	1.58	596.3 0.168E-02	0.61	148.59	1.89	1.28
280.50	0.00	1.58	605.2 0.165E-02	0.59	154.22	1.88	1.29
296.78 313.06	$0.00 \\ 0.00$	1.58 1.58	614.2 0.163E-02	0.58	159.69	1.88	1.29
329.34	0.00	1.58	623.2 0.160E-02 632.2 0.158E-02	0.57 0.56	165.00 170.18	1.87 1.87	$1.30 \\ 1.30$
345.62	0.00	1.58	641.2 0.156E-02	0.55	175.25	1.86	1.31
361.90	0.00	1.58	650.4 0.154E-02	0.55	180.20	1.86	1.31
378.18 394.46	0.00	1.58 1.58	659.6 0.152E-02 669.0 0.149E-02	0.54 0.53	185.05 189.82	1.85 1.85	1.32 1.32
410.74	0.00	1.58	678.4 0.147E-02	0.53	194.50	1.85	1.32
427.02	0.00	1.58	688.0 0.145E-02	0.52	199.10	1.85	1.32
443.29 459.57	$0.00 \\ 0.00$	1.58	697.7 0.143E-02	0.52	203.64	1.84	1.33
475.85	0.00	1.58 1.58	707.5 0.141E-02 717.5 0.139E-02	0.51 0.51	208.11 212.53	1.84 1.84	$1.33 \\ 1.33$
492.13	0.00	1.58	727.6 0.137E-02	0.51	216.89	1.84	1.33
508.41	0.00	1.58	737.9 0.136E-02	0.50	221.20	1.84	1.33
524.69 540.97	$0.00 \\ 0.00$	1.58 1.58	748.3 0.134E-02 758.8 0.132E-02	0.50 0.50	225.46 229.69	1.84 1.83	1.33 1.33
557.25	0.00	1.58	769.5 0.130E-02	0.50	233.87	1.83	1.35
573.53	0.00	1.58	780.3 0.128E-02	0.50	238.02	1.83	1.34
589.81 606.09	$0.00 \\ 0.00$	1.58 1.58	791.2 0.126E-02	0.49	242.14	1.83	1.34
622.37	0.00	1.58	802.3 0.125E-02 813.5 0.123E-02	0.49 0.49	246.22 250.28	1.83 1.83	$1.34 \\ 1.34$
638.65	0.00	1.58	824.8 0.121E-02	0.49	254.31	1.83	1.34
654.92	0.00	1.58	836.3 0.120E-02	0.49	258.31	1.83	1.34
671.20 687.48	$0.00 \\ 0.00$	1.58 1.58	847.9 0.118E-02 859.6 0.116E-02	0.49 0.49	262.29 266.26	1.83 1.83	$1.34 \\ 1.34$
703.76	0.00	1.58	871.5 0.115E-02	0.49	270.20	1.83	1.34
720.04	0.00	1.58	883.5 0.113E-02	0.49	274.12	1.83	1.34
736.32 752.60	0.00	1.58 1.58	895.6 0.112E-02 907.8 0.110E-02	0.49	278.03	1.83	1.34
768.88	0.00		920.1 0.109E-02	0.49 0.49	281.92 285.80	1.83 1.83	1.34 1.34
785.16	0.00	1.58	932.6 0.107E-02	0.49	289.66	1.83	1.34
801.44 817.72	$0.00 \\ 0.00$	1.58 1.58	945.1 0.106E-02	0.49	293.51	1.83	1.34
834.00	0.00	1.58	957.8 0.104E-02 970.6 0.103E-02	0.49 0.49	297.35 301.18	1.83 1.83	1.34 1.34
850.28	0.00	1.58	983.4 0.102F-02	0 49	305.00	1.83	1.34
Cumulative tr	ravel t	time =	19905.2246 sec				
Plume is ATTA	ACHED 1	to LEFT	bank/shore.				
Plume width	n is no	ow determi	ined from LEFT ba	nk/shore	2.		
Plume Stage Z X	2 (bank Y	k attached Z		D)/		11	
850.28	305.00	1.58	s c 983.4 0.102E-02	вV 0.49	ВН 610.01	ZU 1.83	ZL 1.34
873.27	305.00	1.58	998.9 0.100E-02	0.49	614.41	1.83	1.34
	305.00 305.00	1.58 1.58	1014.3 0.986E-03	0.50	618.85	1.83	1.34
	305.00	1.58	1029.7 0.971E-03 1044.9 0.957E-03	0.50 0.50	623.33 627.85	1.83 1.84	$1.33 \\ 1.33$
			Page 4	0.50		2101	

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END OF MOD242: BUOYANT TERMINAL LAYER SPREADING

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COPMIX2: Multiport Diffuser Discharges	End of Prediction File
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wet_u090.prd CORMIX2 PREDICTION FILE: CORMIX MIXING ZONE EXPERT SYSTEM Subsystem CORMIX2: Multiport Diffuser Discharges CORMIX Version 5.0GT HYDRO2 Version 5.0.1.0 December 2007 CASE DESCRIPTION Site name/label: Design case: C:\...5928\cormix\Area10b\8port_lower_flow\wet_u090.prd Thu Oct 20 10:33:02 2016 FILE NAME: Time stamp: ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS (metric units) Unbounded section = 4.50 HD = 4.50 0.076 F = 0.019 USTAR =0.3705E-02 2.000 UWSTAR=0.2198E-02 HA UA = UW = Density stratified environment STRCND= A RHOAM = 1017.3500RHOAS = 1017.0000 RHOAB = 1017.7000 RHOAH0= 1017.7000 E =0.1499E-02DIFFUSER DISCHARGE PARAMETERS (metric units) DITYPE= alternating_perpendicular Diffuser type: DISTB = BANK = LEFT 305.00 YB1 300.00 YB2 310.00 = = · = $\begin{array}{rcl} LD &=& 10.00 & \text{NUFEN} - \\ D0 &=& 0.045 & \text{AO} &=& 0.002 & \text{HO} &=& 0.002 \\ \text{D0} &=& 0.045 & \text{AO} &=& 0.002 & \text{HO} &=& 0.002 \\ \text{D0} &=& 0.000 & \text{SIGMA} &=& 0.002 \\ \text{GAMMA} &=& 90.00 & \text{THETA} &=& 0.000 & \text{SIGMA} &=& 0.002 \\ \text{D0} &=& 0.013 & =& 0.1270\text{E-O} \\ \text{D0} &=& 0.013 & =& 0.013 \\ \text{D0} &=& 0.013 & =& 0.1270\text{E-O} \\ \text{D0} &=& 0.013 & =& 0.013 \\ \text{D0} &=& 0.013 \\$ 1.43 0.00 SUB0 4.50 $\begin{array}{rcl} \text{NO221G}_{\text{F}} & 90.00 & \text{THETA} & - \\ \text{GAMMA} & = & 90.00 & \text{THETA} & - \\ \text{U0} & = & 0.998 & \text{Q0} & = & 0.013 \\ \text{RHO0} & = & 1000.0000 & \text{DRHO0} & = 0.1770\text{E}+02 & \text{GPO} \\ \text{C0} & = & 0.1000\text{E}+01 & \text{CUNITS} = & \text{mg/l} \\ \text{C0} & = & 0.0000\text{E}+00 & \text{KD} \end{array}$ 0.Ŏ0 90.00 BETA = =0.1270E-01 =0.1706E+00 =0.0000E+00FLUX VARIABLES - PER UNIT DIFFUSER LENGTH (metric units) =0.1270E-02 m0 =0.1268E-02 j0 =0.2166E-03 SIGNJO= 1.0 a0 Associated 2-d length scales (meters) 1Q=B = 0.001 1M = 0.35 Jw 0.22 = lmp 0.95 lbp 1.55 la 1.96 = FLUX VARIABLES - ENTIRE DIFFUSER (metric units) Q0 =0.1270E-01 M0 =0.1268E-01 J0 =0 =0.2166E-02 Associated 3-d length scales (meters) 0.04 LM 1.48 4.93 LQ 0.81 ĽЬ = = Lm = 2.47 Lmp ≂ 1.71 Lbp = NON-DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS FRO = 67.76 FRDO = 11.39 R 13.13 PL 68. = = (slot) (port/nozzle) RECOMPUTED SOURCE CONDITIONS FOR ALTERNATING JETS OR RISER GROUPS: Momentum fluxes: m0 lQ=B = 0.020 lM =0.8181E-03 =0.8181E-04 MO 0.38 = 0.02 Jm = 0.01 lmo = 0.10 Lm 0.029 LM 0.38 0.86 = = LO lmp Properties of riser group with U0 = 0.064 D0 =1 ports/nozzles each: 0.177 A0 = 0. 0.064 DÕ = 1.11 FRDO = 0.025 THETA = 90.00 FR0 0.37 R 0.85 = (slot) (riser group) MIXING ZONE / TOXIC DILUTION / REGION OF INTEREST PARAMETERS C0 =0.1000E+01 CUNITS= mg/l

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wet_u090.prd NTOX = 0CSTD = 0.4700E - 021 NSTD = 0 REGMZ = 2000.00 XMAX = 2000.00 XINT = X-Y-Z COORDINATE SYSTEM: ORIGIN is located at the bottom and the diffuser mid-point: 305.00 m from the LEFT bank/shore. X-axis points downstream, Y-axis points to left, Z-axis points upward. NSTEP = 50 display intervals per module ______ BEGIN MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) с S ΒV Υ Ζ RH x 0.00 0.00 $1.0 0.100 \tilde{E} + 01 0.09$ 0.00 0.09 END OF MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (SINGLE PORT AT DIFFUSER CENTER) BEGIN CORJET (MOD110); JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION Plume-like motion in linear stratification with strong crossflow. Zone of flow establishment: LE = 0.00 XE = 63.95 SIGMAE= 0.00 ZE = THETAE= 0.00 YE = 0.00 0.00 Profile definitions: rofile definitions: BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory BH = before merging: Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width in horizontal plane normal to trajectory after merging: top-hat half-width in horizontal plane parallel to diffuser line S = hydrodynamic centerline dilution = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) С X Y Z S Individual jet/plumes before merging: 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.1 0.931E+00 1.17 0.00 0.20 4.5 0.221E+00 2.34 0.00 0.33 9.7 0.103E+00 3.52 0.00 0.43 15.3 0.654E-01 S C RV RH 0.09 0.09 0.12 0.12 0.18 0.18 0.23 0.23 15.3 0.654E-01 21.0 0.476E-01 26.8 0.374E-01 32.5 0.308E-01 38.1 0.262E-01 43.7 0.229E-01 49.3 0.203E-01 54.9 0.182E-01 60.6 0.165E-01 66 3.0 151E-01 4.71 0.49 0.00 0.28 0.28 0.55 5.89 0.00 0.32 0.32 0.35 7.07 0.00 0.59 0.35 0.38 0.41 0.00 8.26 0.63 0.38 0.41 9.44 0.66 10.63 0.00 0.69 0.44 0.44 0.72 11.81 0.00 0.47 0.47 12.99 0.74 0.00 0.49 0.49 66.3 0.151E-01 72.0 0.139E-01 77.8 0.129E-01 14.18 0.00 0.77 0.52 0.52 0.54 0.56 15.36 0.00 0.80 0.54 0.82 16.55 0.00 0.56 83.6 0.120E-01 17.73 0.84 0.00 0.59 0.59 89.4 0.112E-01 95.2 0.105E-01 18.92 0.00 0.87 0.61 0.61 20.10 0.00 0.89 0.63 0.63 101.0 0.990E-02 106.8 0.937E-02 112.6 0.888E-02 21.29 0.00 0.91 0.65 0.65 22.47 0.94 0.00 0.67 0.67 23.66 0.00 0.96 0.69 0.69

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 Merging of individual jet/plumes to form plane jet/plume:
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The pollutant concentration in the plume falls below water quality standard
 or CCC value of 0.470E-02 in the current prediction interval. This is the spatial extent of concentrations exceeding the water quality standard or CCC value. 53.28 0.00 1. 54.47 0.00 1. 1.27 213.0 0.469E-02 215.1 0.465E-02 217.0 0.461E-02 218.9 0.457E-02 1.34 6.34 1.28 1.28 54.47 1.35 1.37 1.38 6.35 6.37 0.00 56.84 0.00 1.28 1.29 220.7 0.453E-02 222.4 0.450E-02 58.03 0.00 1.39 6.39 59.21 0.00 1.40 6.40 Terminal level in stratified ambient has been reached. Cumulative travel time = 625,3839 sec END OF CORJET (MOD110): JET/PLUME NEAR-FIELD MIXING REGION BEGIN MOD235: LAYER/BOUNDARY/TERMINAL LAYER APPROACH Control volume inflow: Z S C BV 1.29 222.4 0.450E-02 1.40 x 59.21 BH 0.00 6.40 Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (Z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) ΒV BH Ζ Υ х Z 1.29 1.29 1.29 1.29 1.29 ΖL 222.4 0.450E-02 222.4 0.450E-02 1.29 57.81 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.29 3.49 7.80 2.78 2.68 58.65 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.92 59.49 227.4 0.440E-02 3.26 0.00 60.33 281.9 0.355E-02 3.54 7.80 0.00 330.6 0.303E-02 348.3 0.287E-02 7.81 3.68 3.13 61.18 0.00 0.00 62.02 1.29 3.73 7.81 0.00 3.15 0.00 662.3197 sec Cumulative travel time = END OF MOD235: LAYER/BOUNDARY/TERMINAL LAYER APPROACH ** End of NEAR-FIELD REGION (NFR) ** BEGIN MOD242: BUOYANT TERMINAL LAYER SPREADING Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution Page 3

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C = aver	age (bulk)) conce	wet_u090.pro ntration (includes	l reactio	on effects,	if any)	
Plume Stage	1 (not ba	ank att	ached):				
Priume stage x 62.02 91.70 121.39 151.08 180.76 210.45 240.14 269.82 299.51 329.20 358.88 388.57 418.26 447.63 507.32 537.00 566.69 596.38 626.06 655.75 685.44 715.12 744.81 774.50 804.18 833.87 863.56 893.24 922.93 952.62 982.30 1011.99 1041.68 1071.36 1100.74 1160.11 1219.80 1249.48 1279.17 1308.86 1338.54 1368.23 1397.92 1427.60 1456.98 1516.66 1546.35	Y 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	Z 1.2991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.22991.2299999999	$ \begin{array}{c} S & C \\ 348.3 & 0.287E-02 \\ 486.9 & 0.205E-02 \\ 535.0 & 0.187E-02 \\ 567.8 & 0.176E-02 \\ 594.6 & 0.168E-02 \\ 618.5 & 0.162E-02 \\ 63.3 & 0.151E-02 \\ 63.3 & 0.151E-02 \\ 63.3 & 0.151E-02 \\ 63.5 & 0.146E-02 \\ 708.4 & 0.141E-02 \\ 731.8 & 0.137E-02 \\ 755.9 & 0.132E-02 \\ 780.9 & 0.128E-02 \\ 806.8 & 0.124E-02 \\ 833.5 & 0.120E-02 \\ 806.8 & 0.124E-02 \\ 839.6 & 0.112E-02 \\ 919.0 & 0.109E-02 \\ 919.0 & 0.109E-02 \\ 949.1 & 0.105E-02 \\ 949.1 & 0.102E-02 \\ 1011.8 & 0.988E-03 \\ 1044.2 & 0.958E-03 \\ 1044.2 & 0.958E-03 \\ 1044.2 & 0.958E-03 \\ 1044.2 & 0.958E-03 \\ 111.1 & 0.900E-03 \\ 1145.5 & 0.873E-03 \\ 116.2 & 0.822E-03 \\ 1252.4 & 0.798E-03 \\ 1266.2 & 0.754E-03 \\ 1364.3 & 0.733E-03 \\ 1402.7 & 0.713E-03 \\ 1441.5 & 0.694E-03 \\ 1450.8 & 0.641E-03 \\ 1601.5 & 0.624E-03 \\ 1601.5 & 0.624E-03 \\ 1684.1 & 0.594E-03 \\ 1560.8 & 0.641E-03 \\ 1684.1 & 0.594E-03 \\ 1560.8 & 0.641E-03 \\ 1684.1 & 0.594E-03 \\ 1726.1 & 0.579E-03 \\ 1768.4 & 0.565E-03 \\ 1811.2 & 0.552E-03 \\ 1811.2 & 0.552E-03 \\ 1811.2 & 0.552E-03 \\ 1897.8 & 0.527E-03 \\ 1941.7 & 0.515E-03 \\ 1986.0 & 0.504E-03 \\ 2030.7 & 0.492E-03 \\ 2075.7 & 0.482E-03 \\ 2121.0 & 0.471E-03 \\ 2121.0 & 0.471E-03 \\ 2121.8 & 0.452E-03 \\ 2212.8 & 0.452E-03 \\ 2212.$	0.61	BH 7.81 29.65 42.68 53.11 62.11 70.19 77.60 84.51 91.04 97.27 103.25 109.03 114.65 120.14 125.52 130.81 136.02 141.17 146.27 151.32 156.35 161.34 166.31 171.26 176.20 181.13 186.05 190.96 195.88 200.79 205.70 210.61 215.52 220.44 225.36 230.28 235.21 245.09 255.00 259.97 264.94 269.92 274.90 289.91 294.93 299.96 305.00	ZU 5814966320998777766666666666666666666677777777777	ZL 0.000 0.77 0.849 0.924 0.996 0.997 0.998 0.001 1.012 1.022 1.022 1.022 1.022 1.022 1.022 1.021 1.011 1.020 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.00000 1.0000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000000
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1546.35 1555.42 1564.50 1573.57 1582.64	305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00 305.00	1.29 1.29 1.29 1.29 1.29	2225.2 0.449E-03 2237.5 0.447E-03 2249.8 0.444E-03 2262.1 0.442E-03	$0.61 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.61$	611.27 612.55 613.84 615.14	1.59 1.59 1.60 1.60	0.99 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98
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END OF MOD242: BUOYANT TERMINAL LAYER SPREADING

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Appendix 7.1

Legislation and Standards for Land Contamination Assessment

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Hong Kong Resort Company Limited

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Legislation and Standards for Land Contamination Assessment

The relevant legislation, standards and guidelines applicable to the present study for the assessment of land contamination include:

- Annex 19 of the Technical Memorandum on Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (TM-EIAO), Guidelines for Assessment of Impact Assessment Process (TM-EIA), Guidelines for Assessment of Impact On Sites of Cultural Heritage and Other Impacts (Section 3: Potential Contaminated Land Issues), Environmental Protection Department (EPD), 1997;
- Guidance Note for Contaminated Land Assessment and Remediation EPD 2007;
- Guidance Manual for Use of Risk-Based Remediation Goals (RBRGs) for Contaminated Land Management, EPD, 2007; and
- Practice Guide for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Land, EPD, 2011.

Under Annex 19 of the TM-EIAO, a number of potentially contaminating historical land uses should be considered, including oil installations, gas works, metal workshops, car repair and dismantling workshops, which have the potential to cause or have caused land contamination.

In accordance with EPD's Guidance Note for Contamination Land Assessment and Remediation, a contamination assessment evaluation should:

- provide a clear and detailed account of the present land-use and the relevant past land history, in relation to possible land contamination;
- identify areas of potential contamination and associated impacts, risks or hazards; and
- submit a plan to evaluate the actual contamination conditions for soil and/or groundwater, if required.

The Guidance Manual for Use of Risk-Based Remediation Goals (RBRGs) for Contaminated Land Management introduces the risk based approach in land contamination assessment and present instructions for comparison of soil and groundwater data to the Risk-Based Remediation Goals (RBRGs) for 54 chemicals of concern commonly found in Hong Kong. The RBRGs were derived to suit Hong Kong conditions by following the international practice of adopting a risk-based methodology for contaminated land assessment and remediation and were designed to protect the health of people who could potentially be exposed to land impacted by chemicals under

235928 j Finil j Nowmber 2015 G-1874/PROJEC 7255228712 REPORTS DELIVERABLES/3 REVISED DRAFT 220151118 SPLIT INTO 2 AREASIAREA 1084/PFENDX-1058/PFENDX 7.1 LEGISLATION AND STANDARDS FOR LAND CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT.DOCX

Hong Kong Resort Company Limited

nization of Land Use in Discovery Bay Environmental Study

four broad post restoration land use categories. The RBRGs also serve as the remediation targets if remediation is necessary.

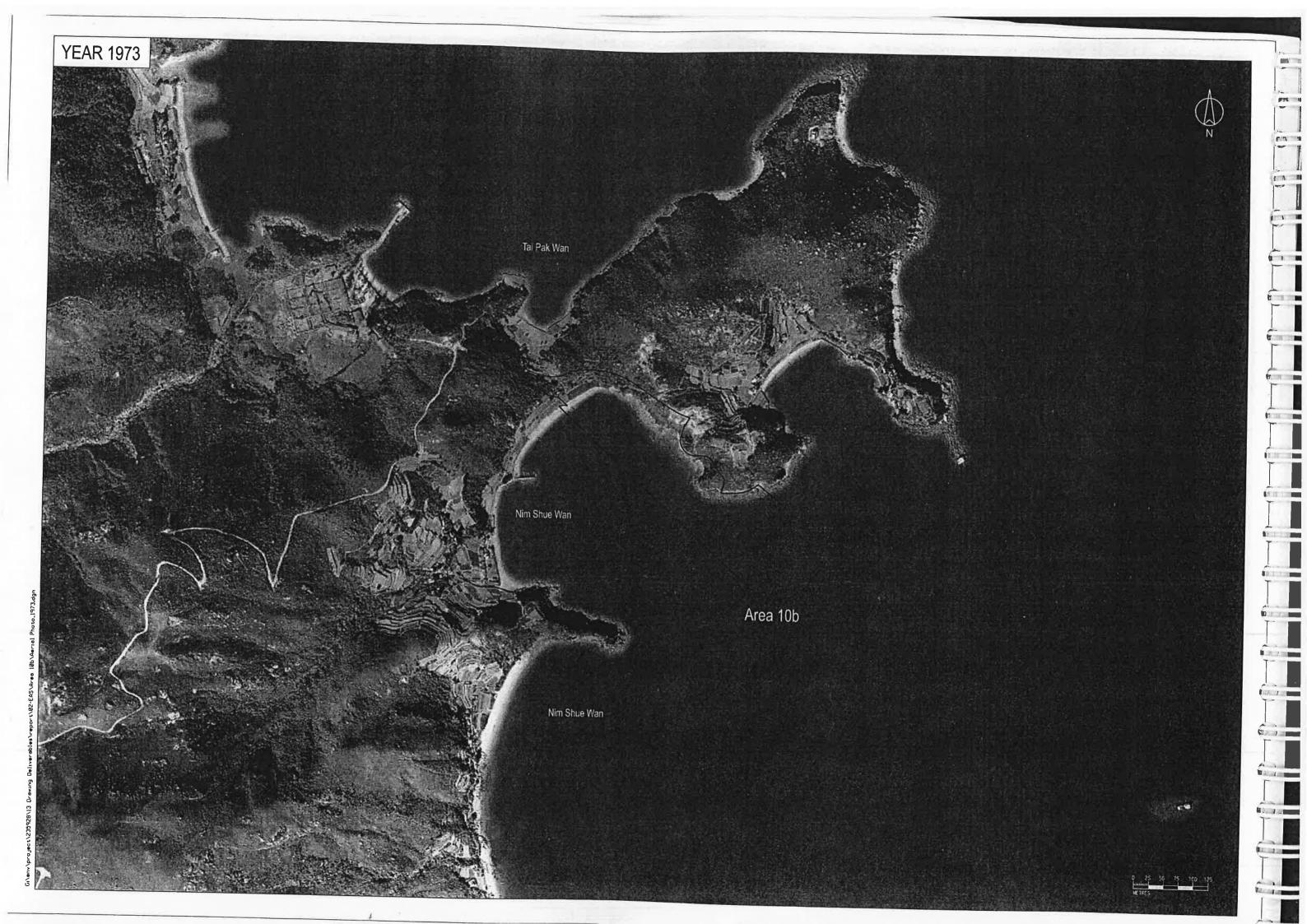
The EPD's Practice Guide for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Land includes a summary of the general steps of a contamination assessment study, which include site appraisal, site investigation and remediation.

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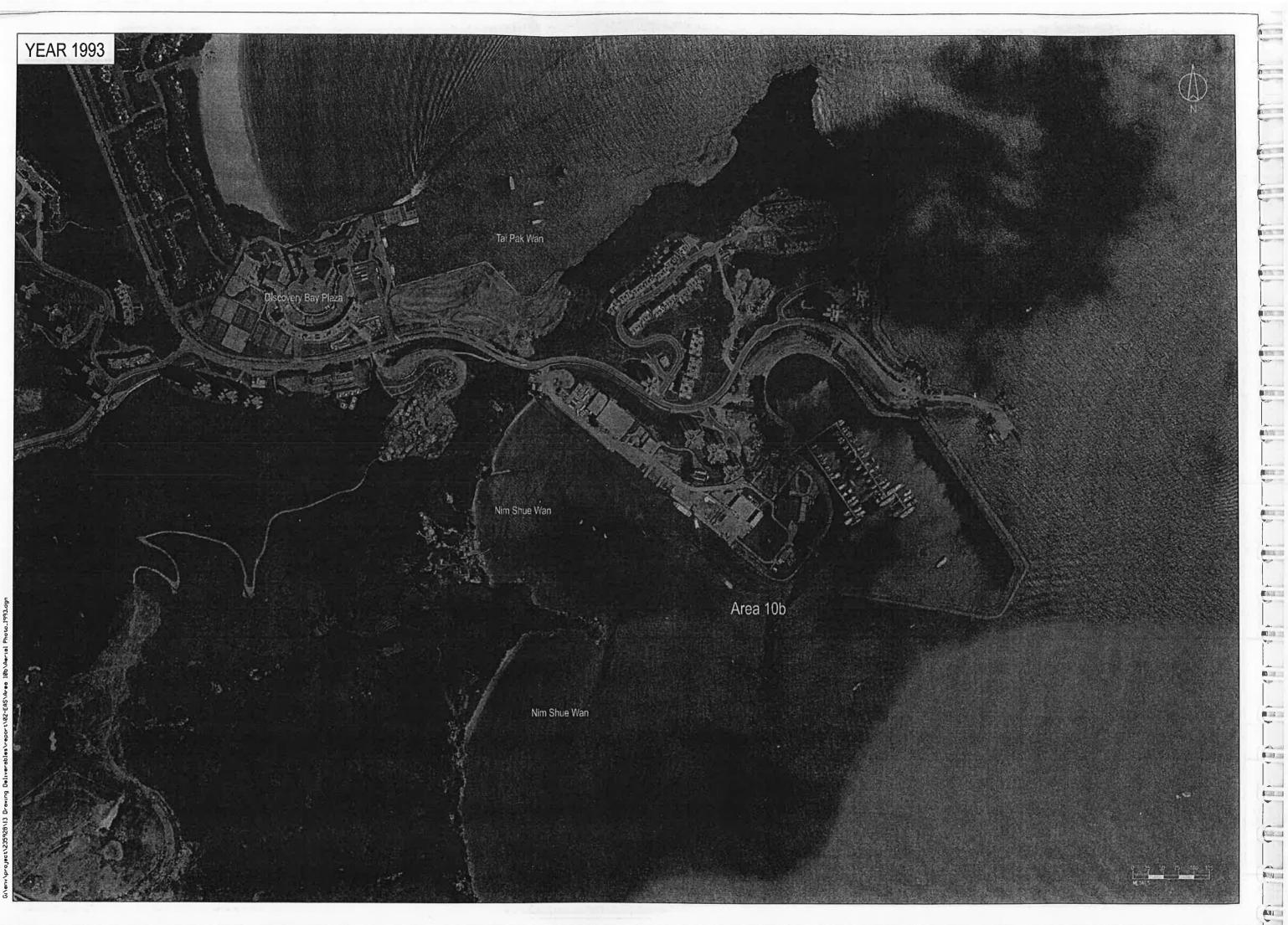
Appendix 7.2

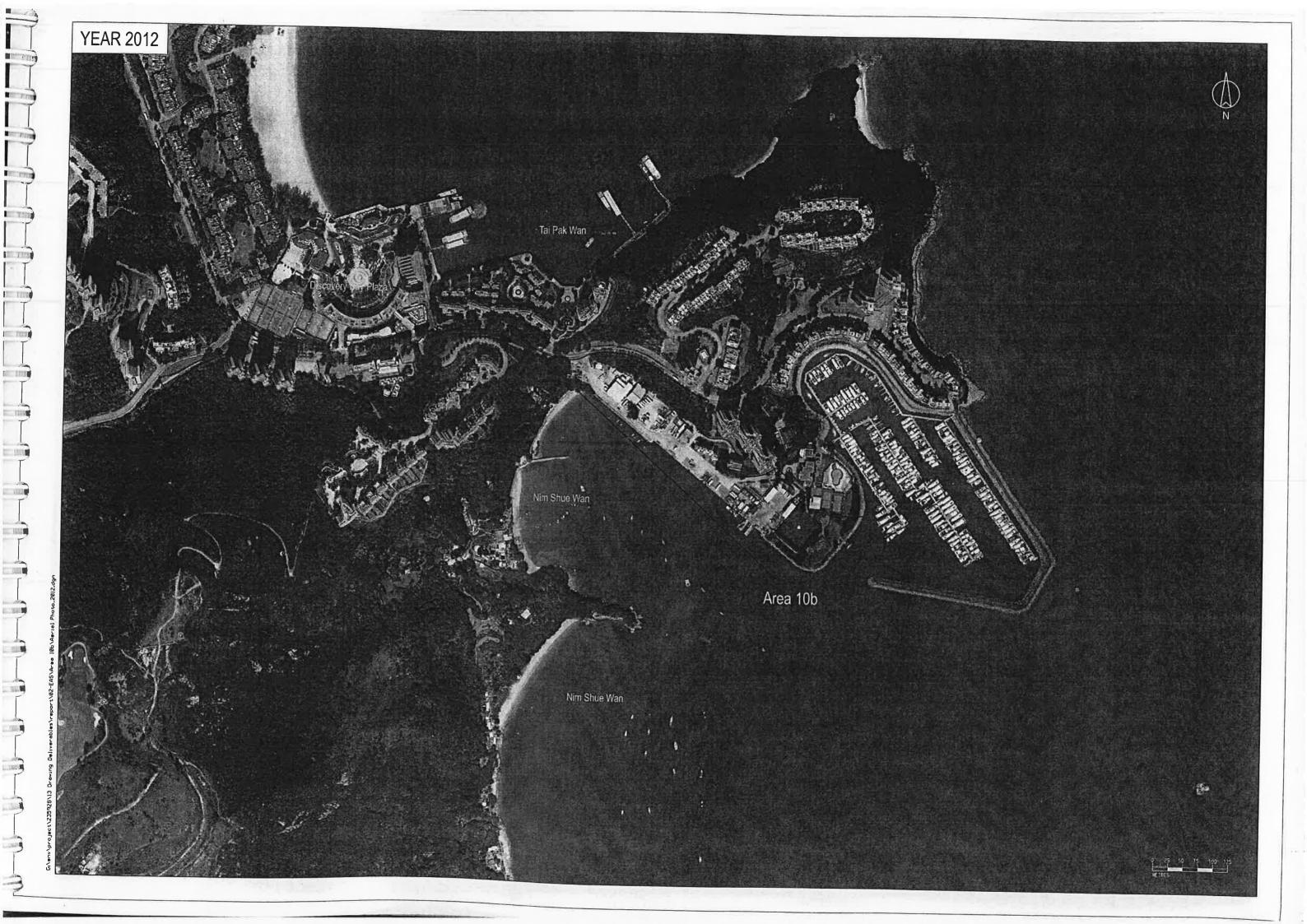
Historical Aerial Photos for Discovery Bay

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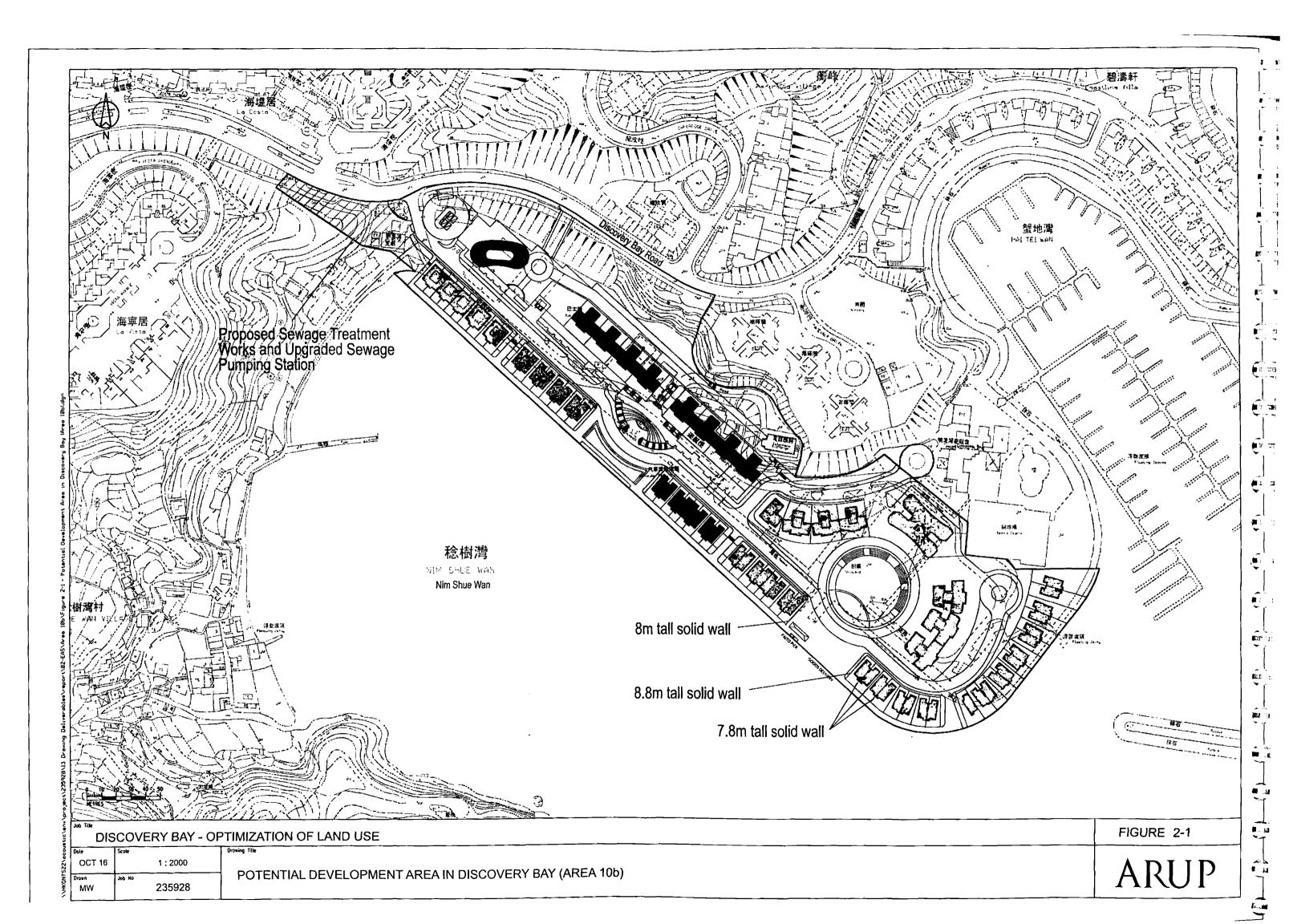
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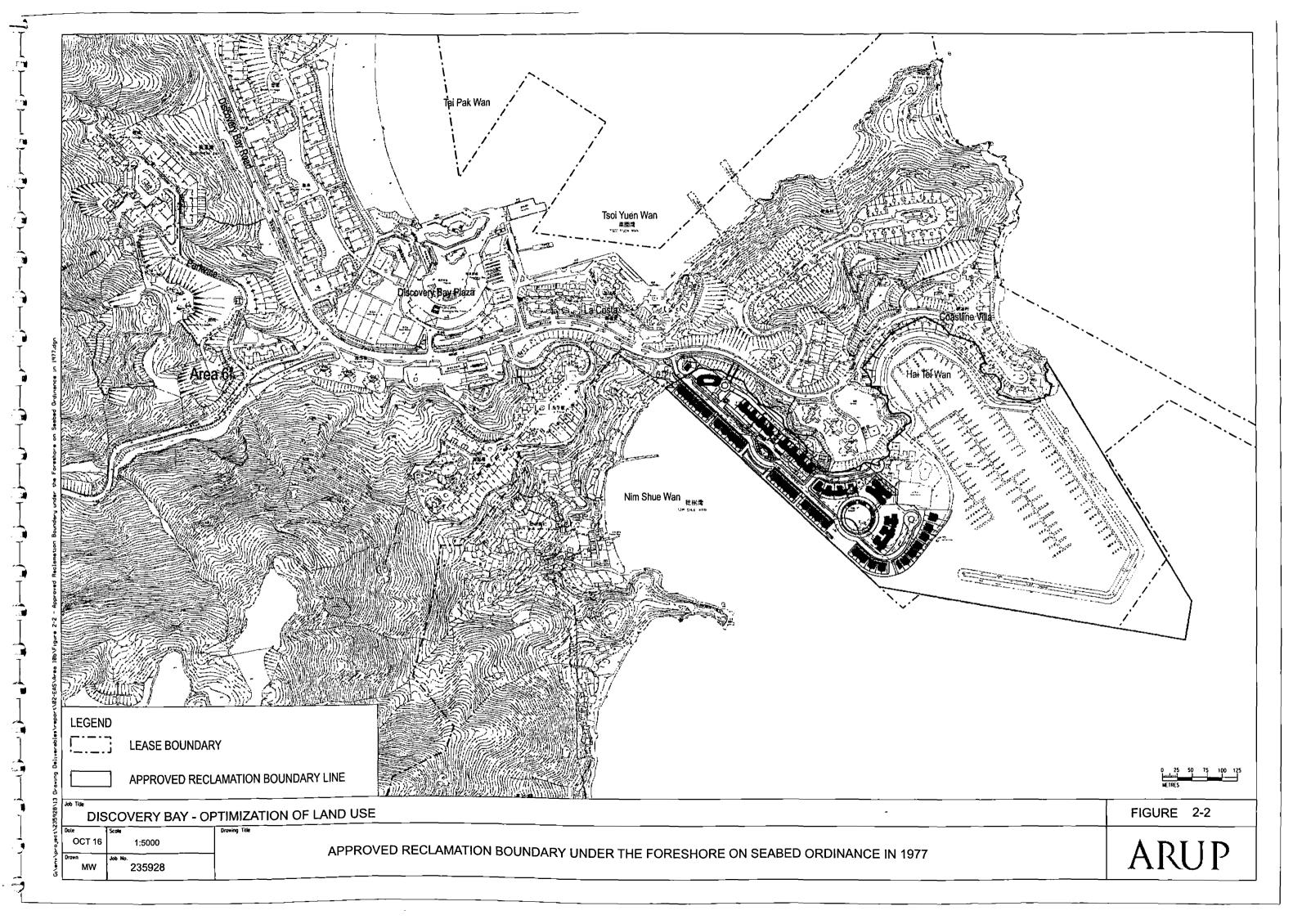
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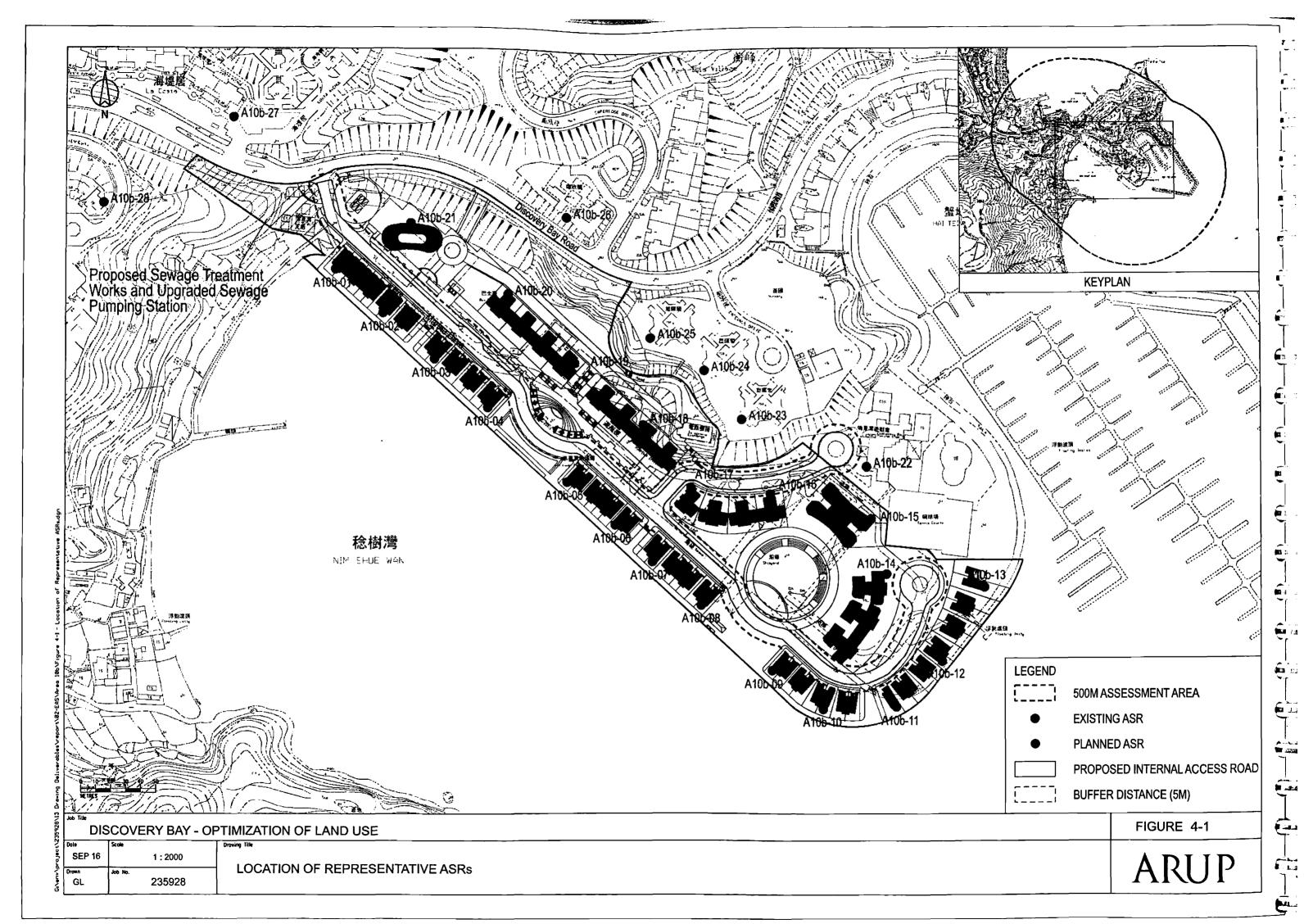
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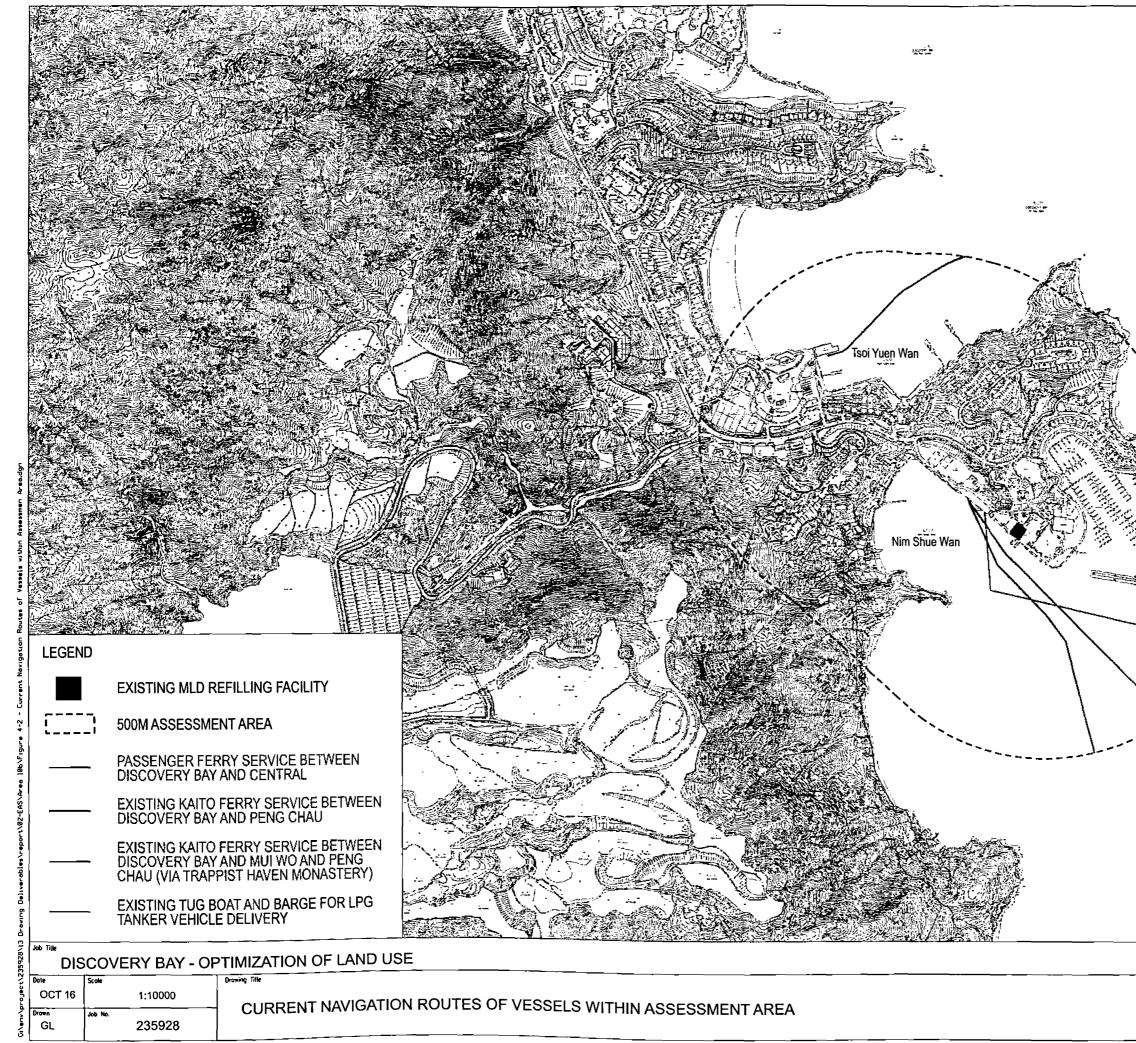
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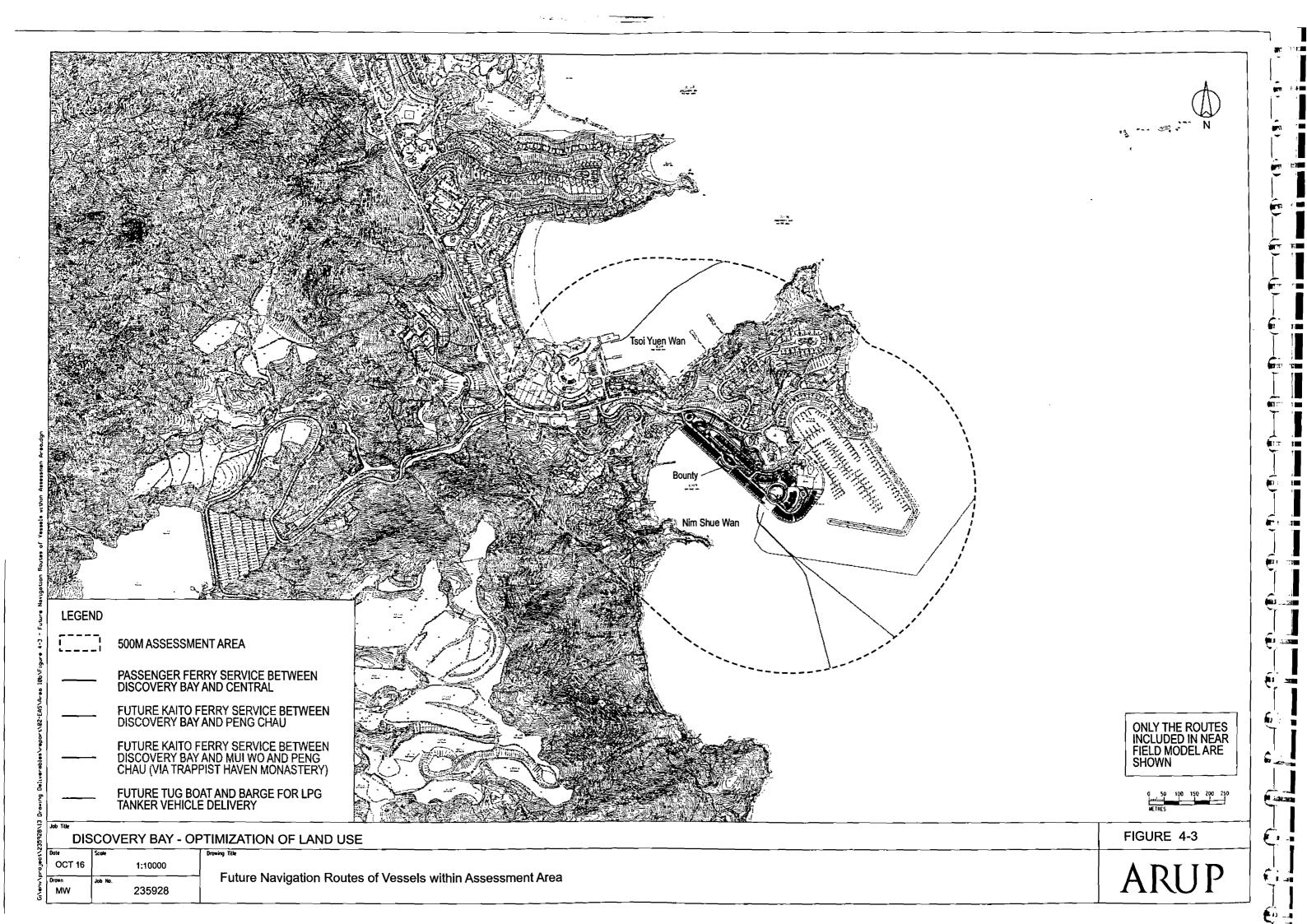


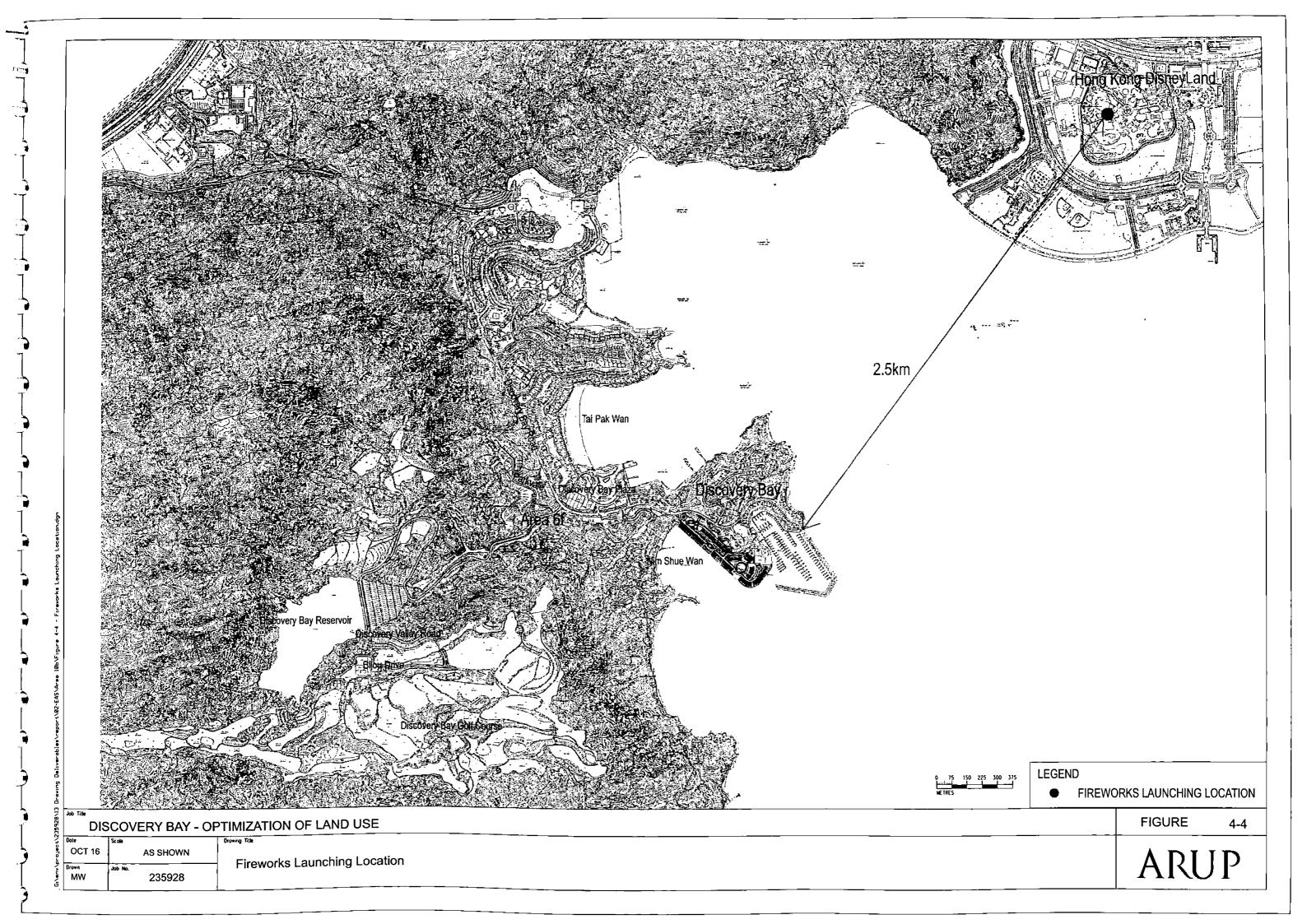


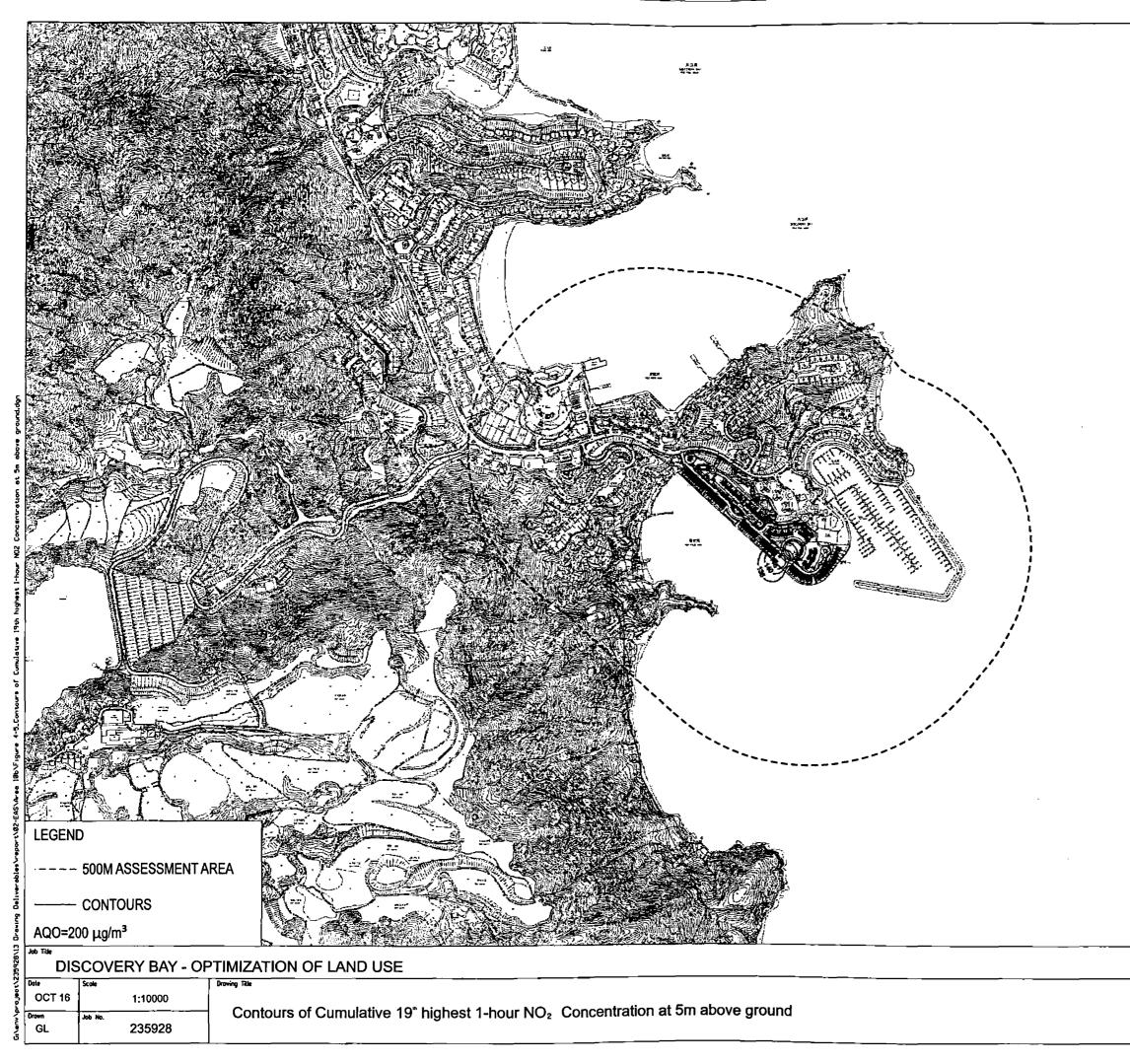




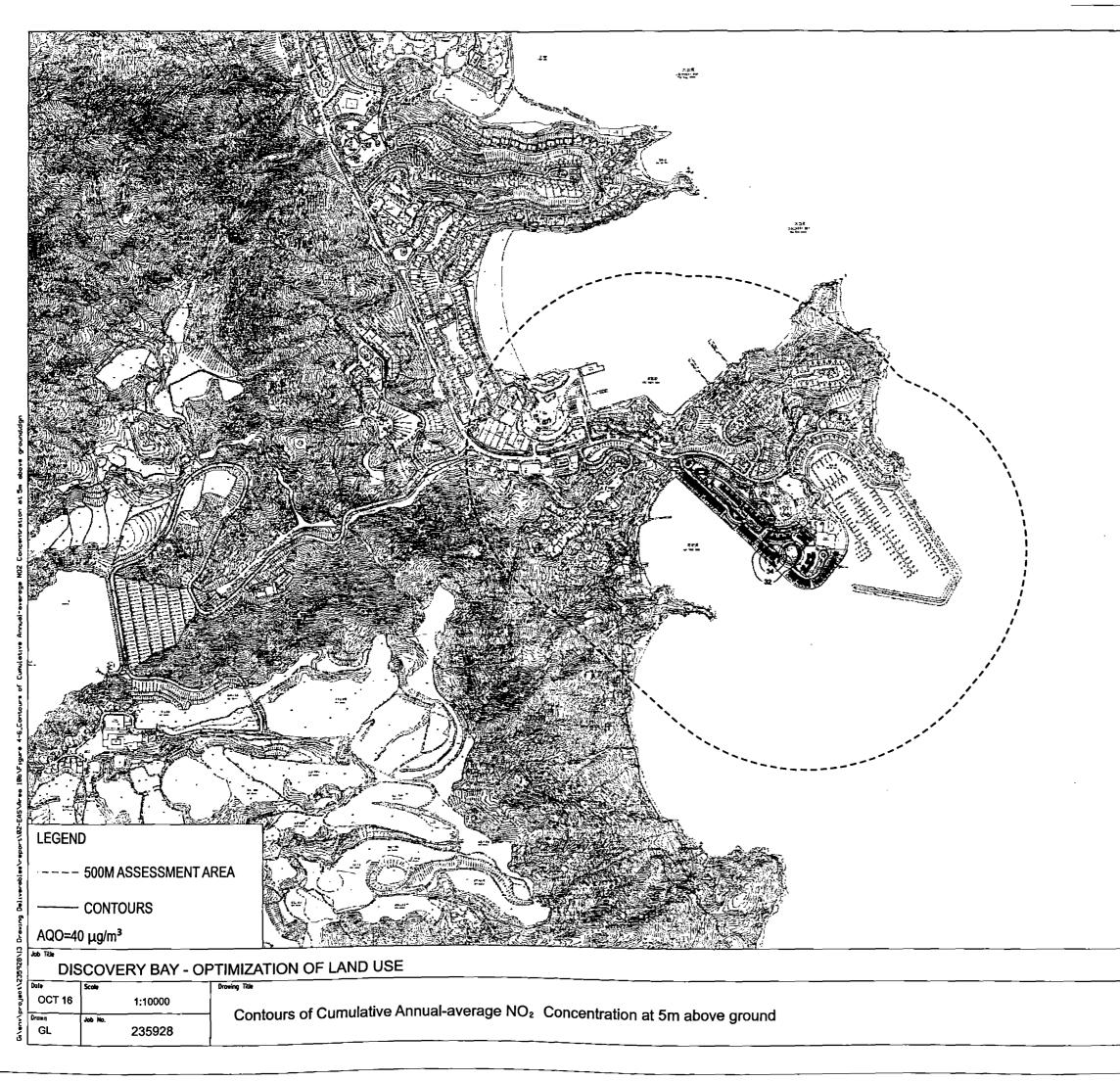
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 ONLY THE ROUTES INCLUDED IN NEAR FIELD MODEL ARE SHOWN
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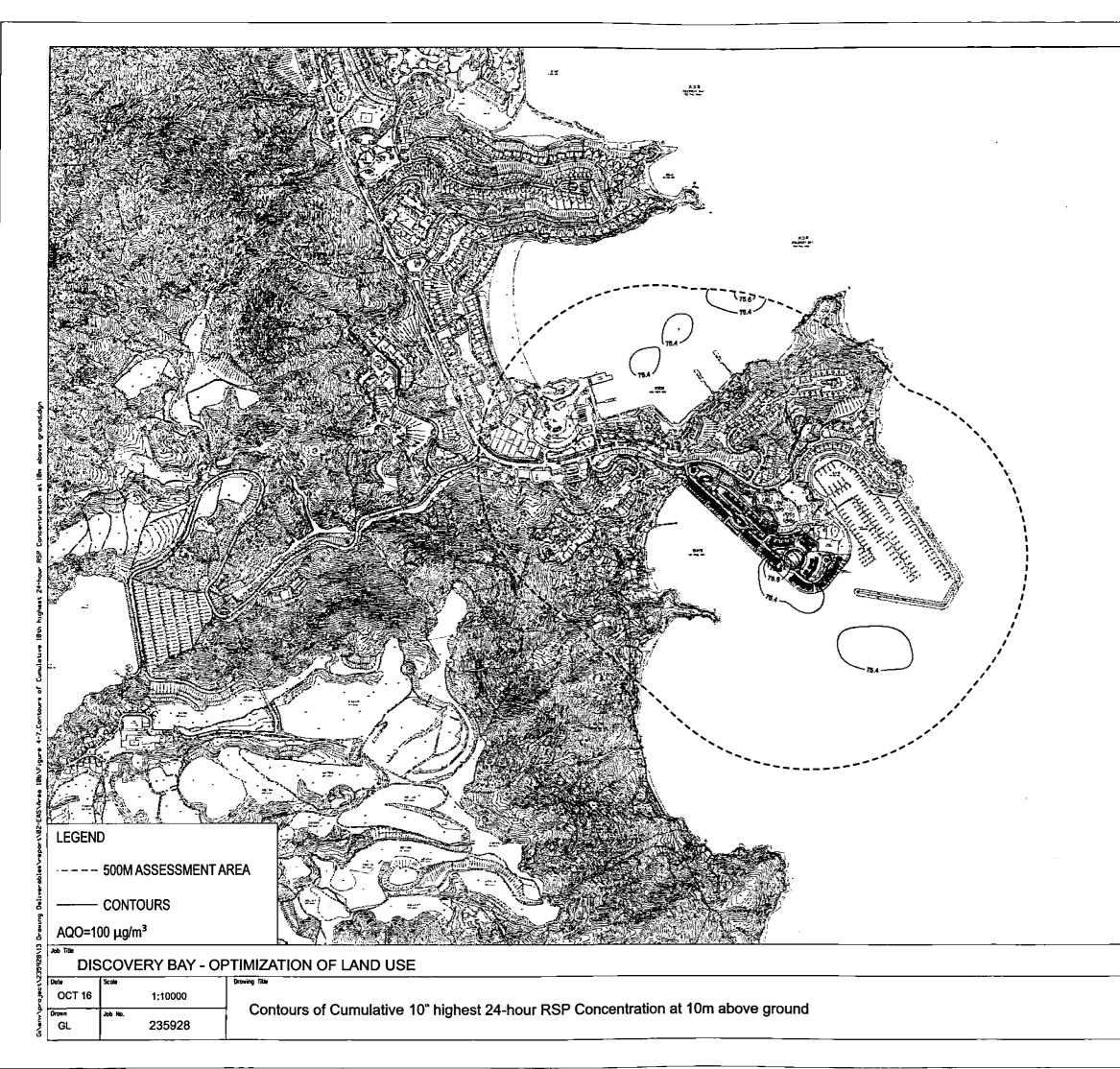
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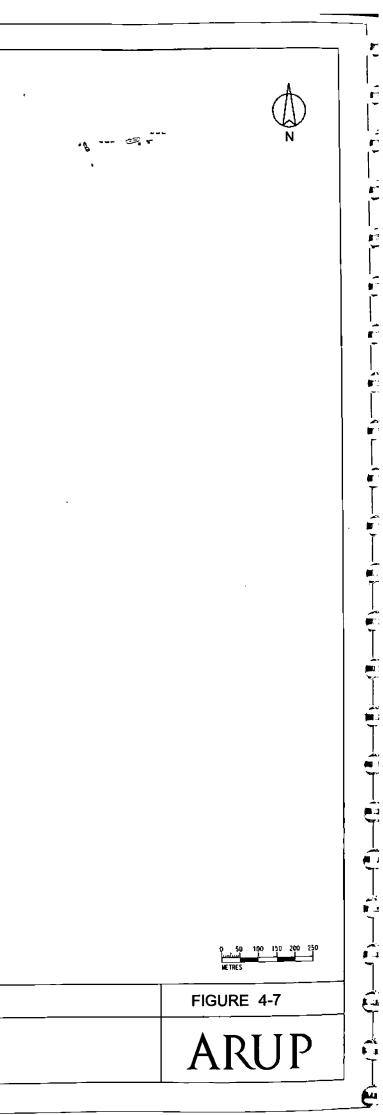
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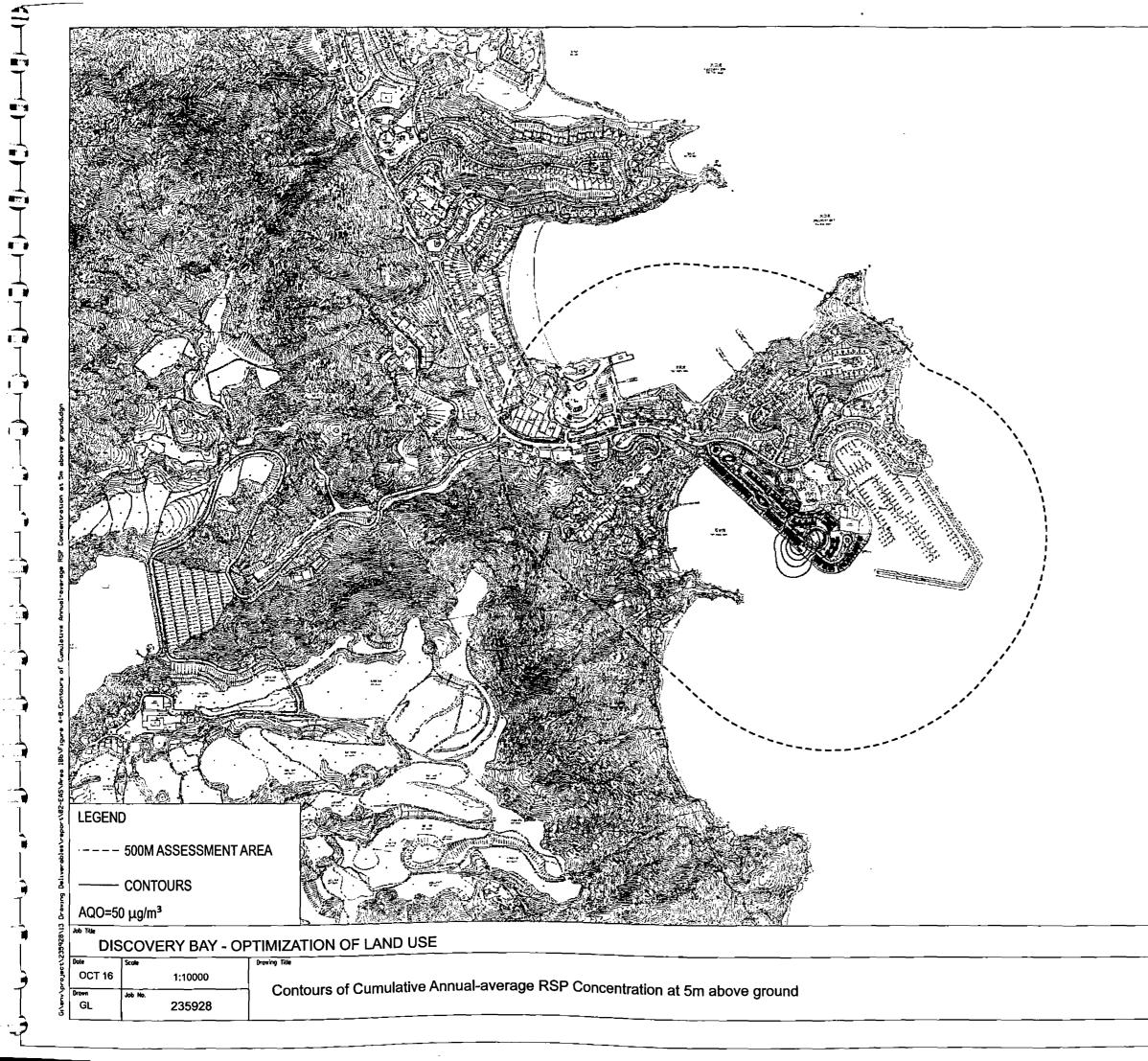
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	FIGURE 4-8

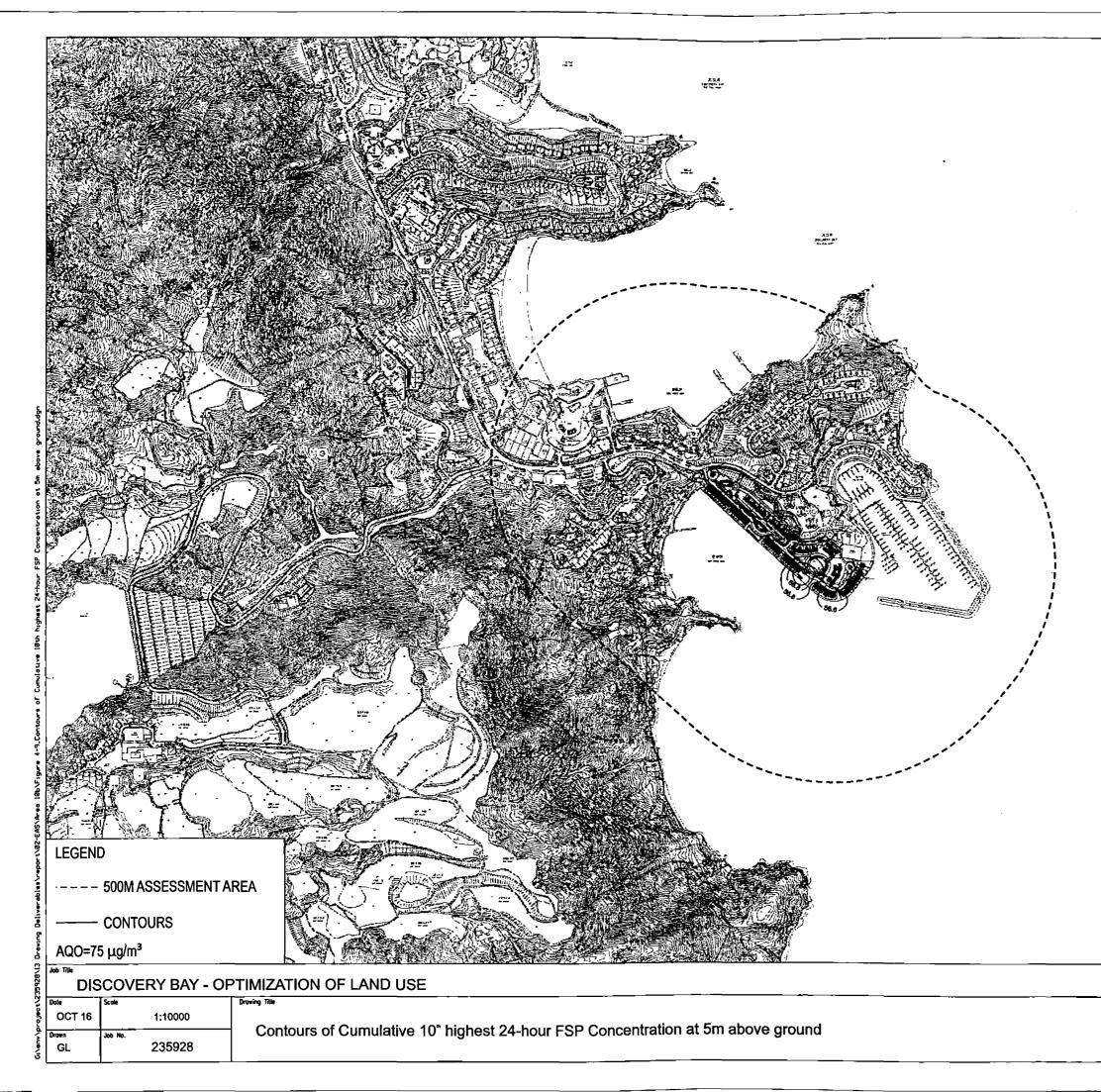
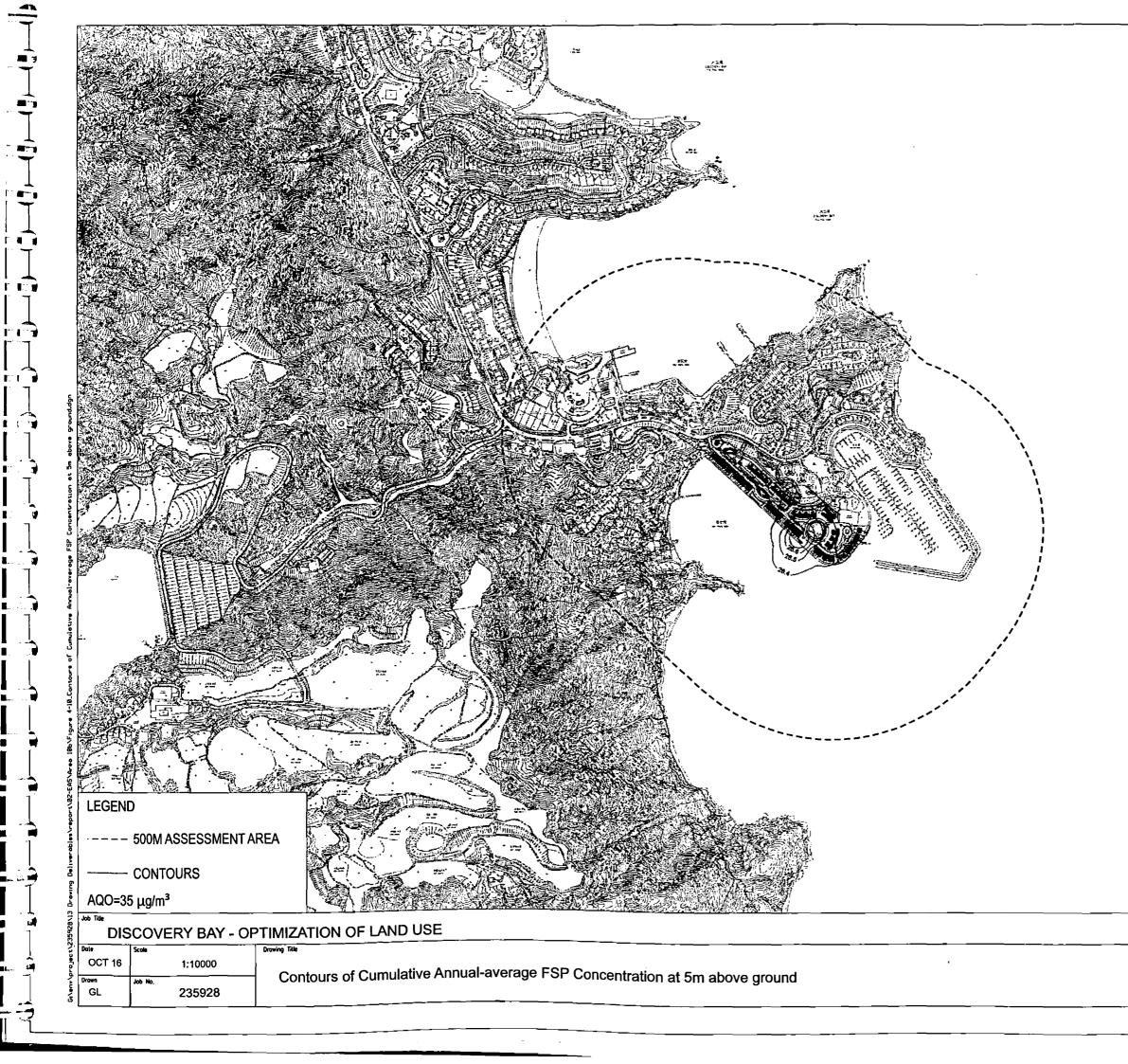


FIGURE 4-9
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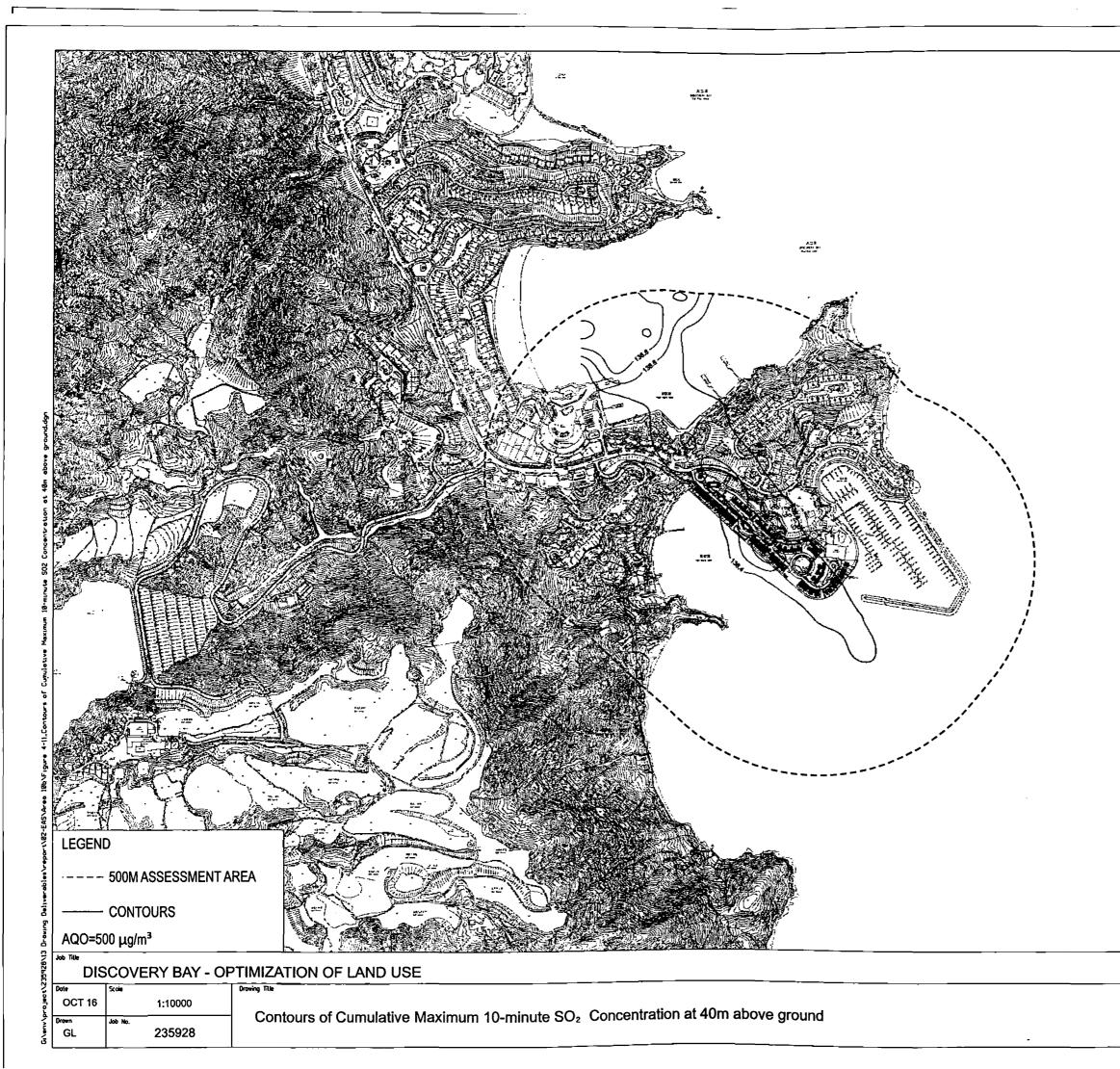






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	FIGURE 4-10	
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LEGEND	
500M ASSESSMENT AREA	
CONTOURS	
AQO=125 μg/m ³	
DISCOVERY BAY - OPTIMIZ	ZATION OF LAND USE
OCT 16 1:10000 rown Job No. GL 235928	Contours of Cumulative 4 [*] highest 24-hour SO₂ Concentration at 20m above ground

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	FIGURE 4-12
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